Indexer Design Spec

(1) *Input*

Command Input

./query [INDEXER OUTPUT FILE] [CRAWLER OUTPUT FILE DIRECTORY]

Example command input:

./query ./index.dat ./WebPageDir

[INDEXER OUTPUT FILE]./index.dat

Requirement: The file must exist and contain the output files of indexer.

Usage: The indexer needs to inform the user if the file is not found.

[CRAWLER OUTPUT FILE DIRECTORY] ./WebPageDir

Requirement: The directory must exist and contain the output files of crawler component.

Usage: The indexer needs to inform the user if the directory is not found.

(2) *Output*

query will write out all the results from a given query input, such as "dog AND cat" in ranked order. The format is as follows:

Document ID:someNumber URL:http://someurl.com\n

As well as the total pages found right after all the URLs found.

The documents with rank numbers > 100 will be printed in Green, > 50 in Cyan, > 10 in Yellow, and <= 10 in Magenta.

(3) *Data Flow*

An inverted index will be created from reading the file specified in the second argument.

Query will take in input of a query from stdin, and will look for the appropriate words in the inverted index.

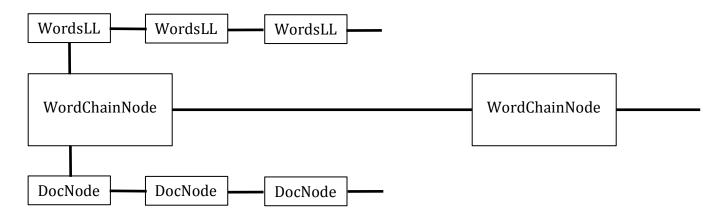
Query will then process the information gained from the inverted index using a OR and AND processing algorithm, and will print to stdout the query results in ranked order.

(4) *Data Structures*

wordList

A list structure with a node containing two linked list, one of WordsLL (char *) and another for DocNodes.

Diagram of structure:



Each WordChainNode's WordsLL contain words from the query that should be ANDed. By the end of the AND processes, each WordChainNode's DocNode list will contain the results of the ANDed DocNodes of all the words in WordsLL list.

Then the individual WordChainNodes will be ORed so that by the end of these processes, query will have a DocNode chain of all the results from the query input that can be sorted by rank and printed.

invertedIndex

A dictionary structure that holds words, which documentID it occurred and how many times it occurred at each do.

- (5) *Pseudo Code*
- 1. Make new inverted index from given index.dat file
- 2. Take input for query from user
- 3. Add the words appropriately to a SinLL structure
- 4. Process the words that should be ANDed
- 5. Process the AND processed DocNodes to be ORed
- 6. Sort the final DocNode in rank sorted order
- 7. Get individual URLS for the final DocNodes to print as the results.
- 8. Get user input for query again
- 9. Keep going until user inputs EOF.
- 10. Done.

Functional Specification
query.c

The operations performed by the query engine are as follows:

- it should load a previously generated index from the file system;
- it should receive user queries from input;
- it should convert capital letters of words of the query to lower case (i.e., we do not distinguish between dog and Dog;
- for each query, it should check the index and retrieve the results matching the query;
- it should rank the list of results, returning the document with the highest number of matches to the query string, then the second highest, and so on; and
- it should display the results to the user.

queryProcess.c/h

Defines all primary functions used to process query prompts. Functions defined are compareOccurrences, compareIDs, DocFromWordNode, CopyDocs, DocMergeID. ProcessAND, ProcessOR, SortByRank, and PrintQueryResult. All these functions called by query when processing query inputs for print the results to the user.

LLMergeSort.c/h

Implements merge sort on a linked list of DocNodes Functions defined are MergeSort, Merge, and SplitHalf, all needed to make the recursive merge sort work. Merge sort is used in queryProcess to process for OR and AND, and when sorting the results by Rank.

SinLL.c/h

Defines a linked list structure that contains a list of words and DocNodes. Functions defined are create, appendWord, appendNewWordChain, removeTopDoc, DeleteWordChainNode, DeleteWordsLLChain, IsEmptySinLL, and AddDocNodeChain. All called by query to store the words and DocNodes of the words for processing by queryProcess,c

summary of error conditions detected and reported

1) With no arguments, error message should show to inform user of usage.
Usage: query [INDEXER OUTPUT FILE] [CRAWLER OUTPUT FILE DIRECTORY]

- 2) With too many args, error message should show to inform user of usage. Usage: query [INDEXER OUTPUT FILE] [CRAWLER OUTPUT FILE DIRECTORY]
- 3) With invalid directory argument, query will inform that the given directory is not a directory. Second argument is not a directory.
- 4) With invalid indexer file argument, the query will inform that the givem file is not valid. First argument is not a valid file.
- 5) With query of more than 1000 characters, query will inform the user to give a query of less than 1000 characters.

 Query length is over the maximum 1000 characters!
- 6) Any calloc failures of inverted index that query depends on: Failed inverted index building.

test cases, expected results

1) Query: cat AND dog (testing AND condition) Should have found 12 files.

- 2) Query: CAT AND DOG (testing for lowercasing) Should have found 12 files.
- 3) Query: or dog (testing space condition which should AND, and a non-existing first word) Should have found 0 files.
- 4) Query: or OR dog (non-existing first word ORed with a valid word) Should have found 55 files.
- 5) Query: cat OR dog (testing OR condition) Should have found 257 files.
- 6) Query: cat and dog (testing space condition which should AND, and lowercase operators) Should have found 12 files.
- 7) Query: cat dog (testing space condition which should AND) Should have found 12 files.

- 8) Query: cat AND dog OR head AND tail (testing longer cases with combination of OR and AND) Should have found 178 files.
- 9) Query: Should have found 0 files.
- 10)Query: ksvjsngvaen (testing non sense input) Should have found 0 files.