

December 16, 2013

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Introduction

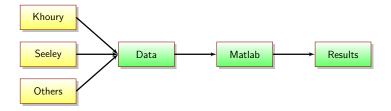


Figure 1: Diagram of our work.

Description of the Standard Model

It consists of four differential equations:

- Change of brood number
- Change of hive bee number
- Change of forager bee number
- Change of food

Description of the Standard Model

Let's look into one equation: Change of brood number

$$\frac{dB}{dt} = LS(H, f) - \phi B$$

- ullet L is the laying rate of the queen
- S is the survival rate
- *H* is the amount of hive bees
- f is the amount of food
- ullet ϕ is the adult bee emerging factor

Environmental Influences

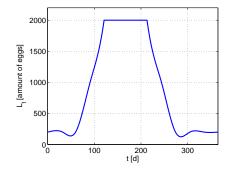


Figure 2: The laying rate of the bee queen plotted over a year.

Environmental Influences

Comparison between the environment dependent equation and the standard one:

- \bullet static equation: $\frac{dB}{dt} = LS(H,f) \phi B$
- ullet dynamic equation: $rac{dB}{dt} = L_t S(H,f) \phi B$
- \longrightarrow small changes in the formulae have significant effects (cf. Discussion).

Advanced model: Environment simulation

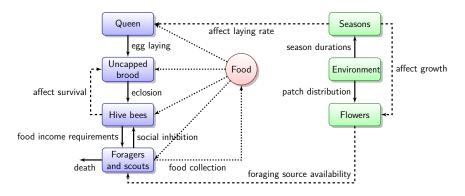


Figure 3: Honey bee social dynamics/influences covered by our model.

Agents: Assigning jobs

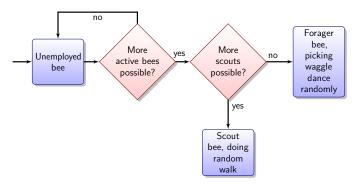


Figure 4: Assigning jobs to unemployed bees. Scouts and foragers are possible.

Agents: Scout bees

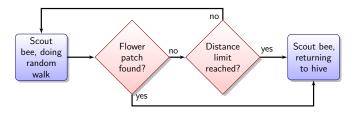


Figure 5: Scouting behaviour until a flower patch is found or the maximum distance is reached.

Scouts' random walk

The path a scout bee walks is recorded in a vector of x and y coordinates:

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_0 & x_1 & \dots & x_n \\ y_0 & y_1 & \dots & y_n \end{pmatrix}$$

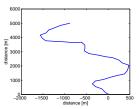


Figure 6: Example of a random walk executed by a scout bee.

Agents: Forager bees

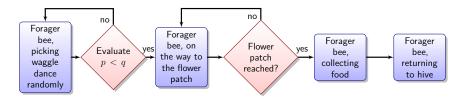


Figure 7: Foraging behaviour.

Path optimization

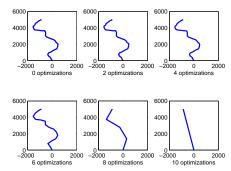


Figure 8: Path optimization used to short cut the path to flower patches.

Agents: Returning to the hive

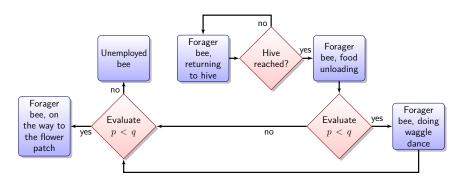


Figure 9: Forager bee, returning from foraging.

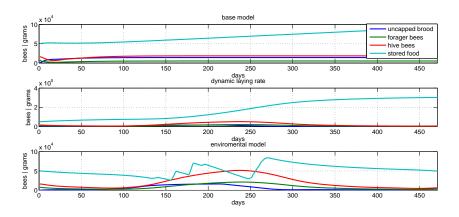
Agent based model: recorded sample clips

- Day 158, recorded sample with scouts displayed
- Day 158, recorded sample without scouts displayed
- Two different runs, not the same flower patches are being selected

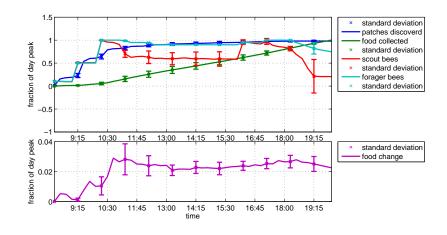
Simulation results and analysis

- Evolution of the model
- Missing flower season comparison
- Critical points in the fall season

Evolution of the model



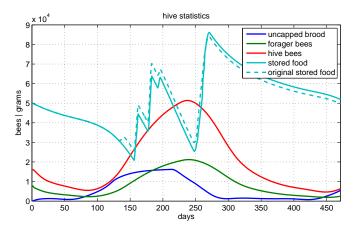
Daily simulation



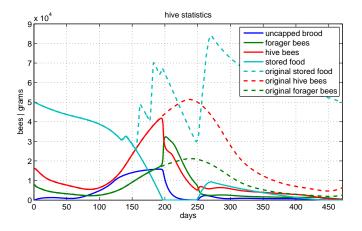
Missing flower season comparison

- Eliminate non critical seasons
- Study effects of missing season
- Observe the hives compensation measures

Spring



Summer

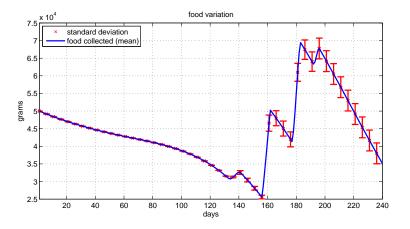


Critical points in the fall season

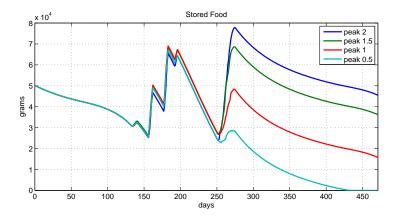
Death criteria:

- Less than 1000 bees at day 400
- Less than 20 kg of stored food at day 400

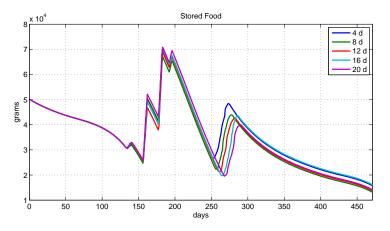
Stored food variation before fall



Peak value influence



Delay influence around breaking point



Summary

- Standard Model after D.S. Khoury
- Advanced Model: Environment simulation
- Complex model of assigning jobs
- Method: random walk and optimization
- Evolution of the model
- Results

