

Math 31 Trig, Logs and Exponential Quiz

1. Evaluate the following limits algebraically:

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 3x}{4x}$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3x \sin 3x}{3x(4x)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3x}{4x}$$

$$= \frac{3}{4}$$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x^2 \cos x}$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{(x)(x)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x}$$

 \therefore Does not exist

2. Determine the derivatives of:

a) $y = x^3 \tan(2x)$

$$y' = x^3 \sec^2(2x)(2) + (3x^2)(\tan 2x)$$

b) $y = \cos(x^4)$

$$y' = -\sin(x^4)(4x^3)$$

c) $y = \sqrt{\tan 3x}$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2}(\tan 3x)^{-1/2}(\sec^2(3x))(3)$$

d) $\sin y = \cos 2x$

$$\cos y(y') = -\sin(2x)(2)$$

$$y' = \frac{-\sin 2x(2)}{\cos y}$$

e) $y = \ln(4x^3 - x)$

$$y' = \frac{1}{4x^3 - x}(12x^2 - 1)$$

f) $y = \csc e^x$

$$y' = -\sin(e^x)(e^x)$$

g) $y = 2x^2 \ln(x^3 + 3)$

$$y' = 2x^2 \left(\frac{1}{x^3 + 3} \right) (3x^2) + (4x)(\ln(x^3 + 3))$$

h) $f(x) = \frac{x}{e^x}$

$$f'(x) = \frac{e^x - x e^x}{(e^x)^2}$$

3. Determine the equation of the line tangent to the curve $y = \sin x - 2\cos x$ at the point where $x = 0$.

<p>(y)</p> $y = \sin(0) - 2\cos(0)$ $= 0 - 2(1)$ $y = -2$	<p>(m)</p> $y' = \cos x + 2\sin x$ $y' = \cos(0) + 2\sin(0)$ $= 1 + 2(0)$ $y' = 1$	<p>(b)</p> $y = mx + b$ $-2 = 1(0) + b$ $b = -2$
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$y = x - 2$ ✓

4. Find the equation of the line tangent to the curve $y = e^{-x} + e^{2x}$ at the where point $x = 0$.

<p>(y)</p> $y = e^{-0} + e^{2(0)}$ $y = 1 + 1$ $y = 2$	<p>(m)</p> $y' = -e^{-x} + e^{2x}(2)$ $y' = -e^{-0} + e^{2(0)}(2)$ $y' = 1$	<p>(b)</p> $y = mx + b$ $2 = 1(0) + b$ $b = 2$
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$y = x + 2$ ✓

5. Determine the equation of the line tangent to the curve $y = x \ln x$ at the point $P(e, e)$.

<p>(m)</p> $y' = x\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) + \ln x$ $y' = e\left(\frac{1}{e}\right) + \ln e$ $y' = 1 + 1$ $y' = 2$	<p>(b)</p> $e = 2e + b$ $b = -e$
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$y = 2x - e$ ✓