

The BirdSet pipeline tutorial which is given by the link provides a comprehensive guide on how to use the BirdSet dataset for bird sound classification & it covers the following steps:

https://github.com/DBD-research-group/BirdSet/blob/main/notebooks/tutorials/birdset-pipeline_tutorial.ipynb

1. **Dataset Preparation:** Downloading and preprocessing the BirdSet dataset.
2. **Feature Extraction:** Using audio processing libraries to extract features like Mel-spectrograms.
3. **Model Training:** Implementing machine learning models using libraries such as TensorFlow or PyTorch.
4. **Evaluation:** Assessing the model's performance using appropriate metrics.
5. **Inference:** Using the trained model to classify new bird sound recordings.

Suggested workflow:

| Step | Description |
|----------------------------------|--|
| 1. Dataset Preparation | Download and preprocess the BirdSet dataset. Resample, normalize, and split data into training, validation, and test sets. |
| 2. Feature Extraction | Extract features such as Mel-spectrograms, MFCCs, or chromograms using audio processing libraries like Librosa. Save features for quick access. |
| 3. Model Development | Choose a generative model (VAE, GAN, DDPM). Implement necessary networks (encoder/decoder for VAE, generator/discriminator for GAN, diffusion processes for DDPM). Train the models using appropriate loss functions and optimizers. |
| 4. Evaluation Metrics | Use statistical measures (MMD, RMSE) and visualization techniques (t-SNE, U-Map). Conduct applicative tests (benchmarks) to evaluate performance. |
| 5. Model Training | Train the generative models, monitoring training with validation loss and early stopping criteria. |
| 6. Inference and post-processing | Generate new samples using trained models and apply post-processing techniques to enhance the generated data. |
| 7. Classification and Evaluation | Train classifiers (e.g., CNN, RNN) on generated and real data. Evaluate using cmAP, AUROC, and T1-Acc metrics. |