

Homework 5, 63.00/110.00 (57.27%)

October 22, 2019

Problem 3 score: 10/10

ok

Problem 11 score: 0/10¹

NOT ok

$$\begin{aligned} y \cos x &= x^2 + y^2 \\ \frac{dy}{dx} \cos x + y \cdot (-\sin x) &= 2x + 2y \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} \\ \frac{dy}{dx} - 2y \frac{dy}{dx} &= 2x + y \sin x \end{aligned}$$

Where did $\cos x$ disappear?

Problem 15 score: 10/10

OK

Problem 22 score: 0/10²

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dx} g(x) + \frac{d}{dx} (x \sin g(x)) &= \frac{d}{dx} (x^2) \\ \frac{d}{dx} g(x) + (x \cos g(x) + \sin g(x)) \frac{d}{dx} g(x) &= \frac{d}{dx} (x^2) \\ \frac{d}{dx} (x \sin g(x)) &= \sin g(x) + x \cos g(x) \frac{d}{dx} g(x). \end{aligned}$$

¹similar problems: 12,17

²similar problems: 21

Problem 30 score: 0/10³

$$\frac{dy}{dx} \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{y}} = -\frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \text{ where did minus go?}$$
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{y}{x}}$$

Problem 39 score: 0/10⁴

$$y'' = (y'(x))' = \left(-\frac{y}{x + e^y} \right)' = \frac{-\frac{dy}{dx} \cdot (x + e^y) + y \left(1 + e^y \frac{dy}{dx} \right)}{(x + e^y)^2} \neq \frac{(ye^y - x) \frac{dy}{dx} + y}{(x + e^y)^2}.$$

where did $-e^y \frac{dy}{dx}$ in the denominator go?

Problem 44 score: 10/10

ok

Problem 49 score: 10/10

ok

Problem 57 score: 10/10

ok

Problem 67 score: 8/10⁵

ok, but

1. what about $c < 0$ case?
2. what about $k < 0$ case?
3. what about $k = 0$ case?
4. when you did implicit differentiation of $x^2 + 2y^2 = k$, did you consider points where $x = 0$ or $y = 0$? (-2 points for this)

³similar problems: 31,32

⁴similar problems: 40

⁵similar problems: 68

Problem 77 score: 5/10⁶

where is b)?

⁶similar problems: 71