

Analyzing the Impact of Weather Conditions on Insurance Claims in Germany

Presented By
Mohammad Naim
MSc. in Artificial Intelligence

Introduction



Overview of the Project and its Goal

The impact of weather on our daily lives extends to various aspects, notably influencing insurance claims. Germany's diverse climate presents an intriguing opportunity to delve into the correlation between weather conditions and other aspects. This study seeks to explore the relationship between weather conditions and the insurance claims in Germany. Unraveling these connections could provide valuable insights for insurers and policymakers in effectively managing risks associated with weather-related claims in the country.

Project Structure



Overview of the Project Structure

- The project stucture consists of multiple files and directories.
- All the necessary variables are present in project/config/config_var.py
- The main entry file of the project is project/main.py

```
project/
 — config/
        __init__.py
       config_var.py
                                        # Main configuration file
       - config_var.example.py
                                        # Dummy configuration file to duplicate
       - source_info.json
                                        # Data sources file
   data/
                                        # Sqlite Database
    fau_made_project_ws23.sqlite
  - main.py
                                        # Main entry point to run the pipeline
   pipeline.py
                                        # Data Pipeline
   pipeline.sh
                                        # Bash script of running pipeline
   project-plan.md
                                        # Project Plan
   report.ipynb
                                        # Notebook of final project report
  - slides.pdf
                                        # Powerpoint slides of project
                                        # Presentation video of project
   presentation-video.md
                                        # Unit testing file
  - tests.py
  — tests.sh
                                        # Bash script for running tests
```

Data Sources



Overview of the Data Sources

Datasource 1: Weather Data Source

Source: Deutscher Wetterdienst - DWD

Data Type: CSV

Authentication: not required

License Type: OpenData License

 This dataset offers comprehensive weather-related data i.e., average temperature (in Celsius) covering Germany and its individual states.

Datasource 2: Insurance claims Data Source

Source: GENESIS

Data Type: CSV

Authentication: Required

License Type: OpenData License

 This dataset provides detailed information on total insurance claims (in thousand euros) across various categories within Germany.

Data Exploration



Overview of Weather Dataset

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 156 entries, 0 to 155
Data columns (total 20 columns):

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#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype				
0	Year	156 non-null	int64				
1	Month	156 non-null	object				
2	Date	156 non-null	object				
3	Brandenburg/Berlin	156 non-null	float64				
4	Brandenburg	156 non-null	float64				
5	Baden-Wuerttemberg	156 non-null	float64				
6	Bayern	156 non-null	float64				
7	Hessen	156 non-null	float64				
8	Mecklenburg-Vorpommern	156 non-null	float64				
9	Niedersachsen	156 non-null	float64				
10	Niedersachsen/Hamburg/Bremen	156 non-null	float64				
11	Nordrhein-Westfalen	156 non-null	float64				
12	Rheinland-Pfalz	156 non-null	float64				
13	Schleswig-Holstein	156 non-null	float64				
14	Saarland	156 non-null	float64				
15	Sachsen	156 non-null	float64				
16	Sachsen-Anhalt	156 non-null	float64				
17	Thueringen/Sachsen-Anhalt	156 non-null	float64				
18	Thueringen	156 non-null	float64				
19	Germany	156 non-null	float64				
dtypes: float64(17), int64(1), object(2)							
memory usage: 24.5+ KB							

	Year	Month	Date	Brandenburg/Berlin	Brandenburg	Baden- Wuerttemberg	Bayern	Hessen	Mecklenburg- Vorpommern	Niedersach
0	2010	January	January- 2010	-5.14	-5.15	-2.76	-3.77	-3.36	-4.64	-\$
1	2010	February	February- 2010	-0.61	-0.63	0.13	-1.12	-0.23	-1.03	-0
2	2010	March	March- 2010	4.57	4.56	3.81	3.28	4.34	3.96	4
3	2010	April	April-2010	8.95	8.93	8.79	8.21	8.97	8.01	8
4	2010	May	May-2010	11.13	11.12	10.65	10.69	10.32	9.96	10
151	2022	August	August- 2022	20.92	20.90	20.26	19.57	20.84	20.02	20
152	2022	September	September- 2022	13.56	13.55	13.29	12.56	13.39	13.43	13
153	2022	October	October- 2022	12.52	12.51	12.92	11.92	12.15	12.40	12
154	2022	November	November- 2022	5.66	5.65	6.37	5.31	6.72	6.21	;
155	2022	December	December- 2022	1.56	1.55	1.95	1.10	1.85	1.20	2

Data Exploration



Overview of Insurance Claims Dataset

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 624 entries, 0 to 623
Data columns (total 6 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Year	624 non-null	int64
1	Month	624 non-null	object
2	Date	624 non-null	object
3	Category_Type	624 non-null	object
4	Category_Name	624 non-null	object
5	Total_Claim	624 non-null	int64
	/ . \		

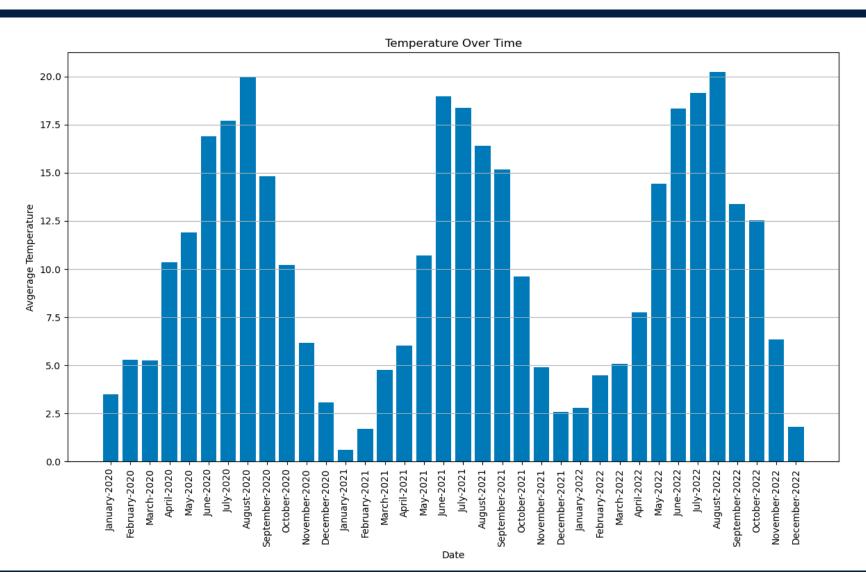
dtypes: int64(2), object(4) memory usage: 29.4+ KB

	Year	Month	Date	Category_Type	Category_Name	Total_Claim
0	2010	January	January-2010	WZ08-G	Wholesale, retail trade, repair of motor vehicles	496065
1	2010	January	January-2010	WZ08-H	Transportation and storage	89613
2	2010	January	January-2010	WZ08-I	Accommodation and food service activities	33444
3	2010	January	January-2010	WZ08-Q	Human health and social work activities	14137
4	2010	February	February-2010	WZ08-G	Wholesale, retail trade, repair of motor vehicles	390388
619	2022	November	November-2022	WZ08-Q	Human health and social work activities	6892
620	2022	December	December-2022	WZ08-G	Wholesale, retail trade, repair of motor vehicles	230722
621	2022	December	December-2022	WZ08-H	Transportation and storage	22437
622	2022	December	December-2022	WZ08-I	Accommodation and food service activities	21600
623	2022	December	December-2022	WZ08-Q	Human health and social work activities	56256

Temperature Pattern



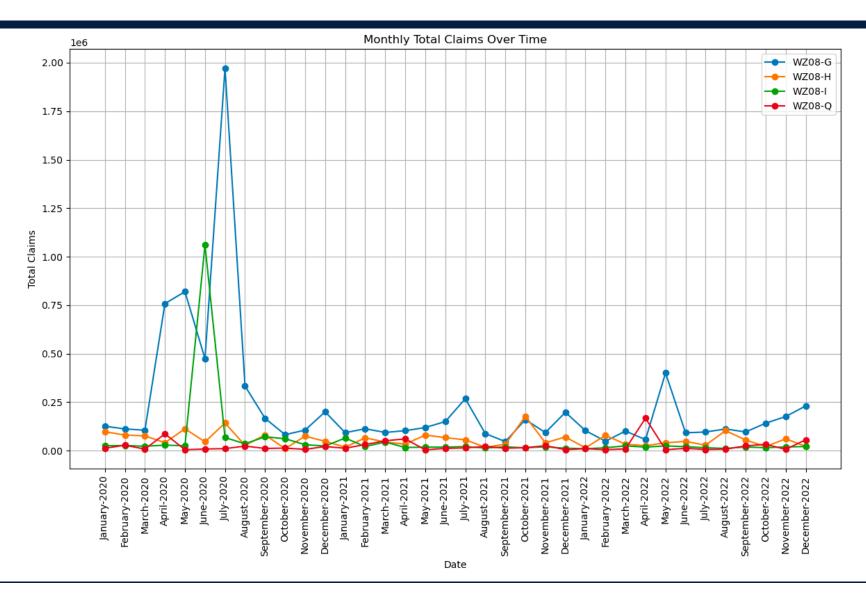
Temperature pattern in Germany from 2020 to 2022



Insurance Claims Pattern



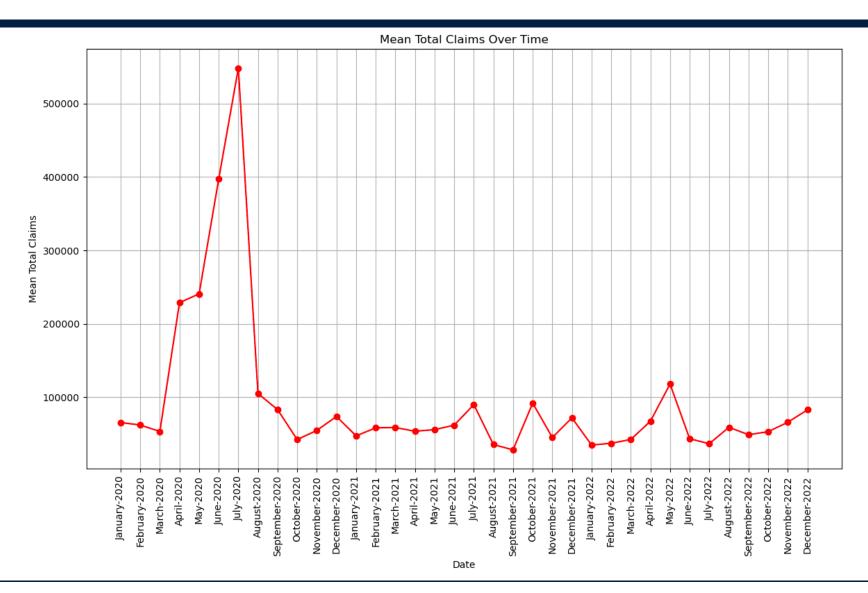
Insurance claims pattern across various categories in Germany from 2020 to 2022



Mean Insurance Claims Pattern



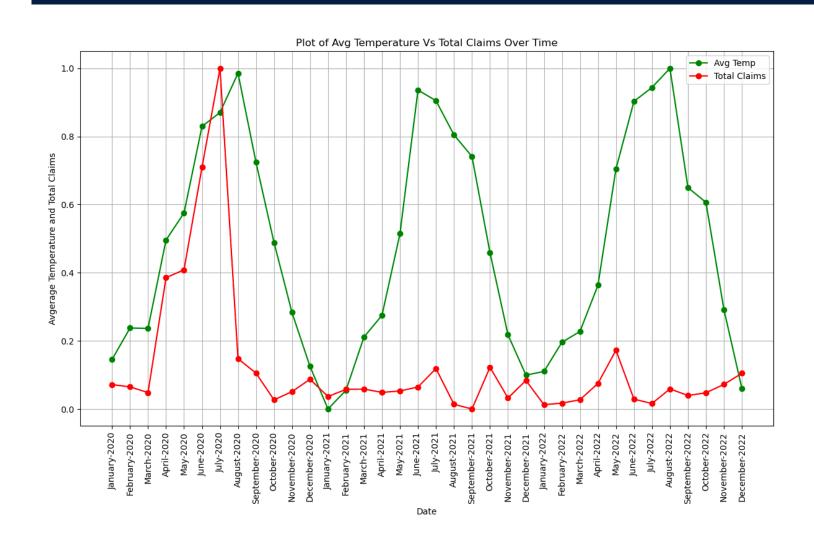
Mean Insurance claims pattern in Germany from 2020 to 2022



Comparison & Analysis



Detailed comparison, analysis and findings



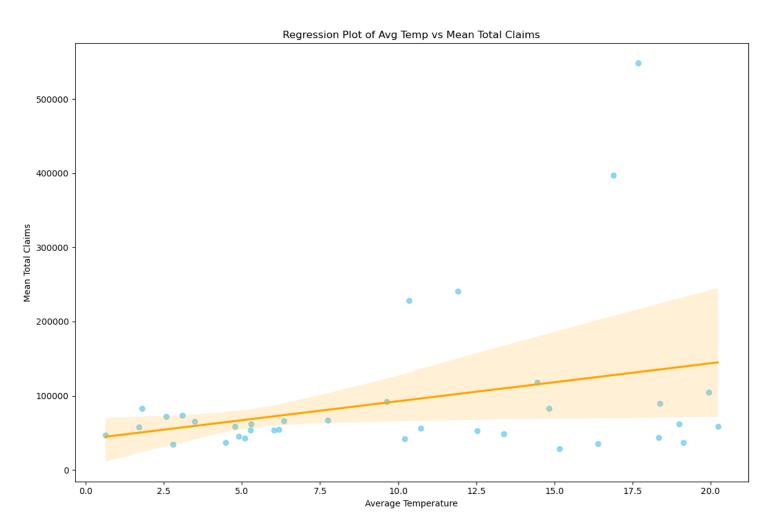
Analysis with Normalization

- Here, we have first normalized the average temperature and the total claims to plot them in the same graph.
- The average temperature peaked in July 2022, and then declined in the following months. The total number of claims peaked in August 2022, and then declined in the following months.
- The graph shows that there is a positive correlation between average temperature and total number of claims.

Comparison & Analysis



Detailed comparison, analysis and findings



Analysis with Regression

- In this graph, the points on the scatter plot show the average temperature and mean total claims for each month. The orange line is the regression line.
- The regression line is the best-fit line for the data.
- The regression line slopes upwards, which means that there is a positive correlation between average temperature and mean total claims.

Result



Overview of the Analysis & Findings

Over the period spanning 2020 to 2022, an observable relationship emerges between the average temperature and insurance claims in Germany. This relationship exhibits **a moderate positive** correlation indicating that there is a tendency for both variables to move in sync, either increasing or decreasing together.

Conclusion



Summary and Discussion of Result

- This correlation isn't absolute there are instances when fluctuations in one factor don't align with changes in the other.
- The study focuses solely on temperature as a weather condition, but it's crucial to acknowledge that other
 factors like seasons, precipitation, snow depth, wind characteristics, air pressure, and sunshine may also play
 a vital role and deserve consideration.
- This suggests that there are other factors besides temperature that are also influencing the number of insurance claims in Germany. For example, population increase.
- One possible explanation for the correlation between average temperature and insurance claims is that warmer weather leads to more outdoor activities, which can increase the risk of accidents and injuries.
- Another possibility is that warmer weather can lead to an increase in stress levels, which can in turn lead to
 more aggressive behavior and an increased risk of accidents.



Thank You.