Package 'RPostgreSQL'

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Title R Interface to the 'PostgreSQL' Database System

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Description Database interface and 'PostgreSQL' driver for 'R'.

This package provides a Database Interface 'DBI' compliant

driver for 'R' to access 'PostgreSQL' database systems.

In order to build and install this package from source, 'PostgreSQL'

itself must be present your system to provide 'PostgreSQL' functionality

via its libraries and header files. These files are provided as

'postgresql-devel' package under some Linux distributions.

On 'macOS' and 'Microsoft Windows' system the attached 'libpq' library source will be used.

LazyLoad true

Depends R (>= 2.9.0), methods, DBI (>= 0.3)

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Description

Applies R/S-Plus functions to groups of remote DBMS rows without bringing an entire result set all at once. The result set is expected to be sorted by the grouping field.

Details

dbApply This generic is meant to handle somewhat gracefully(?) large amounts of data from the DBMS by bringing into R manageable chunks; the idea is that the data from individual groups can be handled by R, but not all the groups at the same time.

Currently, only the PostgreSQL driver implements a method (see the helper function postgresqlDBApply) for this generic function.

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Value

A list with as many elements as there were groups in the result set.

See Also

PostgreSQL postgresqlDBApply dbSendQuery fetch

Examples

dbApply-methods

Apply R/S-Plus functions to remote groups of DBMS rows (experimental)

Description

Applies R/S-Plus functions to groups of remote DBMS rows without bringing an entire result set all at once. The result set is expected to be sorted by the grouping field.

Methods

```
res a PostgreSQL result set (see dbSendQuery).... any additional arguments to be passed to FUN.
```

References

See the Database Interface definition document DBI.pdf in the base directory of this package or https://cran.r-project.org/package=DBI.

See Also

PostgreSQL postgresqlDBApply dbSendQuery fetch

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Examples

dbCallProc-methods

Call an SQL stored procedure

Description

Not yet implemented.

Methods

conn a PostgreSQLConnection object.... additional arguments are passed to the implementing method.

References

See the Database Interface definition document DBI.pdf in the base directory of this package or https://cran.r-project.org/package=DBI.

See Also

PostgreSQL, dbConnect, dbSendQuery, dbGetQuery, fetch, dbCommit, dbGetInfo, dbReadTable.

dbCommit-methods

DBMS Transaction Management

Description

Transaction related commands. Start a transaction, commit or roll back the current transaction in an PostgreSQL connection. dbBegin starts a transaction. dbCommit and dbRollback commit and rollback the transaction, respectively.

Methods

```
conn a PostgreSQLConnection object, as produced by the function dbConnect.
... currently unused.
```

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References

See the Database Interface definition document DBI.pdf in the base directory of this package or https://cran.r-project.org/package=DBI.

See Also

PostgreSQL, dbBegin, dbConnect, dbSendQuery, dbGetQuery, fetch, dbCommit, dbGetInfo, dbReadTable.

Examples

```
## Not run:
drv <- dbDriver("PostgreSQL")</pre>
con <- dbConnect(drv, dbname="postgres")</pre>
dbGetQuery(con, "select count(*) from sales")
dbBegin(con)
rs <- dbSendQuery(con,
      "Delete * from sales as p where p.cost>10")
if(dbGetInfo(rs, what = "rowsAffected") > 250){
 warning("Rolling back transaction")
 dbRollback(con)
}else{
 dbCommit(con)
}
dbGetQuery(con, "select count(*) from sales")
dbDisconnect(con)
## End(Not run)
```

dbConnect-methods

Create a connection object to an PostgreSQL DBMS

Description

These methods are straight-forward implementations of the corresponding generic functions.

Methods

drv an object of class PostgreSQLDriver, or the character string "PostgreSQL" or an PostgreSQLConnection.
conn an PostgreSQLConnection object as produced by dbConnect.

host Name or the numeric IPaddress of the host to connect to. If address is specified, it should be in the standard IPv4 address format, e.g., 172.28.40.9 or if your machine supports IPv6, you can also use those addresses. The default is to connect to localhost by a UNIX domain socket.

dbname The database name. Defaults to "", which is interpreted as PostgreSQL default.

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user PostgreSQL user name to connect as. Defaults to be the same as the operating system name of the user running the application.

password Password to be used if the server demands password authentication.

port Port number to connect to at the server host.

tty Ignored (formerly, this specified where to send server debug output).

options Command-line options to be sent to the server.

forceISOdate logical if the communication of date (time stamp) from PostgreSQL is forced to ISO style at conection.

Side Effects

A connection between R/S-Plus and an PostgreSQL server is established. The current implementation supports up to 100 simultaneous connections.

References

See the Database Interface definition document DBI.pdf in the base directory of this package or https://cran.r-project.org/package=DBI.

See Also

PostgreSQL, dbConnect, dbSendQuery, dbGetQuery, fetch, dbCommit, dbGetInfo, dbReadTable.

```
## Not run:
# create an PostgreSQL instance and create one connection.
drv <- dbDriver("PostgreSQL")</pre>
\# open the connection using user, passsword, etc., as
con <- dbConnect(drv, dbname = "postgres")</pre>
df <- dbGetQuery(con, statement = paste(</pre>
                       "SELECT itemCode, itemCost, itemProfit",
                       "FROM sales",
                       "SORT BY itemName"));
# Run an SQL statement by creating first a resultSet object
rs <- dbSendQuery(con, statement = paste(</pre>
                       "SELECT itemCode, itemCost, itemProfit",
                       "FROM sales",
                       "SORT BY itemName"));
# we now fetch records from the resultSet into a data.frame
df \leftarrow fetch(rs, n = -1) # extract all rows
dim(df)
## End(Not run)
```

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dbDataType-methods

Determine the SQL Data Type of an S object

Description

This method is a straight-forward implementation of the corresponding generic function.

Methods

```
dbObj any PostgreSQLObject object, e.g., PostgreSQLDriver, PostgreSQLConnection, PostgreSQLResult.obj R/S-Plus object whose SQL type we want to determine.... any other parameters that individual methods may need.
```

References

See the Database Interface definition document DBI.pdf in the base directory of this package or https://cran.r-project.org/package=DBI.

See Also

```
isSQLKeyword make.db.names
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
data(quakes)
drv <- dbDriver("PostgreSQL")
sql.type <- dbDataType(drv, quakes)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

dbDriver-methods

PostgreSQL implementation of the Database Interface (DBI) classes and drivers

Description

PostgreSQL driver initialization and closing

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Methods

drvName character name of the driver to instantiate.

drv an object that inherits from PostgreSQLDriver as created by dbDriver.

max.con optional integer requesting the maximum number of simultaneous connections (may be up to 100).

fetch.default.rec default number of records to retrieve per fetch. Default is 500. This may be overridden in calls to fetch with the n= argument.

force.reload optional logical used to force re-loading or recomputing the size of the connection table. Default is FALSE.

... currently unused.

References

See the Database Interface definition document DBI.pdf in the base directory of this package or https://cran.r-project.org/package=DBI.

See Also

PostgreSQL, dbConnect, dbSendQuery, dbGetQuery, fetch, dbCommit, dbGetInfo, dbListTables, dbReadTable.

```
## Not run:
# create an PostgreSQL instance and set 10000 of rows per fetch.
library(RPostgreSQL)
drv <- dbDriver("PostgreSQL", fetch.default.records=10000)</pre>
# Connecting to PostgreSQL with the specified parameters
con <- dbConnect(drv,user="usrname",password="passwd",dbname="postgres")</pre>
# Running the query to obtain the resultset
rs <- dbSendQuery(con, "select * from cities where population > 5000")
# fetch records into a dataframe.
# n = 50 fetched fifty records
df \leftarrow fetch(rs, n = 50)
# n = -1 fetches all the remaining records available
df2 \leftarrow fetch(rs, n = -1)
# Clearing the result set
dbClearResult(rs)
#This returns a character vector (possibly of zero-length)
# table names available on the con connection.
dbListTables(con)
## End(Not run)
```

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dbGetInfo-methods

Database interface meta-data

Description

These methods are straight-forward implementations of the corresponding generic functions.

Methods

dbObj any object that implements some functionality in the R/S-Plus interface to databases (a driver, a connection or a result set).

```
res an PostgreSQLResult.
```

... currently not being used.

Note

nullOk in dbColumnInfo was changed. Now it may be TRUE, FALSE, or NA; the column may be totally deleted in future releases;

References

See the Database Interface definition document DBI.pdf in the base directory of this package or https://cran.r-project.org/package=DBI.

See Also

PostgreSQL, dbDriver, dbConnect, dbSendQuery, dbGetQuery, fetch, dbCommit, dbGetInfo, dbListTables, dbReadTable.

```
## Not run:
drv <- dbDriver("PostgreSQL")
con <- dbConnect(drv, user= "user", password="password", dbname="sample")
dbListTables(con)

rs <- dbSendQuery(con, query.sql)
dbGetStatement(rs)
dbHasCompleted(rs)
info <- dbGetInfo(rs)
names(dbGetInfo(drv))

# DBIConnection info
names(dbGetInfo(con))</pre>
# DBIResult info
```

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```
names(dbGetInfo(rs))
## End(Not run)
```

dbListTables-methods List items from an PostgreSQL DBMS and from objects

Description

These methods are straight-forward implementations of the corresponding generic functions.

Methods

```
drv an PostgreSQLDriver.conn an PostgreSQLConnection.name a character string with the table name.... currently not used.
```

References

See the Database Interface definition document DBI.pdf in the base directory of this package or https://cran.r-project.org/package=DBI.

See Also

PostgreSQL, dbGetInfo, dbColumnInfo, dbDriver, dbConnect, dbSendQuery

```
## Not run:
drv <- dbDriver("PostgreSQL")
# after working awhile...
for(con in dbListConnections(drv)){
   dbGetStatement(dbListResults(con))
}
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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dbObjectId-class

Class dbObjectId

Description

A helper (mixin) class to provide external references in an R/S-Plus portable way.

Objects from the Class

A virtual Class: No objects may be created from it.

Slots

Id: Object of class "integer" this is an integer vector holding an opaque reference into a C struct (may or may not be a C pointer, may or may not have length one).

Methods

```
coerce signature(from = "db0bjectId", to = "integer"): ...
coerce signature(from = "db0bjectId", to = "numeric"): ...
coerce signature(from = "db0bjectId", to = "character"): ...
format signature(x = "db0bjectId"): ...
print signature(x = "db0bjectId"): ...
show signature(object = "db0bjectId"): ...
```

Note

A cleaner mechanism would use external references, but historically this class has existed mainly for R/S-Plus portability.

```
## Not run:
    pg <- dbDriver("PostgreSQL")
    con <- dbConnect(pg, "user", "password")
    is(pg, "dbObjectId") ## True
    is(con, "dbObjectId") ## True
    isPostgresqlIdCurrent(con) ## True
    q("yes")
    \$ R
    isPostgresqlIdCurrent(con) ## False
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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dbReadTable-methods

Convenience functions for Importing/Exporting DBMS tables

Description

These functions mimic their R/S-Plus counterpart get, assign, exists, remove, and objects, except that they generate code that gets remotely executed in a database engine.

Value

A data.frame in the case of dbReadTable; otherwise a logical indicating whether the operation was successful.

Methods

conn an PostgreSQLConnection database connection object.

name a character string specifying a table name.

value a data.frame (or coercible to data.frame).

When the value is a character string, it is assumed to be a file name containing the data to be loaded; The implementation is INCOMPLETE and should not be used in current state.

row.names UNTESTED;

in the case of dbReadTable, this argument can be a string or an index specifying the column in the DBMS table to be used as row.names in the output data.frame (a NULL, "", or 0 specifies that no column should be used as row.names in the output).

In the case of dbWriteTable, this argument should be a logical specifying whether the row.names should be output to the output DBMS table; if TRUE, an extra field whose name will be whatever the R/S-Plus identifier "row.names" maps to the DBMS (see make.db.names).

overwrite a logical specifying whether to overwrite an existing table or not. Its default is FALSE.

append a logical specifying whether to append to an existing table in the DBMS. Its default is FALSE.

allow.keywords dbWriteTable accepts a logical allow.keywords to allow or prevent PostgreSQL reserved identifiers to be used as column names. By default it is FALSE.

dots optional arguments.

When dbWriteTable is used to import data from a file, you may optionally specify header=, row.names=, col.names=, sep=, eol=, field.types=, skip=, and quote=. NOT FULLY IMPLEMENTED YET.

header is a logical indicating whether the first data line (but see skip) has a header or not. If missing, it value is determined following read.table convention, namely, it is set to TRUE if and only if the first row has one fewer field that the number of columns.

row.names is a logical to specify whether the first column is a set of row names. If missing its default follows the read.table convention.

col. names a character vector with column names; column names are quoted to work as SQL identifiers. Thus, the column names are case sensitive and make.db.names will NOT be used here.

```
sep= specifies the field separator, and its default is ','.
eol= specifies the end-of-line delimiter, and its default is '\n'.
skip specifies number of lines to skip before reading the data, and it defaults to 0.
field.types is a list of named field SQL types where names(field.types) provide the new table's column names (if missing, field types are inferred using dbDataType).
```

Note

dbWriteTable creates additional column in the database, while dbReadTable reads that column by default. So, it is not symmetrical in its current implementation. the backend raw_names may change in future versions.

References

See the Database Interface definition document DBI.pdf in the base directory of this package or https://cran.r-project.org/package=DBI.

See Also

PostgreSQL, isSQLKeyword, dbDriver, dbConnect, dbSendQuery, dbGetQuery, fetch, dbCommit, dbGetInfo, dbListTables, dbReadTable.

Examples

```
## Not run:
conn <- dbConnect("PostgreSQL", dbname = "wireless")
if(dbExistsTable(conn, "frame_fuel")){
   dbRemoveTable(conn, "frame_fuel")
   dbWriteTable(conn, "frame_fuel", fuel.frame)
}
if(dbExistsTable(conn, "RESULTS")){
   dbWriteTable(conn, "RESULTS", results2000, append = T)
else
   dbWriteTable(conn, "RESULTS", results2000)
}
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

dbSendQuery-methods

Execute a statement on a given database connection

Description

These methods are straight-forward implementations of the corresponding generic functions. However, for complex data like array are just transferred as a string instead of the corresponding vector in R. This behavior will change in future releases, and the author is advised not to rely on it.

Methods

```
conn an PostgreSQLConnection object.statement a character vector of length 1 with the SQL statement.res an PostgreSQLResult object.... additional parameters.
```

References

See the Database Interface definition document DBI.pdf in the base directory of this package or https://cran.r-project.org/package=DBI.

See Also

PostgreSQL, dbDriver, dbConnect, fetch, dbCommit, dbGetInfo, dbReadTable.

Examples

```
## Not run:
drv <- dbDriver("PostgreSQL")
con <- dbConnect(drv, "usr", "password", "dbname")
res <- dbSendQuery(con, "SELECT * from sales")
data <- fetch(res, n = -1)
# alternatively, use dbGetQuery
data <- dbGetQuery(con, "SELECT * from sales")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

dbSetDataMappings-methods

Set data mappings between PostgreSQL and R/S-Plus

Description

Not yet implemented

Methods

```
res a PostgreSQLResult object as returned by dbSendQuery.flds a data.frame with field descriptions as returned by dbColumnInfo.... any additional arguments are passed to the implementing method.
```

References

See the Database Interface definition document DBI.pdf in the base directory of this package or https://cran.r-project.org/package=DBI.

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See Also

PostgreSQL, dbSendQuery, fetch, dbColumnInfo.

Examples

```
## Not run:
makeImage <- function(x) {
   .C("make_Image", as.integer(x), length(x))
}

res <- dbSendQuery(con, statement)
flds <- dbColumnInfo(res)
flds[3, "Sclass"] <- makeImage

dbSetDataMappings(rs, flds)

im <- fetch(rs, n = -1)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

fetch-methods

Fetch records from a previously executed query

Description

This method is a straight-forward implementation of the corresponding generic function.

Details

The RPostgreSQL implementations retrieves only n records, and if n is missing it only returns up to fetch.default.rec as specified in the call to PostgreSQL (500 by default).

Methods

res an PostgreSQLResult object.

n maximum number of records to retrieve per fetch. Use n = -1 to retrieve all pending records; use a value of n = 0 for fetching the default number of rows fetch.default.rec defined in the PostgreSQL initialization invocation.

... currently not used.

References

See the Database Interface definition document DBI.pdf in the base directory of this package or https://cran.r-project.org/package=DBI.

See Also

PostgreSQL, dbConnect, dbSendQuery, dbGetQuery, dbClearResult, dbCommit, dbGetInfo, dbReadTable.

isPostgresqlIdCurrent

Examples

isPostgresqlIdCurrent Check whether a database handle object is valid or not

Description

Support function that verifies that an object holding a reference to a foreign object is still valid for communicating with the RDBMS

Usage

```
isPostgresqlIdCurrent(obj)
```

Arguments

```
obj any dbObject (e.g., dbDriver, dbConnection, dbResult).
```

Details

db0bjects are R/S-Plus remote references to foreign objects. This introduces differences to the object's semantics such as persistence (e.g., connections may be closed unexpectedly), thus this function provides a minimal verification to ensure that the foreign object being referenced can be contacted.

Value

a logical scalar.

make.db.names-methods 17

See Also

dbDriver dbConnect dbSendQuery fetch

Examples

```
## Not run:
cursor <- dbSendQuery(con, sql.statement)
isIdCurrent(cursor)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

make.db.names-methods Make R/S-Plus identifiers into quoted PostgreSQL identifiers

Description

Calls postgresqlquoteId to make valid quoted identifiers. This has calling convention same as the make.db.names for compatibility.

Methods

dbObj any PostgreSQL object (e.g., PostgreSQLDriver). Just ignored.

snames a character vector of R/S-Plus identifiers (symbols) from which we need to make SQL identifiers.

name a character vector of SQL identifiers we want to check against keywords from the DBMS. Ignored.

unique logical describing whether the resulting set of SQL names should be unique. Its default is TRUE. Following the SQL 92 standard, uniqueness of SQL identifiers is determined regardless of whether letters are upper or lower case. Ignored.

allow.keywords logical describing whether SQL keywords should be allowed in the resulting set of SQL names. Its default is TRUE. Ignored.

keywords a character vector with SQL keywords, by default it is .PostgreSQLKeywords define in RPostgreSQL. This may be overriden by users. Ignored.

case a character string specifying whether to make the comparison as lower case, upper case, or any of the two. it defaults to any. Ignored.

... currently not used.

References

The set of SQL keywords is stored in the character vector .SQL92Keywords and reflects the SQL ANSI/ISO standard as documented in "X/Open SQL and RDA", 1994, ISBN 1-872630-68-8. Users can easily override or update this vector.

PostgreSQL does add some keywords to the SQL 92 standard, they are listed in the .PostgreSQLKeywords object.

See the Database Interface definition document DBI.pdf in the base directory of this package or https://cran.r-project.org/package=DBI.

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See Also

PostgreSQL, dbReadTable, dbWriteTable, dbExistsTable, dbRemoveTable, dbListTables.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# This example shows how we could export a bunch of data.frames
# into tables on a remote database.
## End(Not run)
```

PostgreSQL

Instantiate a PostgreSQL client from the current R or S-Plus session

Description

This function creates and initializes a PostgreSQL client. It returns an driver object that allows you to connect to one or several PostgreSQL servers.

Usage

```
PostgreSQL(max.con = 16, fetch.default.rec = 500, force.reload = FALSE)
```

Arguments

max.con

Maximum number of connections that are intended to have open at one time. There's no intrinic limit, since strictly speaking this limit applies to PostgreSQL servers, but clients can have (at least in theory) more than this. Typically there are at most a handful of open connections, thus the internal RPostgreSQL code uses a very simple linear search algorithm to manage its connection table.

fetch.default.rec

number of records to fetch at one time from the database. (The fetch method uses this number as a default.)

force.reload

should the client code be reloaded (reinitialize)? Setting this to TRUE allows you to change default settings. Notice that all connections should be closed before re-loading.

Details

This object is a singleton, that is, on subsequent invocations it returns the same initialized object.

This implementation allows you to connect to multiple host servers and run multiple connections on each server simultaneously.

Value

An object PostgreSQLDriver that extends dbDriver and dbObjectId. This object is required to create connections to one or several PostgreSQL database engines.

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Side Effects

The R/S-Plus client part of the database communication is initialized, but note that connecting to the database engine needs to be done through calls to dbConnect.

User authentication

The passed string can be empty to use all default parameters, or it can contain one or more parameter settings separated by comma. Each parameter setting is in the form parameter = "value". Spaces around the equal sign are optional.

The most important parameters are user, password, host, dbname, port, tty and options.

References

See https://cran.r-project.org/package=DBI for more details on the R/S-Plus database interface.

See the documentation at the PostgreSQL Web site https://www.postgresql.org for details.

Author(s)

David A. James

See Also

On database managers:

dbDriver dbUnloadDriver

On connections, SQL statements and resultSets:

dbConnect dbDisconnect dbSendQuery dbGetQuery fetch dbClearResult

On transaction management:

dbCommit dbRollback

On meta-data:

 $summary\ db GetInfo\ db GetDBIVersion\ dbListTables\ dbListConnections\ dbListResults\ dbColumnInfo\ dbGetException\ dbGetStatement\ dbHasCompleted\ dbGetRowCount\ dbGetRowsAffected$

```
## Not run:
# create a PostgreSQL instance and create one connection.
> m <- dbDriver("PostgreSQL")
<PostgreSQLDriver:(4378)>

> con <- dbConnect(m, user="username", password="passwd", dbname="database_name")
> rs <- dbSendQuery(con, "select * sales where price < 10")
> df <- fetch(rs, n = 50)
> dbHasCompleted(rs)
[1] FALSE
> df2 <- fetch(rs, n = -1)
> dbHasCompleted(rs)
```

```
[1] TRUE
> dbClearResult(rs)
> dbListTables(con)
## End(Not run)
```

postgresqlBuildTableDefinition

Build the SQL CREATE TABLE definition as a string

Description

Build the SQL CREATE TABLE definition as a string for the input data.frame

Usage

```
postgresqlBuildTableDefinition(dbObj, name, obj,
field.types = NULL, row.names = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

db0bj any DBI object (used only to dispatch according to the engine (e.g., MySQL,

Oracle, PostgreSQL, SQLite)

name of the new SQL table

obj an R object coerceable to data.frame for which we want to create a table

field.types optional named list of the types for each field in obj

row.names logical, should row.name of value be exported as a row_names field? Default

is TRUE

... reserved for future use

Details

The output SQL statement is a simple CREATE TABLE with suitable for dbGetQuery

Value

An SQL string

References

See the Database Interface definition document DBI.pdf in the base directory of this package or https://cran.r-project.org/package=DBI.

See Also

PostgreSQL, dbConnect, dbSendQuery, dbGetQuery, fetch, dbCommit, dbGetInfo, dbReadTable.

PostgreSQLConnection-class

Class PostgreSQLConnection

Description

PostgreSQLConnection class.

Generators

The method dbConnect is the main generator.

Extends

Class "DBIConnection", directly. Class "PostgreSQLObject", directly. Class "DBIObject", by class "DBIConnection". Class "dbObjectId", by class "PostgreSQLObject".

Methods

```
coerce signature(from = "PostgreSQLConnection", to = "PostgreSQLResult"): ...
dbBegin signature(conn = "PostgreSQLConnection"): ...
dbCallProc signature(conn = "PostgreSQLConnection"): ...
dbCommit signature(conn = "PostgreSQLConnection"): ...
dbConnect signature(drv = "PostgreSQLConnection"): ...
dbDisconnect signature(conn = "PostgreSQLConnection"): ...
dbExistsTable signature(conn = "PostgreSQLConnection", name = "character"): ...
dbGetException signature(conn = "PostgreSQLConnection"): ...
dbGetInfo signature(db0bj = "PostgreSQLConnection"): ...
dbGetQuery signature(conn = "PostgreSQLConnection", statement = "character"): ...
dbListFields signature(conn = "PostgreSQLConnection",name = "character"): ...
dbListResults signature(conn = "PostgreSQLConnection"): ...
dbListTables signature(conn = "PostgreSQLConnection"): ...
dbReadTable signature(conn = "PostgreSQLConnection", name = "character"): ...
dbRemoveTable signature(conn = "PostgreSQLConnection", name = "character"): ...
dbRollback signature(conn = "PostgreSQLConnection"): ...
dbSendQuery signature(conn = "PostgreSQLConnection", statement = "character"): ...
dbWriteTable signature(conn = "PostgreSQLConnection",name = "character",value = "data.frame"):
summary signature(object = "PostgreSQLConnection"): ...
```

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References

See the Database Interface definition document DBI.pdf in the base directory of this package or https://developer.r-project.org/db/.

See Also

DBI base classes:

DBIObject-class DBIDriver-class DBIConnection-class DBIResult-class

PostgreSQL classes:

PostgreSQLObject-class PostgreSQLDriver-class PostgreSQLConnection-class PostgreSQLResult-class

Examples

Description

Applies R/S-Plus functions to groups of remote DBMS rows without bringing an entire result set all at once. The result set is expected to be sorted by the grouping field.

Usage

Arguments

res a result set (see dbSendQuery).

INDEX a character or integer specifying the field name or field number that defines the

various groups.

FUN a function to be invoked upon identifying the last row from every group. This

function will be passed a data frame holding the records of the current group, a character string with the group label, plus any other arguments passed to

dbApply as "...".

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begin	a function of no arguments to be invoked just prior to retrieve the first row from the result set.
end	a function of no arguments to be invoked just after retrieving the last row from the result set.
group.begin	a function of one argument (the group label) to be invoked upon identifying a row from a new group.
new.record	a function to be invoked as each individual record is fetched. The first argument to this function is a one-row data.frame holding the new record.
batchSize	the default number of rows to bring from the remote result set. If needed, this is automatically extended to hold groups bigger than batchSize.
maxBatch	the absolute maximum of rows per group that may be extracted from the result set.
	any additional arguments to be passed to FUN.
simplify	Not yet implemented

Details

dbApply This function is meant to handle somewhat gracefully(?) large amounts of data from the DBMS by bringing into R manageable chunks (about batchSize records at a time, but not more than maxBatch); the idea is that the data from individual groups can be handled by R, but not all the groups at the same time.

The PostgreSQL implementation postgresqlDBApply allows us to register R functions that get invoked when certain fetching events occur. These include the "begin" event (no records have been yet fetched), "begin.group" (the record just fetched belongs to a new group), "new record" (every fetched record generates this event), "group.end" (the record just fetched was the last row of the current group), "end" (the very last record from the result set). Awk and perl programmers will find this paradigm very familiar (although SAP's ABAP language is closer to what we're doing).

Value

A list with as many elements as there were groups in the result set.

Note

This is an experimental version implemented only in R (there are plans, time permitting, to implement it in S-Plus).

The terminology that we're using is closer to SQL than R. In R what we're referring to "groups" are the individual levels of a factor (grouping field in our terminology).

See Also

PostgreSQL, dbSendQuery, fetch.

Examples

Description

An PostgreSQL driver implementing the R/S-Plus database (DBI) API.

Generators

The main generators are dbDriver and PostgreSQL.

Extends

Class "DBIDriver", directly. Class "PostgreSQLObject", directly. Class "DBIObject", by class "DBIDriver". Class "db0bjectId", by class "PostgreSQLObject".

Methods

```
coerce signature(from = "PostgreSQLObject", to = "PostgreSQLDriver"): ...
dbConnect signature(drv = "PostgreSQLDriver"): ...
dbGetInfo signature(dbObj = "PostgreSQLDriver"): ...
dbListConnections signature(drv = "PostgreSQLDriver"): ...
dbUnloadDriver signature(drv = "PostgreSQLDriver"): ...
summary signature(object = "PostgreSQLDriver"): ...
```

References

See the Database Interface definition document DBI.pdf in the base directory of this package or https://developer.r-project.org/db/.

See Also

DBI base classes:

DBIObject-class DBIDriver-class DBIConnection-class DBIResult-class

PostgreSQL classes:

PostgreSQLObject-class PostgreSQLDriver-class PostgreSQLConnection-class PostgreSQLResult-class

Examples

```
## Not run:
drv <- dbDriver("PostgreSQL")
con <- dbConnect(drv, dbname="template1")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

PostgreSQLObject-class

Class PostgreSQLObject

Description

Base class for all PostgreSQL-specific DBI classes

Objects from the Class

A virtual Class: No objects may be created from it.

Extends

Class "DBIObject", directly. Class "dbObjectId", directly.

Methods

```
coerce signature(from = "PostgreSQLObject", to = "PostgreSQLriver"): ...
dbDataType signature(dbObj = "PostgreSQLObject"): ...
isSQLKeyword signature(dbObj = "PostgreSQLObject", name = "character"): ...
make.db.names signature(dbObj = "PostgreSQLObject", snames = "character"): ...
SQLKeywords signature(dbObj = "PostgreSQLObject"): ...
```

References

See the Database Interface definition document DBI.pdf in the base directory of this package or https://developer.r-project.org/db/.

See Also

DBI base classes:

```
DBIObject-class DBIDriver-class DBIConnection-class DBIResult-class
```

PostgreSQL classes:

 $Postgre SQL Object-class\ Postgre SQLD river-class\ Postgre SQL Connection-class\ Postgre SQL Result-class\ Postgre SQL Connection-class\ Postgr Postgr$

Examples

```
## Not run:
drv <- dbDriver("PostgreSQL")
con <- dbConnect(drv, dbname = "template1")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

PostgreSQLResult-class

Class PostgreSQLResult

Description

PostgreSQL's query results class. This classes encapsulates the result of an SQL statement (either select or not).

Generators

The main generator is dbSendQuery.

Extends

Class "DBIResult", directly. Class "PostgreSQLObject", directly. Class "DBIObject", by class "DBIResult". Class "dbObjectId", by class "PostgreSQLObject".

Methods

```
coerce signature(from = "PostgreSQLConnection", to = "PostgreSQLResult"): ...
dbClearResult signature(res = "PostgreSQLResult"): ...
dbColumnInfo signature(res = "PostgreSQLResult"): ...
dbGetException signature(conn = "PostgreSQLResult"): ...
dbGetInfo signature(dbObj = "PostgreSQLResult"): ...
dbGetRowCount signature(res = "PostgreSQLResult"): ...
dbGetRowsAffected signature(res = "PostgreSQLResult"): ...
dbGetStatement signature(res = "PostgreSQLResult"): ...
dbHasCompleted signature(res = "PostgreSQLResult"): ...
dbListFields signature(conn = "PostgreSQLResult", name = "missing"): ...
fetch signature(res = "PostgreSQLResult", n = "numeric"): ...
fetch signature(res = "PostgreSQLResult", n = "missing"): ...
summary signature(object = "PostgreSQLResult"): ...
```

References

See the Database Interface definition document DBI.pdf in the base directory of this package or https://developer.r-project.org/db/

See Also

```
DBI base classes:
```

```
DBIObject-class DBIDriver-class DBIConnection-class DBIResult-class
```

PostgreSQL classes:

PostgreSQLObject-class PostgreSQLDriver-class PostgreSQLConnection-class PostgreSQLResult-class

Examples

```
## Not run:
drv <- dbDriver("PostgreSQL")
con <- dbConnect(drv, dbname = "template1")
## rs is the result set
rs <- dbSendQuery(con, "select * from sales")
## display the first three values of result set
fetch(rs, n=3)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

postgresqlSupport

Support Functions

Description

These functions are the workhorse behind the RPostgreSQL package, but users need not invoke these directly. For details see PostgreSQL.

Usage

```
## PostgreSQLDriver-related
  postgresqlInitDriver(max.con=16, fetch.default.rec = 500, force.reload=FALSE)
  postgresqlDriverInfo(obj, what, ...)
  postgresqlDescribeDriver(obj, verbose = FALSE, ...)
  postgresqlCloseDriver(drv, ...)
  ## PostgreSQLConnection-related
  postgresqlNewConnection(drv, user, password, host, dbname, port,
tty, options, forceISOdate = TRUE)
  postgresqlCloneConnection(con, ...)
  postgresqlConnectionInfo(obj, what, ...)
  postgresqlDescribeConnection(obj, verbose = FALSE, ...)
  postgresqlCloseConnection(con, ...)
  ## PostgreSQLResult-related
  postgresqlExecStatement(con, statement, params, ...)
  postgresqlFetch(res, n=0, ...)
  postgresqlQuickSQL(con, statement, ...)
```

```
postgresqlResultInfo(obj, what, ...)
postgresqlDescribeResult(obj, verbose = FALSE, ...)
postgresqlCloseResult(res, ...)
postgresqlDescribeFields(res, ...)
## data mappings, convenience functions, and extensions
postgresqlDataType(obj, ...)
postgresqlReadTable(con, name, row.names = "row.names", check.names = TRUE, ...)
postgresqlWriteTable(con, name, value, field.types, row.names = TRUE,
   overwrite=FALSE, append=FALSE, ..., allow.keywords = FALSE)
postgresqlpqExec(con, statement)
postgresqlCopyIn(con, filename)
postgresqlgetResult(con)
postgresqlEscapeStrings(con, preescapedstring)
postgresqlEscapeBytea(con, raw_data)
postgresqlUnescapeBytea(escapedbytea)
postgresqlQuoteId(identifiers)
postgresqlTableRef(identifiers)
postgresqlImportFile(con, name, value, field.types, overwrite=FALSE,
   append=FALSE, header, row.names, nrows=50, sep=",", eol="\n",
   skip = 0, quote="\"", ...)
## Transaction Management
postgresqlTransactionStatement(con, statement)
```

Arguments

max.con positive integer specifying maximum number of open connections. The current default of 10 is hardcoded in the C code.

fetch.default.rec

default number of rows to fetch (move to R/S-Plus). This default is used in

postgresqlFetch. The default is 500.

force.reload logical indicating whether to re-initialize the driver. This may be useful if you

want to change the defaults (e.g., fetch.default.rec). Note that the driver is a singleton (subsequent inits just returned the previously initialized driver, thus

this argument).

obj any of the PostgreSQL DBI objects (e.g., PostgreSQLConnection, PostgreSQLResult).

what character vector of metadata to extract, e.g., "version", "statement", "isSelect".

verbose logical controlling how much information to display. Defaults to FALSE. drv an PostgreSQLDriver object as produced by postgresqlInitDriver.

con an PostgreSQLConnection object as produced by postgresqlNewConnection

 $and\ postgresql Clone Connection.$

res an PostgreSQLResult object as produced by by postgresqlExecStatement

and postgresqlgetResult.

user a character string with the PostgreSQL's user name.
password character string with the PostgreSQL's password.

dbname character string with the PostgreSQL database name.

host character string with the name (or IP address) of the machine hosting the database.

Default is "", which is interpreted as localhost by the PostgreSQL's API.

port (optional) positive integer specifying the TCP port number that the PostgreSQL

server is listening to. Consult the PostgreSQL documentation for details.

tty Ignored (formerly, this specified where to send server debug output)

options Command-line options to be sent to the server

forceISOdate logical indicating whether "set datestyle to ISO" is issued upon connection. Al-

though this is made as an option, the conversion needs to be ISO style for proper

conversion of the date datatype.

force logical indicating whether to close a connection that has open result sets. The

default is FALSE.

statement character string holding one (and only one) SQL statement.

params actual values that is written as parameters in the statement.

n number of rows to fetch from the given result set. A value of -1 indicates to re-

trieve all the rows. The default of 0 specifies to extract whatever the fetch.default.rec

was specified during driver initialization postgresqlInit.

name character vector of names (table names, fields, keywords).

value a data.frame.

field.types a list specifying the mapping from R/S-Plus fields in the data.frame value to

SQL data types. The default is sapply (value, SQLDataType), see PostgreSQLSQLType.

header logical, does the input file have a header line? Default is the same heuristic used

by read. table, i.e., TRUE if the first line has one fewer column that the second

line.

row.names a logical specifying whether to prepend the value data.frame row names or not.

The default is TRUE.

check.names a logical specifying whether to convert DBMS field names into legal S names.

Default is TRUE.

overwrite logical indicating whether to replace the table name with the contents of the

data.frame value. The defauls is FALSE.

append logical indicating whether to append value to the existing table name.

nrows number of lines to rows to import using read. table from the input file to create

the proper table definition. Default is 50.

sep field separator character. eol end-of-line separator.

skip number of lines to skip before reading data in the input file.

quote the quote character used in the input file (defaults to \".

allow.keywords logical indicating whether column names that happen to be PostgreSQL key-

words be used as column names in the resulting relation (table) being written. Defaults to FALSE, forcing postgresql\(\mathbb{P}\)riteTable to modify column names to

make them legal PostgreSQL identifiers.

preescapedstring

character string to be escaped

raw_data RAW data to be escaped

escapedbytea 'escaped' or hex encoded binary data as character

identifiers one or more character strings to be used as identifier in SQL statement

filename character string indicating the file which contains the data to be copied to the

PostgreSQL backend

... placeholder for future use.

Value

postgresqlInitDriver returns an PostgreSQLDriver object.

postgresqlDriverInfo returns a list of name-value metadata pairs.

postgresqlDescribeDriver returns NULL (displays the object's metadata).

postgresqlCloseDriver returns a logical indicating whether the operation succeeded or not.

postgresqlNewConnection returns an PostgreSQLConnection object.

postgresqlCloneConnection returns an PostgreSQLConnection object.

postgresqlConnectionInforeturns a list of name-value metadata pairs.

postgresqlDescribeConnection returns NULL (displays the object's metadata).

postgresqlCloseConnection returns a logical indicating whether the operation succeeded or not.

postgresqlExecStatement returns an PostgreSQLResult object.

postgresqlFetch returns a data.frame.

postgresqlQuickSQL returns either a data.frame if the statement is a select-like or NULL otherwise.

postgresqlDescribeResult returns NULL (displays the object's metadata).

postgresqlCloseResult returns a logical indicating whether the operation succeeded or not.

postgresqlDescribeFields returns a data.frame with one row per field with columns name, Sclass, type, len, precision, scale, and nullOK which fully describe each field in a result set. Except for Sclass (which shows the mapping of the field type into an R/S-Plus class) all the information pertains to PostgreSQL's data storage attributes.

postgresqlReadTable returns a data.frame with the contents of the DBMS table.

postgresqlWriteTable returns a logical indicating whether the operation succeeded or not.

 $postgresqlpq Exec\ returns\ NUL\ (executes\ the\ statement\ but\ does\ not\ try\ to\ get\ result.\ This\ is\ called\ internally\ from\ postgresqlWriteTable\ before\ postgresqlCopyInDataframe$

postgresqlCopyIn returns NULL (copies the content of the file through the socket connection to postgresql backend. This should be used just after COPY tablename FROM STDIN query. This is not used now.)

postgresqlCopyInDataframe returns NULL (copies the content of the dataframe through the socket connection to postgresql backend. Strings are encoded as UTF-8 for transfer. The client_encoding should be set to UTF-8. This should be used just after COPY tablename FROM STDIN query.)

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postgresqlgetResult returns an PostgreSQLResult object. This is called after completion of execution of postgresqlpqExec.

postgresqlEscapeStrings returns a character string which is escaped properly so that it can be surrounded with a single quote and used as literal in SQL. The escape procedure is dependent on the character encoding of the connection.

postgresqlEscapeBytea returns a character string which represents the raw data proper escape so that it can be surrounded with a single quote and used as literal in SQL. Note that on 8.X connection E prefix should exist before the first quote. However this changes the behaviour in 9.0, where the E should not exist.

postgresqlUnescapeBytea returns a raw data specified by the character string. The character string should contain the 'escaped' bytea or hex encoded bytea that was output from the database server.

postgresqlQuoteId returns a character string which is quoted as identifier. Returns vector on vector arguemnt.

postgresqlTableRef returns a character string which is quoted as identifier. Reterns a character string concatenated with "." so that "dbname"."schemaname"."tablename" reference is created upon c("dbname", "schemaname", "tablename") arguemnt.

postgresqlDataType retuns a character string with the closest

postgresqlResultInfo returns a list of name-value metadata pairs.

postgresqlTransactionStatement returns a logical indicating whether the operation succeeded or not.

Constants

.PostgreSQLPkgName (currently "RPostgreSQL"), .PostgreSQLPkgVersion (the R package version), .PostgreSQLPkgRCS (the RCS revision), .PostgreSQL.NA.string (character that PostgreSQL uses to denote NULL on input), .PostgreSQLSQLKeywords (a lot!) .conflicts.OK.

summary-methods

Summarize an PostgreSQL object

Description

These methods are straight-forward implementations of the corresponding generic functions.

Methods

object = "DBIObject" Provides relevant metadata information on object, for instance, the PostgreSQL server file, the SQL statement associated with a result set, etc.

from object to be coerced

to coercion class

x object to format or print or show

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