

Q1 As per the model discussed in class,--

Initial state \rightarrow it is the initial configuration of the robot.

Goal state \rightarrow it is the final configuration we want of the robot.

Actions \rightarrow Possible moves listed below that can be done by robot:-

- ~~Place~~ Place(x) \rightarrow Place x on table.
- Pop(x, y) \rightarrow remove x from y block.
- Push(x, y) \rightarrow Keeping x on y block.
- Pickup(x) \rightarrow pick x block.

States \rightarrow it is the configuration of two blocks or block and the table.

Following are the states:-

- Tabletop(x) \rightarrow x block is on table.
- Emptyarm() \rightarrow robot's arm is void/empty.
- Inhand(x) \rightarrow x block in robot's arm.
- Clear(x) \rightarrow top of x block is empty.
- Top(x, y) \rightarrow x block on y block.

The path cost is one for every action, optimal solution is therefore, a solution with min. cost / least actions.

Breadth - first search :-

$[\begin{smallmatrix} C \\ A \quad B \end{smallmatrix}] \leftarrow \text{initial state}$

Iteration ① :-

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc} B & & & \\ C & C & & \\ A & AB & ABC & AB \end{array} \right]$$

Iteration (2) :-

$$\begin{bmatrix} & & & & B \\ C & & C & & C & C & C \\ AB, & ABC, & AB, & AB, & A, & AB \end{bmatrix}$$

Iteration (3) :-

~~B~~

C	C	C	C	B	B	C	C	A	A		
AB,	AB,	A,	AB,	AC,	ACB,	AC,	AB,	AB,	BC,	BC,	ABC

Depth first search:-

iteration ①:-

[B
C C C C
A, AB, ABC, AB, AB]

iteration ②:-

[B
C C C C C C
A, AB, AB, ABC, AB, AB]

iteration ③:-

[B]
A already visited.
[C] " " in initial iteration. (skipped 2 times)
AB

[B B C C A C C C]
AC, ACB, AC, AB, AB, ABC, BC, BC, ABC, AB, AB

Uniform cost search:-

(no. of steps req. to obtained state from initial state).

iteration ① :-

					A								
					C	C	C	C					
A	B		AB		AB		AB	B		CAB			
1			0		0		1			1			

iteration ② :-

					A					A				
					C		C	C	C	C	C	C		
A	B	C			AB		AB		AB	B	AB	AB	B	CAB
1					0		1		1	1	0	0	1	1

On removing all visited nodes from the list :-

Iteration ③ :-

					A							
					C	C						
					B	BA	ABC					
					1	1	1					

Q3 ①. Count the blocks which are not in the correct position as per the goal state and the block which is present in the arm of the robot is not taken into account.

②. Measuring the distance b/w initial state and goal state while looking at details of each block

Example:

initial state:

[C]

A B

goal state:

[C]

A

B

As per ①, A & C are at incorrect positions.
 \therefore count = 2.

As per ②, A should be above B & below C, but it can be seen that it's ~~the opp.~~ ^{B & C are at incorrect pos.} ~~the opp.~~ ^{Therefore} count = 2.

for C, no block is at top \therefore only 1 is added.

for B, only above block doesn't match, \therefore count = 1

Q4

Initial state :-

[C]

A B

Heuristic

Heuristic

1 mentioned in

previous question

Goal state

[A]

B

C

Iteration ① :-

[B]

C C

C

C

A, AB, ABC, AB, AB

3

3

2

3

3

Iteration ② :-

(following the taken heuristic)

[B B C C A A C C C C]

A C, ACB, AC, AB, AB, ABC, BC, BC, ABC, A, AB, AB, AB

1

2

2

3

3

2

2

2

2

3

3

3

3

Iteration ③ :-

(removing visited nodes)

[* A B]

B

B

B

B

C

C

A

A

C

ACB, AC, C, AC, AC, AB, AB, BC, BC, A

2

1

0

1

2

3

3

2

2

3