

**Experiment - 1**

**Aim-**To predict Bicarbonate(ppm) present in the well water of Northwest Texas data via Linear Regression Machine learning model.

```
cd /content/drive/MyDrive/Machine Learning/Colab Notebooks/ML
Practicals/1_Practical/Linear regression P1
```

```
/content/drive/MyDrive/Machine Learning/Colab Notebooks/ML
Practicals/1_Practical/Linear regression P1
```

```
ls
```

```
edcCO2.csv      'Ground Water Survey.csv'
fruitohms.csv   'Linear regression_1.ipynb'
```

Importing Required Libraries

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
```

```
#import data set
dataset = pd.read_csv('Ground Water Survey.csv')
X= dataset.iloc[:, :-1].values
Y= dataset.iloc[:, 1].values
dataset.head()
```

```
      X      Y
0  7.6  157
1  7.1  174
2  8.2  175
3  7.5  188
4  7.4  171
```

In the following data

X = pH of well water

Y = Bicarbonate (parts per million) of well water

The data is by water well from a random sample of wells in Northwest Texas. Reference: Union Carbide Technical Report K/UR-1

```
dataset.tail()
```

```
      X      Y
29  8.5   48
30  7.8  147
31  6.7  117
```

```
32  7.1  182
33  7.3   87
```

Bicarbonate can be found in water with a pH between 4.3 and 12.3. Above a pH of 8.3, carbonate is also present.

*#Splitting the data*

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test= train_test_split(X,Y,test_size= 0.7)
```

*#Fitting Simple Linear Regression ipynb*

*#This is called Model*

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
regressor= LinearRegression()
regressor.fit(X_train,Y_train)
```

```
LinearRegression()
```

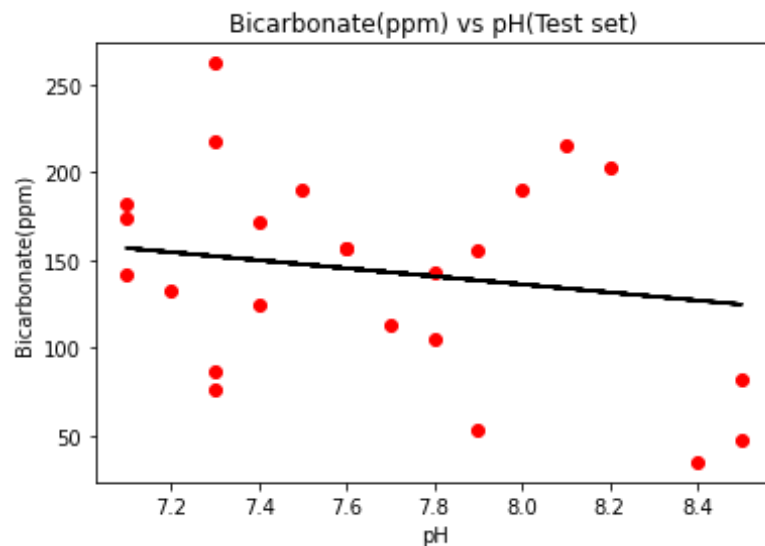
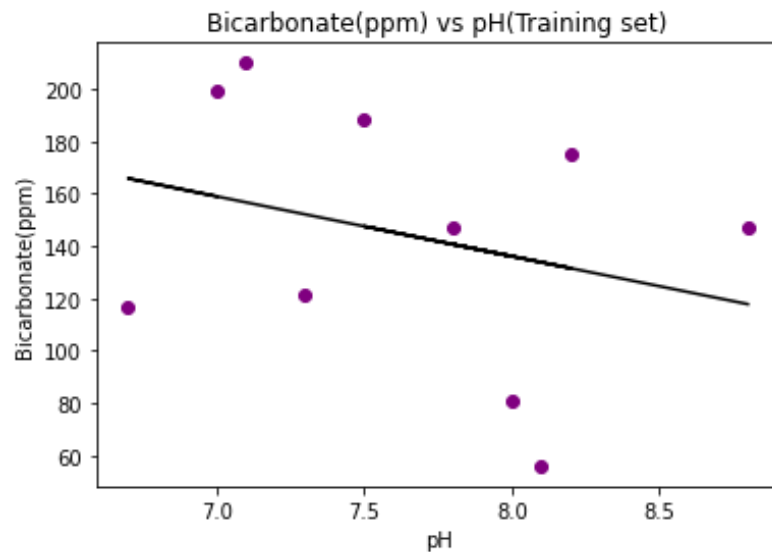
*##Predicting the test results*

```
Y_pred= regressor.predict(X_test)
```

*#Visualising the training set Results*

```
plt.scatter(X_train, Y_train, color='Purple')
plt.plot(X_train, regressor.predict(X_train), color='black')
plt.title('Bicarbonate(ppm) vs pH(Training set)')
plt.xlabel('pH')
plt.ylabel('Bicarbonate(ppm)')
plt.show()
```

```
plt.scatter(X_test, Y_test, color='red')
plt.plot(X_test, regressor.predict(X_test), color='black')
plt.title('Bicarbonate(ppm) vs pH(Test set)')
plt.xlabel('pH')
plt.ylabel('Bicarbonate(ppm)')
plt.show()
```



```
print(regressor.predict([[7.6]]))
```

```
[145.2435247]
```

**Now we will perform the prediction of Bicarbonate(ppm) Present in the well water.**

```
a=float(input("What is the pH of your well water? "))
print('The Bicarbonate (parts per million) in your well water',
regressor.predict([[a]]))
```

```
What is the pH of your well water? 7.1
```

```
The Bicarbonate (parts per million) in your well water [156.6787717]
```

**Conclusion-** Hence we are able to predict the Bicarbonate(ppm) present in the well water of Northeast Texas by training the Linear Regression model with the Water Survey Dataset.