



# Java

## *Swings & Event Handling*

# Swings

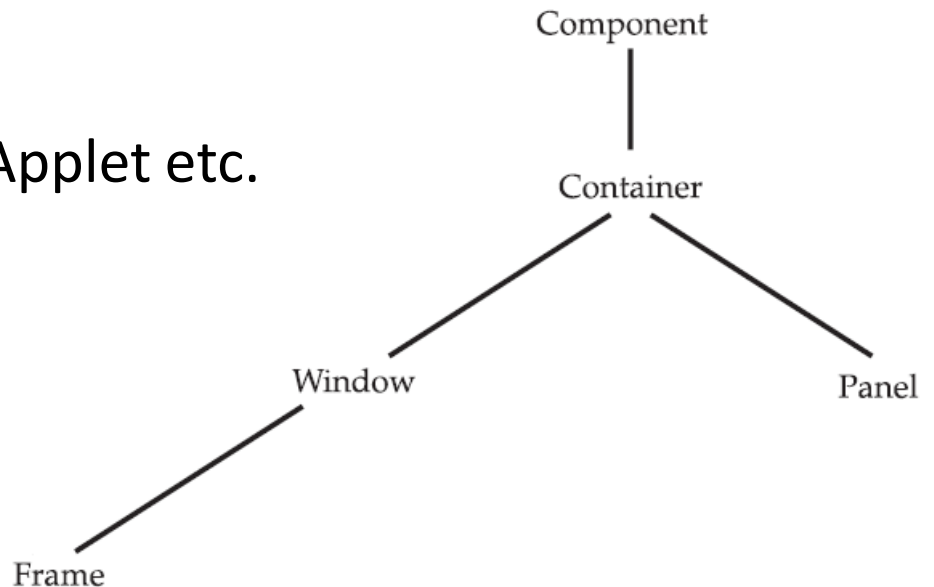
- Java **AWT** (Abstract Window Toolkit) contains numerous classes and methods for creating and managing windows
- **Java Swing** (***javax.swing***) is built on the AWT
- Swing Concepts

- **Container**

- Heavyweight: JFrame, JApplet etc.
- Lightweight: JPanel

- **Component**

- JButton, JLabel etc.



# A Simple Swing

- Two ways to create a simple swing application
- *By creating an **object** of JFrame class*
  - ***Example:** SimpleFrame1.java*
- *By **extending** the JFrame class*
  - ***Example:** SimpleFrame2.java*
  - HelloWorld.java (dialogue box)

# JFrame with Simple Components

- Simple JFrame
  - with a JLabel
  - with a JButton
  - with Default Layout
  - **Example:** *LabelFrame1.java*
- Simple JFrame
  - with a JLabel
  - with a JButton
  - with FlowLayout
  - **Example:** *LabelFrame2.java*

# Some Components

- **JLabel**
  - *Example: [TestJLabelFrame.java](#)*
- **JTextField and JPasswordField**
  - *Example: [TestJTextFieldFrame.java](#)*
- **JButton**
  - *Example: [TestJButtonFrame.java](#)*
    - [UseOptionPanels.java](#)

# Some Components (contd..)

- **JCheckBox**
  - *Example: `TestJCheckBoxFrame.java`*
- **JRadioButton**
  - *Example: `TestJRadioButtonFrame.java`*
- **JComboBox**
  - *Example: `TestJComboBoxFrame.java`*

# Event

- **Event** – state/behavior change
- **Button** – click/pressed
- **Text Box**  -
- **Mouse** - Scroll

# Delegation Event Model

DEM defines *standard and consistent mechanisms to generate and process events.*

## Concept :

- A **source generates** an event and sends it to one or more listeners.
- In this scheme, **the listener** simply waits until it receives an event.
- Once received, the **listener processes the event and then returns.**



# Delegation Event Model<sub>(contd..)</sub>

- In the delegation event model, *listeners must register with a source in order to receive an event notification.*
- Notifications are sent only to listeners that want to receive them.

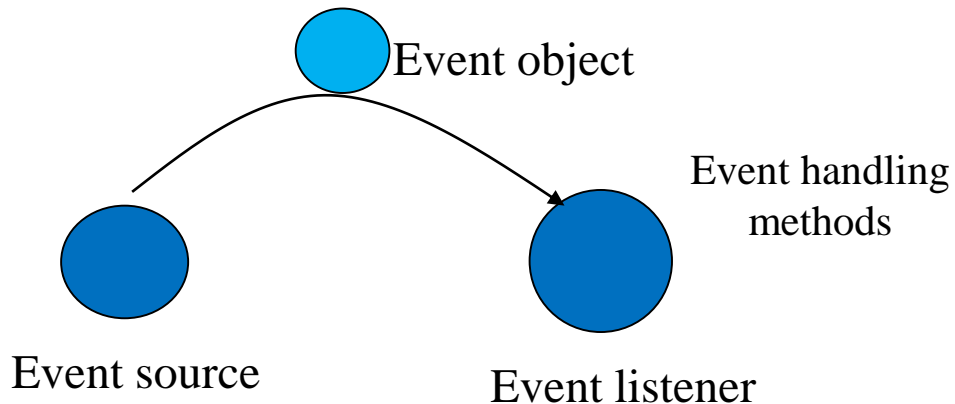
The general form:

```
public void addTypeListener(TypeListener el)
```

**Type** is the name of the event and **el** is a reference to the event listener.

Ex.

```
source_object. addActionListener(Listener obj)
```



# Event Handling

- Events are generated when user do some actions with the components (button click)
- Event handling are same for Swing and AWT(abstract Window Toolkit)
- The interface which is generally used for event handling - *ActionListener*
- The class that implements the ActionListener interface must implement the following method  
*public void actionPerformed (ActionEvent ae)*

# Event Handling(contd..)

- The event name is *ActionEvent*
  - getSource()
  - getActionCommand()
- Components registered to handle event by *addActionListener (ActionListener al)*
- **Example:** *EventFrame(1-3).java*

# Keyboard Events

- In Swing we can also detect key and mouse events
- Interface for key event handling - *KeyListener*
- The name of the functions are
  - `keyTyped(KeyEvent ke)`
  - `keyPressed(KeyEvent ke)`
  - `keyReleased(KeyEvent ke)`
- The event name is *KeyEvent*
  - `getKeyChar()`, `getKeyCode()`
- **Example:** *TestKeyListener.java*

# Mouse Events

- Interface for mouse event handling - *MouseListener*
- The name of the functions are
  - mouseClicked(MouseEvent me)
  - mousePressed(MouseEvent me)
  - mouseReleased(MouseEvent me)
  - mouseEntered(MouseEvent me)
  - mouseExited(MouseEvent me)
- The event name is *MouseEvent*
  - getX(), getY()
- **Example:** *TestMouseListener.java*

# End of Chapter