

Ques 3. M is not a stable matching.

Explanation \rightarrow According to stable matching algo a matching is unstable if \rightarrow

there is a doctor α and a hospital β that would be both happier with each other than their current match.

From the given preference of doctor over hospitals & preference of hospitals over doctors \rightarrow we know that doctor D_2 & Hospital H_5 would be both happier with each other than their current matches in M .

\rightarrow Execution of Gale-Shapley algo \rightarrow

(i) H_1 offers D_1 and D_1 accepts

(ii) H_2 — " — D_4 — " — D_4 — " —

(iii) H_3 — " — D_1 — " — D_1 rejects

(iv) H_3 — " — D_2 , D_2 accepts.

(v) H_4 offers D_2 , D_2 rejects.

(vi) H_4 offers D_3 , D_3 accepts.

(vii) H_5 offers D_2 , D_2 accepts.

(viii) H_3 offers D_4 , D_4 accepts.

(ix) H_2 offers D_2 , D_2 rejects.

(x) H_2 offers D_1 , D_1 rejects.

(xi) H_2 offers D_3 , D_3 rejects.

(xii) H_2 offers D_5 , D_5 accepts.

Ans 2.

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

Charac.	Freq.	Code Lengths.	Cost
D	1	5	5
E	5	3	15
P	2	4	8
A	1	5	5
R	2	4	8
T	3	3	9
M	2	4	8
N	2	4	8
O	2	4	8
F	1	5	5
C	3	3	9
U	1	5	5
S	1	5	5
B	1	5	5
I	1	5	5
<u>L</u>	3	3	9

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$$\text{Cost} = \sum f(i) \cdot \text{depth}(i)$$

$$= \boxed{112} \text{ as}$$

Huffman's Tree



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Ques 1. (i) This could not work. For the given intervals \rightarrow , the greedy algo chooses the single interval in the middle, but the optimal schedule contains the other two intervals.

(ii) Yes, This greedy strategy will work. It's basically a time-reversed version of the greedy algo proved correct in class, And correctness follows by induction from the below claim \rightarrow

Claim :- There's an optimal schedule that includes the talk the ~~course~~ ^{talk} that starts last.

Proof :- ~~Let x be the course that starts last.~~

1. Let x be the talk that starts last.
2. Let S be any schedule that does not contain x , and
3. Let z be the last talk in S .

Because x starts last, we have $S[z] < S[x]$.

Thus $F[i] < S[z] < S[x]$ for every other talk ~~course~~ i in S , which implies that $S' = S - z + x$ is still a valid schedule, containing the same number of ~~courses~~ ^{talks} as S .

In particular if S is an optimal schedule then S' is an optimal schedule containing x .