

data
representation

reading a graph

dataviz *perception* consists in
the decoding of the elements
of a graph:

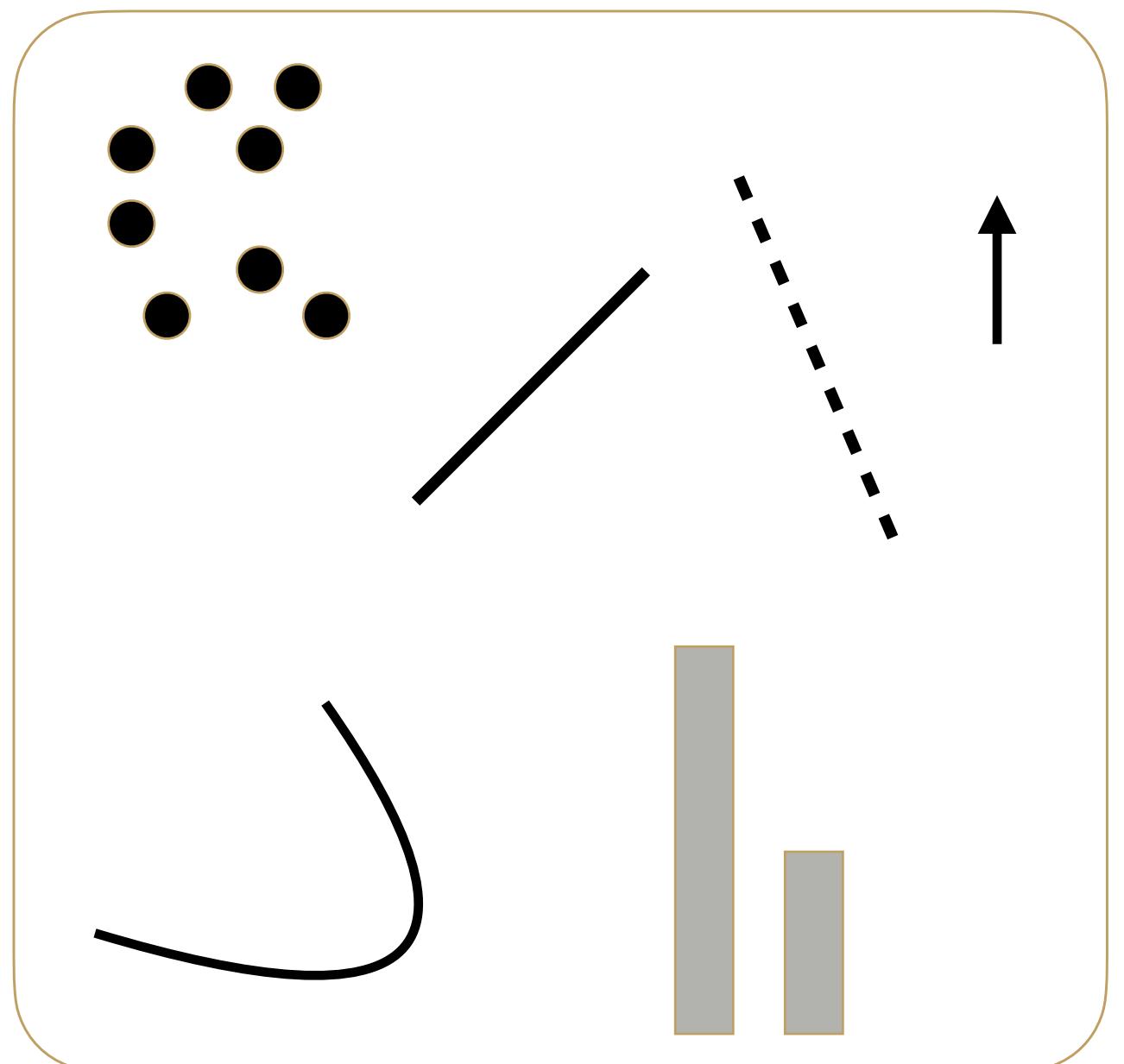
- shapes
- sizes
- positions
- colours

dataviz *interpretation* consists
in the decoding of the
meaning of a graph, i.e.
making sense of the overall
graphic construction.

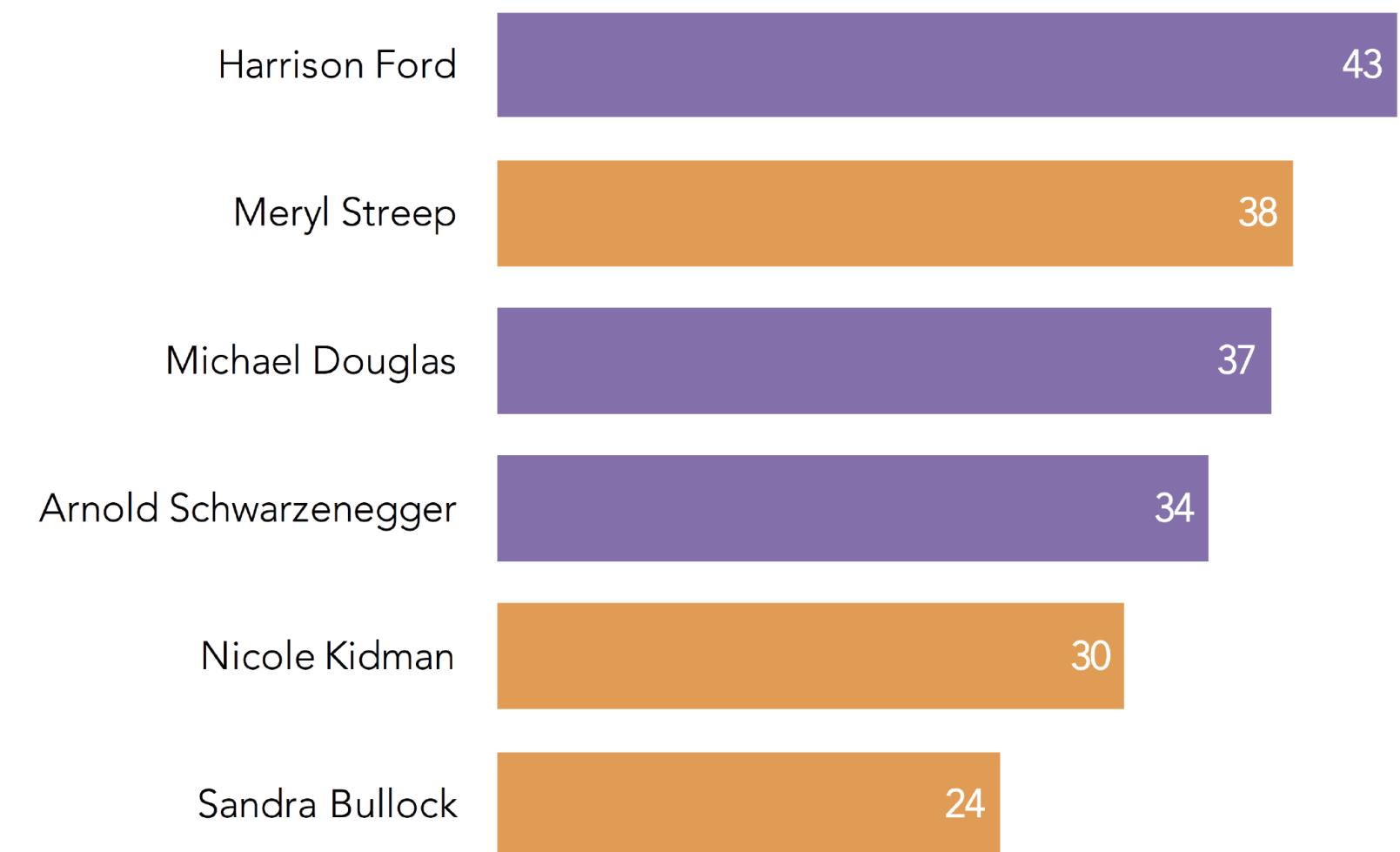
chart = visual encoding + chart apparatus

visual encoding

attributes
 quantity
 size
 position
 colour



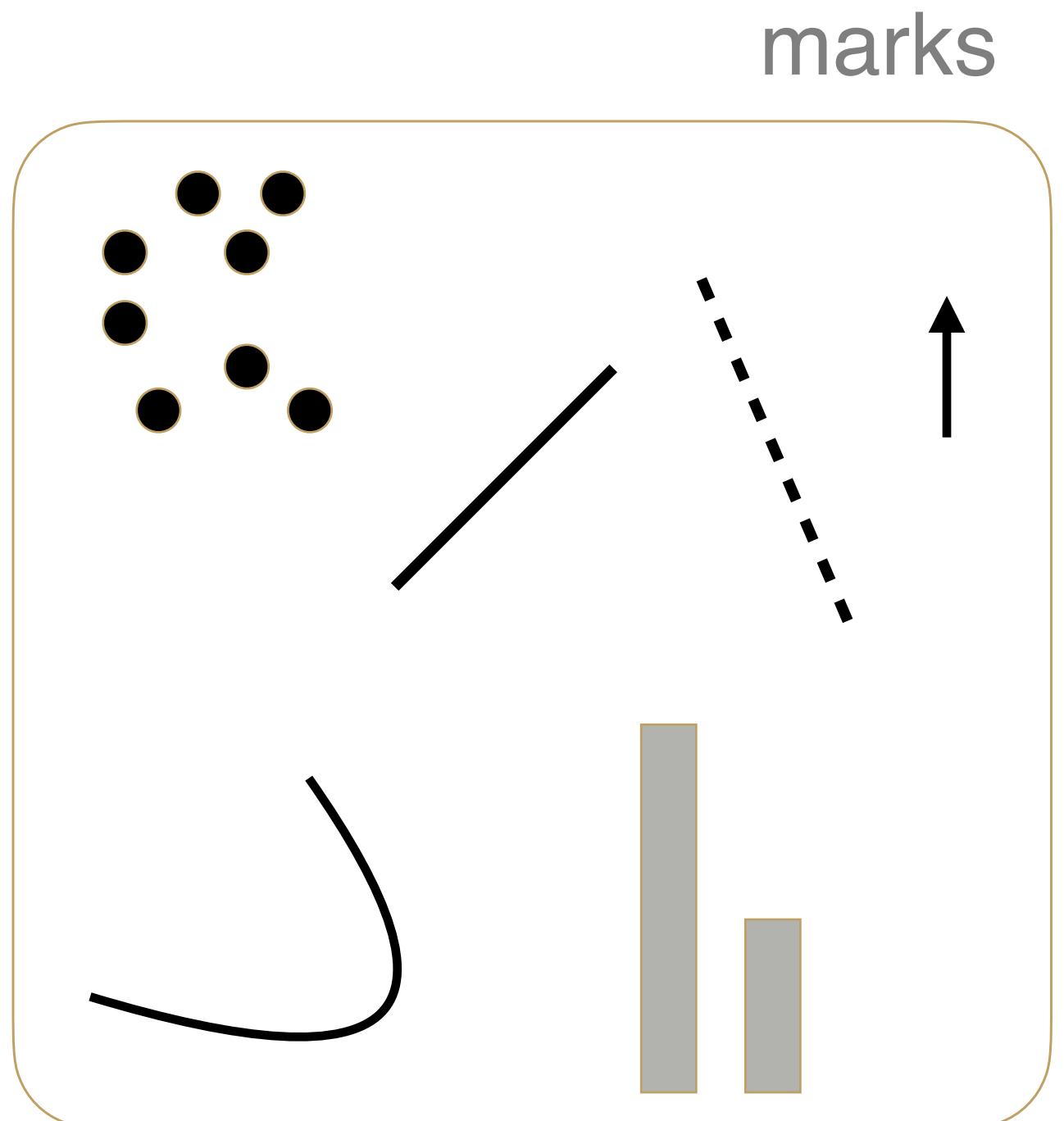
ACTOR	GENDER	YEARS SINCE FIRST MOVIE
Harrison Ford	Male	43
Meryl Streep	Female	38
Michael Douglas	Male	37
Arnold Schwarzenegger	Male	34
Nicole Kidman	Female	30
Sandra Bullock	Female	24



visual encoding

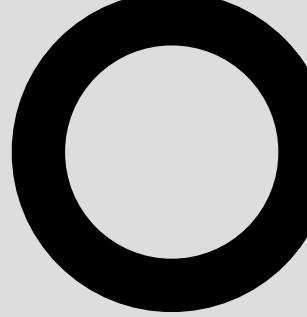
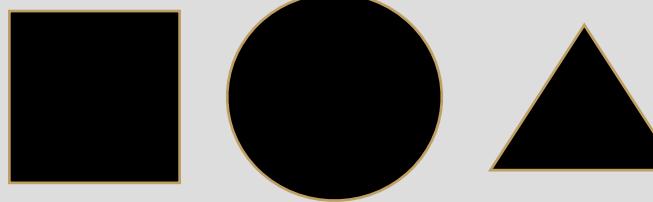
attributes

- quantity
- size
- position
- colour



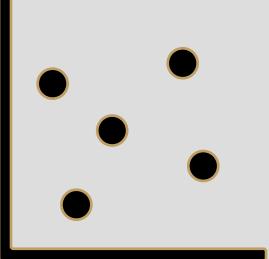
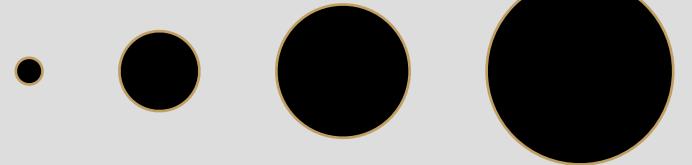
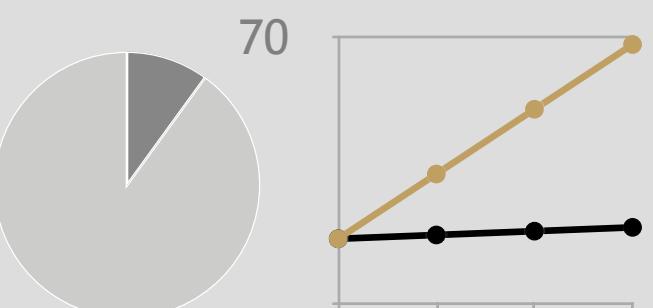
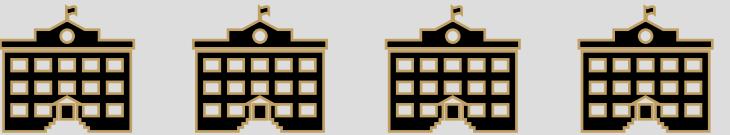
finding the right blend of marks & attributes
that most effectively portray the angle of
analysis you wish to show

marks

mark	example	description
point		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• no spatial variations• quantity as position on a scale
line		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• linear spatial dimension• quantity as variation in size
area		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• quadratic spatial dimension• quantity as variation in size & position
form		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• cubic spatial dimension• quantity as variation in volume

attributes

quantitative 1/2

attribute	example	description
position		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• quantity as position on a scale
size		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• quantity as variation in size
angle / slope		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• quantity as variation of angle• quantity as different slope
quantity		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• quantity as repeated set of point marks

attributes

quantitative 2/2

attribute	example	description
colour saturation		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• quantity as saturation
colour lightness		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• quantity as brightness
pattern		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• quantity as density / shape of pattern
motion		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• movement as binary indicator to draw focus or to represent quantitative scale ramp

attributes

categorical / relational

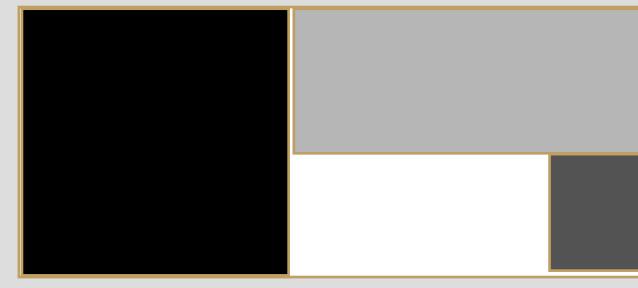
attribute	example	description
<i>symbol / shape</i>		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• symbols as categorical association
<i>colour hue</i>		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• quantity as brightness
<i>connection / edge</i>		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• relationship as connection
<i>containment</i>		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• grouping relationship as containment

chart types

bottom-up: from visual encoding to chart type

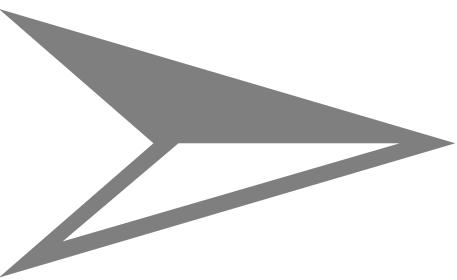
top-down: choosing a chart type first

a whole world other than the classic 3: bar/pie/line

the charts classification

categorical	comparing categories and distributions of quantitative values
hierarchical	charting part-to-whole relationships & hierarchies
relational	graphing relationships to explore correlations & connections
temporal	showing trends & activities over time
spatial	mapping spatial patterns through overlays & distortions

caveat: small multiples not included - they are not a different chart on their own, rather an editorial thinking solution



Stage 4

Developing your design **solution**

influencing factors

Stage 1

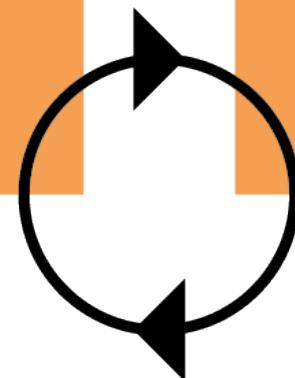
Formulating your **brief**

Stage 2

Working with **data**

Stage 3

Establishing your **editorial thinking**



Stage 1

Formulating your **brief**

the brief

skill & resources + frequency

which graph can you actually make and how efficiently?

expressiveness

- maximum expressiveness — can create **any** combination of mark & attribute encoding
- limited expressiveness — limited scope, need for workaround, but quick&simple charting

Stage 1

Formulating your **brief**

the brief

purpose

- should you represent your data in a chart form?
- will it add any value, new insights, greater perceptual efficiency w.r.t to non-visualised form?
- will portraying your data in an elegant table actually offer a more suitable solution?
- maybe an information-based solution (imagery, text, video, photo) would work better?

Stage 1

Formulating your **brief**

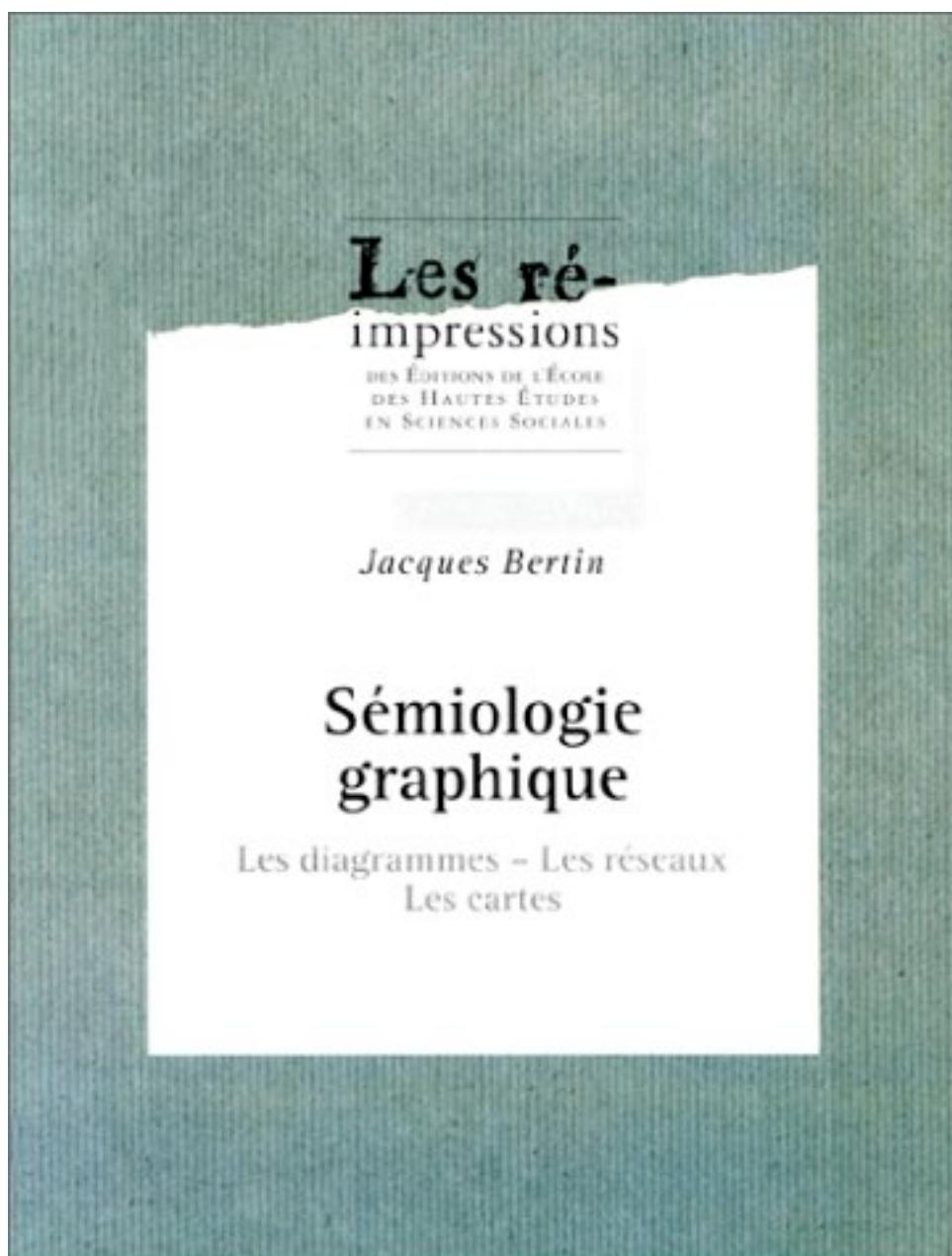
the brief

purpose map

- *reading* of the data or *feeling* of the data?
- precise and accurate perception of values or sense-making of the gist of values
- trade-off between emotional qualities and perceptual efficiency?

Stage 1

Formulating your **brief**



different ways of encoding data might offer varying degrees of effectiveness in perception
[j. bertin, 1967]

the brief

purpose map

Graphical Perception: Theory, Experimentation, and Application to the Development of Graphical Methods

William S. Cleveland; Robert McGill

Journal of the American Statistical Association, Vol. 79, No. 387 (Sep., 1984), 531-554.

general ranking explaining which attributes would facilitate the highest degree of perceptual accuracy
[w.s. cleveland & r. mcgill, 1967]



Stage 1

Formulating your brief

Automating the Design of Graphical Presentations of Relational Information

JOCK MACKINLAY
Stanford University

ACM Transactions on Graphics, Vol. 5, No. 2, April 1986, Pages 110–141.

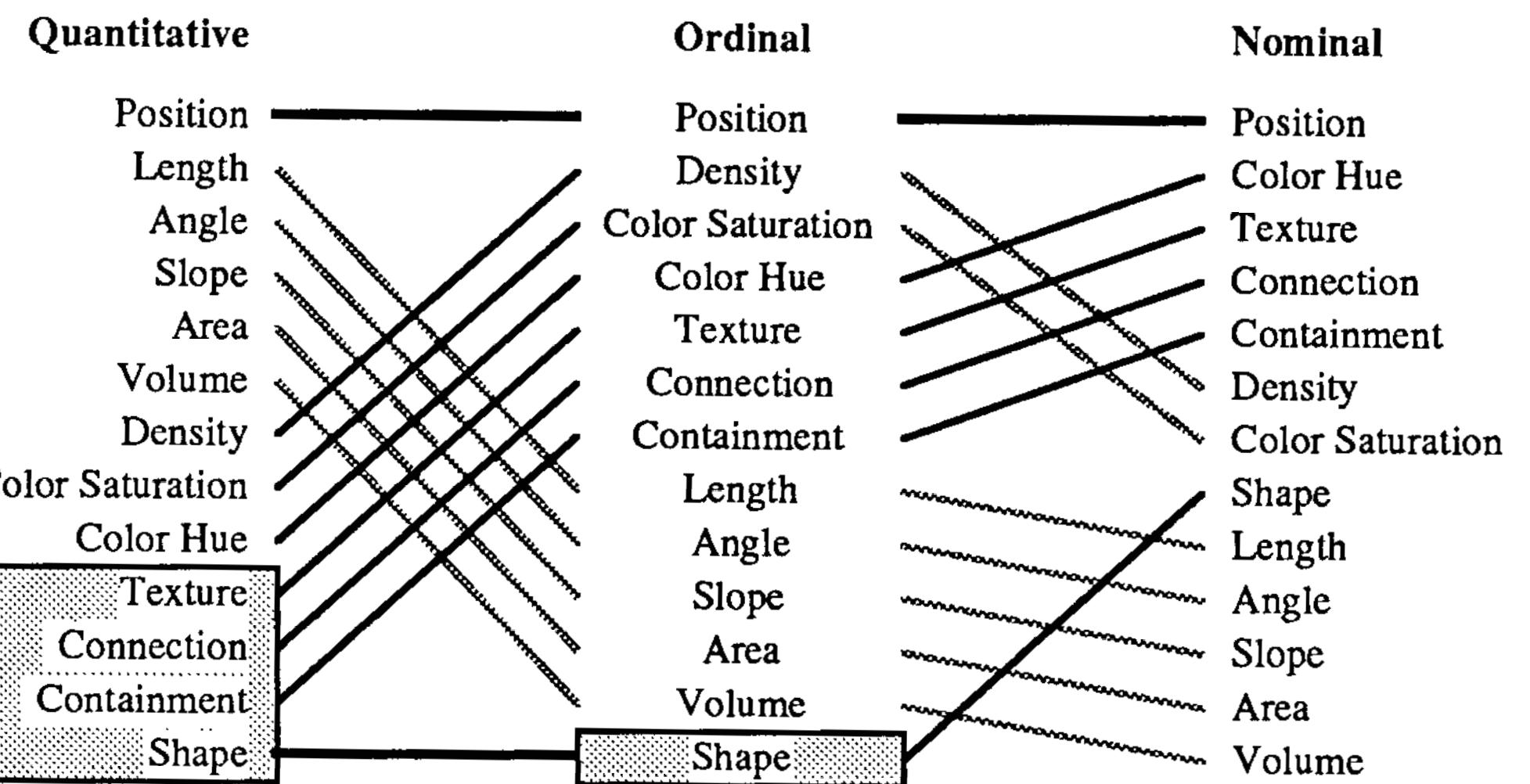
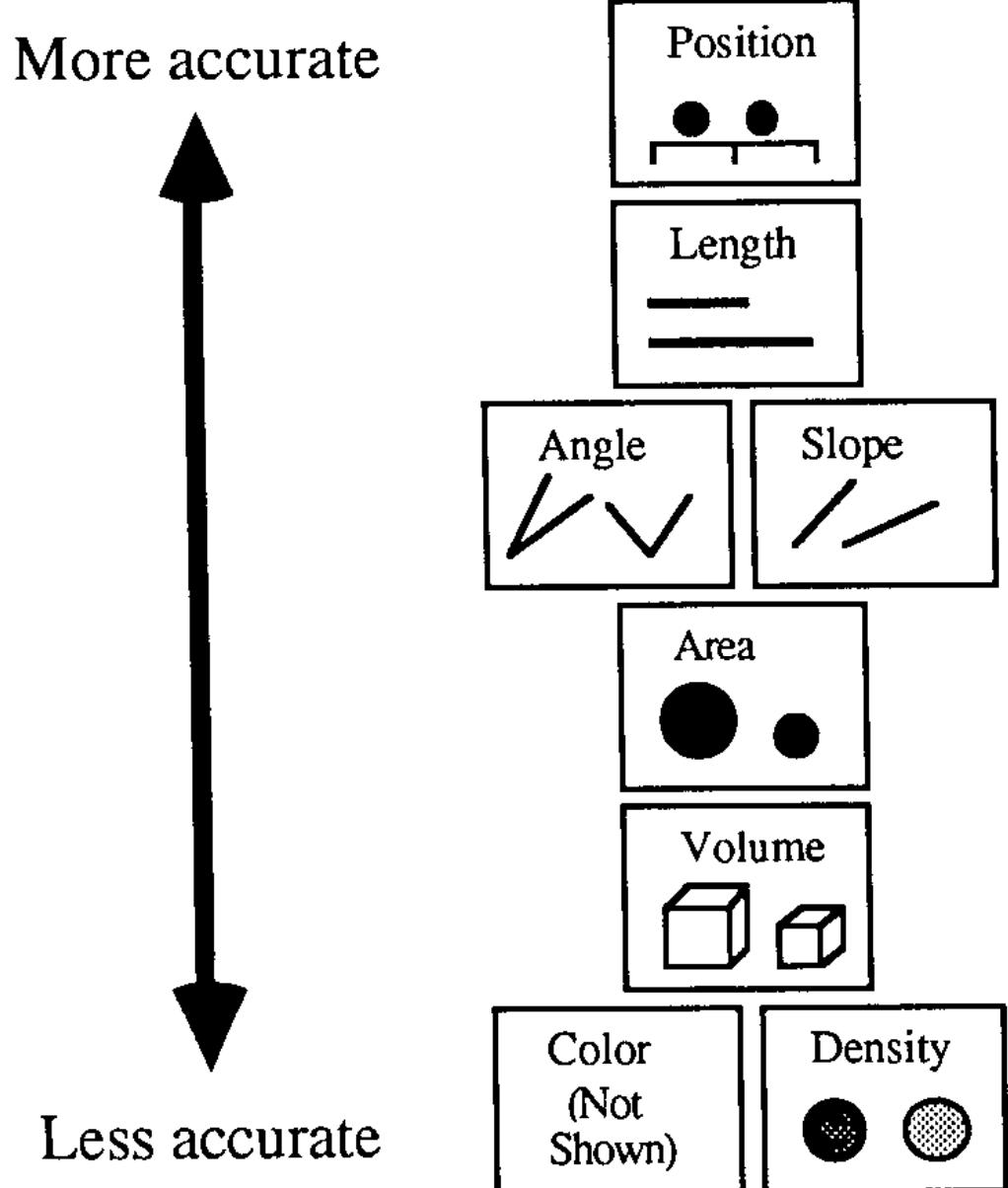


Fig. 15. Ranking of perceptual tasks. The tasks shown in the gray boxes are not relevant to these types of data.

	Nominal	Ordinal	Quantitative
Size	—	•	•
Saturation	—	•	•
Texture	•	•	
Color	•	*	
Orientation	•		
Shape	•		

Fig. 25. Expressiveness of retinal techniques. The – indi-

Stage 1

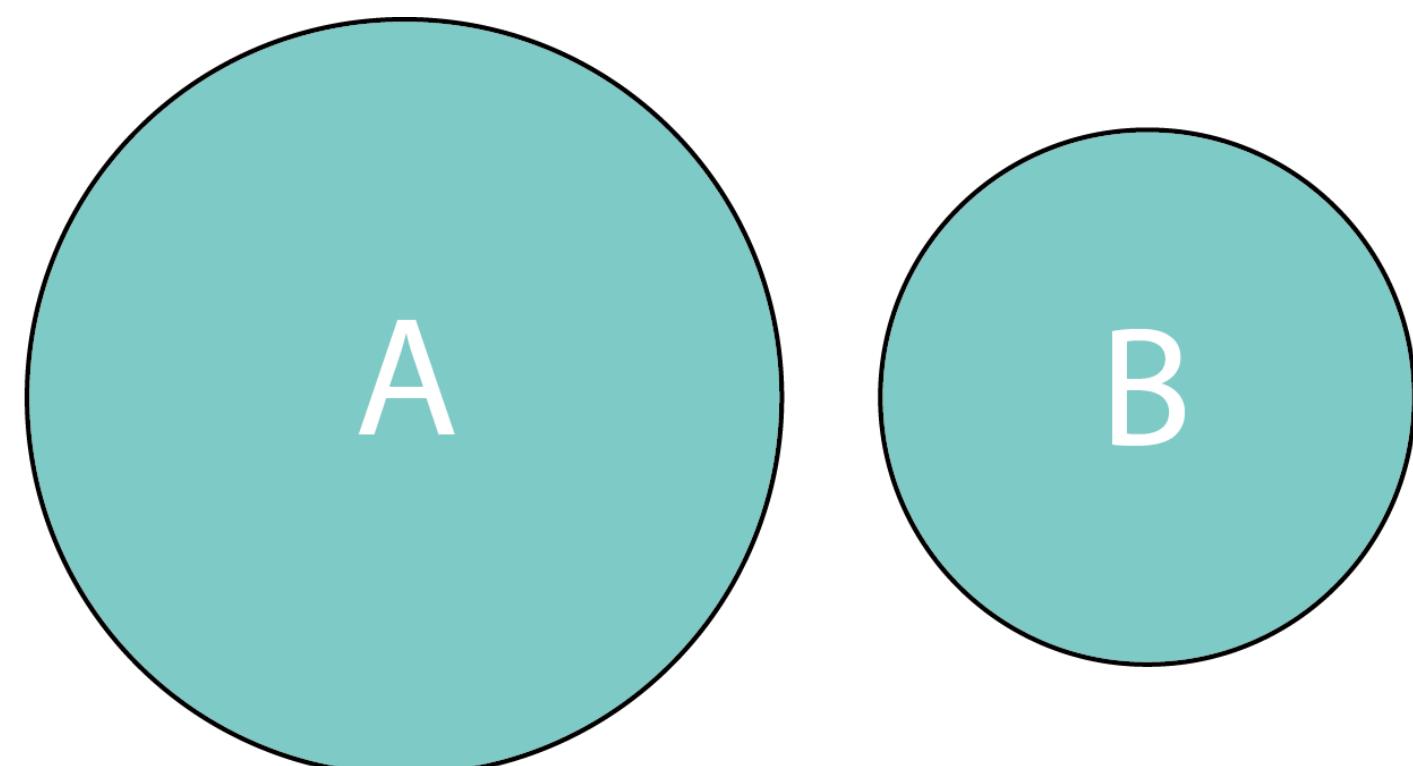
Formulating your **brief**

the brief

purpose map

summary: some attributes make it easier and others make it harder to judge accurately the values being portrayed

what's the ratio B/A?



judging variations in lines is far more precise than in areas, even worse in circles: this is due to the 2D measure and the shape (and in the previous table, *length* is ranked higher than *area*)

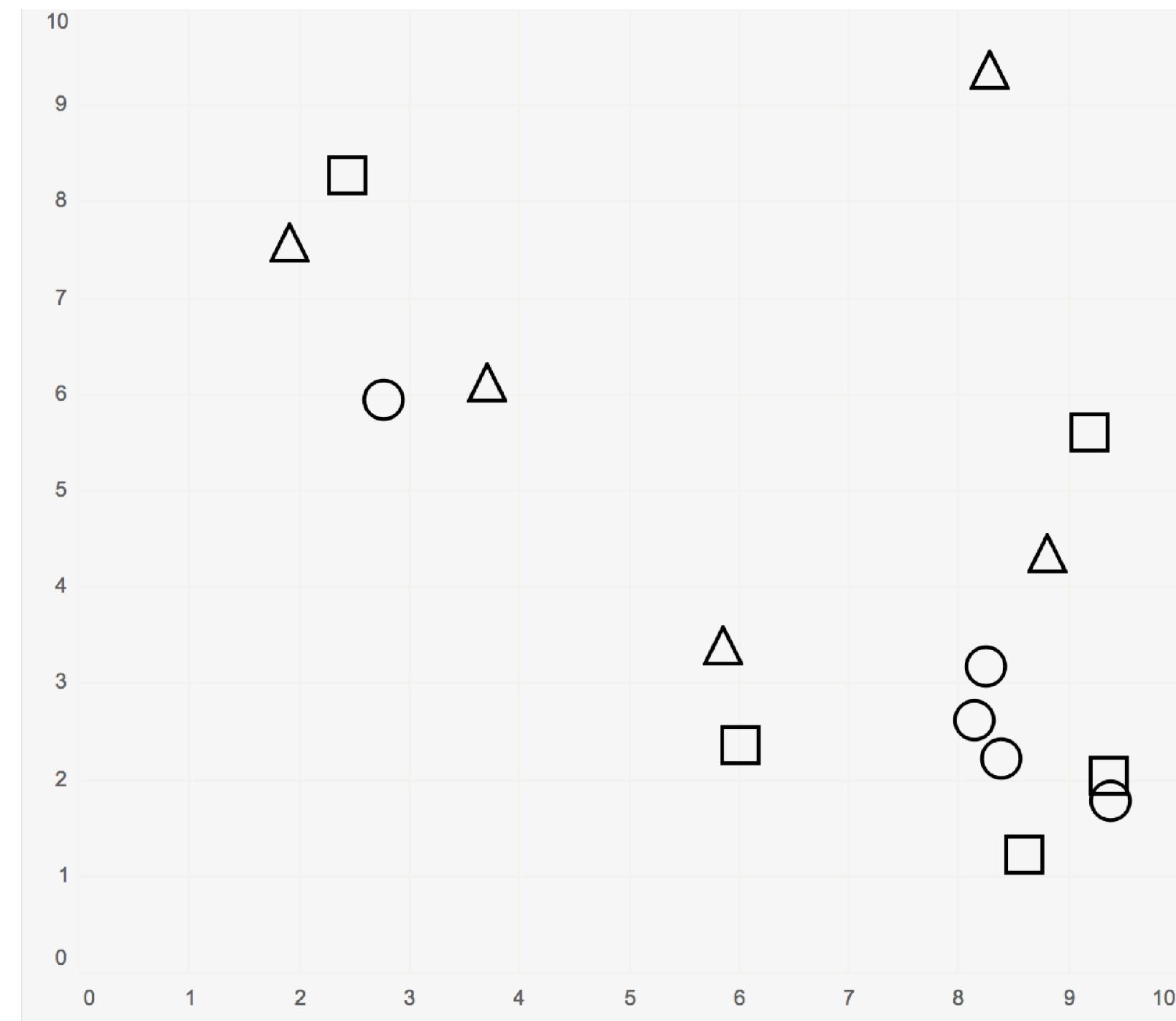
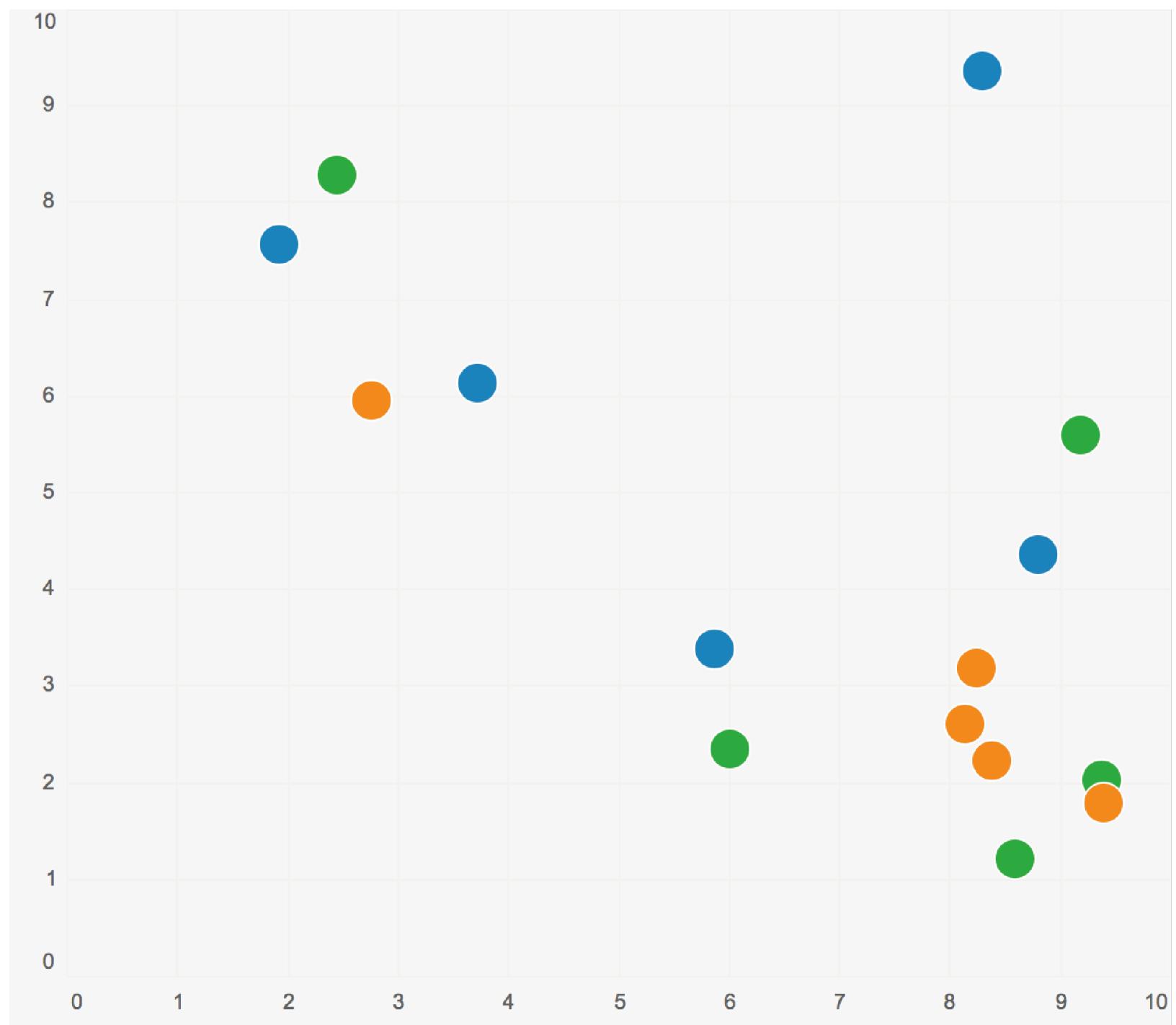
Stage 1

Formulating your **brief**

the brief

purpose map

hue vs shape in nominal data



Stage 1

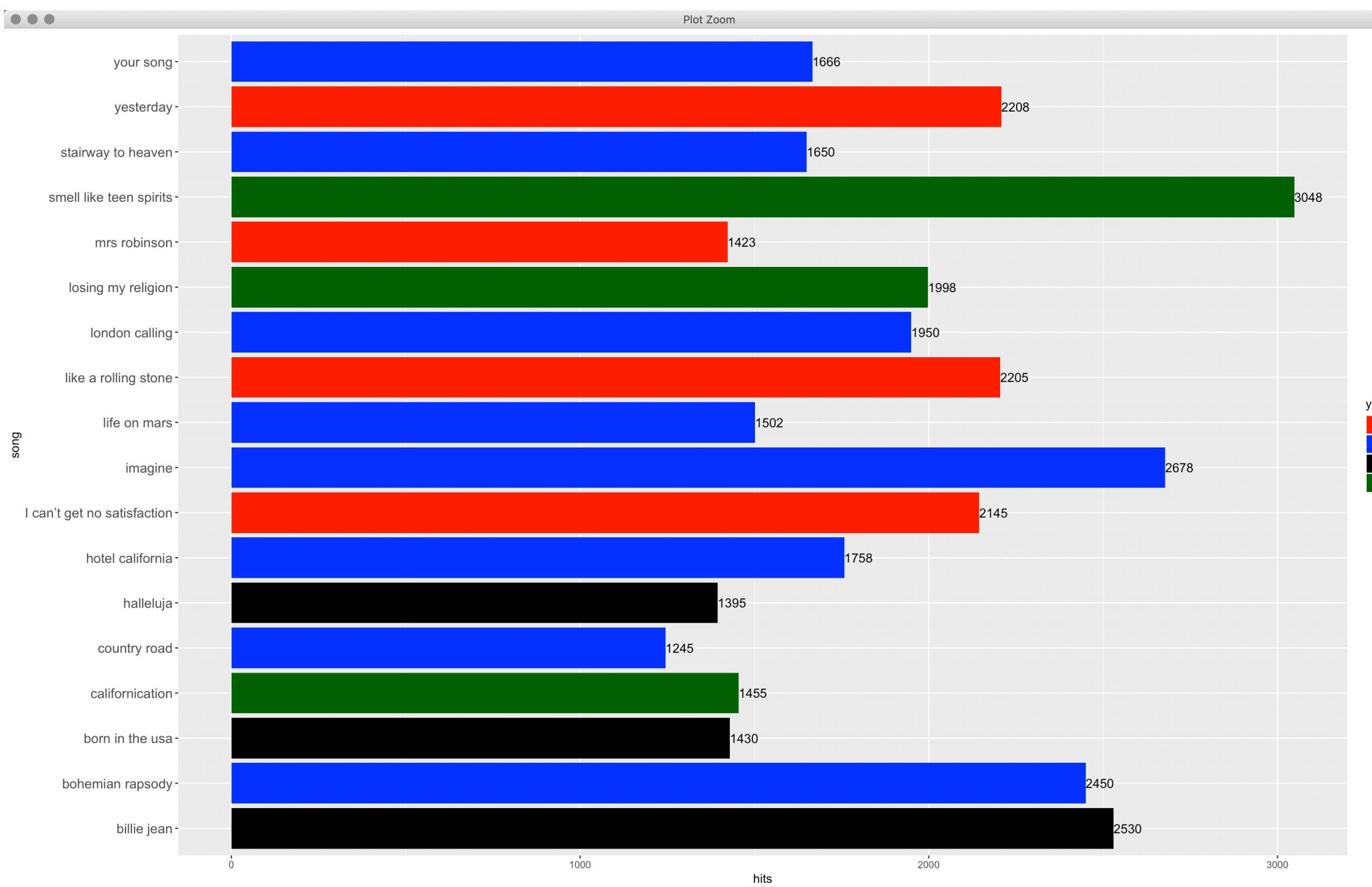
Formulating your **brief**

music website poll

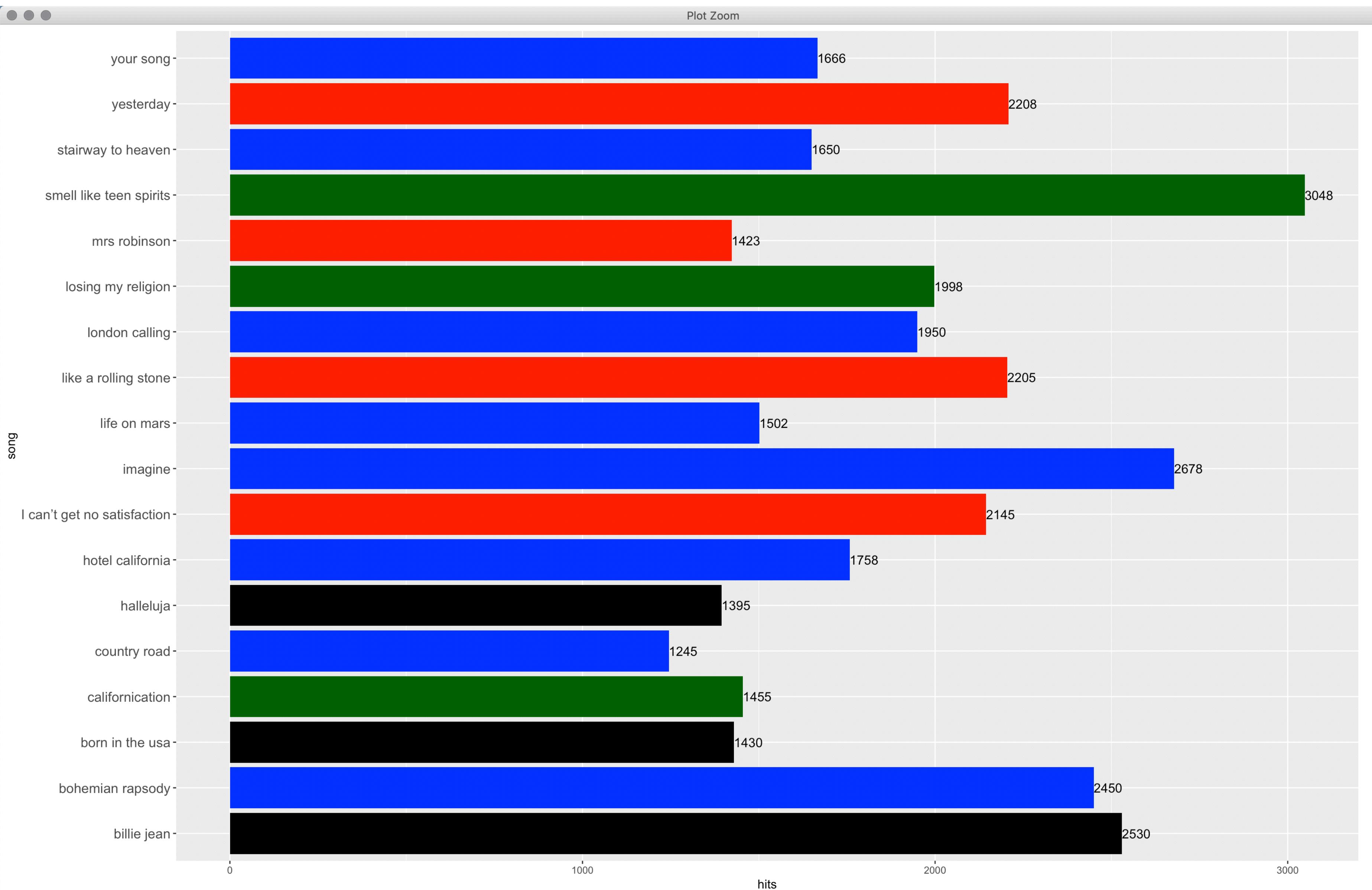
the brief

purpose map

precise perception is the aim?



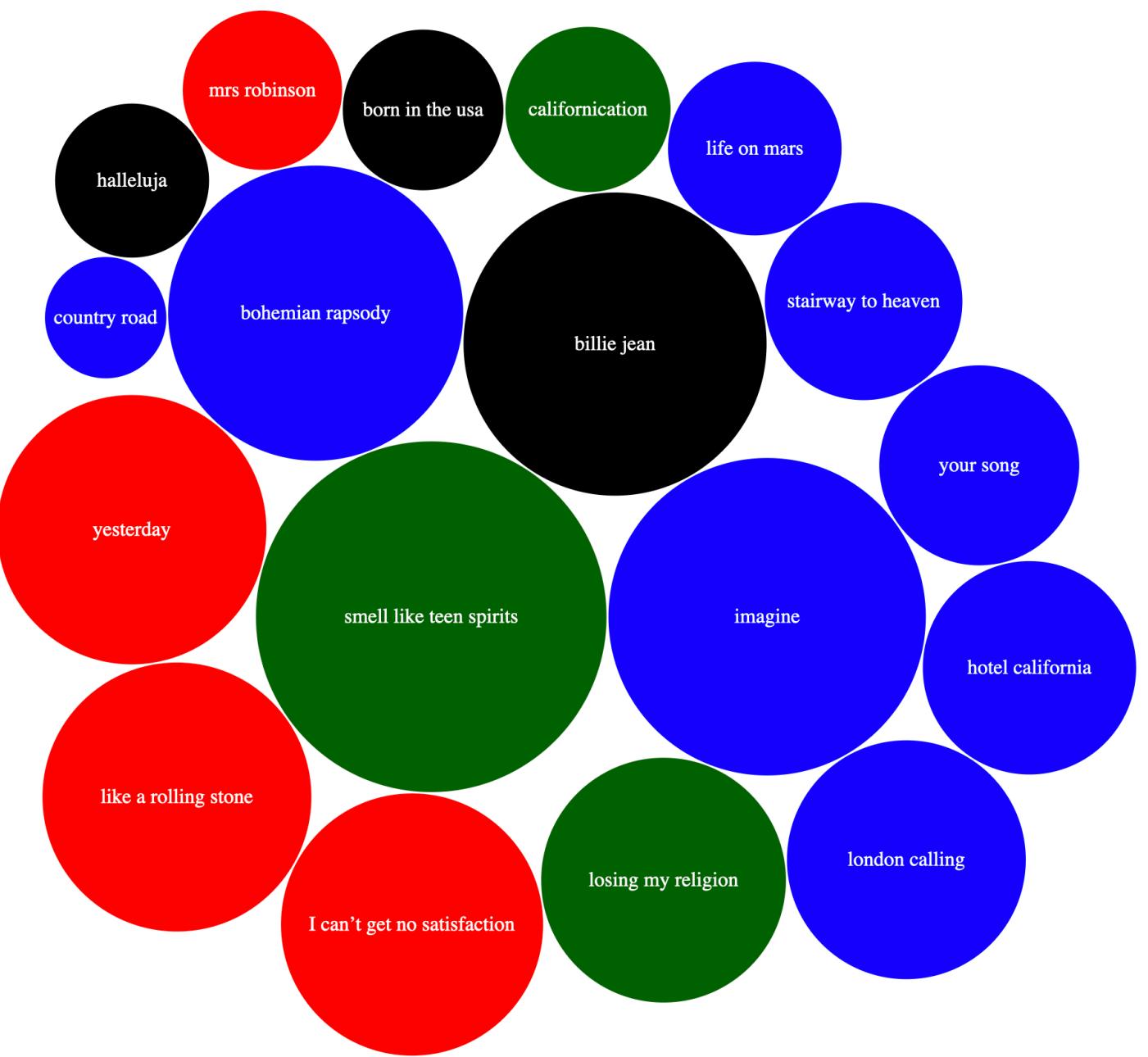
song	yr	hits
smell like teen spirits	90	3048
imagine	70	2678
billie jean	80	2530
bohemian rhapsody	70	2450
yesterday	60	2208
like a rolling stone	60	2205
I can't get no satisfaction	60	2145
losing my religion	90	1998
london calling	70	1950
hotel california	70	1758
your song	70	1666
stairway to heaven	70	1650
life on mars	70	1502
californication	90	1455
born in the usa	80	1430
mrs robinson	60	1423
halleluja	80	1395
country road	70	1245



Stage 1

Formulating your **brief**

or aesthetically give the sense of data?

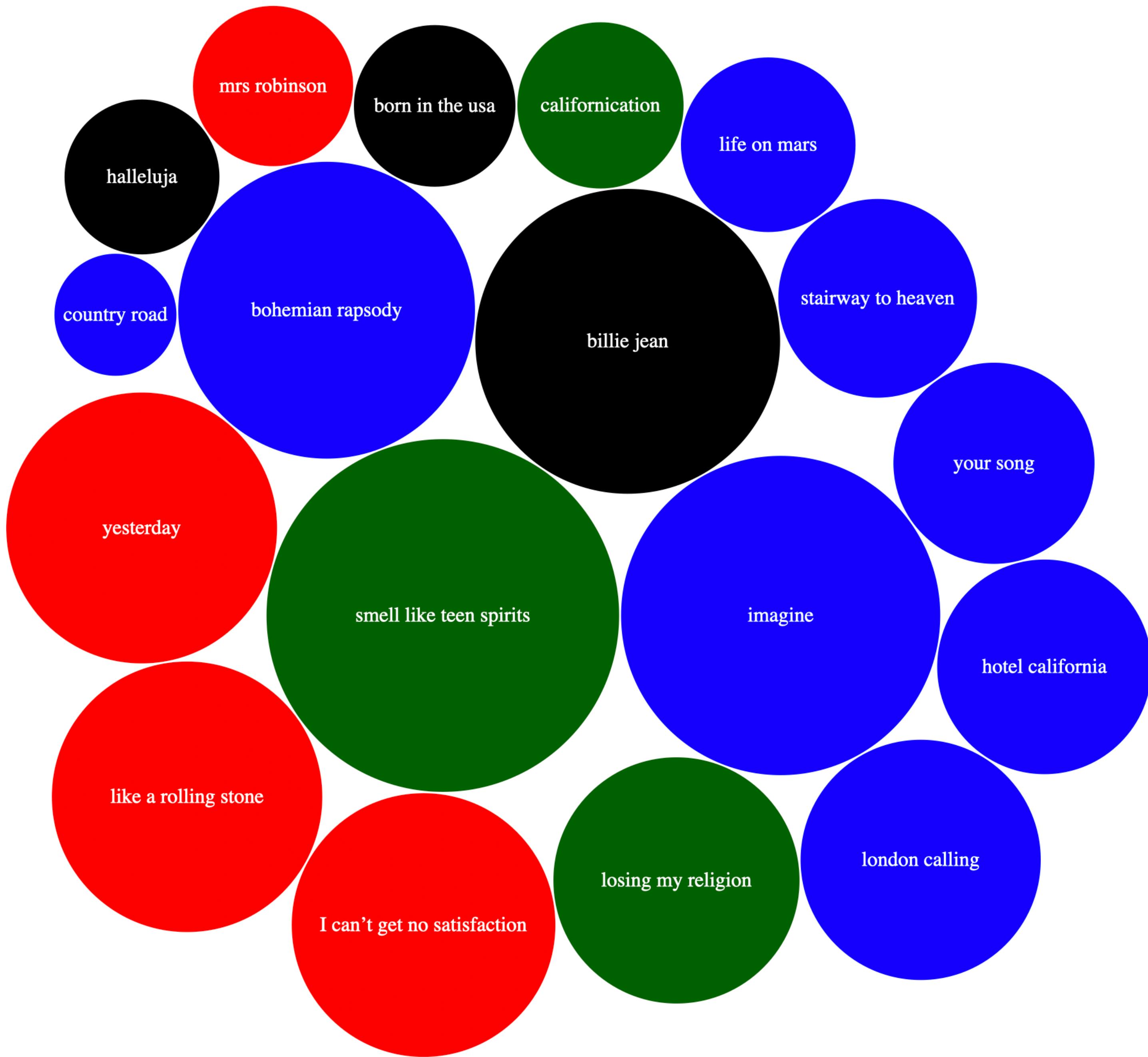


music website poll

the brief

purpose map

song	yr	hits
smell like teen spirits	90	3048
imagine	70	2678
billie jean	80	2530
bohemian rhapsody	70	2450
yesterday	60	2208
like a rolling stone	60	2205
I can't get no satisfaction	60	2145
losing my religion	90	1998
london calling	70	1950
hotel california	70	1758
your song	70	1666
stairway to heaven	70	1650
life on mars	70	1502
californication	90	1455
born in the usa	80	1430
mrs robinson	60	1423
halleluja	80	1395
country road	70	1245



Stage 1

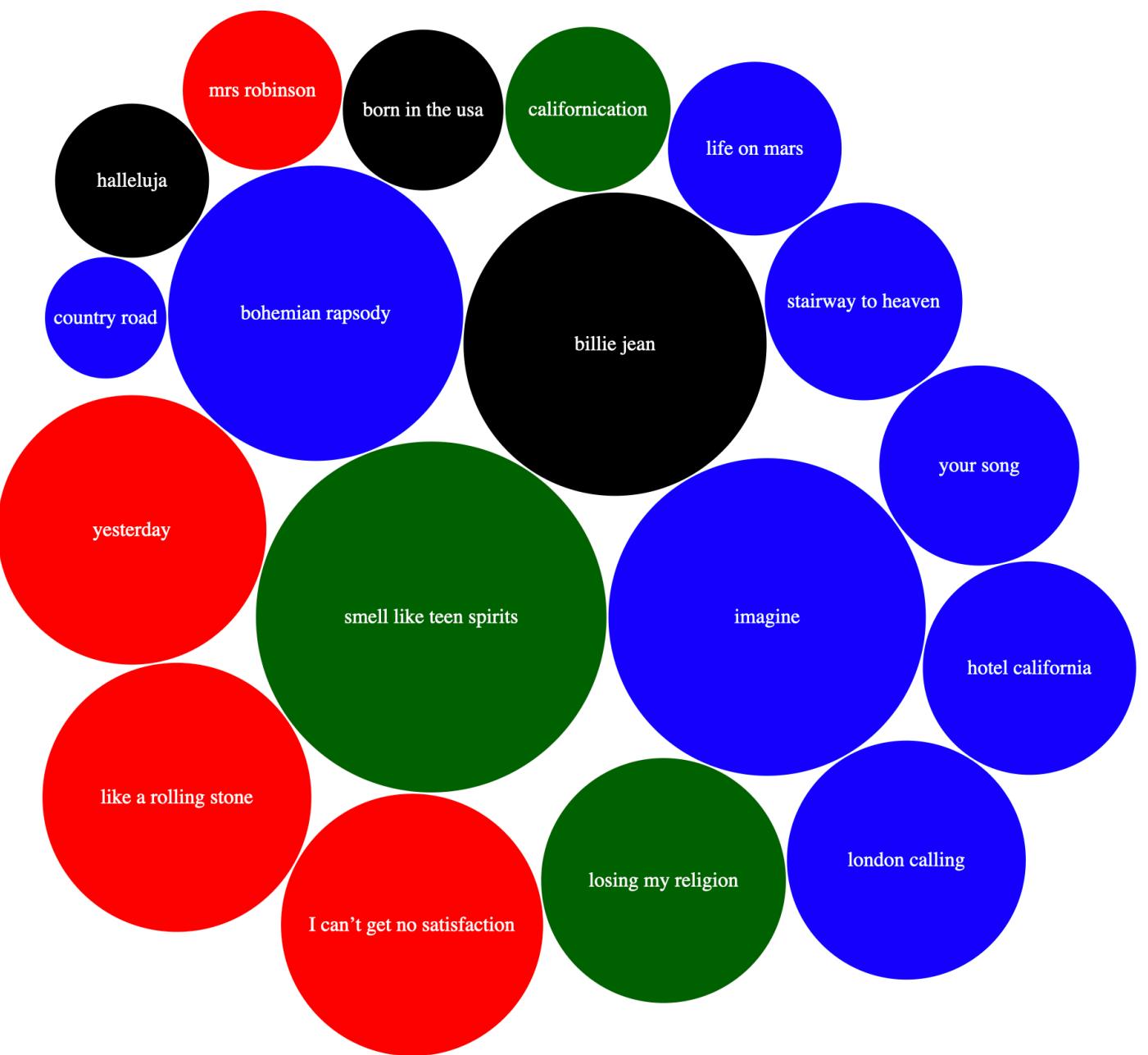
Formulating your **brief**

music website poll

the brief

purpose map

or aesthetically give the sense of data?



no legend, no figures, bad proportion, transformed data

song	yr	hits
smell like teen spirits	90	3048
imagine	70	2678
billie jean	80	2530
bohemian rhapsody	70	2450
yesterday	60	2208
like a rolling stone	60	2205
I can't get no satisfaction	60	2145
losing my religion	90	1998
london calling	70	1950
hotel california	70	1758
your song	70	1666
stairway to heaven	70	1650
life on mars	70	1502
californication	90	1455
born in the usa	80	1430
mrs robinson	60	1423
halleluja	80	1395
country road	70	1245

Stage 1

Formulating your brief

andy kirk's
visualisation blog

the brief

purpose map

The screenshot shows the homepage of [visualising data](http://visualisingdata.com). The top navigation bar includes links for HOME, BLOG, RESOURCES, TRAINING, BOOK, and ABOUT, along with social media icons for Twitter, Facebook, and RSS. Below the navigation is a large, dark graphic featuring a stylized triangle and two dots, with the text "A monthly digest of the best of data visualisation". Smaller sections below show recent posts and a "purpose map" graphic.

06 MAR | BEST OF THE VISUALISATION WEB... JANUARY 2019 >>

06 MAR | BEST OF THE VISUALISATION WEB... JANUARY 2019

The little of visualisation design

18 FEB | THE LITTLE OF

Data Viz Freelancers

29 JAN | DATA VISUALISATION

07 FEB | THE LITTLE OF

How Trump compares with past presidents

04 FEB | 10 SIGNIFICANT

A 6-monthly review of the best of data visualisation

28 JAN | WHAT DO CHARTS

The little of visualisation design

25 JAN | BEST OF THE

A monthly digest of the best of data visualisation

Make grey your best friend

Visualisation

Stage 2

Working with data

data processing

only certain types of data can fit into certain chart types, and vice versa



inherent meaning: flower & blossoming metaphor conveys idea of better life

Stage 2

Working
with **data**

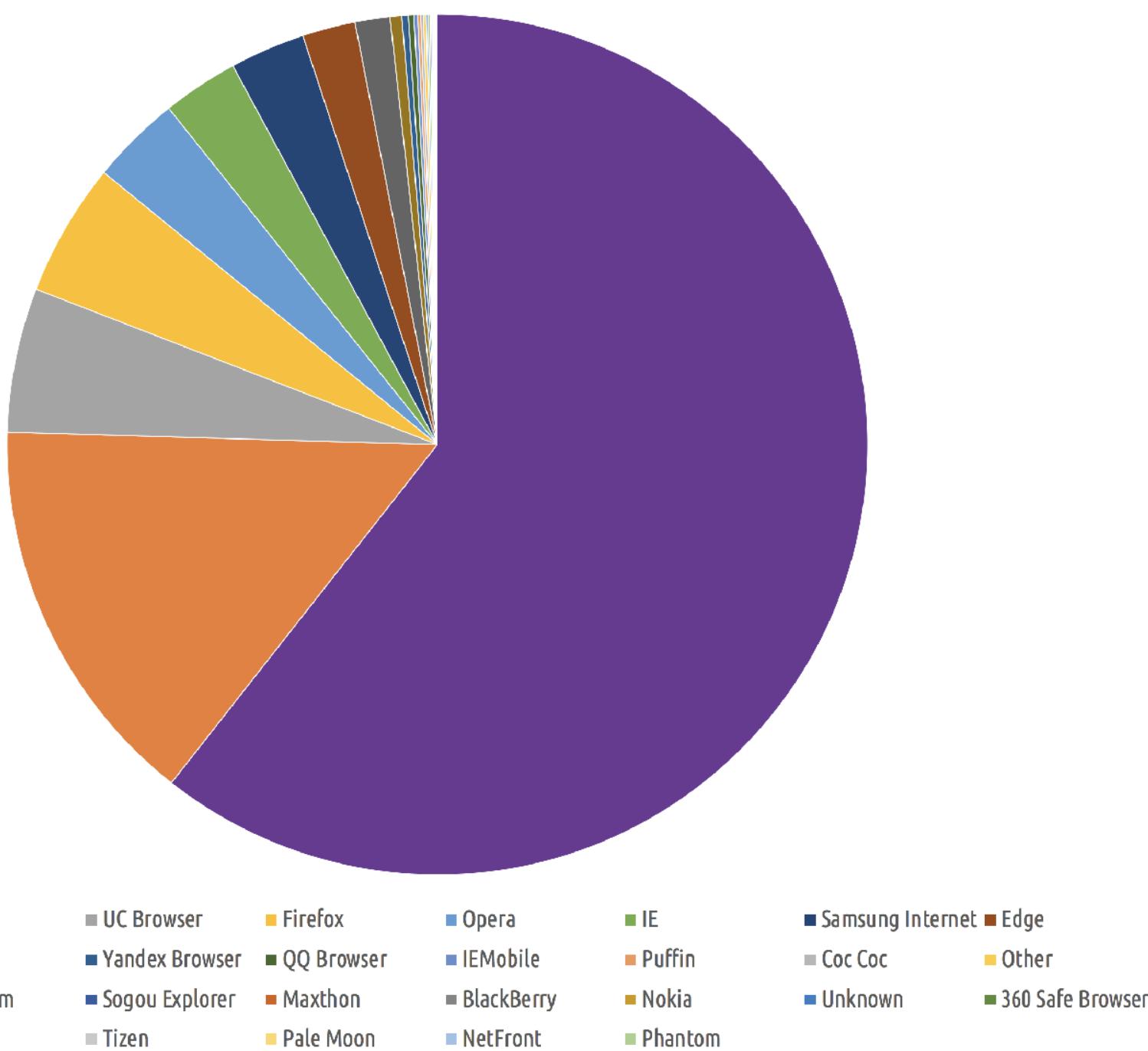
data processing

only certain types of data can fit into certain chart types, and vice versa

A

Chrome Dominates a Cluttered Browser Market

At September 2018, data source: gs.statcounter.com/browser-market-share



Stage 2

Working with data

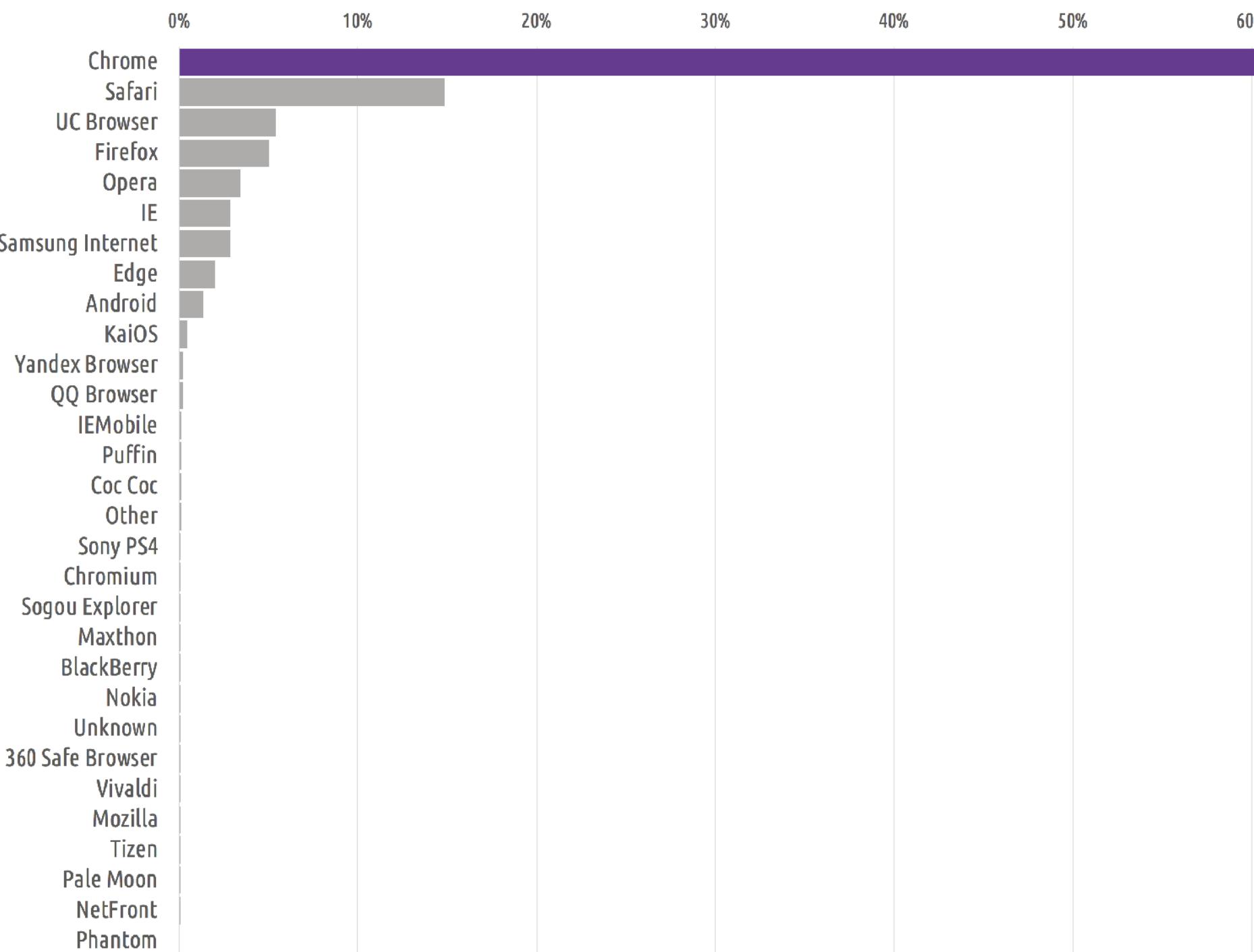
data processing

only certain types of data can fit into certain chart types, and vice versa

B

Chrome Dominates a Cluttered Browser Market

At September 2018, data source: gs.statcounter.com/browser-market-share



Stage 2

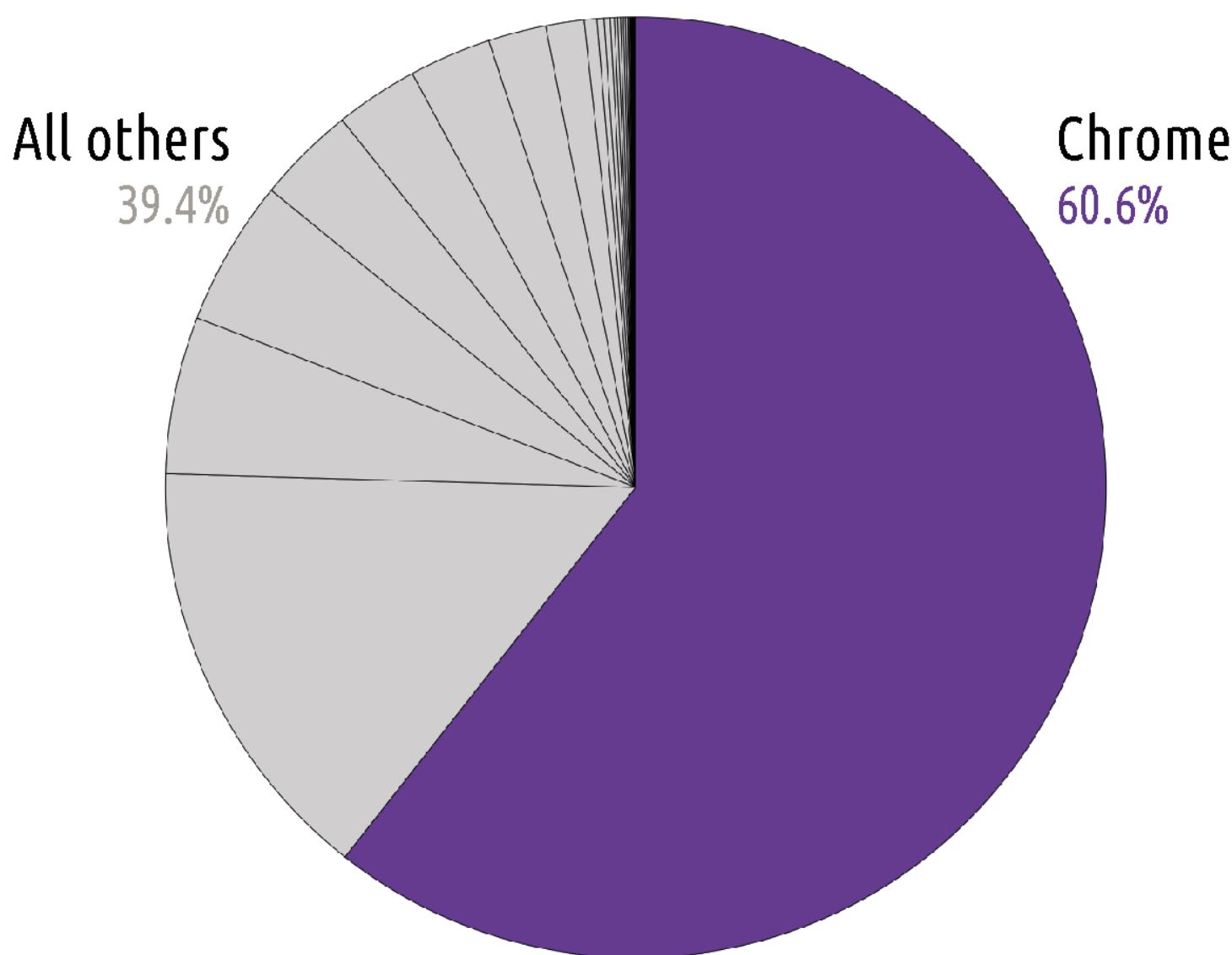
Working
with **data**

data processing

only certain types of data can fit into certain chart types, and vice versa

C Chrome Dominates a Cluttered Browser Market

At September 2018, data source: gs.statcounter.com/browser-market-share



Stage 2

Working
with **data**

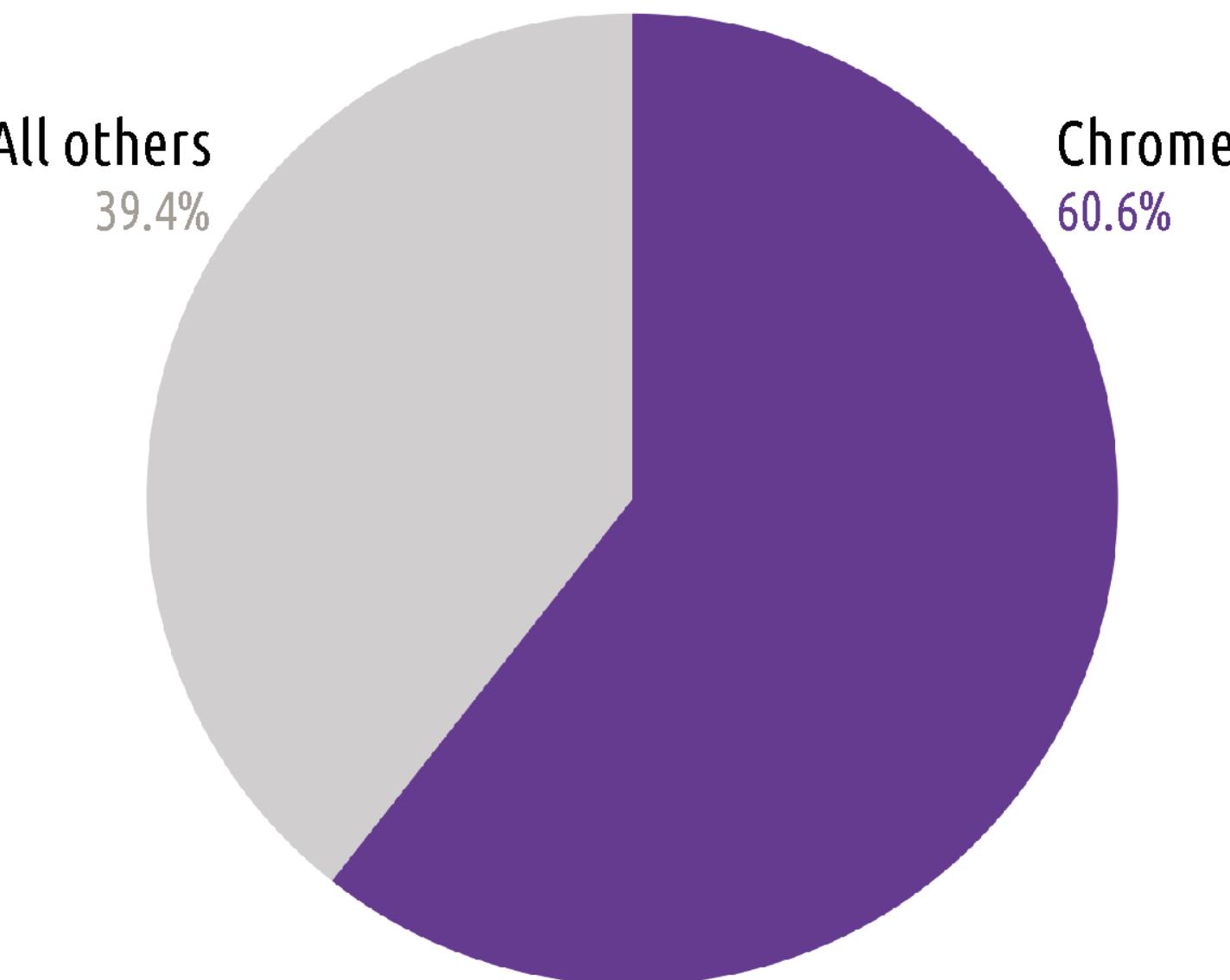
data processing

only certain types of data can fit into certain chart types, and vice versa

D

Chrome Dominates a Cluttered Browser Market

At September 2018, data source: gs.statcounter.com/browser-market-share



Stage 2

Working
with **data**

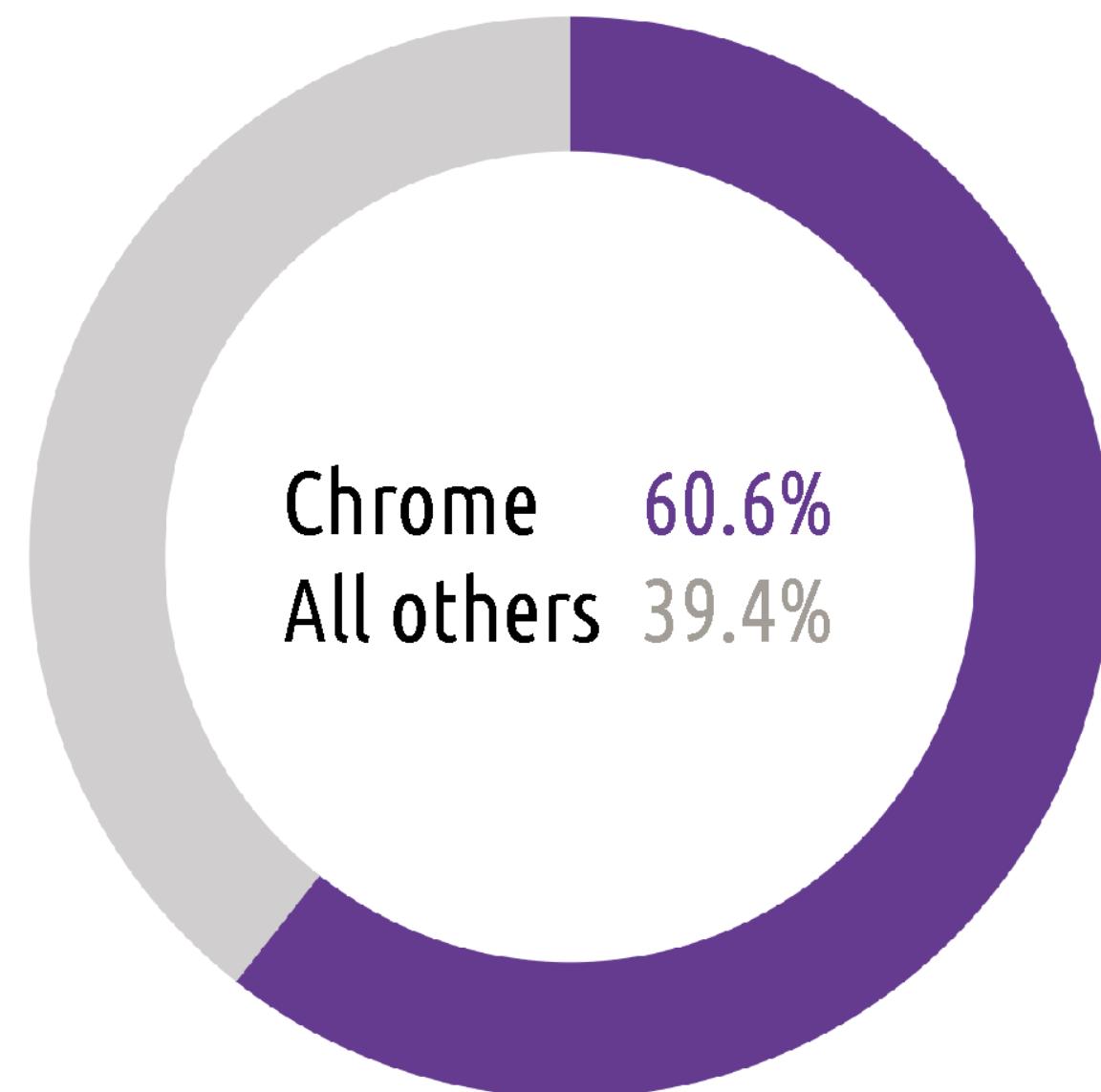
data processing

only certain types of data can fit into certain chart types, and vice versa

E

Chrome Dominates a Cluttered Browser Market

At September 2018, data source: gs.statcounter.com/browser-market-share



Stage 3

Establishing your
editorial thinking

angle

choosing the angles of analysis dictates which chart type might be most relevant following the *charts* taxonomy

treat every representation challenge on its own merits: having spatial data does not mean you must use a map

if regional/spatial information are not essential, the map composition may hinder the analysis rather than helping it

Principle 1

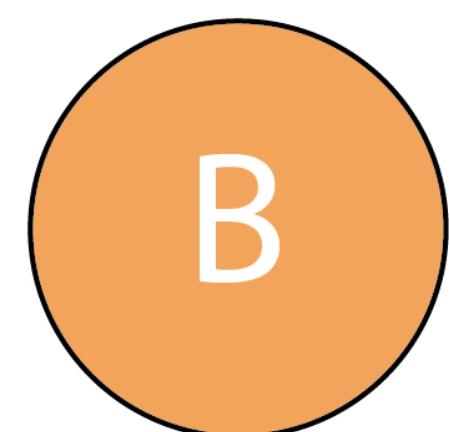
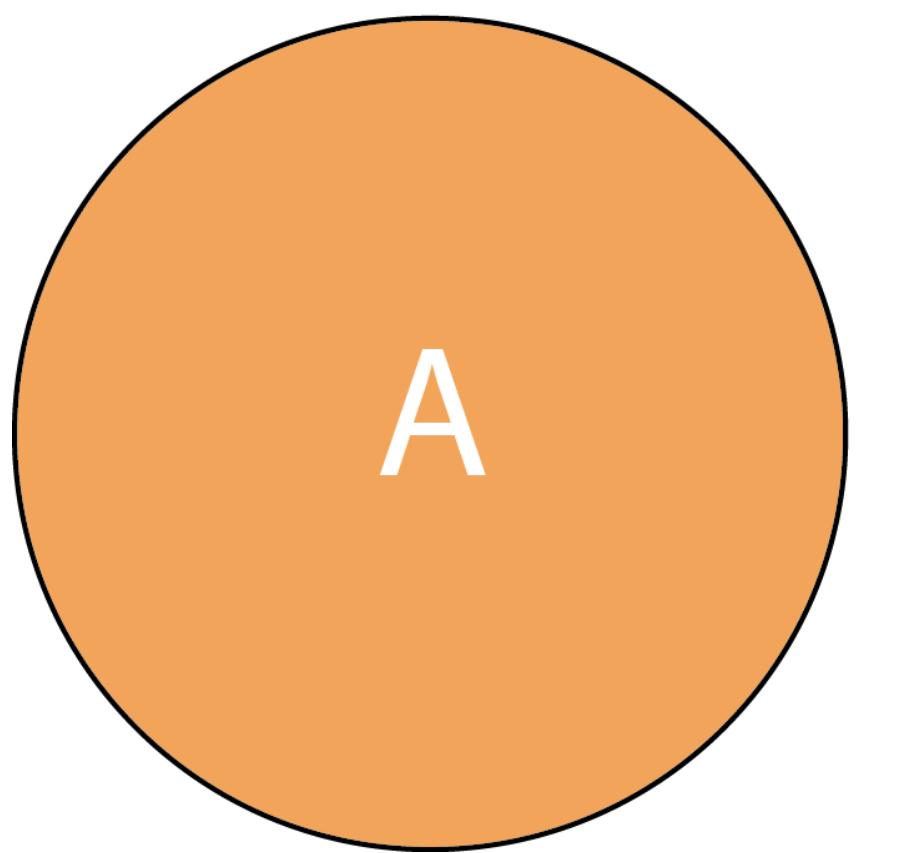
Good data visualisation
is **TRUSTWORTHY**

trustwothyde sign

avoiding deception

geometric distortions

Variation in **diameter**



Variation in **area**

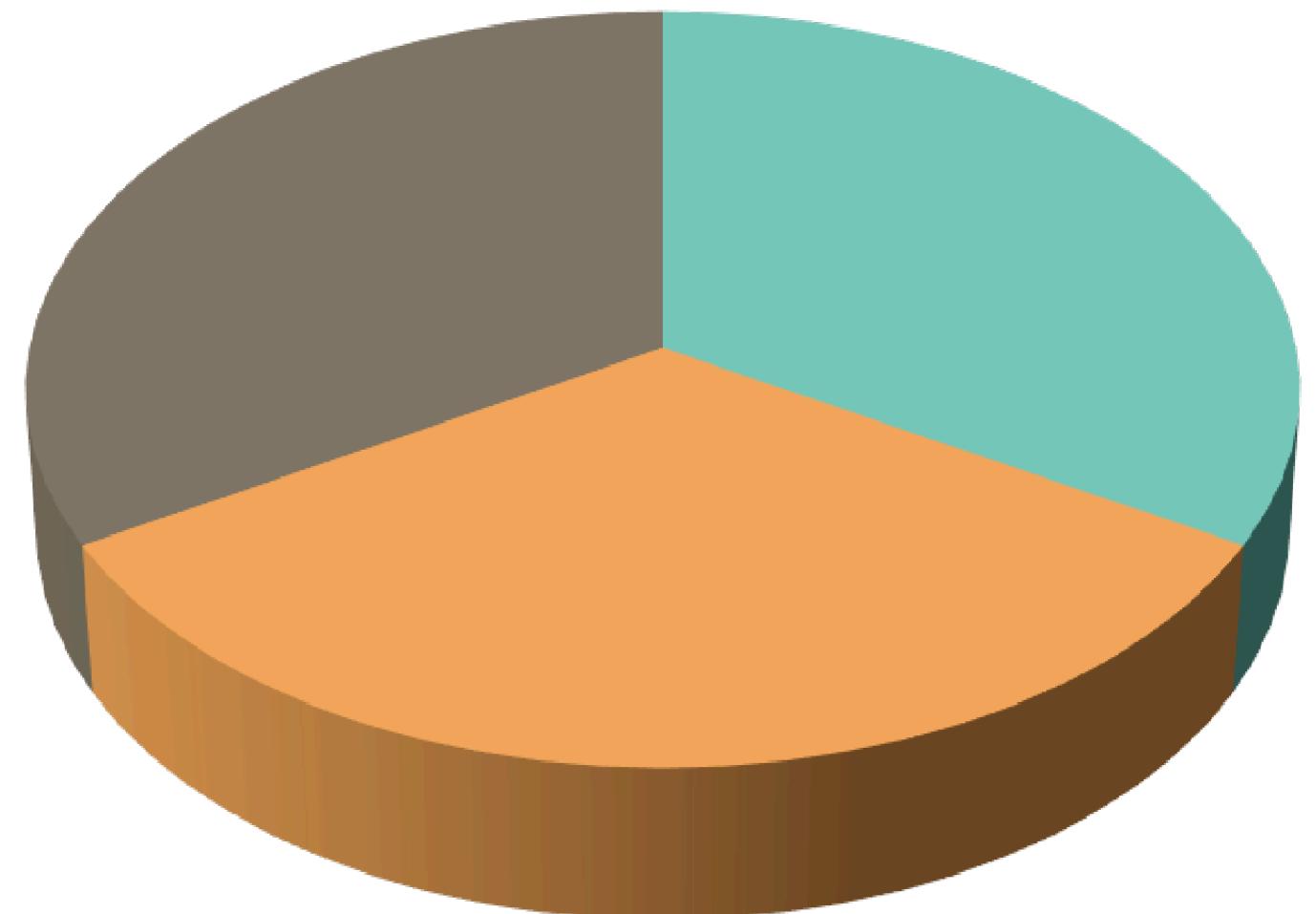
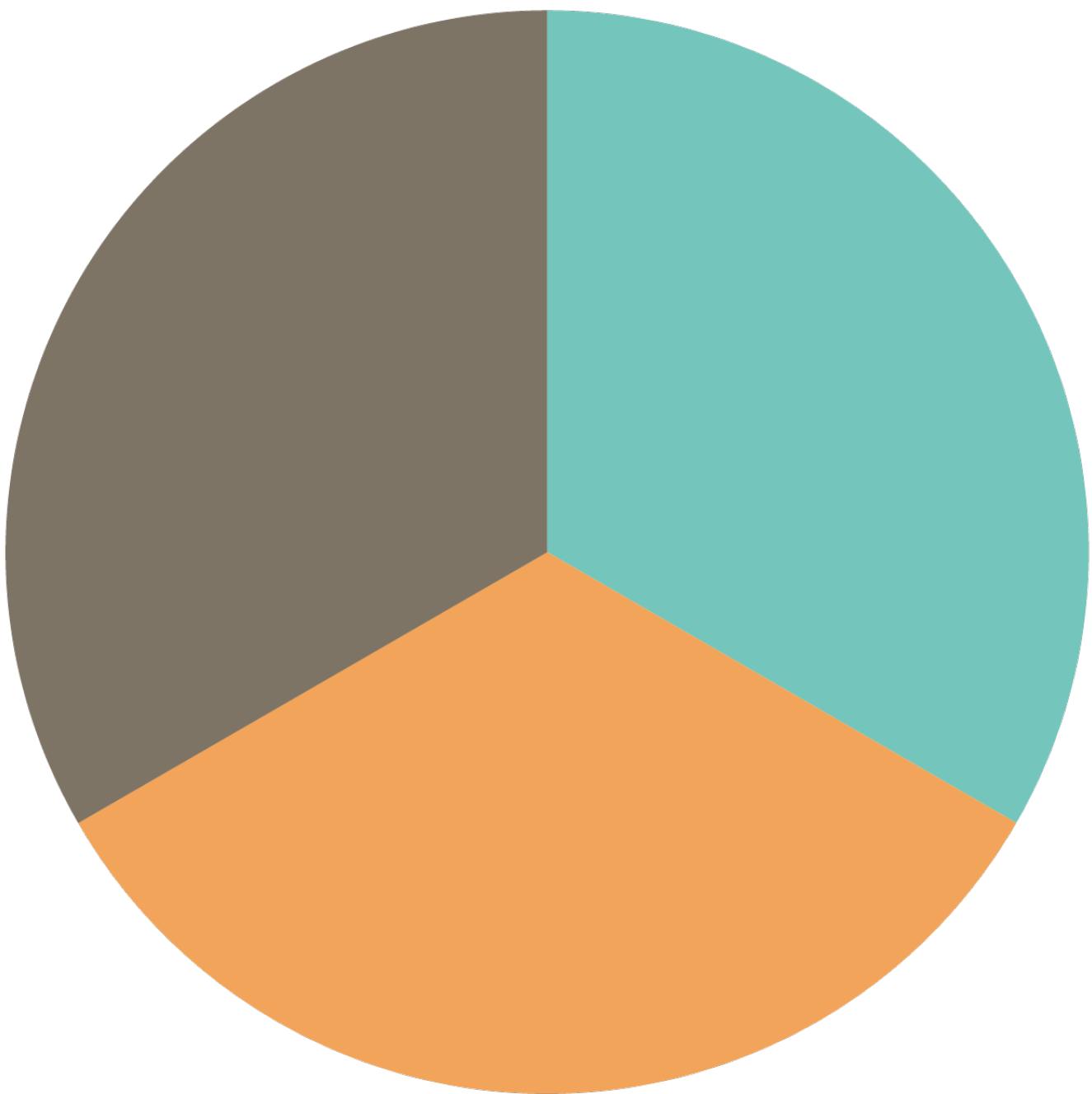
Principle 1

Good data visualisation
is **TRUSTWORTHY**

trustworthyde sign

avoiding deception

3d decorative distortions



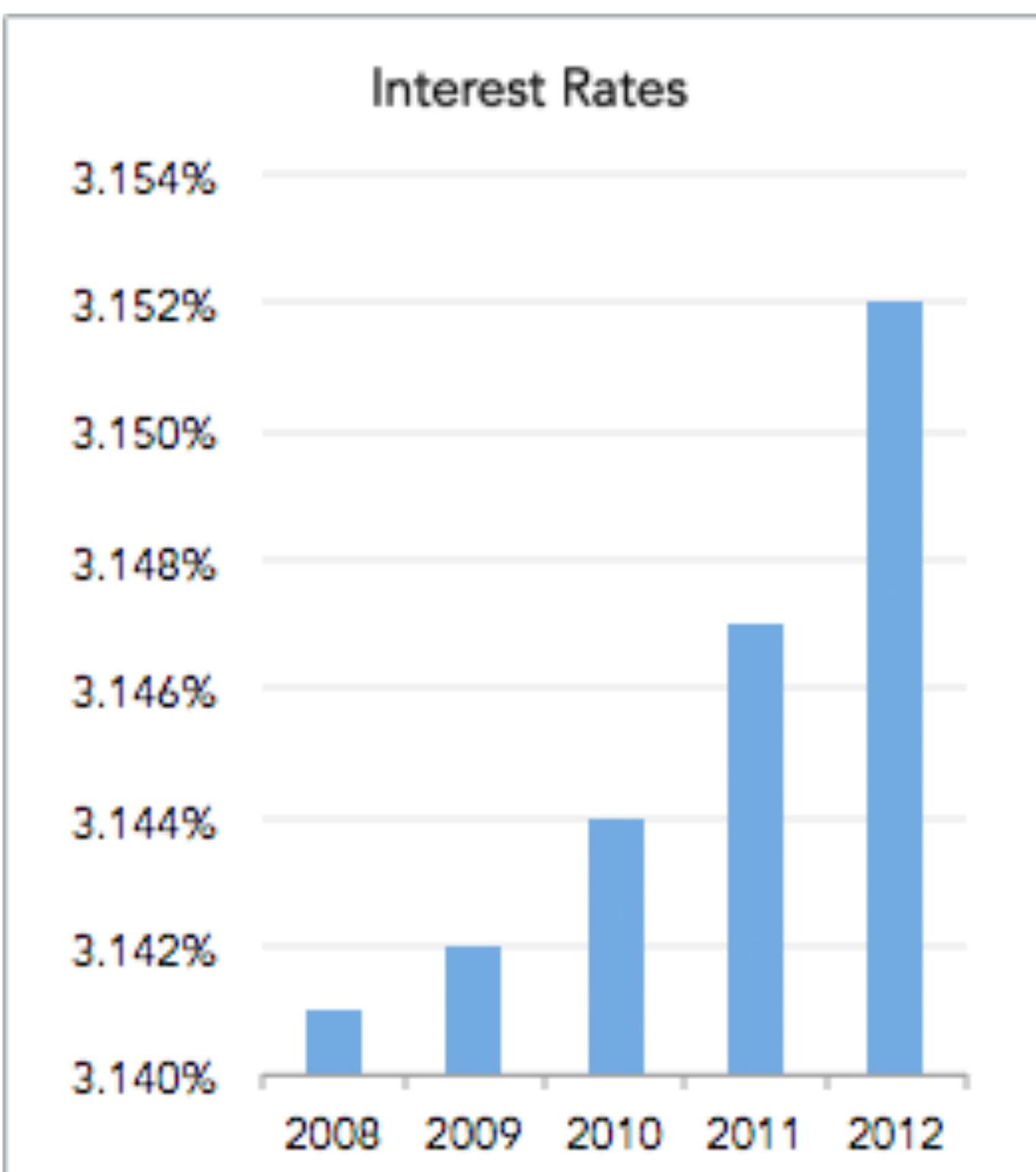
Principle 1

Good data visualisation
is **TRUSTWORTHY**

trustworthhyde sign

avoiding deception

truncated axes



Principle 2

Good data visualisation
is **ACCESSIBLE**

accessible design

encoded overlays

incorporation of additional details:

- to explain further the context of values
- to amplify the interpretation of good/bad, normal/exceptional

they are *not* just annotations: they represent data values and require encoding choices

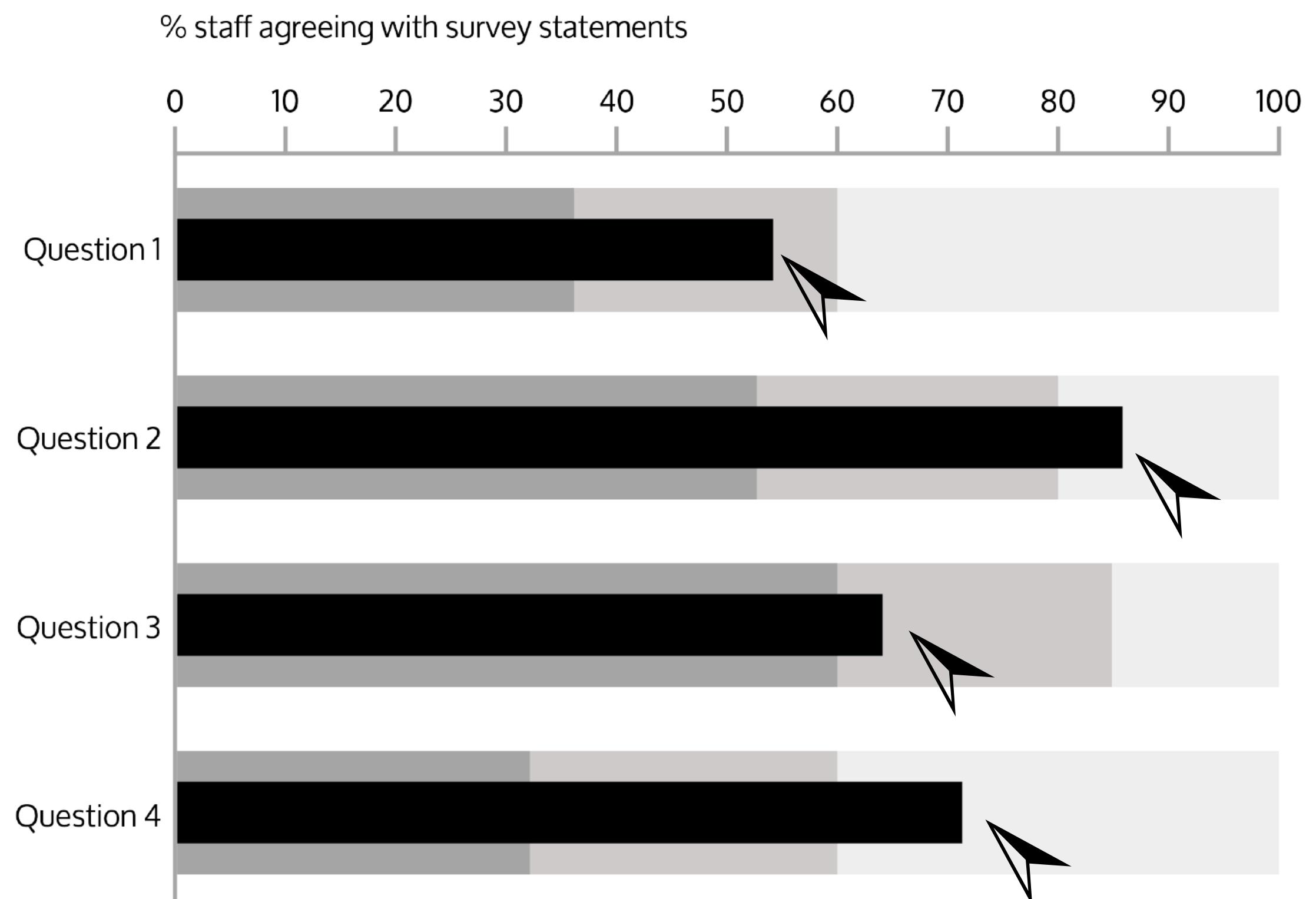
Principle 2

Good data visualisation
is **ACCESSIBLE**

accessible design

encoded overlays

bandings



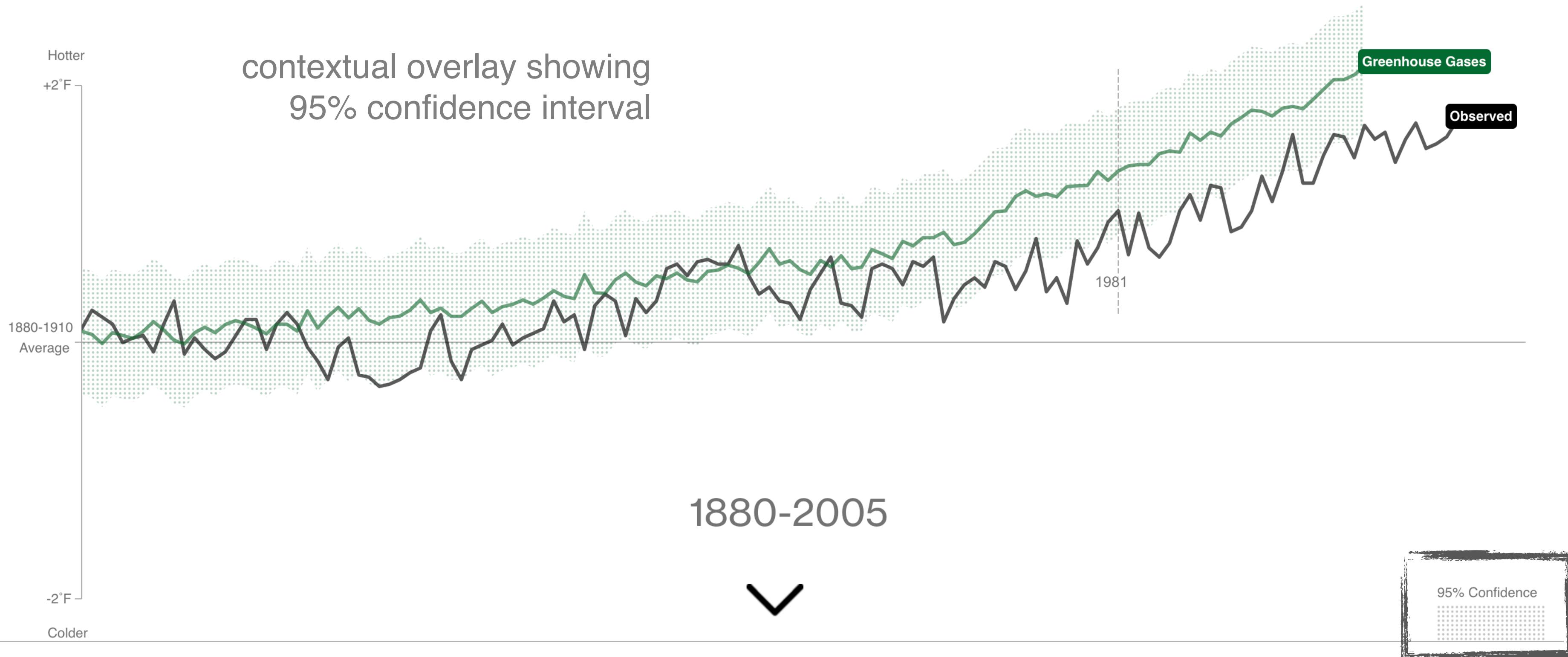
Principle 2

Good data visualisation
is **ACCESSIBLE**

accessible design

encoded overlays

bandings



Principle 2

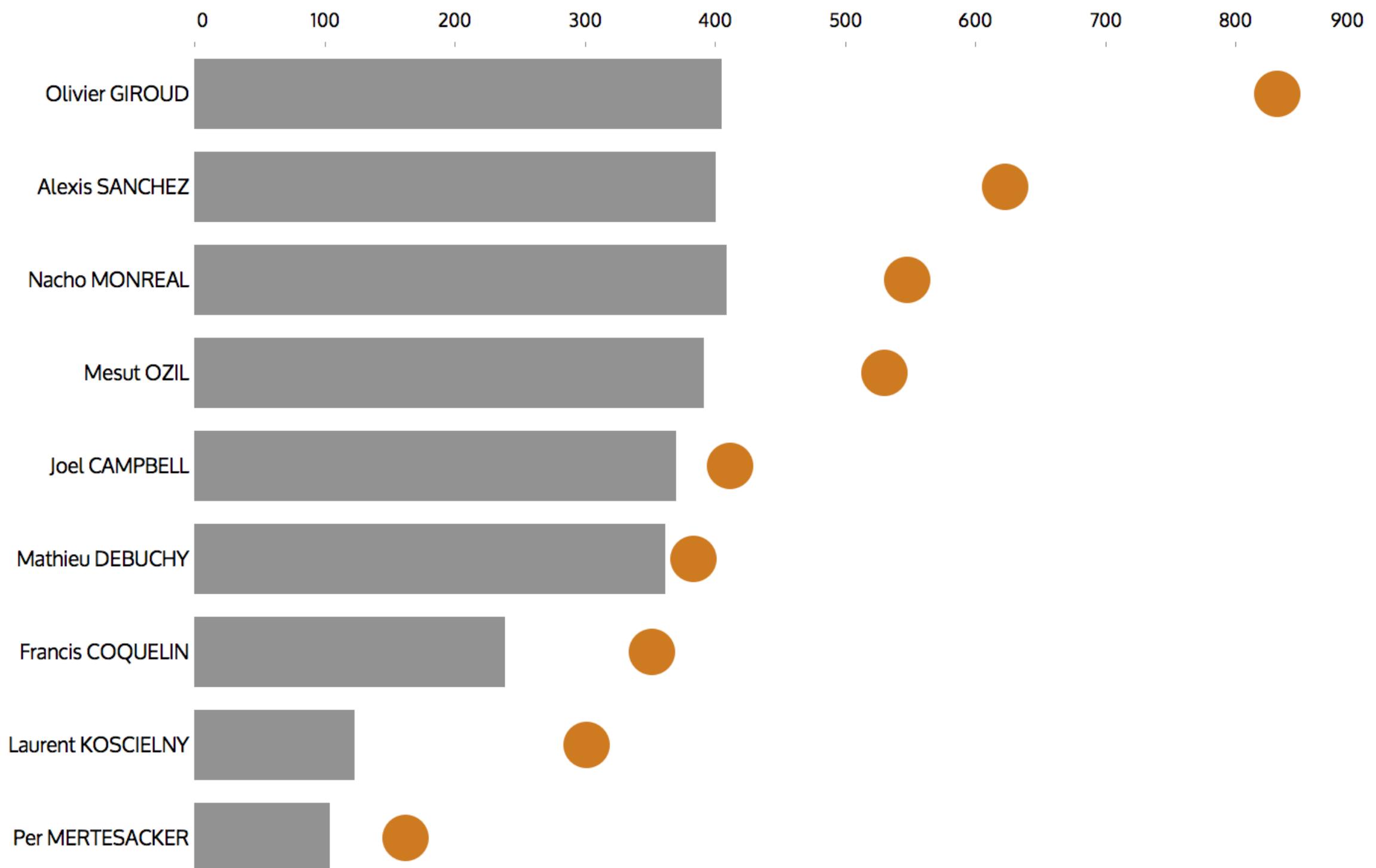
Good data visualisation
is **ACCESSIBLE**

accessible design

encoded overlays

markers

SPRINT DISTANCES: Arsenal vs. Tottenham (8th Nov 2015) compared to *Season Best*



additional points
mark comparison
versus a maximum
value

Principle 2

Good data visualisation
is **ACCESSIBLE**

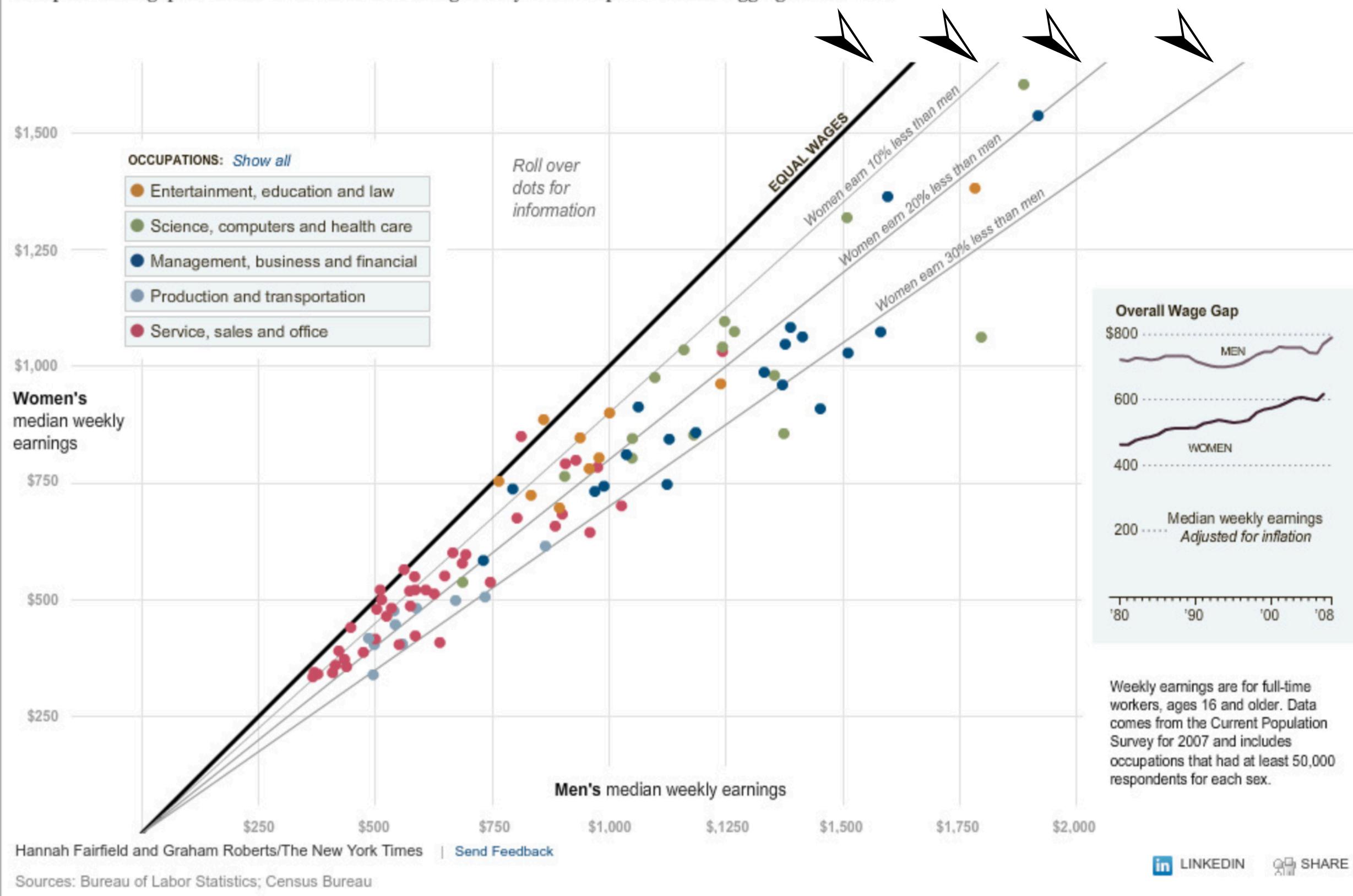
reference lines

accessible design

encoded overlays

Why Is Her Paycheck Smaller?

Nearly every occupation has the gap — the seemingly unbridgeable chasm between the size of the paycheck brought home by a woman and the larger one earned by a man doing the same job. Economists cite a few reasons: discrimination as well as personal choices within occupations are two major factors, and part of the gap can be attributed to men having more years of experience and logging more hours.



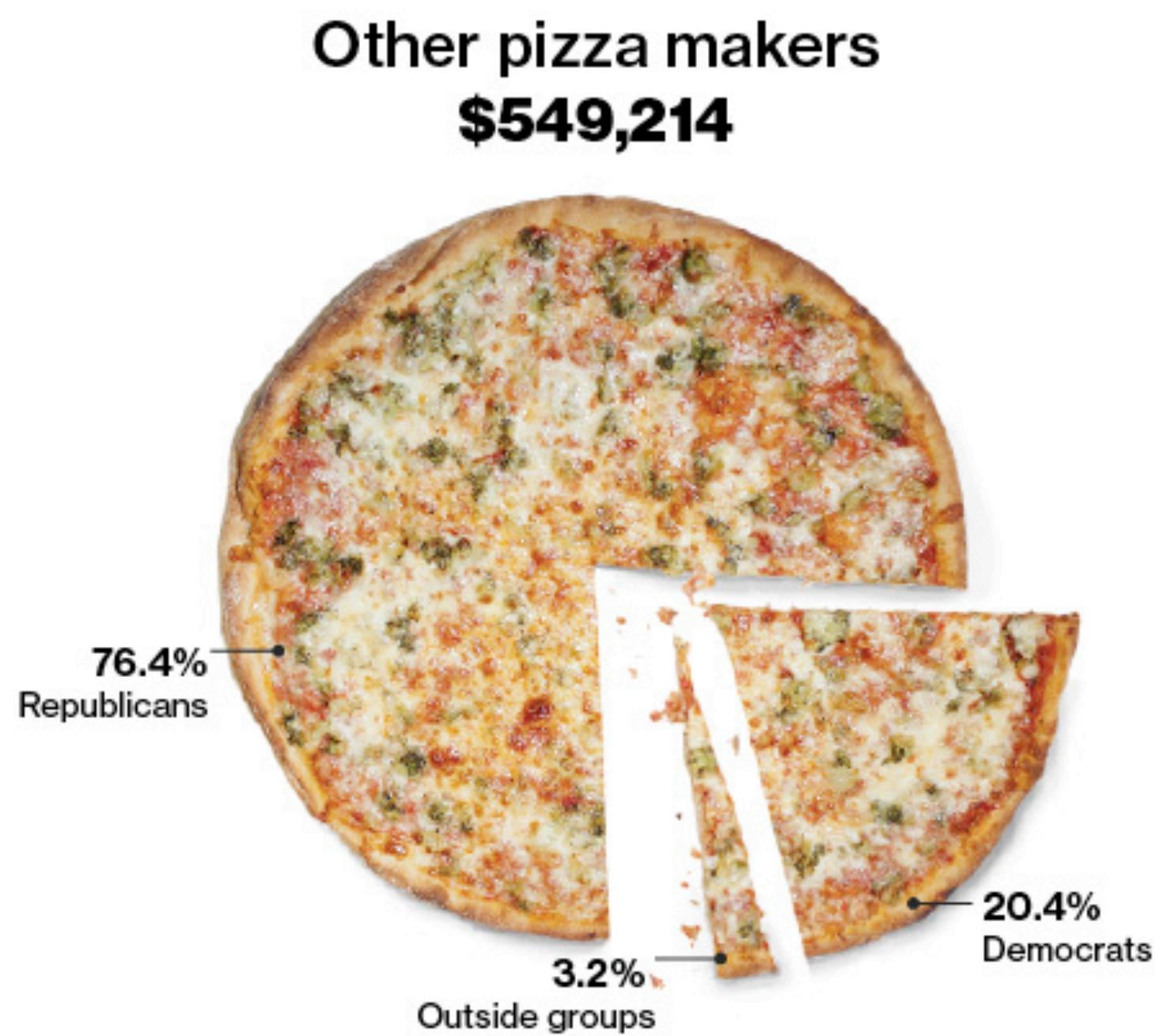
Principle 3

Good data visualisation
is **ELEGANT**

elegant design

visual appeal

sometimes there might be scope in squeezing out an extra sense of
stylistic association between visual and context

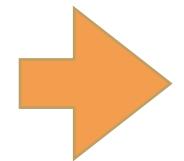


Stage 4

Developing your
design **solution**

Stage 3

Establishing your
editorial thinking



composition

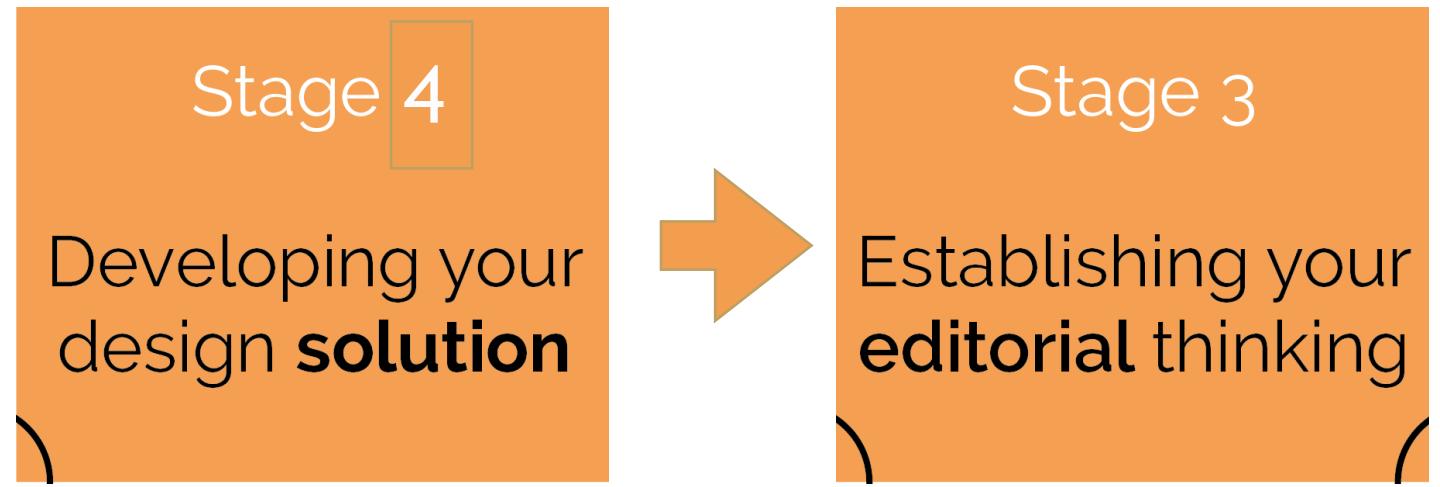
final layer of the design anatomy

making careful decisions about the physical attributes of relationships
between every visual property to ensure the optimum readability and
meaning of the overall project

project composition
defining the layout and the hierarchy of the project

chart composition
defining the shape, size & layout choices for all components within the
chart

project composition



how to lay out and size all the visual components?

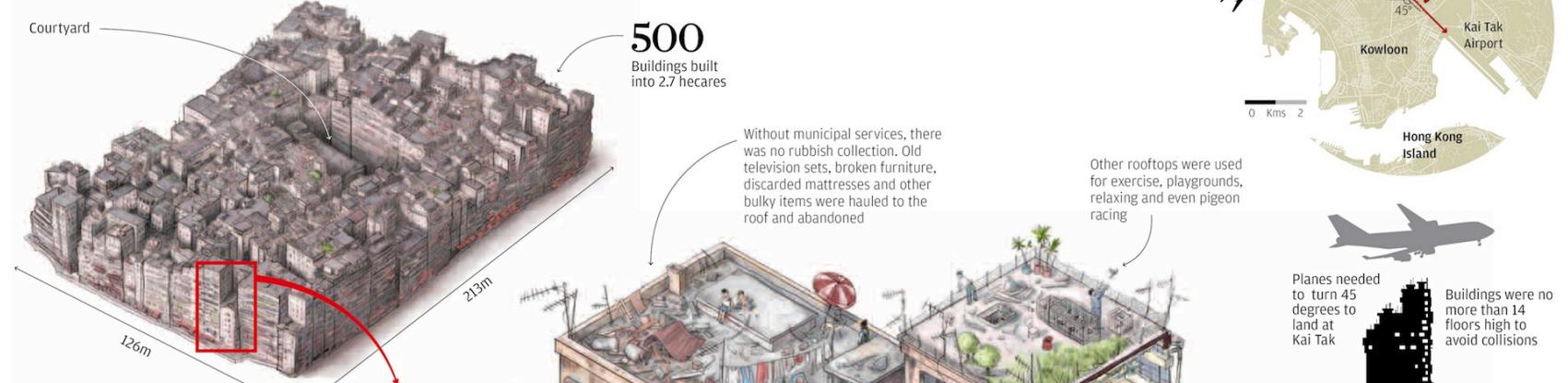
although established conventions do exist, this is usually an *iterative* process towards what *feels* like an optimal layout

hierarchy of content can be reached through careful choices in relative position & relative variation in size (and variation in colour for significance)

City of anarchy

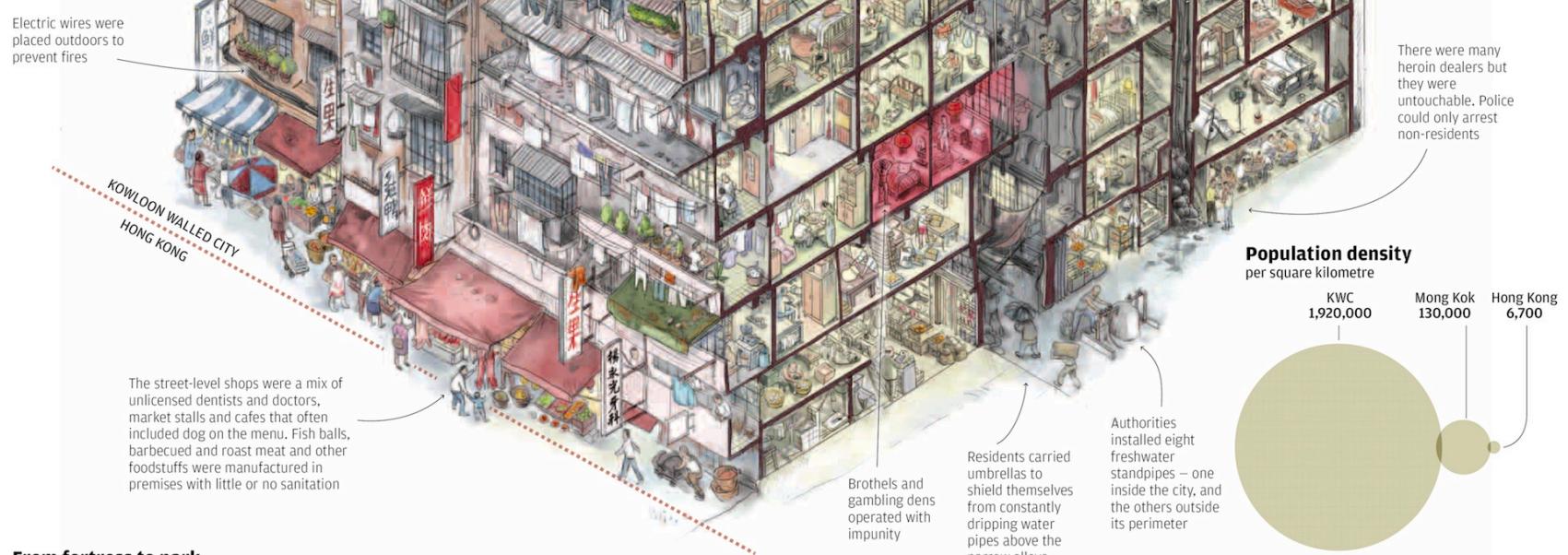
Kowloon Walled City, located not far from the former Kai Tak Airport, was a remarkable high-rise squatter camp that by the 1980s had 50,000 residents. A historical accident of colonial Hong Kong, it existed in a lawless vacuum until it became an embarrassment for Britain.

This month marks the 20th anniversary of its demolition.



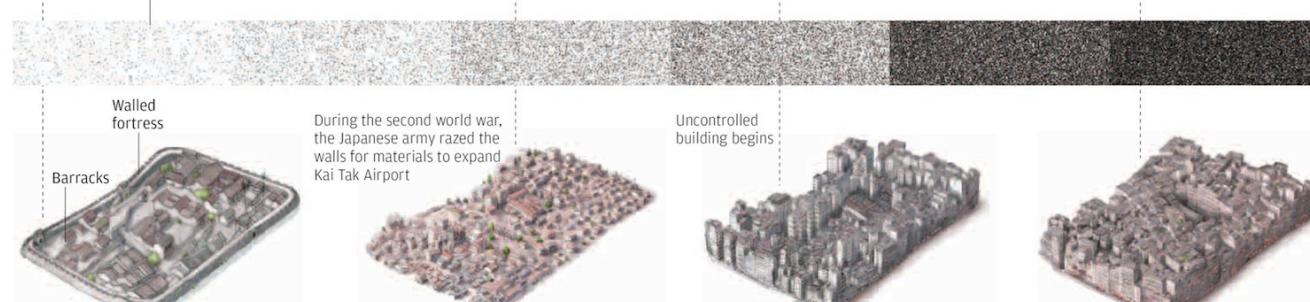
HK\$35
monthly room rent

Despite its daunting, squalid appearance and reputation for lawlessness, many of Kowloon Walled City's former residents remember it fondly. It may have been the City of Darkness to outsiders, but to thousands who called it home, it was a friendly, tight-knit community that was poor but generally happy



From fortress to park
The Walled City underwent a dramatic transformation in the final decades of the 20th century

1898	700 inhabitants	Each point is an inhabitant	1940	2,000 inhabitants	1950	5,000 inhabitants	1973	10,000 inhabitants	1980	30,000 inhabitants	1990	50,000 inhabitants
------	-----------------	-----------------------------	------	-------------------	------	-------------------	------	--------------------	------	--------------------	------	--------------------



Sources: *The Darkness City: Life in Kowloon Walled City* - Greg Girard and Ian Lambot, Leisure and Cultural Services Department

Printed and published by South China Morning Post Publishers Ltd, Morning Post Centre, 22 Dai Fat Street, Tai Po Industrial Estate, Tai Po, Hong Kong. Tel: 2680 8888.

project composition

primary focal point

small thumbnail images for orientation

small supplementary illustrations at bottom for further information

kowloon walled city

project composition



wireframing
sketching all layout/size across a single-page view,
including interactive functions

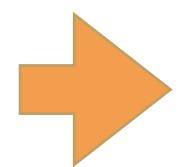
project composition

Stage 4

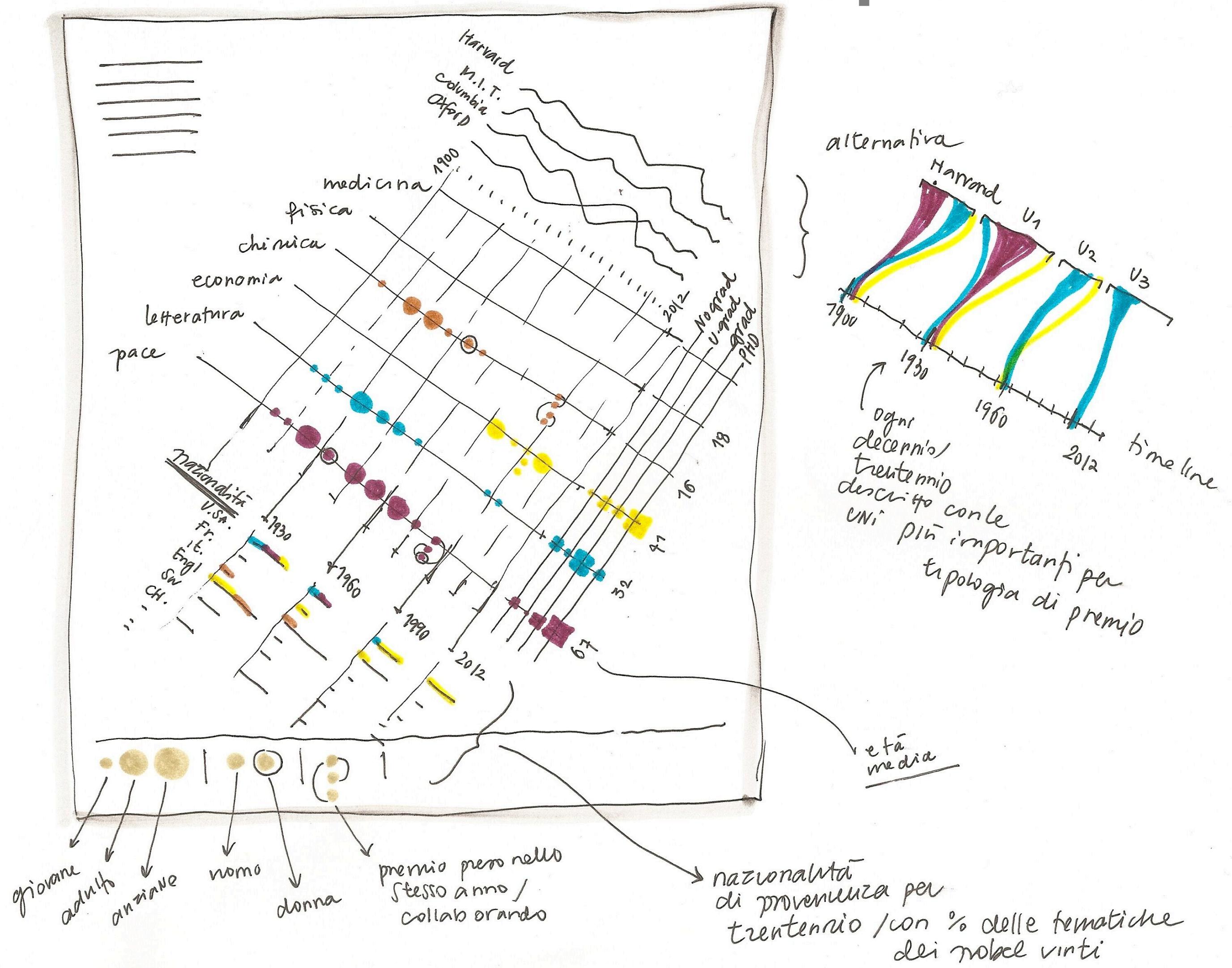
Developing your design **solution**

Stage 3

Establishing your editorial thinking



wireframing example



project composition



wireframing
sketching all layout/size across a single-page view,
including interactive functions

storyboarding
together with wireframing if the project is multipage

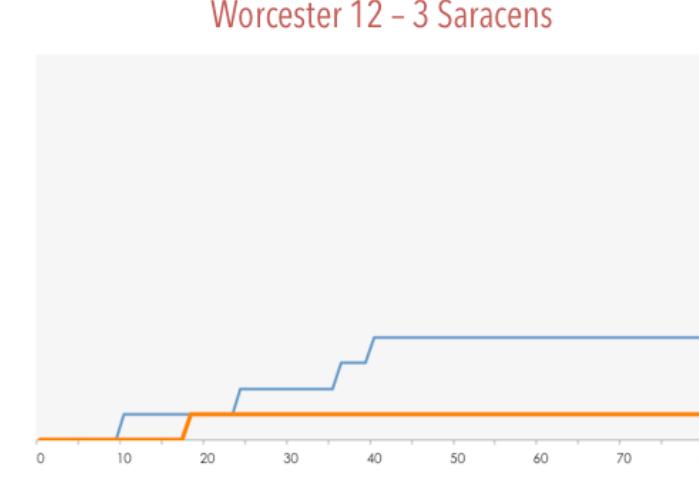
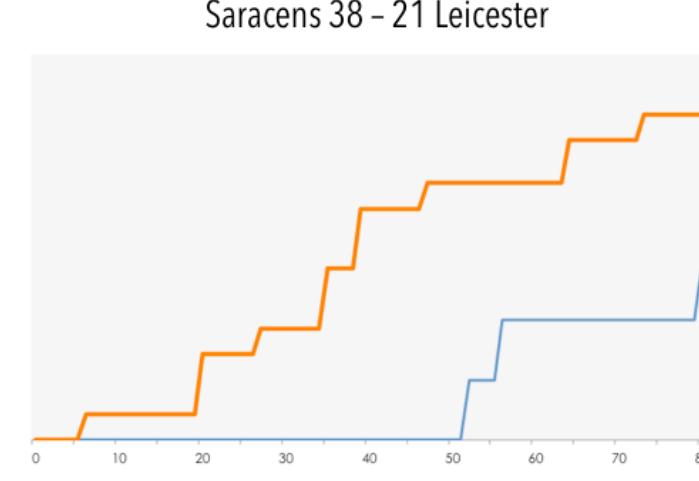
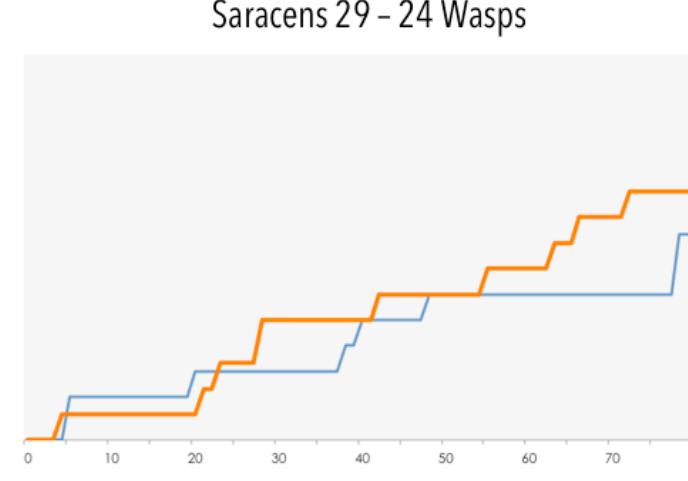
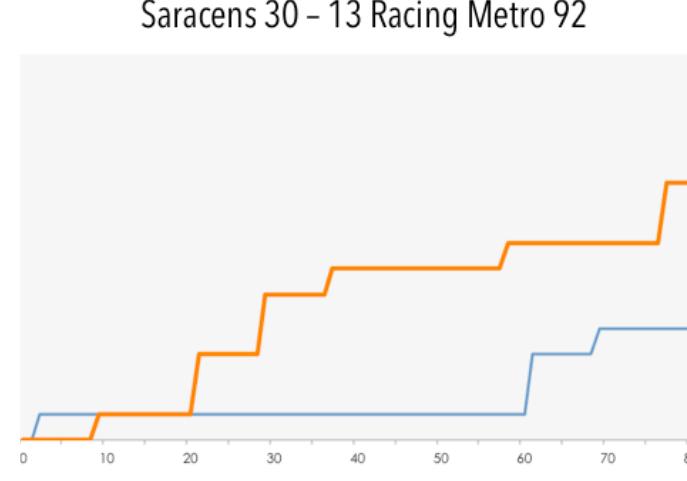
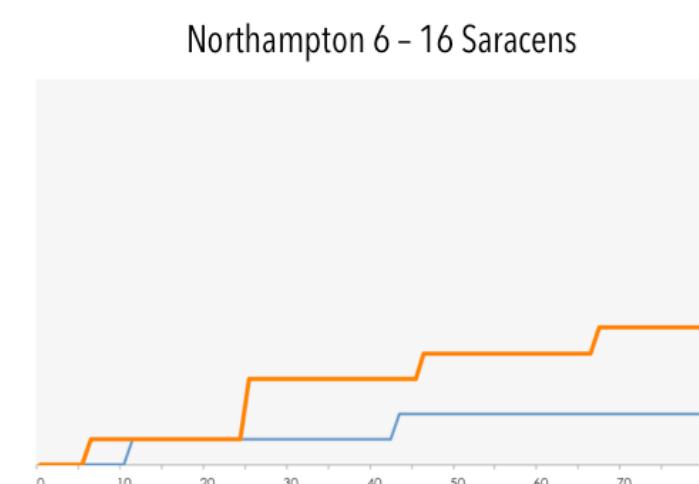
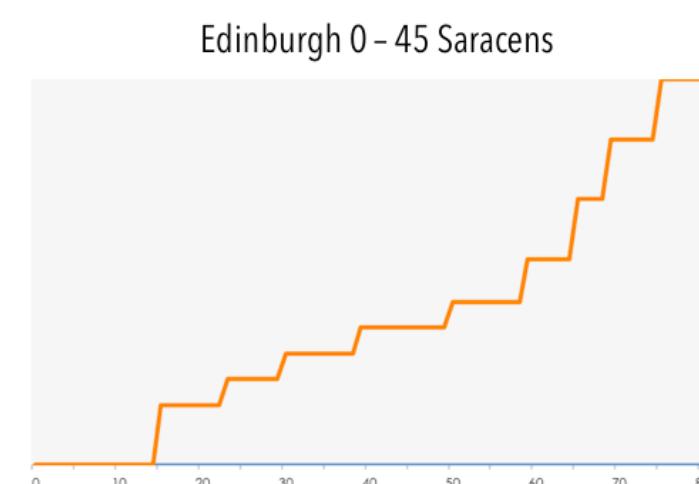
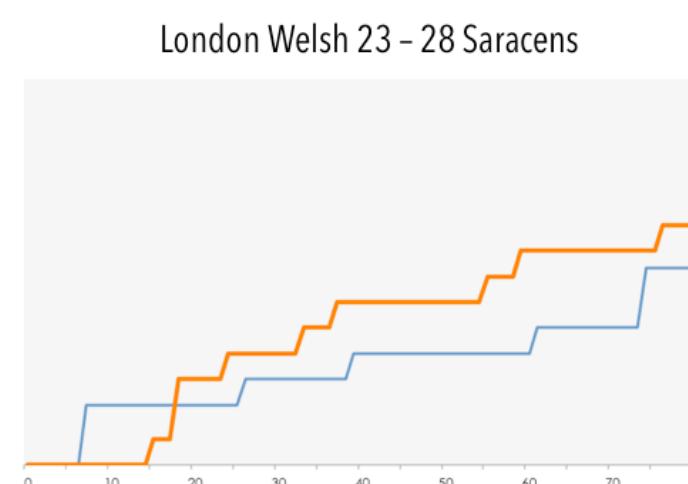
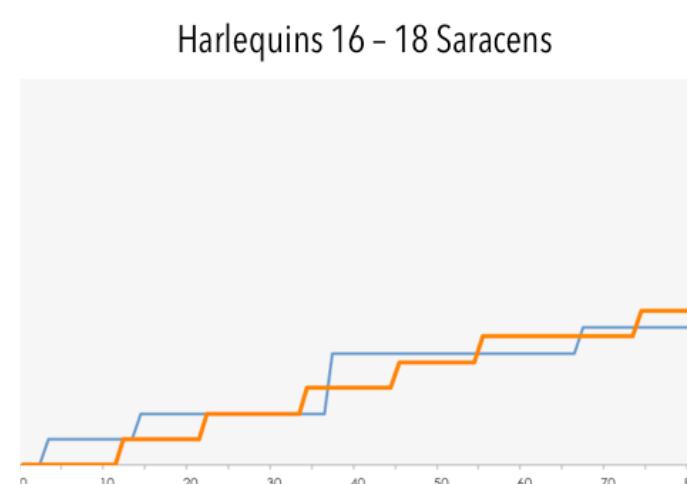
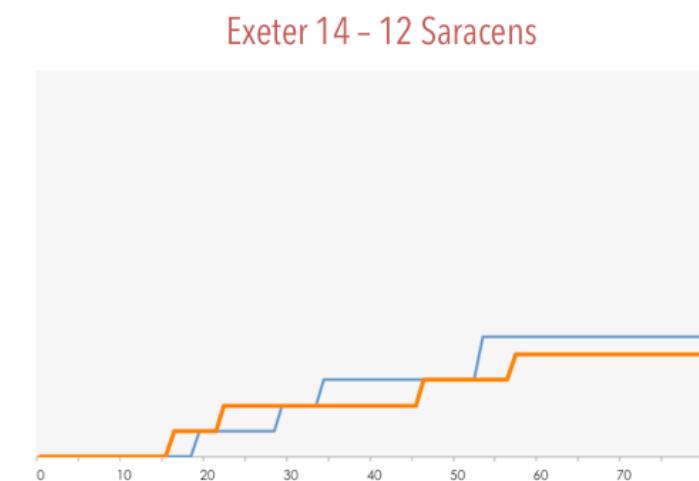
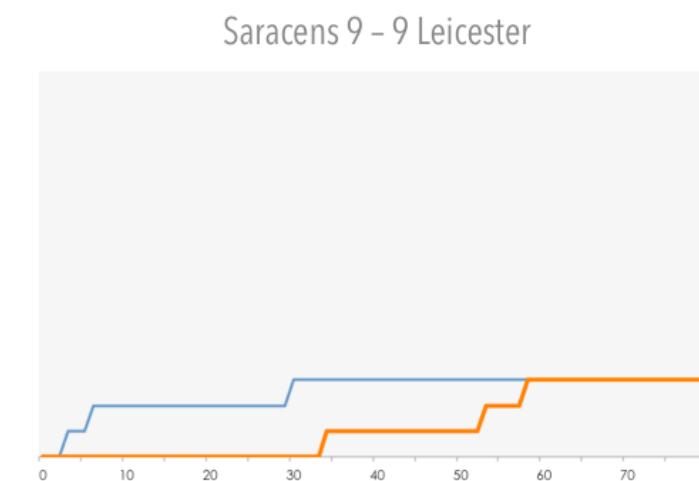
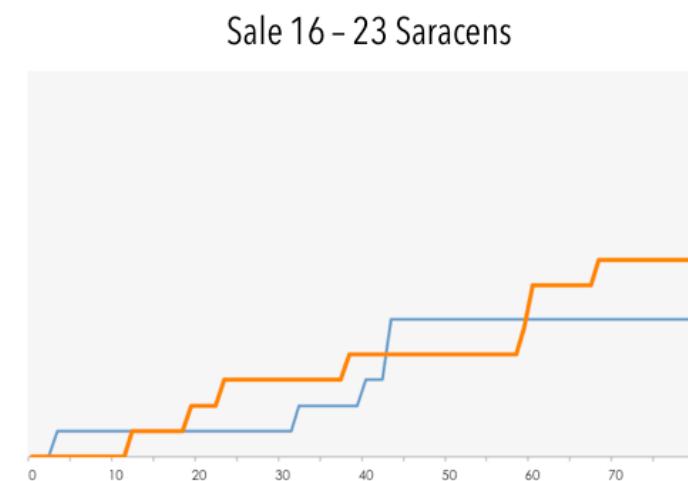
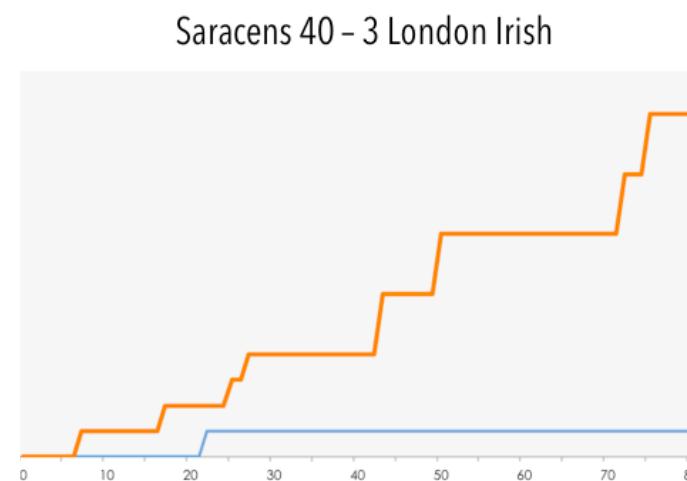
single pages included as cells in the big-picture hierarchy,
each one with its own wireframe

chart composition

Stage 4
Developing your design **solution**

Stage 3
Establishing your **editorial** thinking

chart size
do not be afraid of shrinking your chart, mind the font size

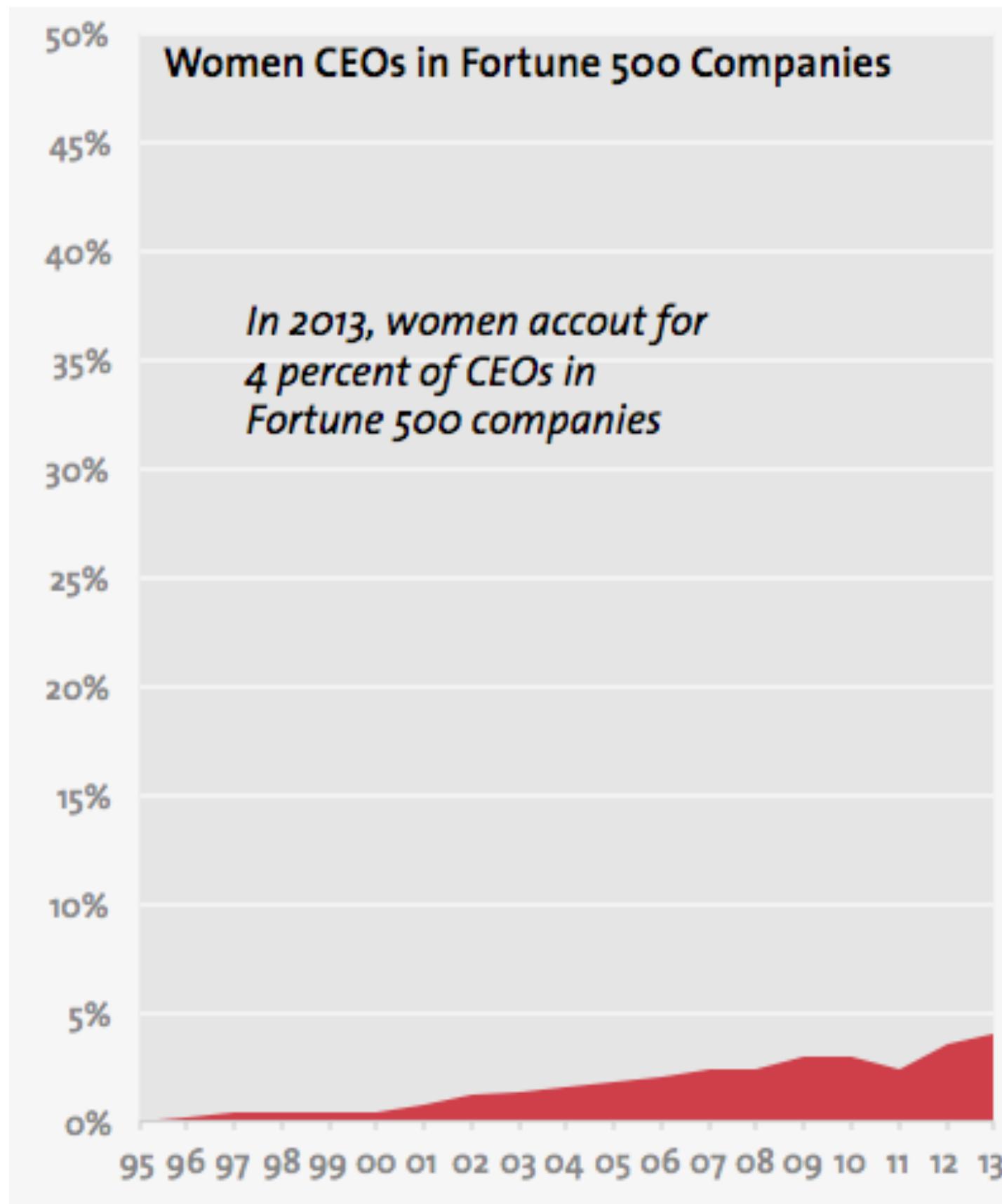


small multiples

chart composition



chart scales
even the choice of scale can tell the viewer something

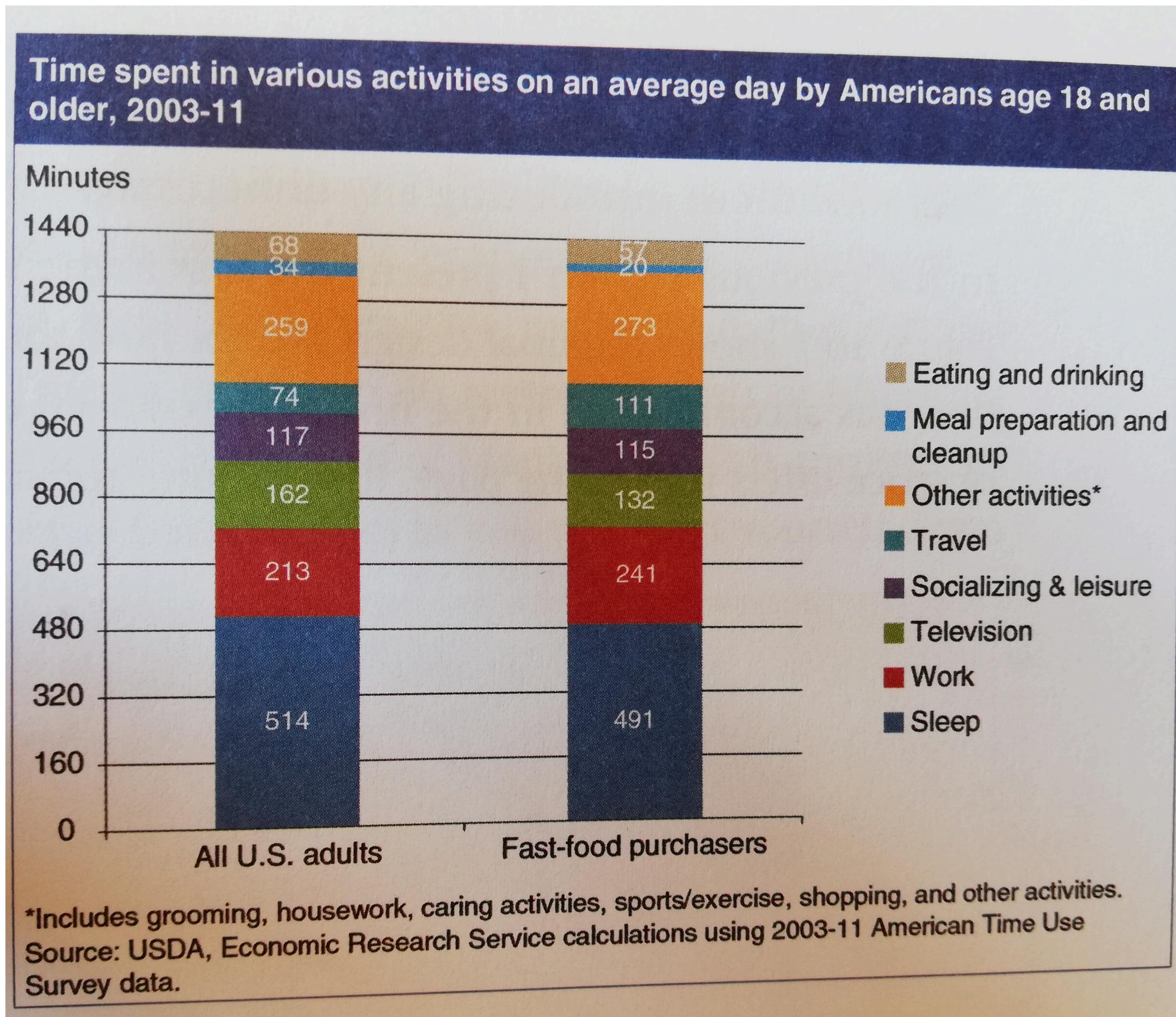


the apparently extreme scale marks the large
disproportionality in women ceo's amongst the fortune
top-500 companies

chart composition



chart scales
even the choice of scale can tell the viewer something



here the wrong scale choice has compromised readability — what's the point of dividing the 1440 minutes of a day in 160-mins intervals?

chart composition

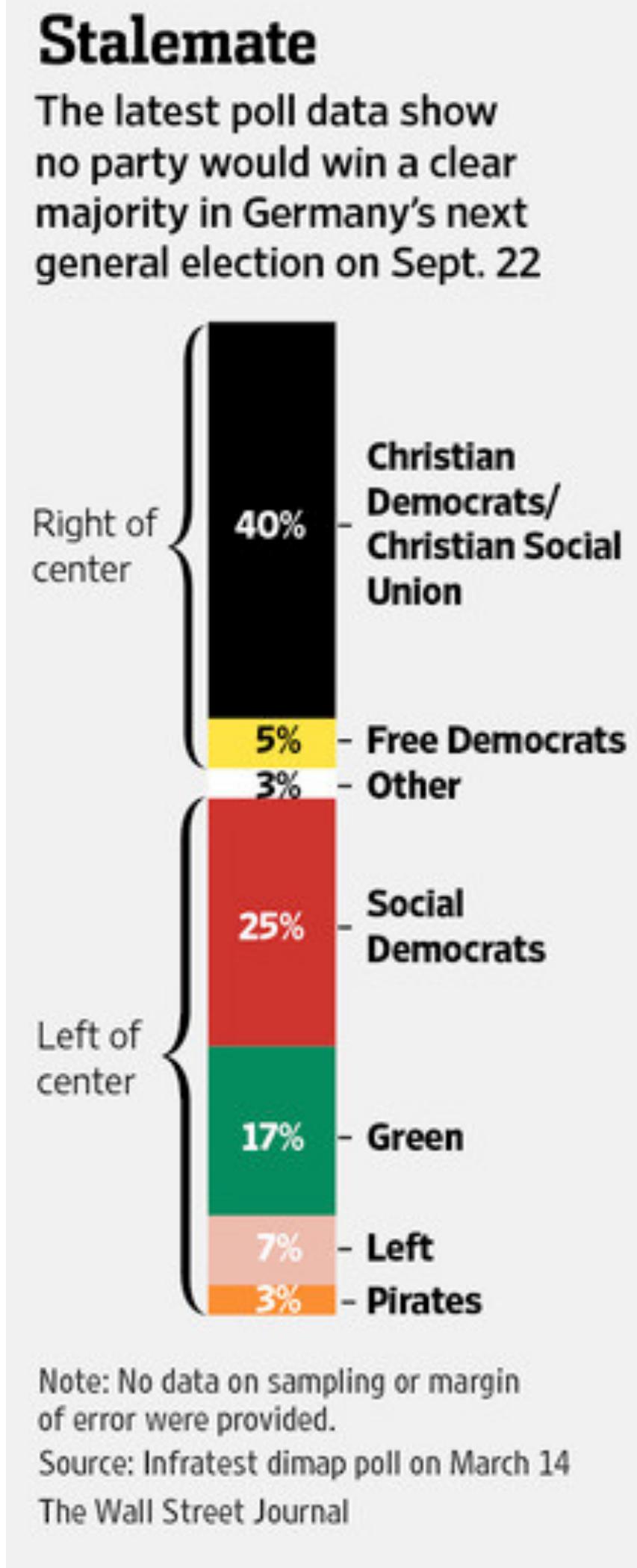


chart orientation
adding an extra degree of readability

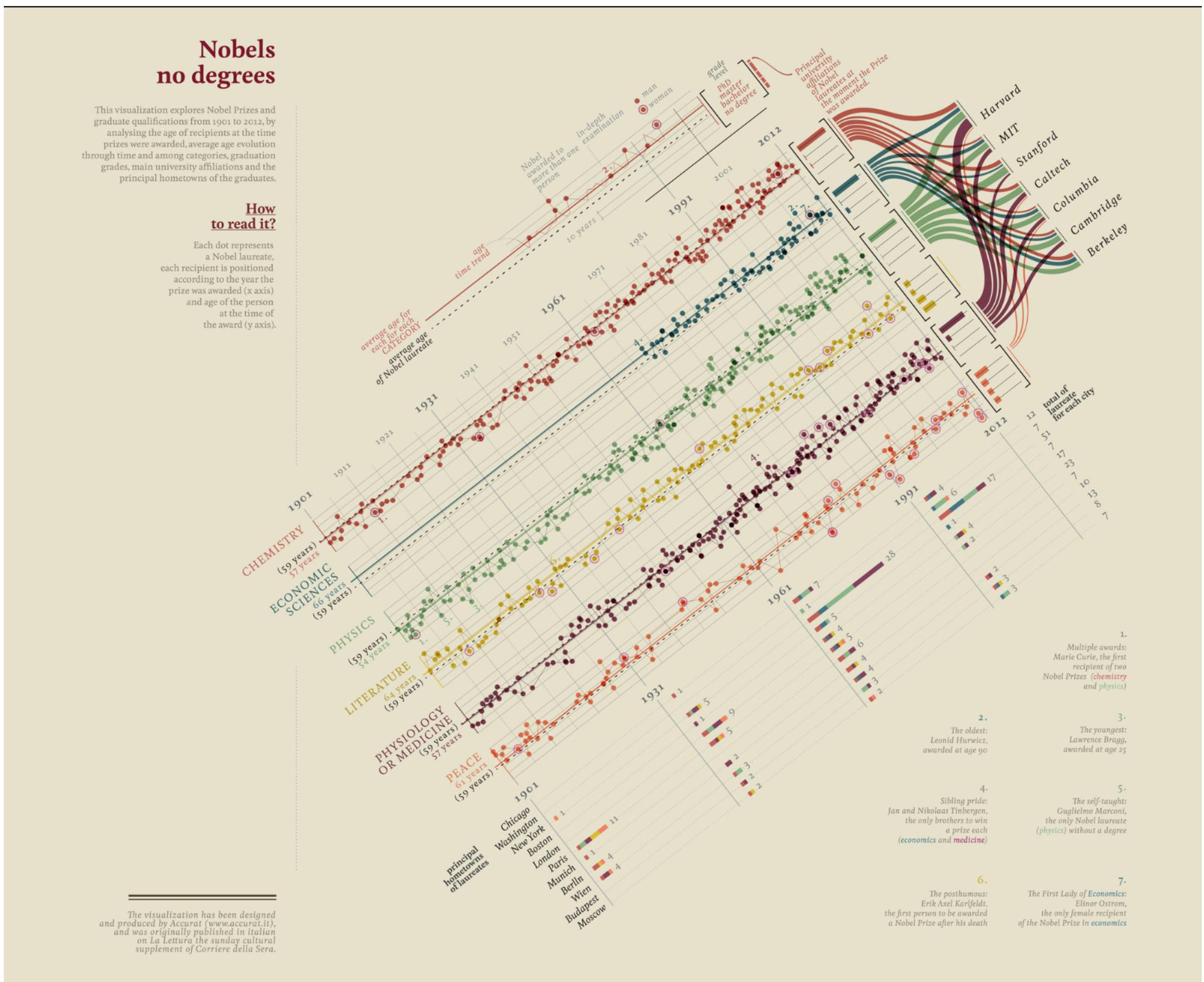
avoid label overlap

remember the Iraq's bloody toll

missing opportunity of using the left/
right duality

chart composition

chart orientation
not only 90 degrees



final version of previous wireframe,
offering greater room in the page

Stage 4

Developing your design **solution**

Stage 3

Establishing your **editorial** thinking

chart composition

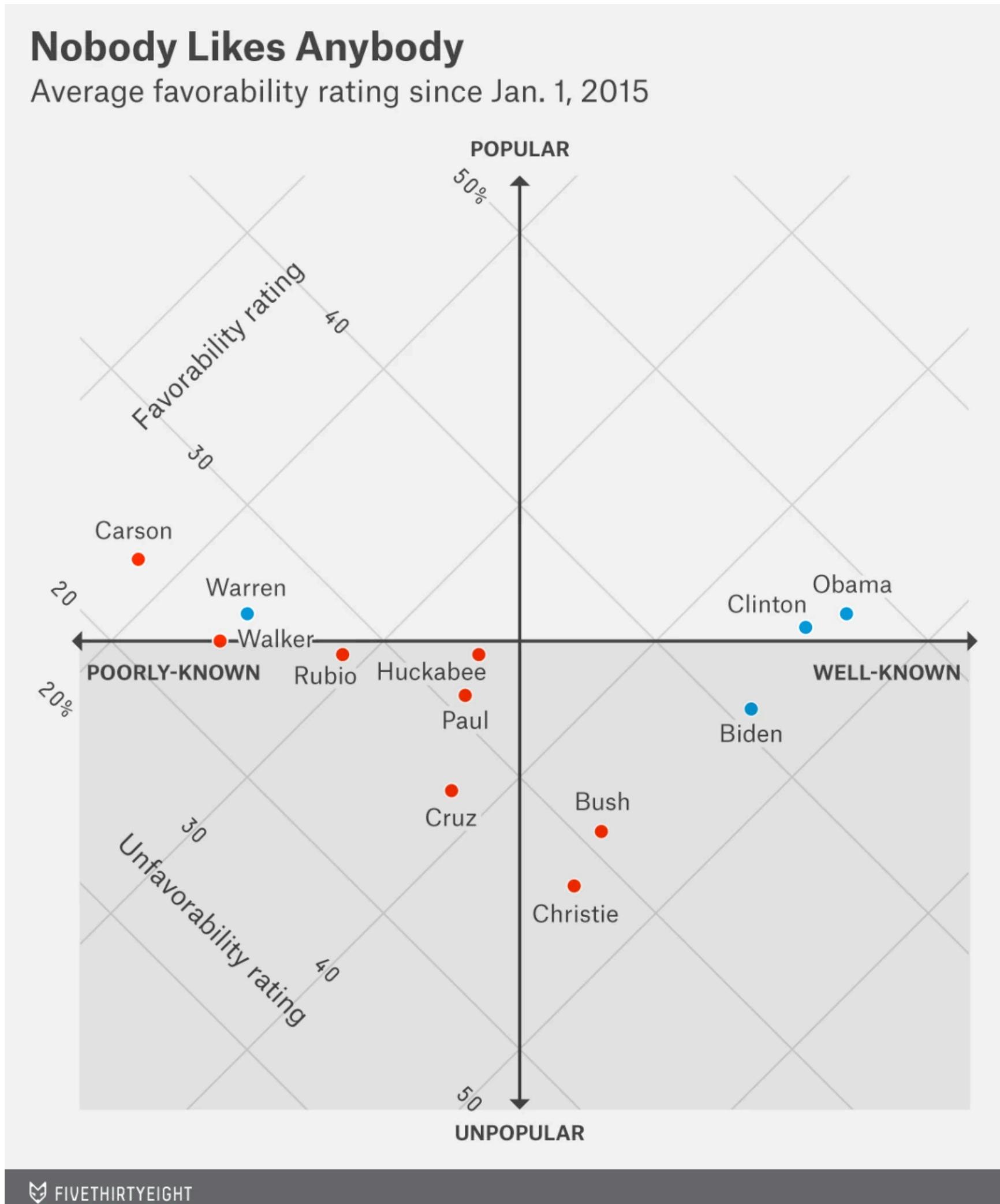


chart orientation
not only 90 degrees

45 degrees rotated scatterplot with 2x2 overplayed grid to make it easier to observe which values are located in each quadrant.

also emphasising the distinction between location at the top and bottom halves of the chart along the popularity axis, which is the primary focus of analysis

chart composition

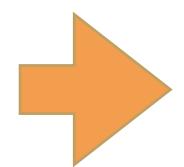
chart value sorting

Stage 4

Developing your
design **solution**

Stage 3

Establishing your
editorial thinking

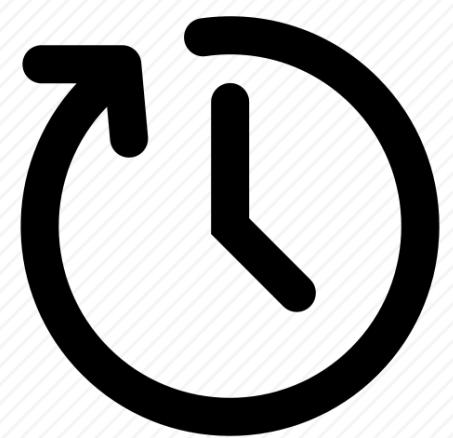


latch rule

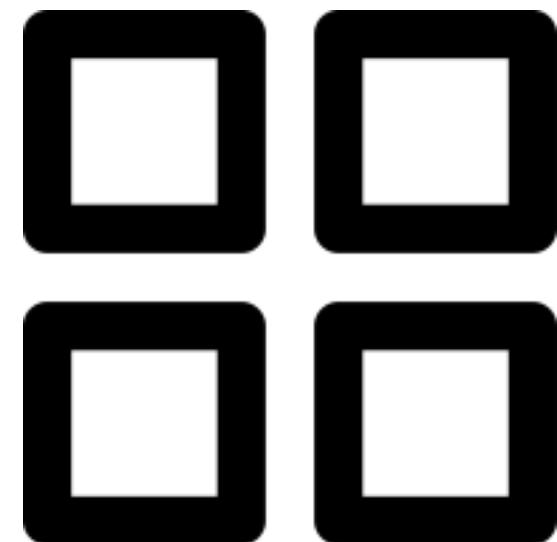


location

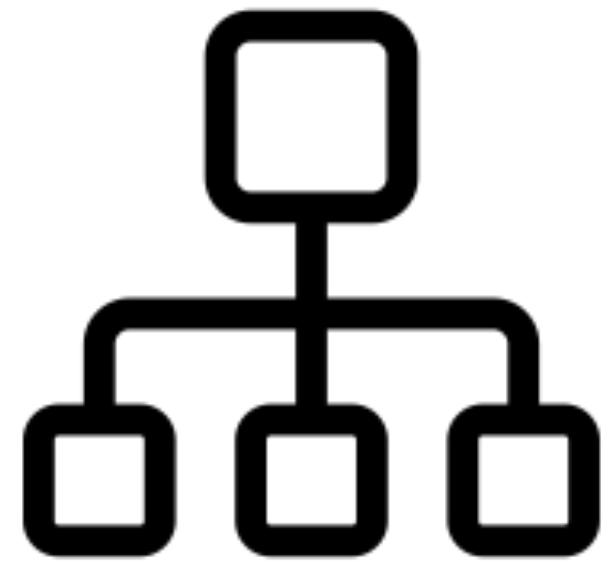
A



time



category



hierarchy

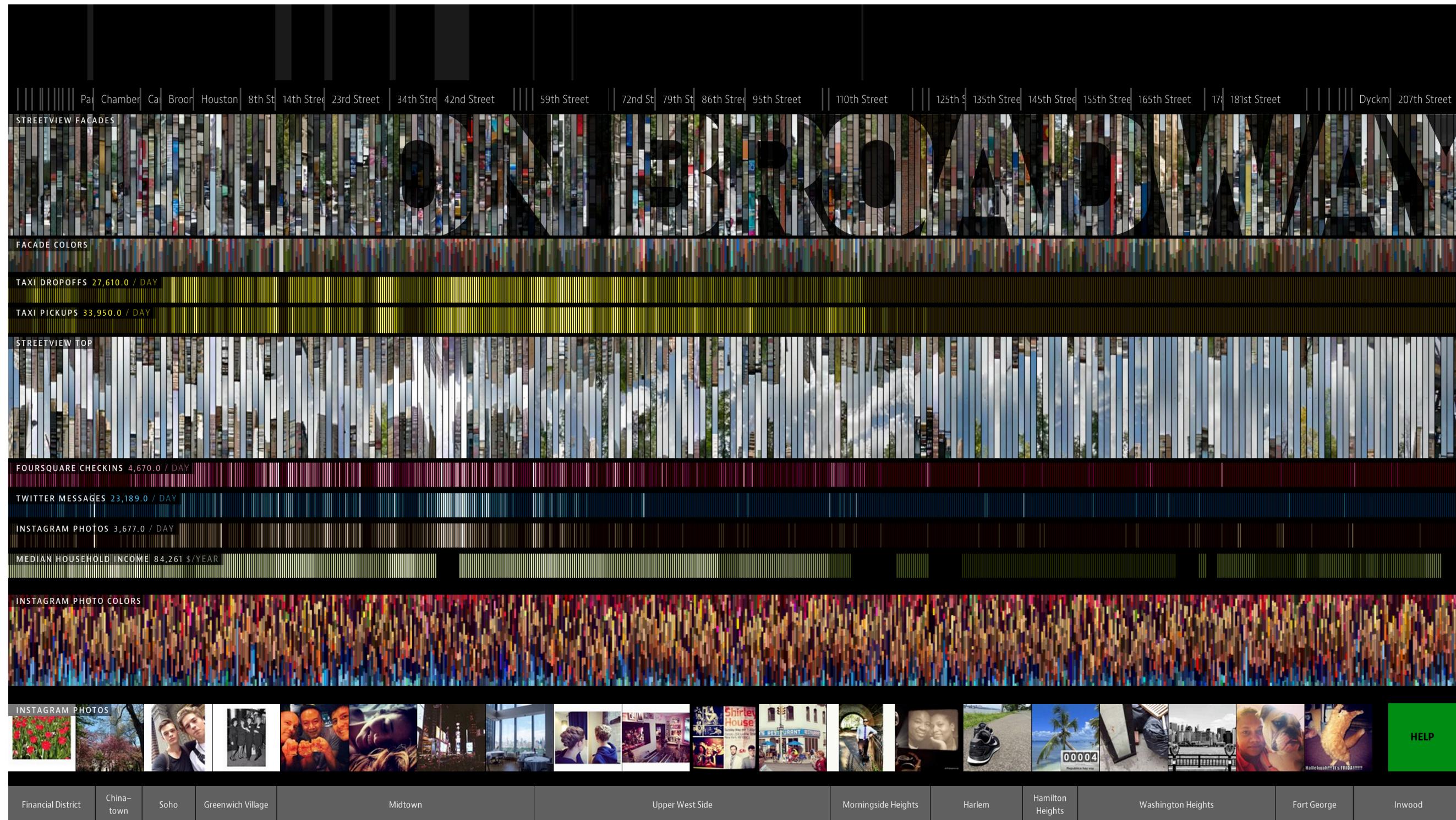
chart composition



chart value sorting



sequencing content according to spatial order
— only if offers the most logical sequence in content readability



on broadway installation

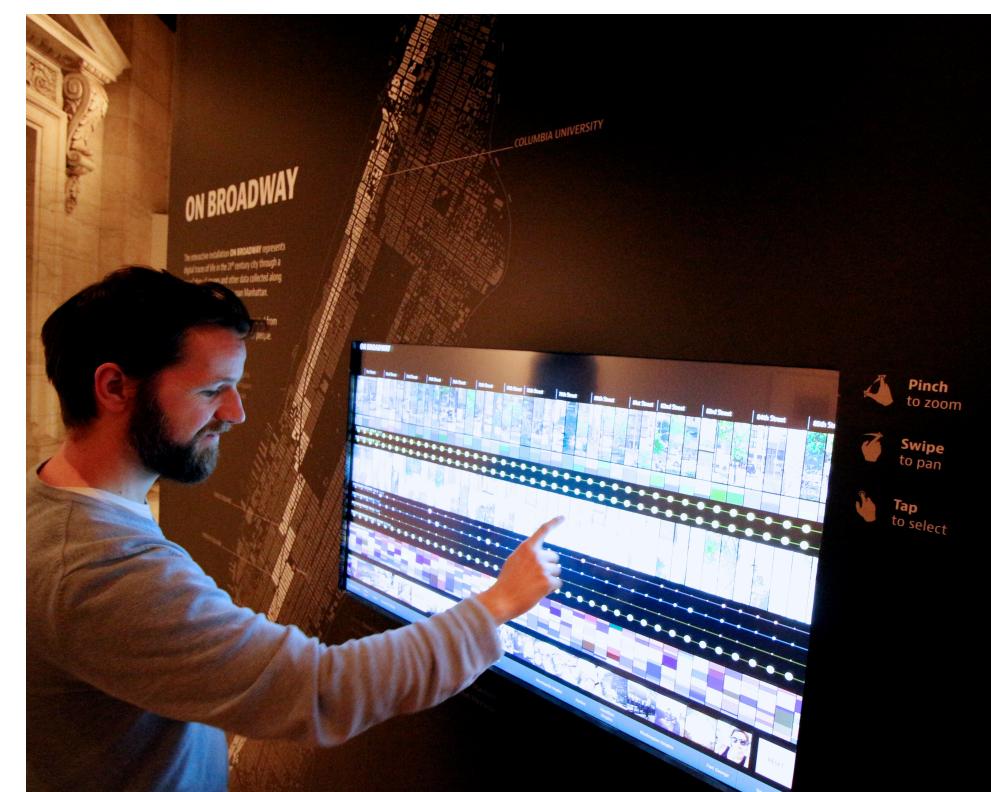


chart composition

chart value sorting

A

alphabetical sorting facilitates efficient lookup & reference
requires user to rearrange items according to values
best sorting sequence if you do not want to imply any ranking

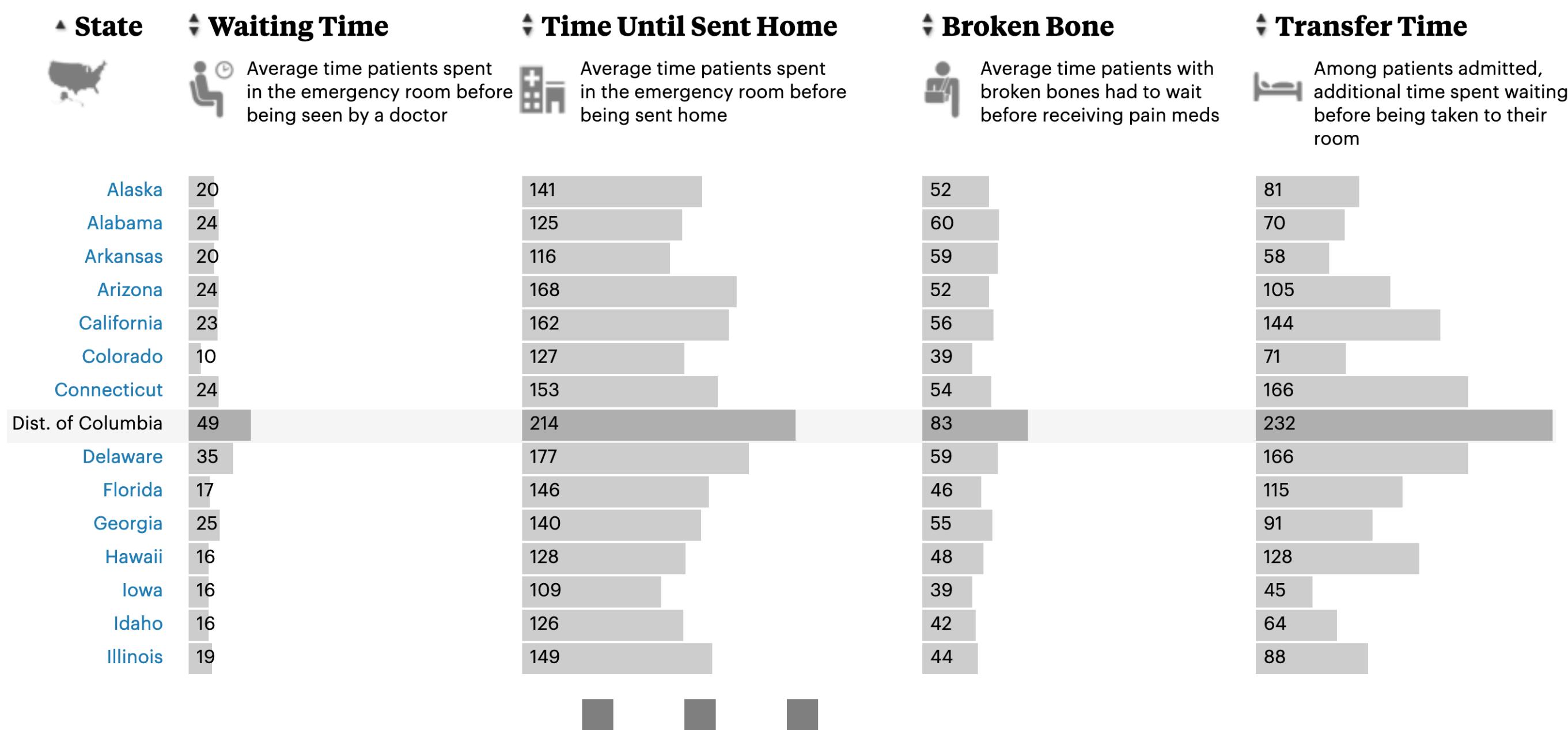
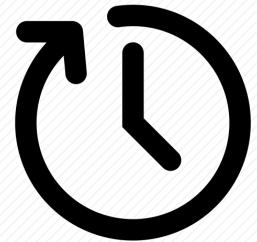
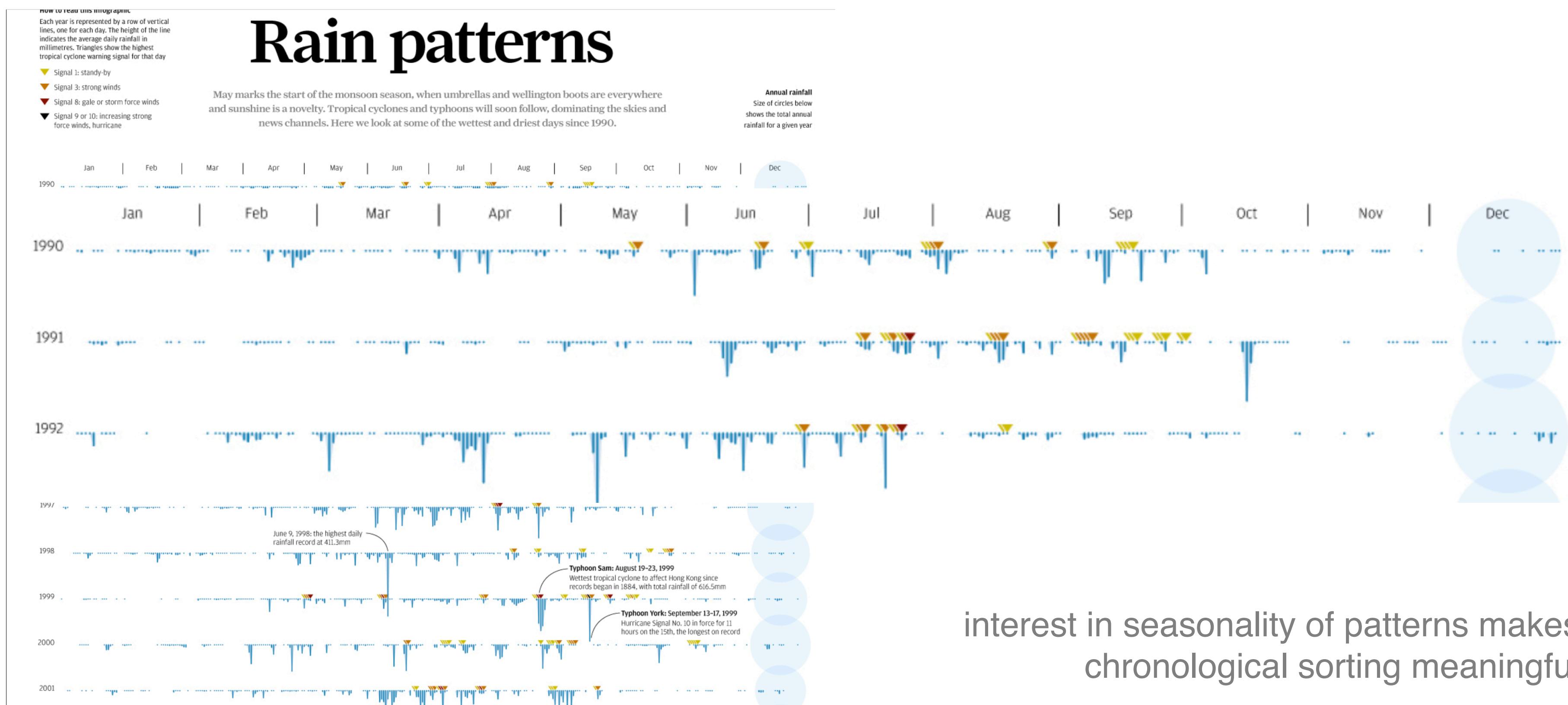


chart composition

chart value sorting



time-based sorting helps comparing changes over time



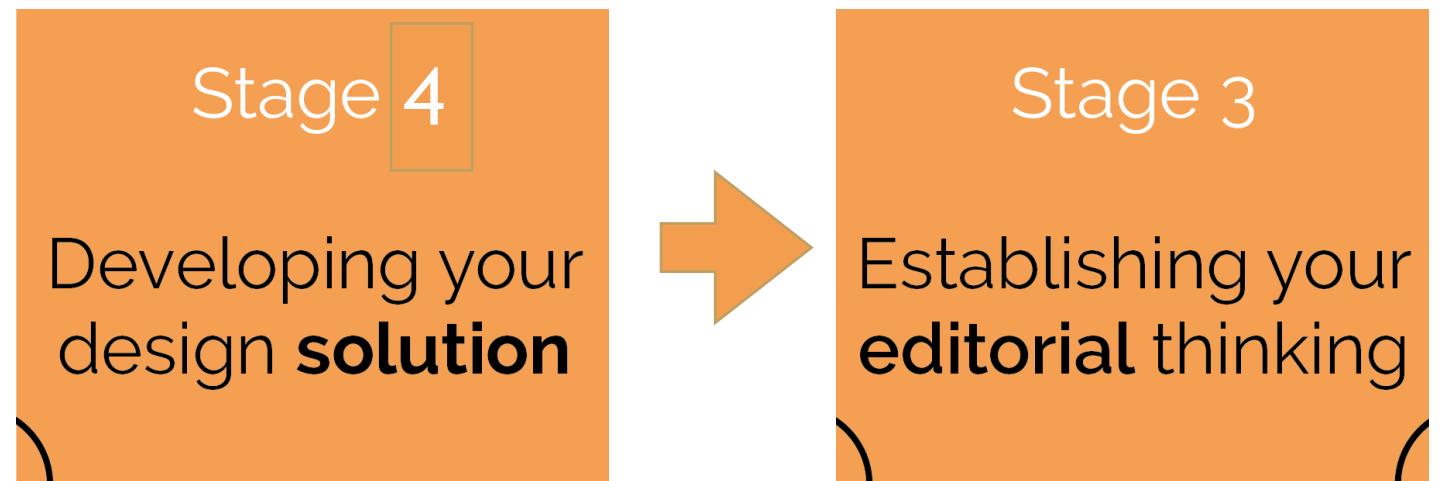


chart composition

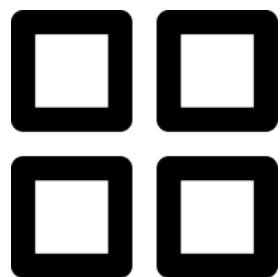
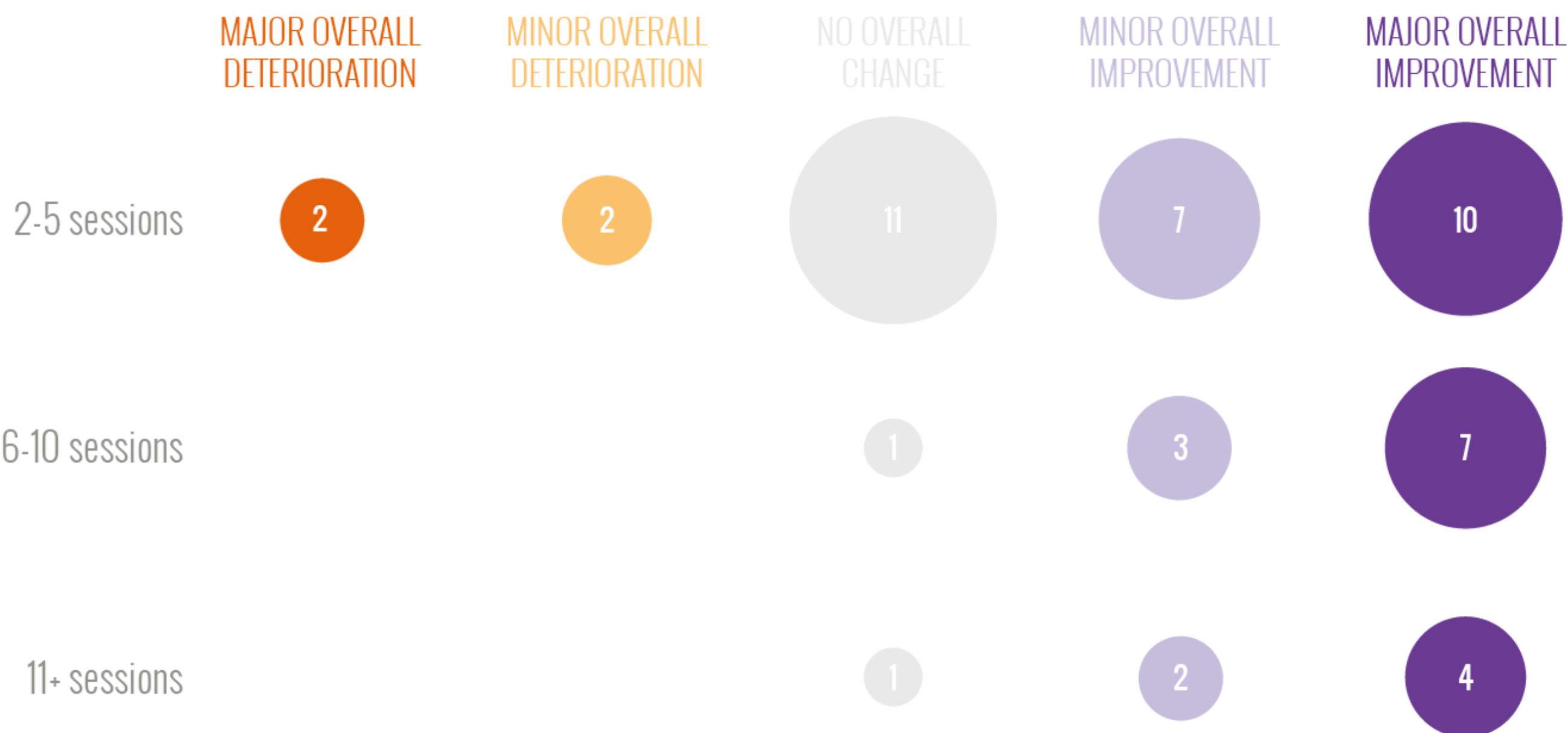


chart value sorting

categorical sorting implies data is organised in categories ordered by a ranking inherited by their values or unique to the subject (e.g., in ⚽, goalkeeper > defenders > midfielders > attackers)

Outcome status for clients undergoing multiple-sessions of treatment



here colour is an example of redundant encoding; the color scheme was inherited by another panel of the dataviz

chart composition

Stage 4
Developing your design **solution**

Stage 3
Establishing your **editorial** thinking

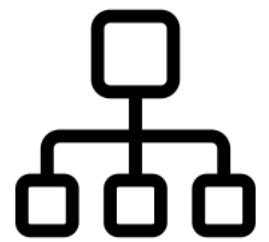
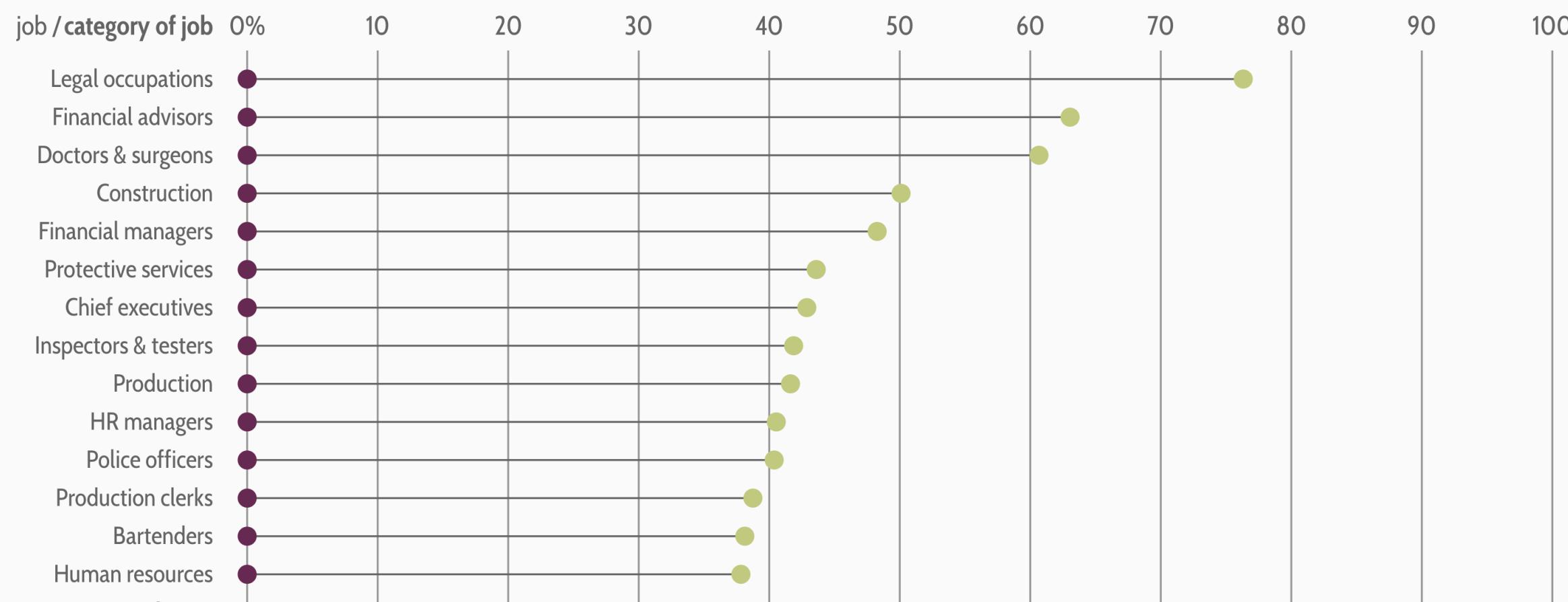


chart value sorting

hierarchical sorting is defined by increasing/decreasing quantities
efficient perception of size/distribution/ranking

Gender Pay Gap US | UK

Plot By: Gap Sort By: Descending ● Female ● Male



composition

influencing factors

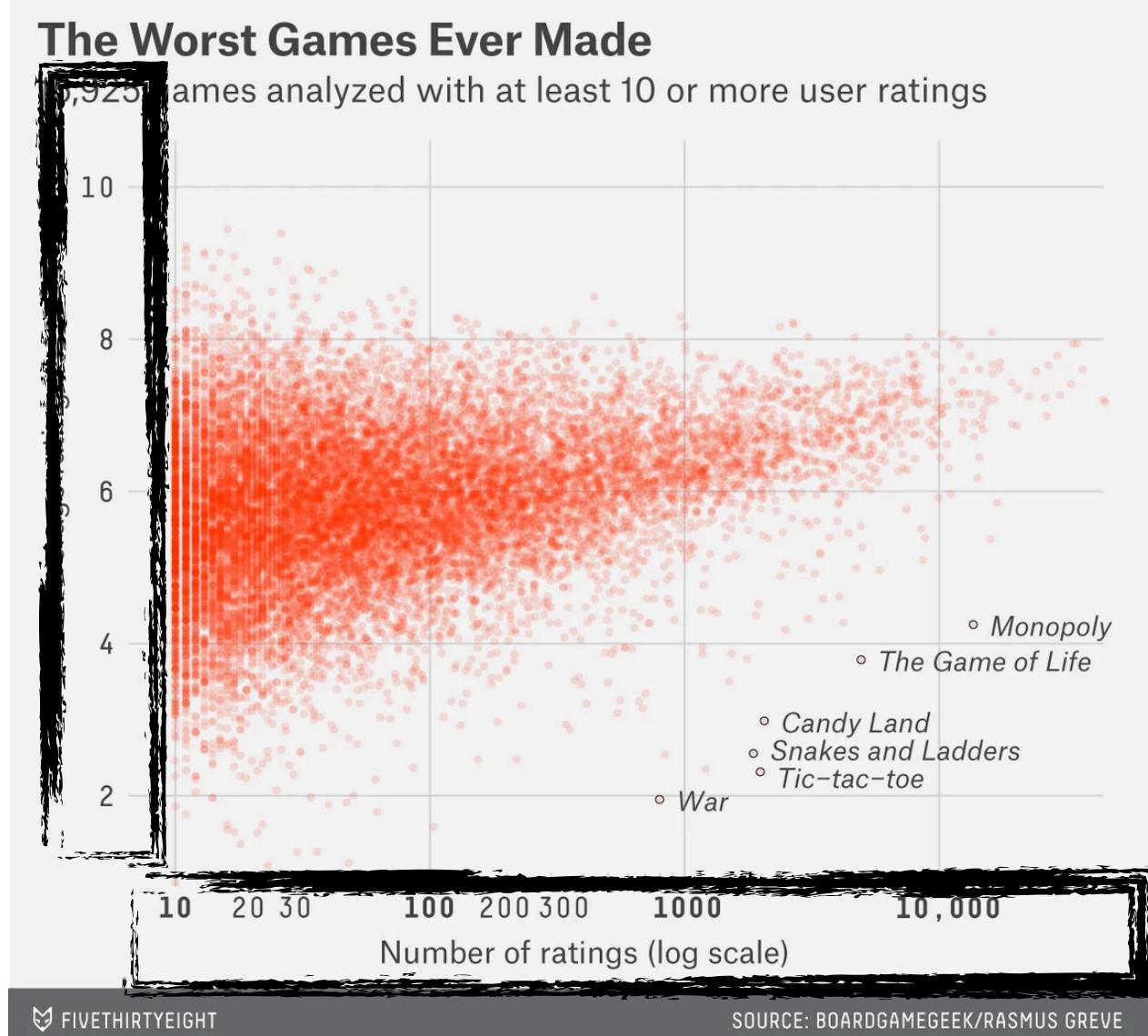


format

what is the shape/size of the primary format?
how transferable is the solution across different platforms?

data

how to legitimately fit data into the given canvas?



change scale
to fit a square

Month on month inflation % 2000–2008

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Jan	55	57	116	208	628	133	613	1593	100,580
Feb	48	57	116	220	602	127	782	1720	165,000
Mar	50	55	113	228	583	123	913	2200	355,000
Apr	53	56	114	269	505	129	1092	3714	736,604
May	58	55	122	300	448	144	1193	4530	1,800,000
Jun	59	64	114	364	394	164	1184	7251	
Jul	53	70	123	399	362	254	993	7634	220,000,000
Aug	53	76	135	426	314	265	1204	6592	231,000,000
Sept	62	86	139	455	251	359	1023	7892	
Oct	60	97	144	525	209	411	1070	14840	
Nov	56	103	175	619	149	502	1098	26470	
Dec	55	112	198	598	132	585	1281	66000	

change column style
to fit data

Stage 4

Developing your design **solution**

Stage 3

Establishing your **editorial** thinking

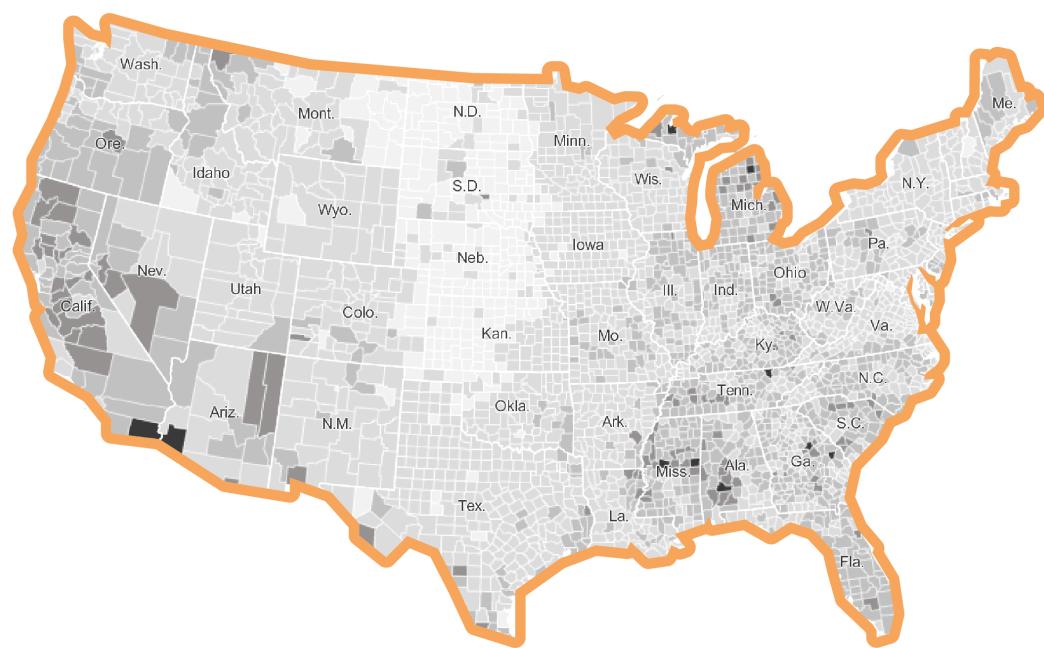
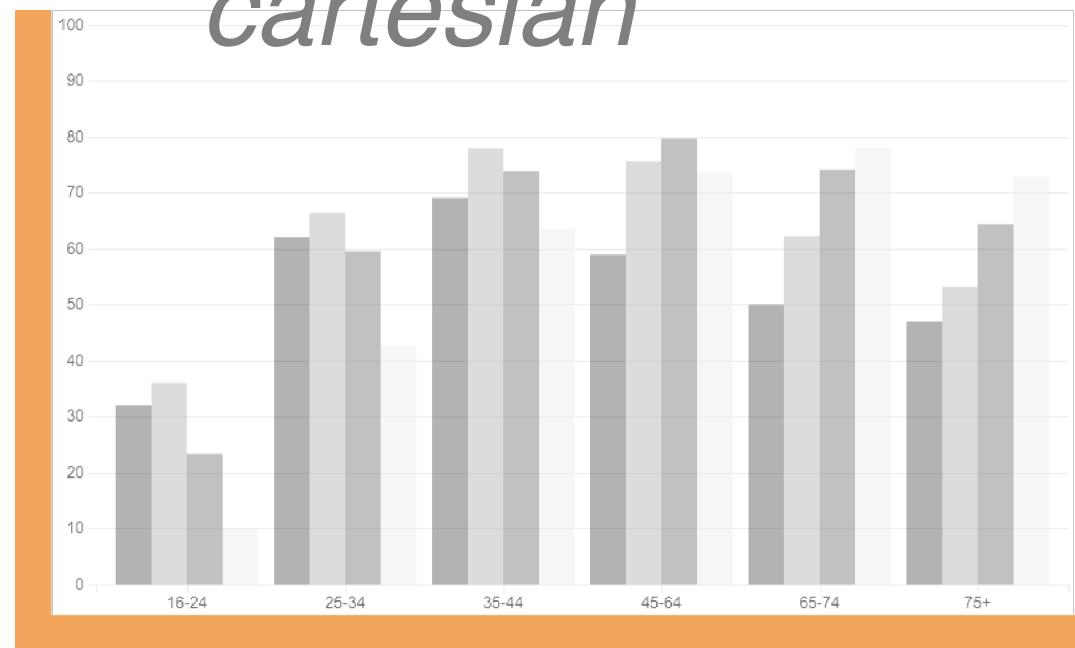
composition

influencing factors

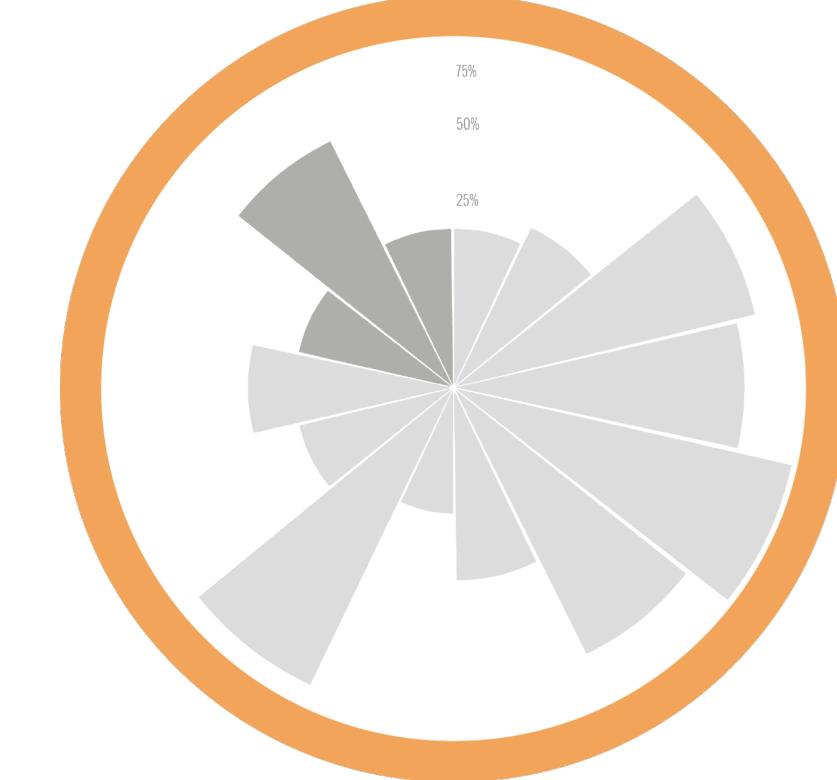
chart type

what are the spatial consequences of the chosen chart?

cartesian

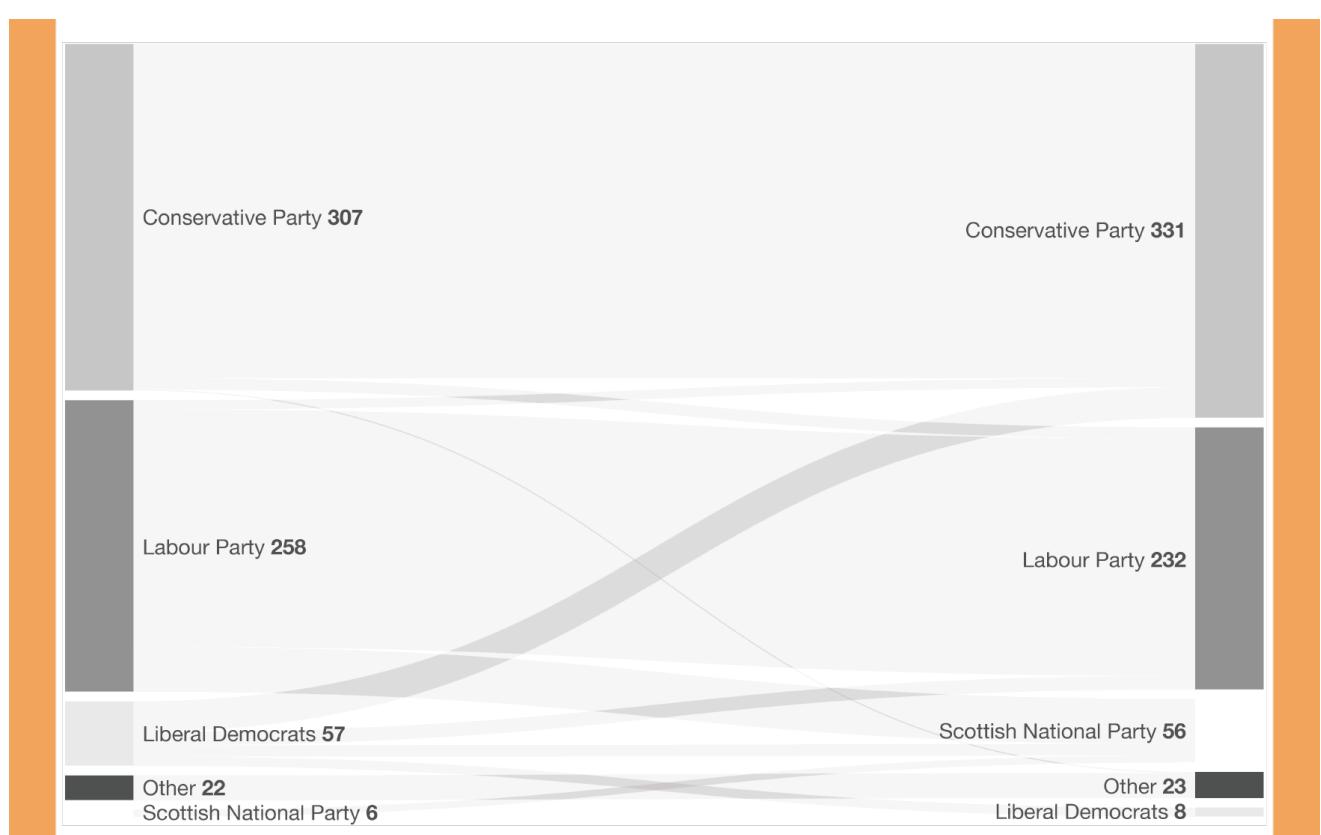


radial

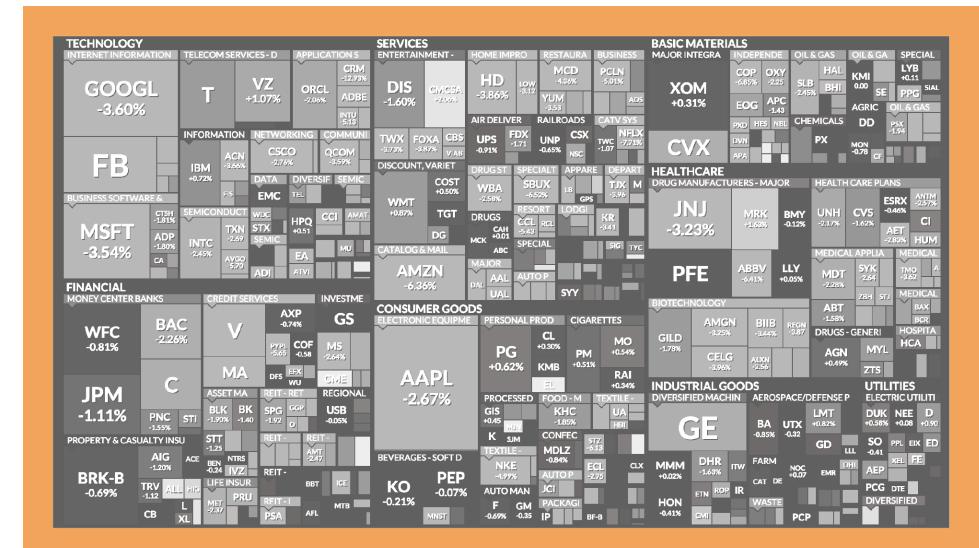


spatial

enclosure



columnar



Stage 4

Developing your design **solution**

Stage 3

Establishing your **editorial** thinking

composition

influencing factors

chart scale

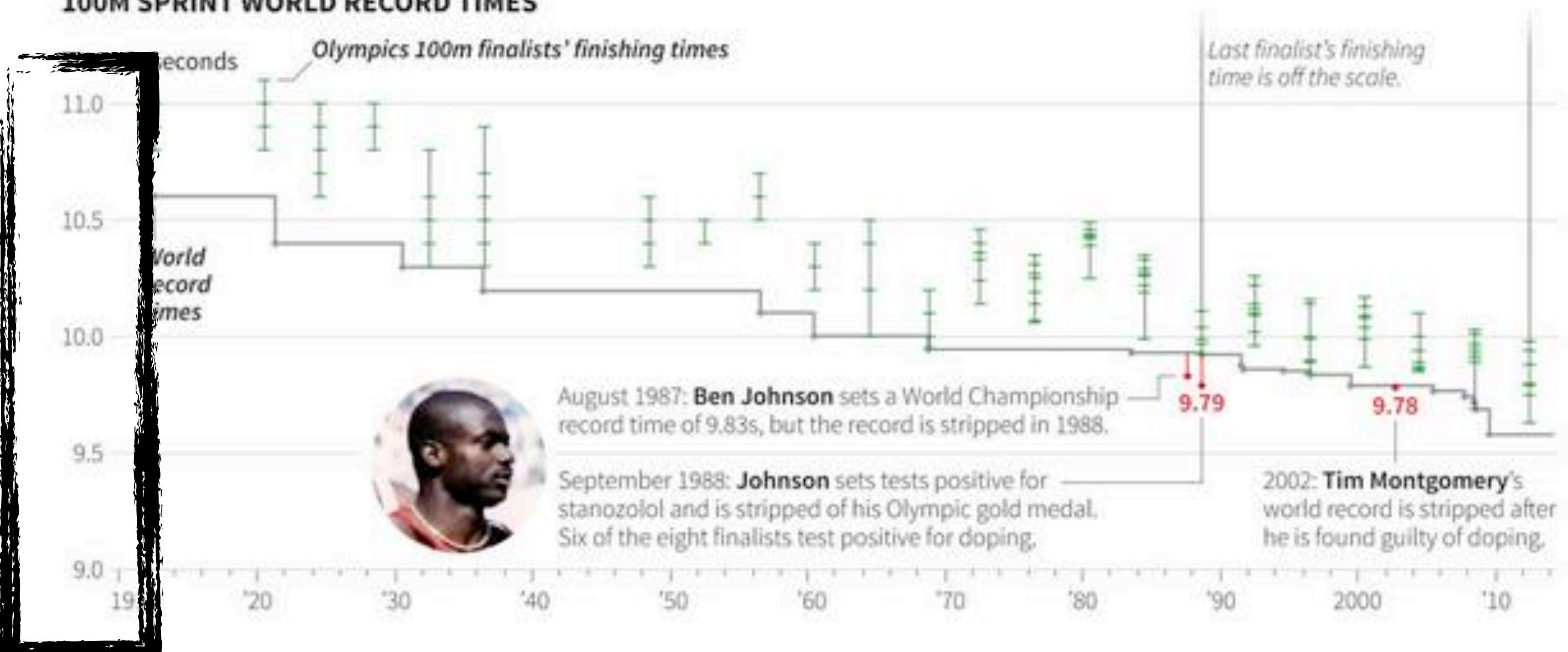
barplots should never have truncated axis

lineplots *may* have them, since size is not used for encoding

Doping under the microscope

Tuesday marks the 25th anniversary of Ben Johnson's victory in the Seoul Olympics 100m final and his subsequent disqualification for doping. Here we take a look at doping's impact on athletics and how the number of athletes being sanctioned has risen.

100M SPRINT WORLD RECORD TIMES



choose a meaningful y-axis, keeping the trustworthiness of the graph

composition

influencing factors

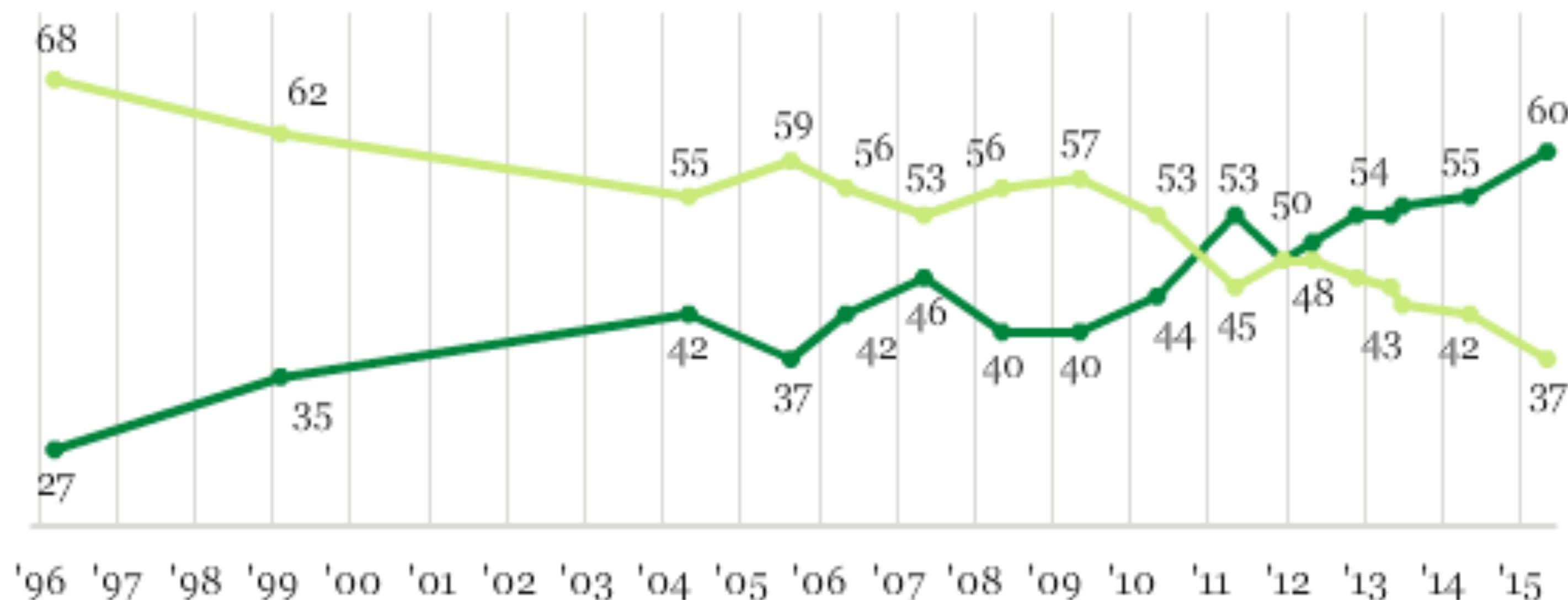


chart scale

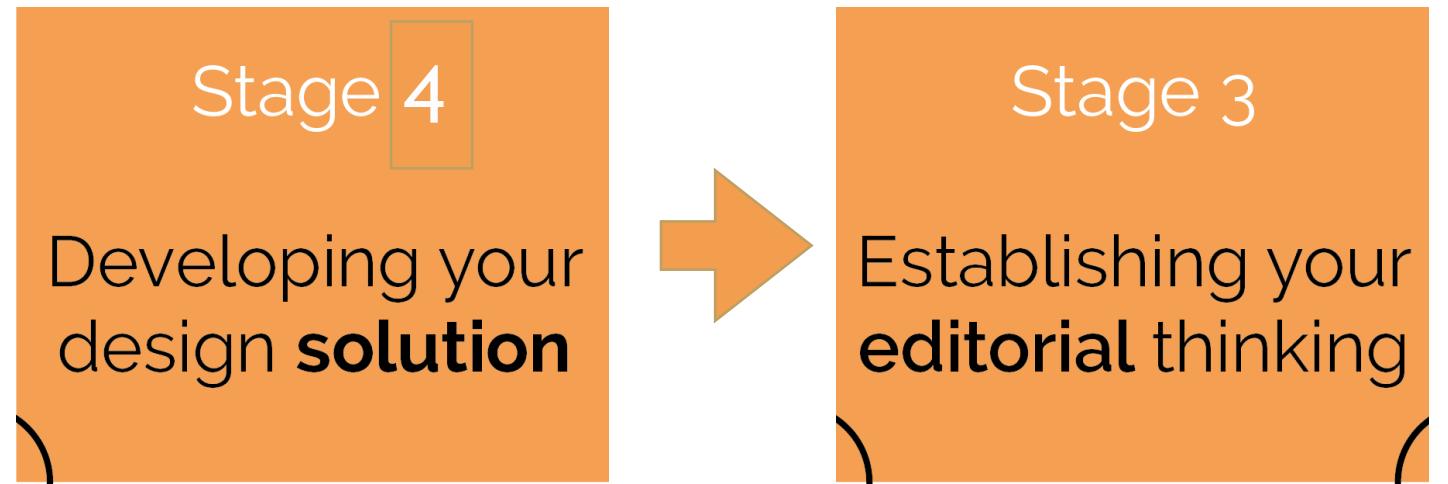
barplots should never have truncated axis
lineplots *may* have them, since size is not used for encoding

Do you think marriages between same-sex couples should or should not be recognized by the law as valid, with the same rights as traditional marriages?

■ % Should be valid ■ % Should not be valid



here the truncation
is not correct — the
sense of
comparable scale is
compromised



composition

influencing factors

map projection

- every projection is distorted
- the larger the area, the greater the distortion
- no projection can accommodate all map purposes
- choose damage limitation as the driving principle
- ‘equal area’ projections better for thematic mapping: distortion on shape rather than on size, thus values per region are correct
- scope of view, distance from equator, focus on land/sea can drive the choice