

New to Gradio? Start here: **Getting Started**

See the Release History

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Label

 $gradio.Label(\cdots)$

Description

Displays a classification label, along with confidence scores of top categories, if provided.

Behavior

As input: this component does *not* accept input.

As output: expects a <code>Dict[str, float]</code> of classes and confidences, or <code>str</code> with just the class or an <code>int/float</code> for regression outputs, or a <code>str</code> path to a .json file containing a json dictionary in the structure produced by Label.postprocess().

Initialization

Parameter Description

value

dict[str, float] | str | float | Callable | None

default: None

Default value to show in the component. If a str or number is provided, simply displays the string or number. If a <code>Dict[str, float]</code> of classes and confidences is provided, displays the top class on top and the <code>num_top_classes</code> below, along with their confidence bars. If callable, the function will be called whenever the app loads to set the initial value of the component.

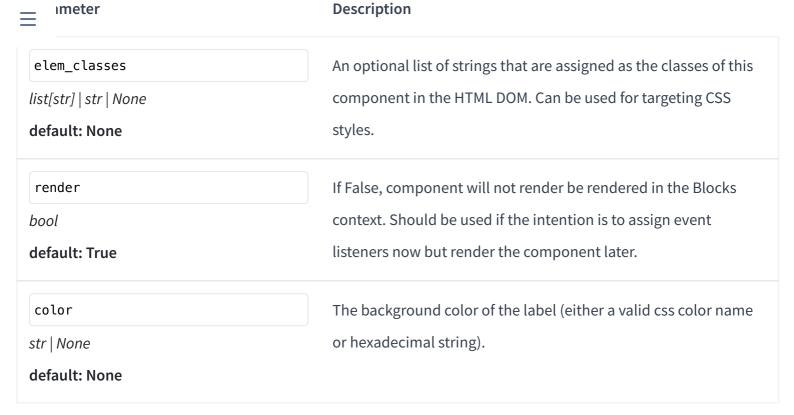
num_top_classes

number of most confident classes to show.

int | None

default: None

ımeter	Description
label str None	The label for this component. Appears above the component and is also used as the header if there are a table of examples for this
default: None	component. If None and used in a gr. Interface, the label will be
default: None	the name of the parameter this component is assigned to.
every	If value is a callable, run the function 'every' number of seconds
float None	while the client connection is open. Has no effect otherwise.
default: None	Queue must be enabled. The event can be accessed (e.g. to
	cancel it) via this component's .load_event attribute.
show_label	if True, will display label.
bool None	
default: None	
container	If True, will place the component in a container - providing some
bool	extra padding around the border.
default: True	
scale	relative width compared to adjacent Components in a Row. For
int None	example, if Component A has scale=2, and Component B has
default: None	scale=1, A will be twice as wide as B. Should be an integer.
min_width	minimum pixel width, will wrap if not sufficient screen space to
int	satisfy this value. If a certain scale value results in this
default: 160	Component being narrower than min_width, the min_width
	parameter will be respected first.
visible	If False, component will be hidden.
bool	
default: True	
elem_id	An optional string that is assigned as the id of this component in
str None	the HTML DOM. Can be used for targeting CSS styles.
default: None	



Shortcuts

Class	Interface String Shortcut	Initialization
gradio.Label	"label"	Uses default values

Demos

```
main_note

from math import log2, pow
import os

import numpy as np
from scipy.fftpack import fft

import gradio as gr

A4 = 440
C0 = A4 * pow(2, -4.75)
name = ["C", "C#", "D", "D#", "E", "F", "F#", "G", "G#", "A", "A#", "B"]
```

Event Listeners



Description

Event listeners allow you to capture and respond to user interactions with the UI components you've defined in a Gradio Blocks app. When a user interacts with an element, such as changing a slider value or uploading an image, a function is called.

Supported Event Listeners

The Label component supports the following event listeners. Each event listener takes the same parameters, which are listed in the Event Arguments table below.

Listener	Description
gradio.Label.change(fn, ···)	Triggered when the value of the Label changes either because of user input (e.g. a user types in a textbox) OR because of a function update (e.g. an image receives a value from the output of an event trigger). See .input() for a listener that is only triggered by user input.
gradio.Label.select(fn, ···)	Event listener for when the user selects or deselects the Label. Uses event data gradio. SelectData to carry value referring to the label of the Label, and selected to refer to state of the Label. See EventData documentation on how to use this event data

Event Arguments

default: None

Parameter	Description
fn Callable None Literal['decorator'] default: "decorator"	the function to call when this event is triggered. Often a machine learning model's prediction function. Each parameter of the function corresponds to one input component, and the function should return a single value or a tuple of values, with each element in the tuple corresponding to one output component.
<pre>inputs Component list[Component] set[Component] None</pre>	List of gradio.components to use as inputs. If the function takes no inputs, this should be an empty list.

	Description
outputs Component list[Component] None default: None	List of gradio.components to use as outputs. If the function returns no outputs, this should be an empty list.
api_name str None Literal[False] default: None	defines how the endpoint appears in the API docs. Can be a string, None, or False. If set to a string, the endpoint will be exposed in the API docs with the given name. If None (default), the name of the function will be used as the API endpoint. If False, the endpoint will not be exposed in the API docs and downstream apps (including those that gr.load this app) will not be able to use this event.
scroll_to_output bool default: False	If True, will scroll to output component on completion
show_progress	If True, will show progress animation while pending
Literal[('full', 'minimal', 'hidden')] default: "full"	
<u> </u>	If True, will place the request on the queue, if the queue has been enabled. If False, will not put this event on the queue, even if the queue has been enabled. If None, will use the queue setting of the gradio app.

Maximum number of inputs to batch together if this is called from the queue (only relevant if batch=True)
If False, will not run preprocessing of component data before running 'fn' (e.g. leaving it as a base64 string if this method is called with the Tmage component).
If False, will not run postprocessing of component data before returning 'fn' output to the browser.
A list of other events to cancel when this listener is triggered. For example, setting cancels=[click_event] will cancel the click_event, where click_event is the return value of another components .click method. Functions that have not yet run (or generators that are iterating) will be cancelled, but functions that are currently running will be allowed to finish.
Run this event 'every' number of seconds while the client connection is open. Interpreted in seconds. Queue must be enabled.
If "once" (default for all events except .change()) would not allow any submissions while an event is pending. If set to "multiple", unlimited submissions are allowed while pending, and "always_last" (default for .change() event) would allow a second submission after the pending event is complete.
Optional frontend js method to run before running 'fn'. Input arguments for js method are values of 'inputs' and 'outputs', return should be a list of values for output components.

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Description

concurrency_limit

int | None | Literal['default']

default: "default"

If set, this is the maximum number of this event that can be running simultaneously. Can be set to None to mean no concurrency_limit (any number of this event can be running simultaneously). Set to "default" to use the default concurrency limit (defined by the default_concurrency_limit parameter in Blocks.queue(), which itself is 1 by default).

concurrency_id

str | None

default: None

If set, this is the id of the concurrency group. Events with the same concurrency_id will be limited by the lowest set concurrency_limit.

show_api

bool

default: True

whether to show this event in the "view API" page of the Gradio app, or in the ".view_api()" method of the Gradio clients. Unlike setting api_name to False, setting show_api to False will still allow downstream apps to use this event. If fn is None, show_api will automatically be set to False.

Guides

Image Classification In Pytorch

Image Classification In Tensorflow

Image Classification With Vision Transformers

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