

$$nCr$$

$$1) 0! = 1$$

$$2) 1! = 1$$

$$3) nC_0 = nC_n = 1$$

$$4) nCr = nC_{n-r}$$

$$5) nCr = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!r!}$$

6) pascal's triangle

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & & 1 & & 2 & & 1 \\ & 1 & & 2 & & 1 & \\ - & 1 & 3 & - & 3 & - & 1 \dots n-1 \\ - & 1 & 4 & 6 & 4 & 1 & \dots n \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 2+1 \quad 3 \\ \boxed{nCr = nC_{r-1} + nC_r} \\ 6 = 3 + 3 \end{array}$$

$$7) n+1Cr = \frac{(n+1)!}{(n-r)!r!}$$

$$n+1Cr = \frac{(n-r)!}{(n-r)!r!} \cdot \frac{r \cdot n}{n}$$

$$= \frac{n!}{(n-r)!r!} \cdot \frac{r}{n}$$

$$= nCr \cdot \frac{r}{n}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{nCr = \frac{n}{r} \cdot n+1Cr}$$

$$8) nCr = \frac{(n-1)!}{(n-1-r)!r!}$$

$$= \frac{(n-1)! \cdot n \cdot (n-r)}{(n-1-r)!r! \cdot n}$$

$$= \frac{n! (n-r)}{(n-r)!r! \cdot n}$$

$$= \frac{n-r}{n} \cdot nCr$$

$$\therefore nCr = \frac{n}{n-r} \cdot n+1Cr$$

$$9) nCr = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!r!}$$

$$= \frac{n!}{(n-r+1)!r!} \cdot \frac{r}{r}$$

$$= \frac{n!}{(n-r+1)!r!} \cdot \frac{r}{n-r+1}$$

$$\therefore = nCr \cdot \frac{r}{n-r+1}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{nCr = \frac{n-r+1}{r} \cdot n+1Cr}$$

$$10) nPr = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!}$$

$$= \frac{n! r!}{(n-r)!r!} = nCr \cdot r!$$

$$\therefore \boxed{nCr = \frac{1}{r!} \cdot nPr}$$

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