

Q WAP to identify whether given string is keyword or not.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
Void main ()
{
    char arr[100][10] = {"if", "else", "elseif", "struct",
                         "break", "false", "true", "for",
                         "while", "f"};
    char n[10];
    int f=0;
    printf ("enter the keyword \n");
    Scanf ("%s", &n);
    for (int i=0; i<10; i++)
    {
        if (strcmp (arr[i], n) == 0)
        {
            f=1;
        }
        if (f == 1)
            printf ("keyword is present \n");
        else
            printf ("keyword is not present \n");
    }
}
```

output exp. 1

Enter the keyword
false
keyword is Present

O/P:-

Content of this file are
file is created

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Revision of file Handling

Q

WAP in C to read data from existing file.

```
#include <stdio.h>
Void main()
{
FILE *file;
Char a;
file = fopen("mk.txt", "r");
if (NULL == file)
{
    printf("file can't be opened\n");
}
else printf("Content of this file are\n");
while (!feof(file))
{
    a = fgetc(file);
    printf("%c", a);
}
fclose(file);
}
```

21st
Sept 2023

output :-

```
enter the filename filename.txt
else
total keyword 1
```

Lab - 2

Experiment ②

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
int iskeyword(char word[])
{
    char key[32][10] = {"for", "if", "else", "goto", "false",
                        "break"};
    for (int i=0; i<32; i++) {
        if (strcmp(key[i], word) == 0)
            return 1;
    }
    return 0;
}
int main()
{
    char filename[100];
    char word[20];
    int count = 0;
    printf("enter the filename");
    scanf("%s", filename);
    FILE *f;
    f = fopen(filename, "r");
    if (f == NULL)
        printf("the file is empty\n");
    return 0;
}
```

PROGRAM

```
while (fscanf(f, "%s", word) != EOF)
{
    if (isKeyword(word))
    {
        count++;
        printf("%s\n", word);
    }
}
fclose(f);
printf("total keyword %d", count);
return 0;
}
```

QF

enter the filename

filename.txt

-

*

%

+

*

total operators

8

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Lab - 3
Experiment - 0

11

WAP in C to count total no. of operators in a file.

```
#include < stdio.h>
#include < stdlib.h>
#include < string.h>
int isKeyword (char word[])
{
    char key[32][10] = { "+", "-", "%", "*", "++", "--" };
    for (int i=0; i<10; i++)
        if (strcmp (key[i], word) == 0)
            return 1;
    return 0;
}

int main()
{
    char filename[200];
    char word[20];
    int count = 0;
    printf ("enter the filename \n");
    scanf ("%s", filename);
    FILE *f;
    f = fopen (filename, "r");
    if (f == NULL)
```

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```
printf("file is empty \n");
return 0;
}
while(fscanf(f, "%c", word) != EOF)
{
    count++;
    printf("%s\n", word);
}
fclose(f);
printf("total operators %d", count);
return 0;
```

~~279
3 Oct 2023~~

~~Q1~~
enter char to find :-
total number of a is 1

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Lab-4
Experiment 1

WAP in C to count total occurrence of given character in a file

#include < stdio.h >

int main()

{

FILE *file;

int count = 0;

char ch;

file = fopen ("nk.txt", "r");

if (file == NULL)

{ printf ("file can not opened\n");

}

printf ("Enter char to find :- ");

scanf ("%c", &ch);

while (!feof (file))

{

if (ch ==getc (file))

count ++;

}

}

printf ("total number of %c is %d\n", ch, count);

return 0;

}

10/10/2023.

Q1:

expression terminated by \$: a+b+c=d
Given Expression : a+b+c=d

Symbol table

| Symbol | addr | Type |
|--------|---------|------------|
| a | 8390704 | Identifier |
| + | 8390718 | operator |
| b | 8390815 | Identifier |
| + | 8390625 | operator |
| c | 8390821 | Identifier |
| = | 8390706 | operator |
| d | 8390717 | Identifier |

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Lab(5)

WAP in c to insert and display the entries in the symbol table.

```
#include < stdio.h >
#include < ctype.h >
#include < stdlib.h >
#include < string.h >
#include < math.h >
Void main()
{
    int i=0, j=0, n=0, n;
    Void *p, *add[5];
    Char *ch, soch, b[15], d[15] < C;
    printf("Expression terminated by $:");
    while ((c = getch()) != '$')
    {
        b[i] = c;
        i++;
    }
    n = i - 1;
    printf("Given Expression:");
    i = 0;
    while (i < n)
    {
        printf("%c", b[i]);
        i++;
    }
    printf("\n symbol table \n");
}
```

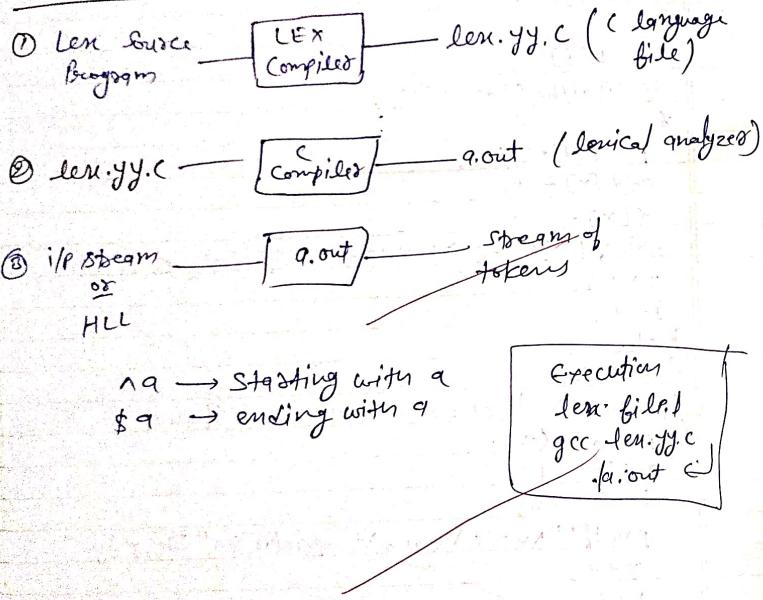
```

printf ("Symbol \t address \t type");
while (j <= n)
{
    c = b[j];
    if (isalpha (toascii (c)))
    {
        p = malloc (c);
        add [x] = p;
        d [x] = c;
        printf ("\n%.c \t %.d \t identifier\n", c, p);
        x++;
    }
    else
    {
        ch = c;
        if (ch == '+' || ch == '-' || ch == '*' || ch == '/')
        {
            p = malloc (ch);
            add [x] = p;
            d [x] = ch;
            printf ("\n%.c \t %.d \t operator\n", ch, p);
            x++;
        }
        j++;
    }
}

```

21/10/2023

Block Diagram :-



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Lab-6 Experiment - I

- ① lex :- It is a tool of S/w which automatically generates a lexical analyzer.
→ A lex program consist of 3 parts & these parts are separated by '`.`' (delimiter)

- ② Declaration
`...` (delimited)

- ③ Translation Rules
`...`
 |
 | Pattern
 | Action

- ④ Auxiliary Procedures / Functions
yywrap()
yylen()

- * yywrap() :- This function is called by lex tool when i/p is exhausted, It always return 1, when execution is complete.

- * yylen() :- This function read the input stream and generate tokens acc. to the expression.

O/P :- Enter the i/p

Hi
Bree
null
~~ERROR!!~~

O/P :- Enter the i/p

Hello
mixed
Hello
lowercase
HELLO
uppercase

99

number

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① Example :- (Basic Example)

/*
#include <stdio.h>

y. ?

y. ?.

"Hi" { printf ("Bree"); };

* { printf ("Error!"); };

*/.
void main()
{ printf ("Enter the i/p\n");
yscanf ();

int yscanf ()
return 1;
y

② Example

%

#include <stdio.h>

/*. ?

*/.
[a-z] + { printf ("lowercase"); };

[A-Z] + { printf ("Uppercase"); };

[a-zA-Z] + { printf ("mixed"); };

[0-9] + { printf ("number"); };

* { printf ("ERROR!"); };

*/.

O/P:-

Enter the i/p
5
odd
6
even
22
even
43
odd.

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```
Void main() {  
    printf("Enter the i/p \n");  
    yylex();  
}  
int yywrap() {  
    return 1;  
}
```

(3) Example :-

```
#include < stdio.h>  
. . .  
. . .  
[0-9] + {x = atoi(yytext);  
if (x%2 == 0)  
    printf("Even \n");  
else  
    printf("Even \n");  
else  
    printf("odd \n"); }  
* {printf("ERROR ! "); }  
. . .  
Void main()  
printf("Enter the i/p \n");  
yylex();  
int yywrap() {  
    return 1;  
}
```

O/P:-

Enter the input
apple
start with vowel
Hii
Wrong Input

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Lab - 7

Q1) Check whether a name start with vowel or not. :-

%f

```
#include < stdio.h >
```

```
1. {
```

```
2. }
```

```
3. [aeiouAEIOU][A-Z]* { printf("start with vowel\n"); }  
4. * { printf("wrong input"); }
```

```
5. %.
```

```
int main()
```

```
{ printf("Enter the input"); }
```

```
yyLex();
```

```
7 int yywrap()
```

```
{
```

```
return 1;
```

```
3
```

Q/P : Enter a mobile Number

48499

wrong input

9460285111

valid

0123456789

wrong input

Lab - 8

Experiment - 1

1/

check whether a phone number is valid or not

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
1. {
```

```
2. }
```

```
3. { printf("invalid\n"); }
```

```
4. { printf("Valid\n"); }
```

```
5. { printf("Wrong Input\n"); }
```

```
6. }
```

```
7. int main()
```

```
8. {
```

```
9.     printf("Enter a mobile Number\n");
```

```
10.    scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
11.    if (n >= 1000000000 & n <= 999999999)
```

```
12.        printf("Valid\n");
```

```
13.    else
```

```
14.        printf("Invalid\n");
```

```
15.    return 0;
```

```
16. }
```

Topic - ②

1/ check whether it is valid identifier or not

```
1. {
```

```
2. #include <stdio.h>
```

```
3. {
```

```
4. }
```

```
5. { printf("invalid\n"); }
```

```
6. { printf("Valid\n"); }
```

```
7. { printf("Wrong input\n"); }
```

```
8. }
```

O/P:

Enter a input

invalid

-abc

valid

a

Valid

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Void main()

{

printf("Enter a input");

yytoken();

}

int yywrap()

{

return 1;

}

四

Enter a input
http://www.abc.com
Valid
https://www.abc.com
Valid
https://www.abc.com
Wrong IP.

11. Write a Java program to check whether the given user input is a valid input.

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Lab - 9

Exhibit D

11 Write a Java program to check whether the given user is a valid input.

7.5

```
#include < stdio.h >
```

7.

9. 9

```

C((n+p)) |(n+p))| : | / | / ((wz)) |, (A-Z) |
[1.] [a-z] { 2 } [A-Z0-9+p] = ] & printf ("Valid wz");
.* {printf ("wzng input\n");
'.' .

```

Void main()

```
8 printf("Enter a input \n");
```

yellow (j)

1

int yywrap()

5

return 1;

1

O/P:

Enter a input

12: 45: 59

Valid

13: 00: 23

wrong input

04: 30: 50

Valid input

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Exp -②

1) write a C program to check whether a given time is valid.

#include

'i.h'

#include < stdio.h >

'i.3'

'i.1.'

([0][1-9][1][0-2]1:[0-5][0-9]1:[

[6-5][0-9]) printf("Valid\n"); }

* } printf("Wrong input\n"); }

'i.'

Void main()

{

printf("Enter a input \n");

getchar();

'p'

int yywrap()

{

return 1;

}

yywrap
→ Dec 2022