Nakuja Internship

Avionics Progress Report

Week 2

Junn Hope

Tasks completed last week

- Communication channels
 - ☐ [#Issue 40] : Test two reads over I2C
 - [#Issue 41]: Test two writes over SPI (pending)
 - ☐ [#Issue 42]: Test speed and bandwidth of I2C and SPI

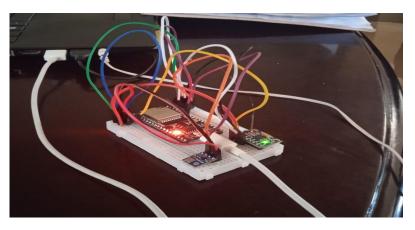
- [#Issue 2],[Issue50] : Research on ground station
- [#Issue 49] : Inquire about JKUAT Satellite (arising issue from [#Issue 1])
- [#Issue 51]: Inquire about GEGIS drone

Communication

- The essence of the issues regarding communication was to find a protocol of sending d
 ata (from the manager to on-ground microcontroller) and receiving data (from sensors to on-flight microcontroller) through our entire rocket.
- Data shall be read over I2C and written through SPI protocols.

1. [#Issue 40]- Test two reads over I2C

I connected the ESP 32 through 2 sensors (BMP180 and MPU6050) over I2C and read data over the serial monitor successfully



```
This code tests for the addresses and number of slaves
connected to the master
#include <Wire.h>
void setup() {
 Wire.begin();
 Serial.begin(115200);
 Serial.println("\nI2C Scanner");
void loop() {
 byte error, address;
 int nDevices;
 Serial.println("Scanning...");
 nDevices = 0:
 for (address = 1; address < 127; address++ ) {
   Wire.beginTransmission(address);
   error = Wire.endTransmission();
   if (error == 0) {
      Serial.print ("I2C device found at address 0x");
      if (address<16) {
       Serial.print("0");
      Serial.println(address, HEX);
      nDevices++;
```

[#Issue 42]: Test speed and bandwidth of I2C and SPI

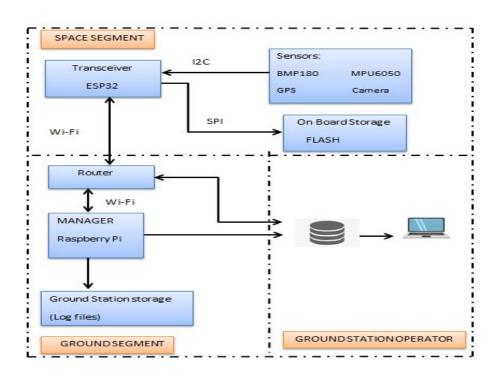
Over I2C, it was found that the speed is directly related to the frequency of operation

```
int i2c_master_port = 0;
i2c_config_t conf = {
    .mode = I2C_MODE_MASTER,
    .sda_io_num = I2C_MASTER_SDA_IO,
    .sda_pullup_en = GPIO_PULLUP_ENABLE,
    .scl_io_num = I2C_MASTER_SCL_IO,
    .scl_pullup_en = GPIO_PULLUP_ENABLE,
    .master.clk_speed = I2C_MASTER_FREO_HZ, /
    // .clk_flags = 0, /*!< Optional,
};</pre>
```

The SPI test is pending on the working of [#Issue 41]

[#Issue 2]: Research on Ground Station

A figure of how our ground station shall look like is as shown below



[#Issue 49]: Inquiry on JKUAT Satellite

- JKUAT Tech House is home to a satellite station that receives RF signals from a satellite on the lower orbit and transmits this signal as Wi-Fi through the university.
- On inquiry, we found that the satellite is able to hold speeds of up to 500gb/s, which would work for our high speed requirements for video transmission.
- A point to point bridge connection between Tech house and launch area to be set up, and router to create wi-fi network at said area.

[#Issue 51]: Inquiry about GEGIS Drone

- We approached the GEGIS department to allow use to use their drones for test purposes of the real time relay of data from our sensors and flight computer on the drone to the ground station, prior to launch.
- The drones are available for use, however a KCAA flight regulation policy of flying below 117m should be adhered to.

Tasks in this week

- [#Issue 4] : Getting acquainted with Avionics and Telemetry resources
- Onboarding and task planning
- Flight computer (1 &2) review

Timeline

| Month | Intern week | Tasks |
|-------|-------------|---|
| Jan | Week 1 | Onboarding Getting acquainted with avionics and telemetry resources |
| | Week 2 | Research on ground station & ground station dashboard Research on camera module Research on Data transmission |
| | Week 3 | Avionics bay design Launch pad design |
| Feb | Week 4 | Research on apogee detection logic Improve Kalman filter performance |
| | Week 5 | Program Avionics and Telemetry boards |
| | Week 6 | Test the boards |
| | Week 7 | Testing and launch of N2 |