

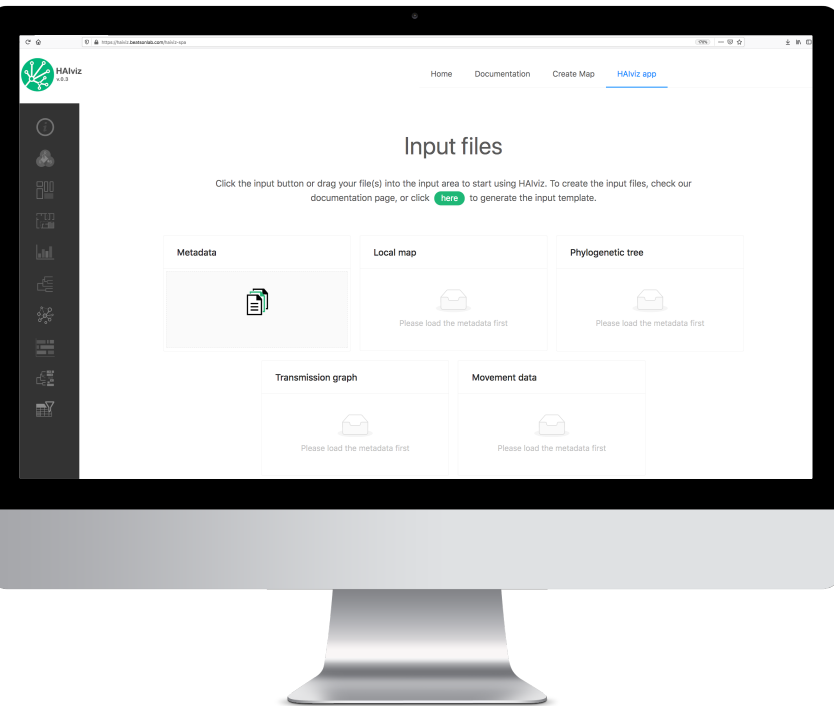
# QUICK START GUIDE

HALviz v.0.3

**Budi Permana**

v.2021.01.01

# Input Files



HALviz is showing input files loader. Users can click the file loader or drag and drop the files into the area. Input file will be parsed and validated, if file is valid, visualisation widow(s) will be activated, otherwise HALviz will throw an error message. An active window is indicated by a colourful icon.

Disabled



Activated



Icon of colour-key menu

## Metadata

A table contains information about the isolates, written in CSV format. Critical requirements including: mandatory headers, no duplicated records in column **isolate\_name** and all dates must written in **ISO 8601** format (YYYY-MM-DD).

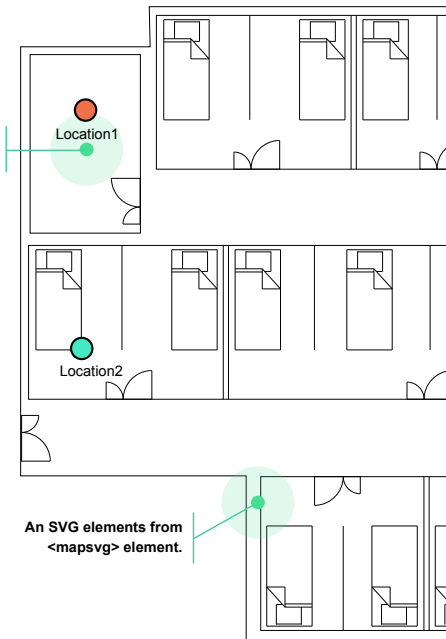
Mandatory headers and columns						Optional					
isolate_name	isolate_species	isolate_colDate	isolate_colLocation	isolate_sourceType	isolate_sourceName	profile_1	profile_2	profile_3	profile_1:color	profile_2:color	profile_3:color
Isolate1	Species1	2019-12-20	Location1	Patient	P1	Clade 1	ST 1	vanA	blue	#9e0142	#fea
Isolate2	Species2	2019-12-21	Location2	Environment	P2	Clade 2	ST 2	vanB	lightgreen	#c12949	#fea2

## Local map

An XML file contains SVG element and location indexes. This file is specific to HALviz and can be easily created on HALviz map editor tool (page 4).

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<haivimap>
  <mapsvg>
    <svg
      version="1.1"
      xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
      xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
      x="0px" y="0px"
      width="900px" height="500px">
      <!--SVG elements here-->
    </svg>
  </mapsvg>
  <mapdata>
    <location name="Location1" x="100" y="150"/>
    <location name="Location2" x="100" y="350"/>
  </mapdata>
</haivimap>
```

Location's x and y position from <mapdata> element.



An SVG elements from <mapsvg> element.

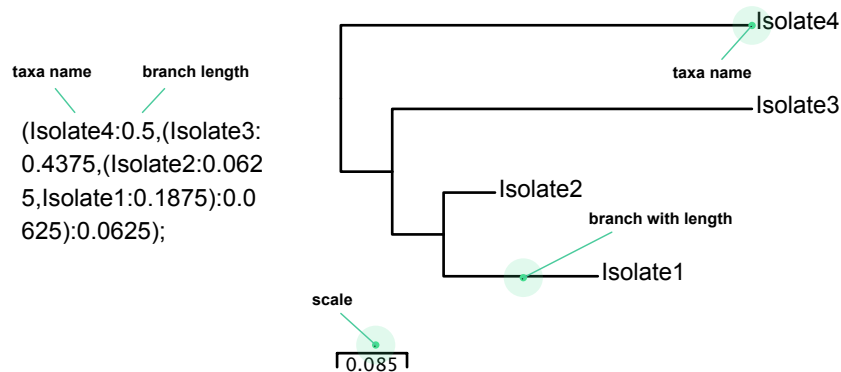
Example of recommended SVG attributes for HALviz map editor.



# Input Files

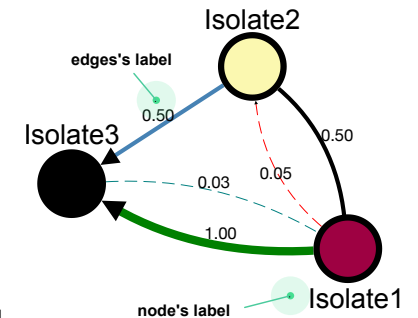
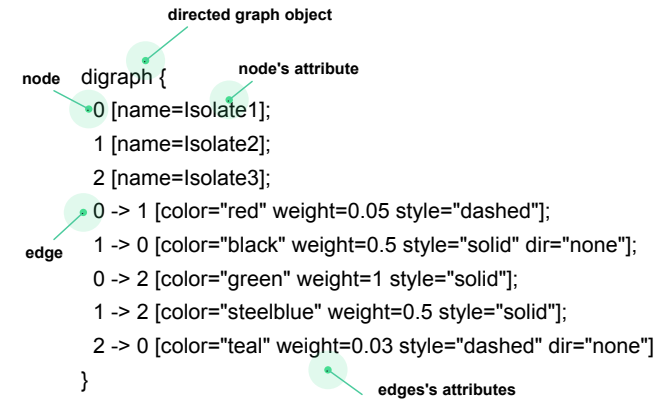
## Phylogenetic tree

A Newick formatted phylogenetic tree file with **taxa name** (leaf label) and **branch length**.



## Transmission graph

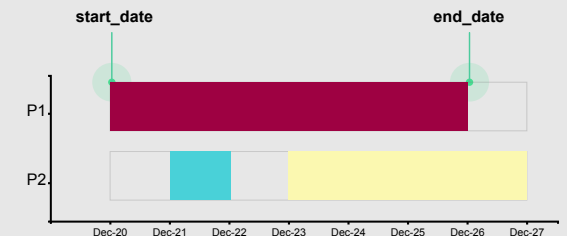
A text file describing a graph object written in **DOT** language.



## Movement timeline

A table file describing an individual movements (e.g. patient) from time to time at a single or multiple locations, written in **CSV** format. Critical requirements including: mandatory headers, dates column cannot be empty and must written in **ISO 8601** format (YYYY-MM-DD), and **start\_date** must be **less than or equal to end\_date**.

Mandatory headers and columns				Optional
source_name	start_date	end_date	location_name	location_color
P1	2019-12-20	2019-12-25	Location1	#9E0142
P2	2019-12-21	2019-12-22	Location2	#49D1D8
P2	2019-12-23	2019-12-26	Location3	#FBF8B0



# Main Interface

<https://haiviz.beatsonlab.com/haiviz-spa>

## Visualisation menu

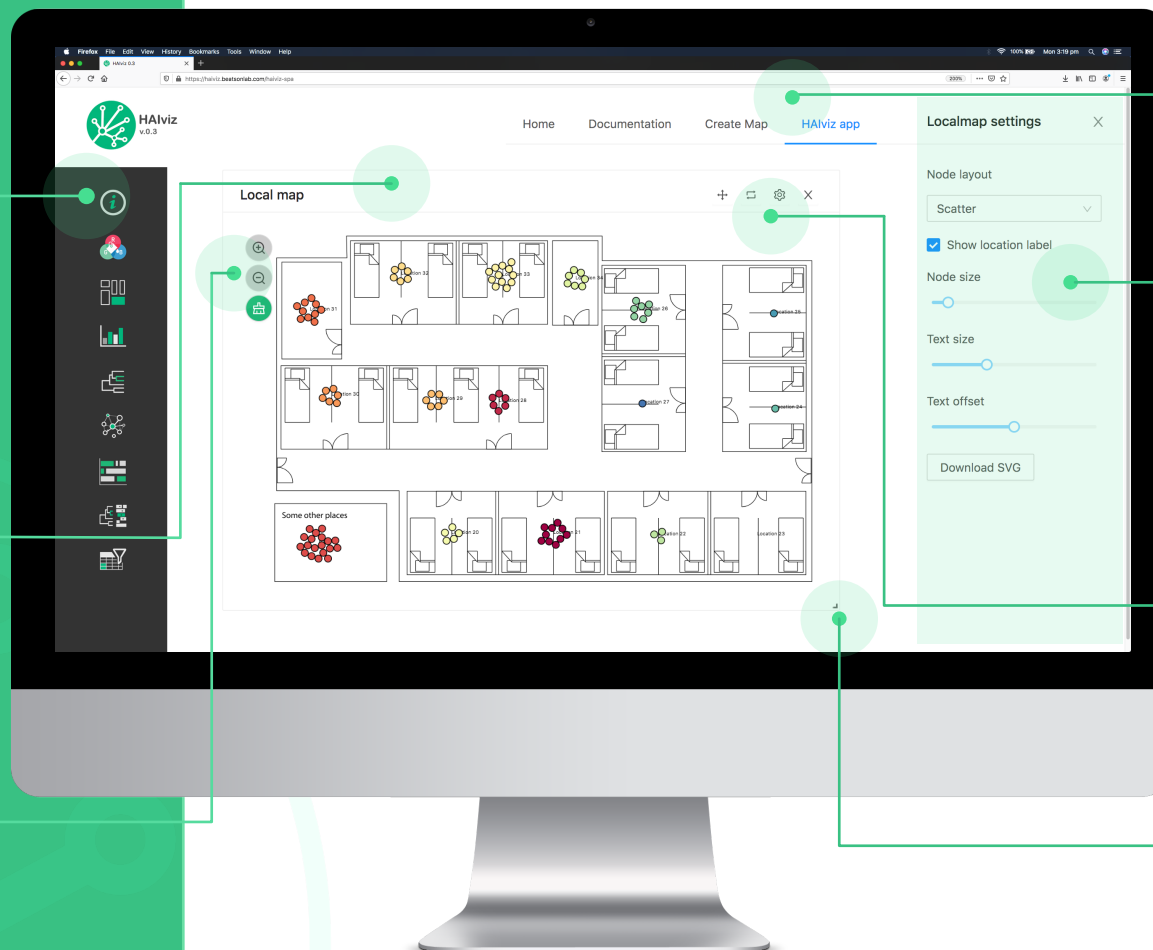
Host all visualisation windows. Each icon will be activated as soon as visualisation from your input file is ready. Click on the icon to display the window.

## Visualisation window

A window container where the interactive graphics are being rendered. The window can be individually moved, resized and closed.

## Visualisation controller

Let you change the current state of visualisation display, such as, zoom in, zoom out and clear data selection.



## Page navigation

The main application navigation to let you jump between pages.

## Window settings

A side drawer provides you additional actions or settings related to the current window.

## Window controller

(From left to right) Let you move the window, re-draw visualisation, open additional settings and close the window.

## Resize controller

Let you change the current size of your visualisation window.

HAIVIZ is showing a local map window, its controller and settings. Coloured nodes (circles) represent isolates clustered based in their collection location. Users can click, mouseover, zoom, pan, change the node layout (e.g. to piechart), node size, location text size and download the final visualisation in SVG format.



# Creating local map

HALviz is showing a local map editor page. Users start creating the local map by **loading an SVG** file. To be properly displayed, the SVG file must include attribute of **width and height** in pixel unit (example of recommended attributes is given in page 1). When file is loaded, users can **add, rename, update or remove a location**. A final map can be saved using **download** button or being **directly loaded** to HALviz if metadata input has been previously loaded.

## Location labeller

Let you enter and update the name of a location.

## Zoom controller

Let you zoom in and zoom out the map.

## Map loader

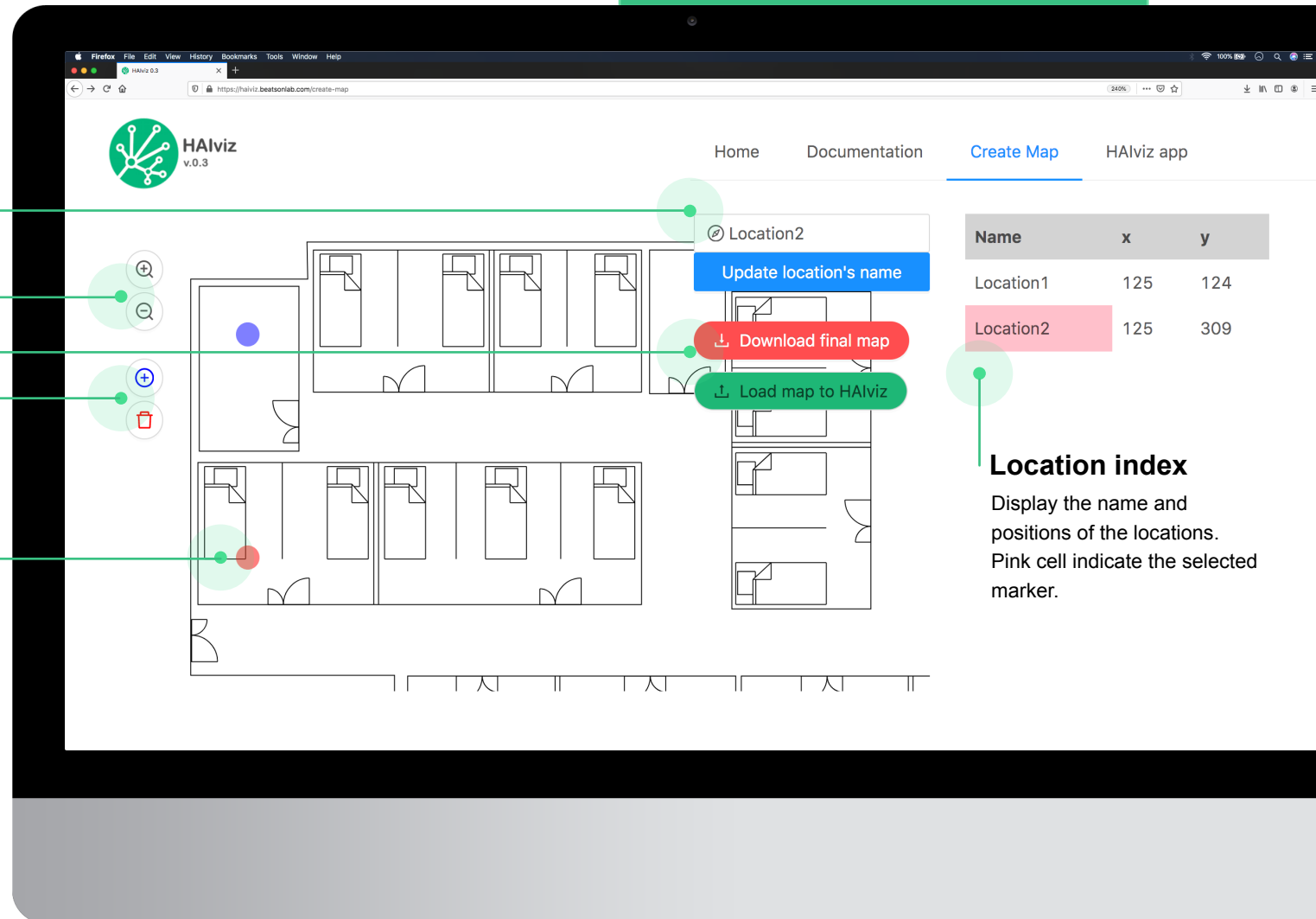
Let you download the map for later usage or load the map directly to HALviz.

## Location logger

Let you add a new location and remove the selected location.

## Location marker

To remove or update location name, users need to click to select the marker. A selected marker is indicated by pink colour.



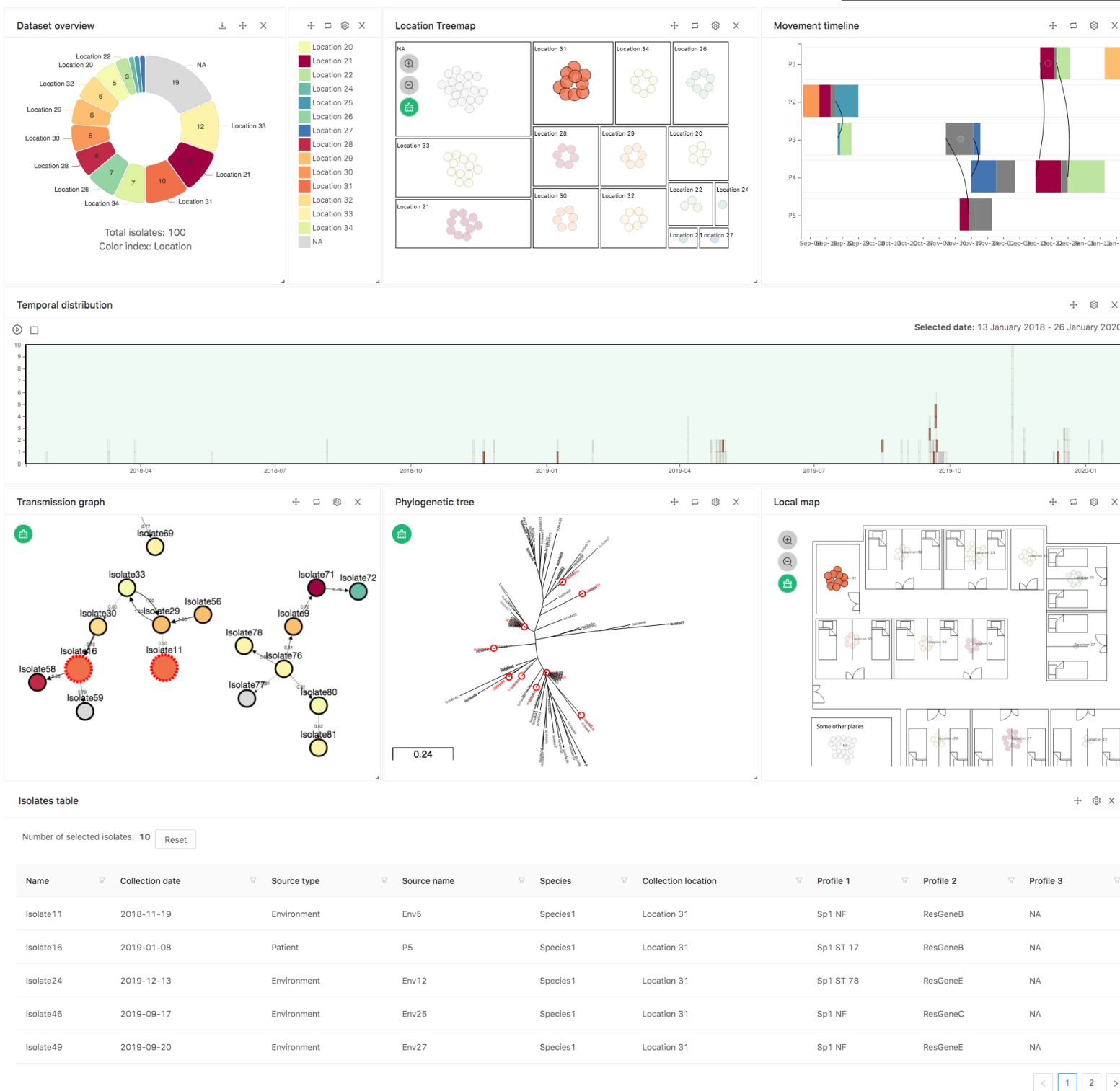
## 5 quick steps

1. Add a location
2. Move the location marker
3. Click the marker
4. Enter the name and click update name
5. Download final XML map

<https://haiviz.beatsonlab.com/create-map>



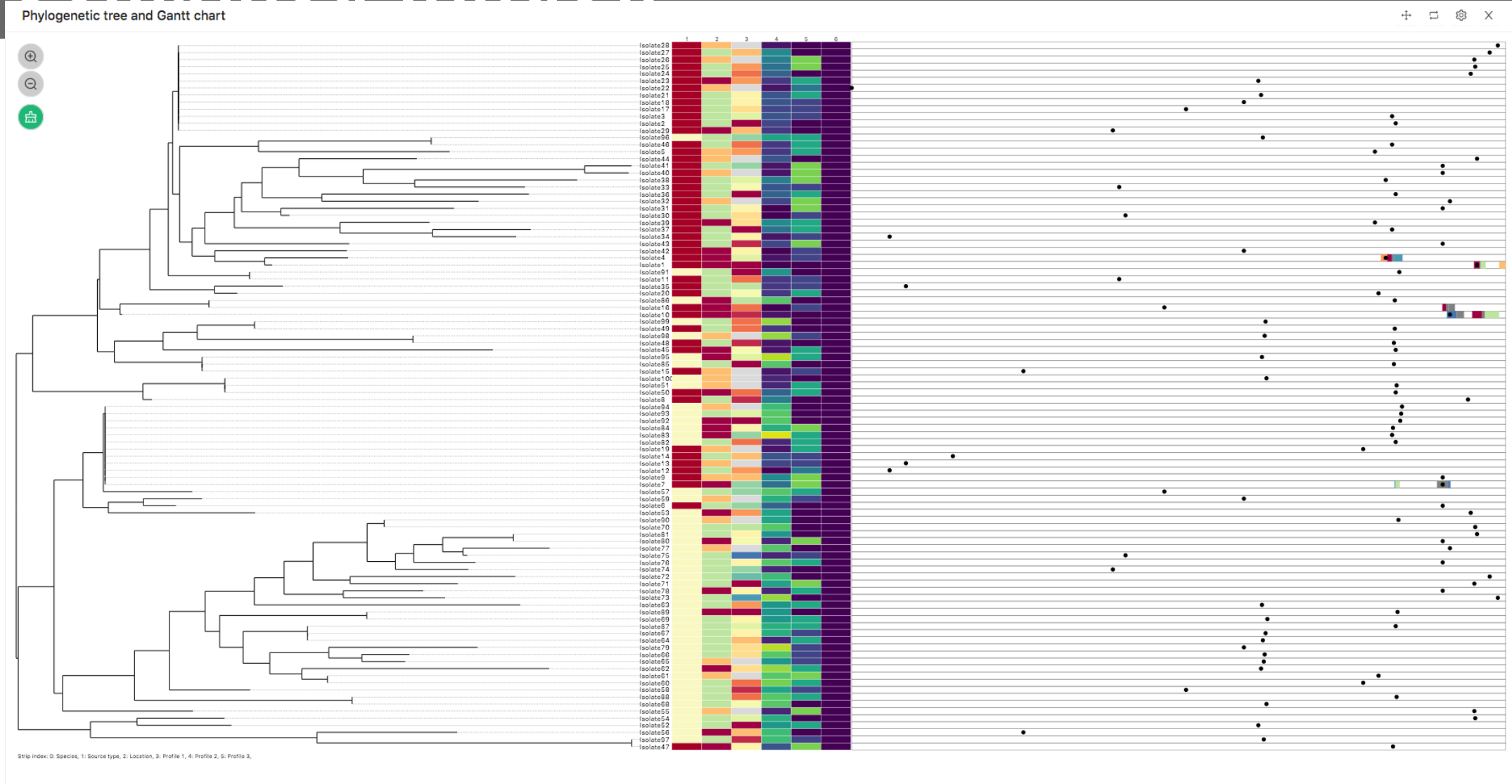
# Interaction And Integration



- HALviz is showing nine integrated and interactive visualisation windows created from an example dataset.
- To demonstrate integration functionality, isolates collected from Location 31 was all selected on location treemap window. This action will highlight all selected isolates on the other windows.
- Selection can also be performed in other windows, including using an interactive brush on temporal distribution window to create animation.
- Isolates table window provides filtering feature to enable users select the isolates based on the table columns. The table is also available to be downloaded as a CSV file.
- All images produced by HALviz is ready to be saved to an SVG format, enabling quick and flexible editing for report and publication.



# Combined window



A window that visualise a combination of phylogenetic tree, colour strips, and movement timeline is available. The strip columns represent colours of isolate species, source type, location, profile 1, 2 and 3, respectively. This colour can be changed interactively on colour key window. This combined window is useful to visualise many information all together in a single image.



# THANK YOU

for reading this guide

Thanks to all awesome web frameworks and libraries run on the background, HALviz is now up and running and available worldwide. The following are some of the core libraries used by HALviz:

react  
react-grid-layout  
d3  
antd  
phylocanvas  
phylocanvas-plugin-export-svg  
phylocanvas-plugin-scalebar  
cytoscape  
cytoscape-svg  
redux  
react-color  
@nivo  
lodash  
moment  
moment-range  
newickparser  
dotparser  
export-to-csv  
uuid  
xml-js  
...



React-Grid  
Layout



**HALviz v.0.3**  
Healthcare-Associated  
Infections Visualization Tool