

Secret Agent ID Generator [Completed]

Mini Project: Secret Agent ID Card Generator

Time limit: 1hour

Chapters covered: 1 - Basics, 2 - Variables & Operators, 3 -

Strings

Difficulty: Beginner-friendly & fun

Goal: Produce a console program that asks the user for information and prints a formatted Secret Agent ID Card.

Problem Statement

Design a Python script that, after collecting a few details from the user, displays a hacker-style ID card for a secret agent.

The card must *show* the real name, a masked code name, joining year, mission status, and a custom ID string.

Required Features (Must-Have)

#	Requirement	Chapter Concept
1	Display a welcome message using print()	Chapter 1
2	Collect four inputs: real name, secret code name, joining year, mission status	Chapter 2 - input() & type casting
3	Mask the code name by showing only its first three characters followed by five asterisks masked = code[:3] + "*****"	Chapter 3 – slicing
4	Convert the mission status to UPPER-CASE before printing	Chapter 3 – string methods
5	Create an ID string by concatenating the <i>uppercase</i> code name with the last two digits of the year, separated by a dash ID = CODE.upper() + "-" + year[-2:]	Ch 2 (operators) & Ch 3 (slicing, methods)
6	Use an f-string and escape sequences (\n , etc.) to print the final card exactly like the sample below	Chapter 3 – f-strings & escapes
7	Program must run without errors and produce the correct format	All

Bonus (Pick any)

- 1. **Random Agent Number** import the random module and attach AGT-XXXX to the ID card.
- 2. **Text-to-Speech** use pyttsx3 to announce: "ID Generated. Welcome, Agent ___."
- 3. **Password Gate** ask for a pass-phrase (SPY2025) and validate with logical operators before proceeding.

Sample Interaction (Minimum Requirements)

(Your output must replicate this layout, but with whatever data the user types.)

Implementation Hints (No Full Solution!)

- Masking → Remember end-exclusive rule: code[:3] gives chars 0, 1, 2.
- **Upper-case** → **status.upper()** converts the entire string.
- Last two digits of year → slice the string: year[-2:].
- Formatting → Put the entire ID card inside one big f-string with n for new lines.
- Quick test → Try hard-coding variables first, then swap in input() calls.

Submission Checklist

- Code runs without syntax errors.
- ✓ All Required Features implemented.

- Output looks like the Sample Interaction.
- ✓ File named secret_agent_id.py -

Tip: Aim for clarity over cleverness. Use comments to explain your steps — future-you will thank you!

Good luck, Agent 👓 🚀

Status: Completed

```
import random
                  # For generating random numbers
import pyttsx3
                 # For text-to-speech functionality
print("***Welcome to the Spy ID Generator***")
# Take user inputs
name = input("Enter your Real name: ")
code = input("Enter your Secret code name: ")
# Simple validation for year input: ensure it's 4 digits
while True:
  year = input("Enter your Joining year (4 digits): ")
  if year.isdigit() and len(year) == 4:
    break
  else:
    print("Please enter a valid 4-digit year.")
status = input("Enter your mission status (Success/Failure): ")
print("Generating ID")
SECRET AGENT ID CARD ||
______
```

```
''')
# Set seed for reproducibility of random numbers (optional)
random.seed(10)
# Mask first 3 characters of code name and add stars
masked = code[:3] + "*****"
# Convert status to uppercase for uniform display
status = status.upper()
# Generate ID string: uppercase code name + last 2 digits of year + random num
ID = code.upper() + "-" + year[-2:] + str(random.randint(1, 10000))
# Display the secret agent ID card
print(f'''|| Name : {name}
Code Name: {masked}
|| Joined : {year}
Status : {status}
|| ID String: {ID}
# Initialize text-to-speech engine and speak the welcome message
engine = pyttsx3.init()
engine.say(f"Welcome, Agent {masked}, Your status is {status}, Your ID is {ID}. I
engine.runAndWait()
```