

INTRODUCTION TO WEB DEVELOPMENT

Coding Course Curriculum

Week 5 - Bootstrap

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WHAT WE'LL COVER THIS WEEK

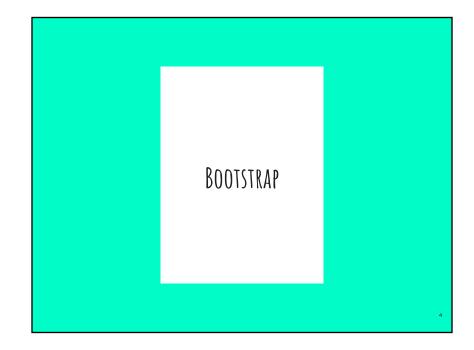
- 1. Recap of what we learnt last week (GitHub)
- 2. What's hard in CSS and why do we need to fix it?
- Bootstrap what it is, what problems it fixes, how to use it
- 4. Modifying Bootstrap
- 5. Even more awesome stuff!
- 6. Homework

WHAT WE COVERED IN WEEK 4 - GITHUB AND VERSION CONTROL

What did we learn last week?

- 1. Version Control & Using GitHub
- 2. Create your group repository
- 3. Publishing on GitHub Pages
- 4. How Github Pages Works
- 5. Conflict scenario!
- 6. How to avoid and reduce merge conflicts

Task: Find a partner and together take a quick look through the notes from last week's session. If you're unclear on any of the concepts, work through them with your partner and an instructor



BOOTSTRAP

- What is hard about CSS?
- What is Bootstrap?
- How do you use Bootstrap in a website project?

WHAT IS HARD ABOUT CSS?

Different browsers will render CSS with subtle differences

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BROWSER FALLBACKS

<div class="img-polaroid">

 </div>

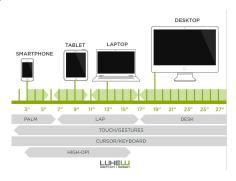


```
.img-polaroid {
 /* Creating a polaroid border */
 padding: 4px;
 border: 1px solid rgba(0, 0, 0,
 box-shadow: 0 1px 3px rgba(0, 0, 0,
0.1);
 /* Browser fallbacks */
 background-color: #fff;
 border: 1px solid #ccc;
 border: 1px solid rgba(0, 0, 0,
  -webkit-box-shadow: 0 1px 3px
rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);
  -moz-box-shadow: 0 1px 3px rgba(0,
0, 0, 0.1);
 box-shadow: 0 1px 3px rgba(0, 0, 0,
0.1);
```

WHAT ELSE IS HARD ABOUT CSS?

RESPONSIVE WEB DESIGN

Making websites look good on all the different screen sizes we now have.



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WHAT ARE THE PROBLEMS WE NEED TO SOLVE?

- We need CSS fallbacks for differences in browser rendering
- We need to make sure our websites work on any device shown, regardless of screen size
- We need to become more efficient at writing code

THE SOLUTION: A FRAMEWORK

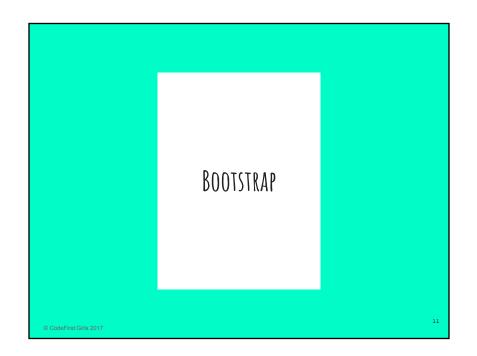
- What is a framework? A skeleton of code providing generic functionality
- You can use it to extend your own code
- You can override the framework code with your own



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BOOTSTRAP

- It's a framework
- Made and originally maintained by the team behind Twitter
- A set of ready-made CSS & JavaScript files with style solutions and functions to common requirements
- It's cross browser
- And it's responsive!

USING BOOTSTRAP

- 1. Link the Bootstrap files in the head of your HTML pages
- 2. Attach the relevant Bootstrap classes to your HTML elements

http://getbootstrap.com/getting-started/

(please use version 3.3.7, not latest version, 4.0)

GETTING STARTED WITH BOOTSTRAP

There are two ways to include Bootstrap in your projects:

- Link to the Bootstrap CDN (Content Delivery Network)
- Download the Bootstrap files and add them to your website folder

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CONTENT DELIVERY NETWORKS

- What is a Content Delivery Network?
- Why would you need one?
- CDNs speed the delivery of content to users when websites are facing high traffic across a global reach.



BOOTSTRAP CDN

PR₀s

- A CDN is server containing the Bootstrap files
- No need to download anything
- Add a link to the CDN and you're done

CONs

- Risky
- Your website layout will break if:
 - The files are no longer on the CDN
 - The connection with the CDN fails

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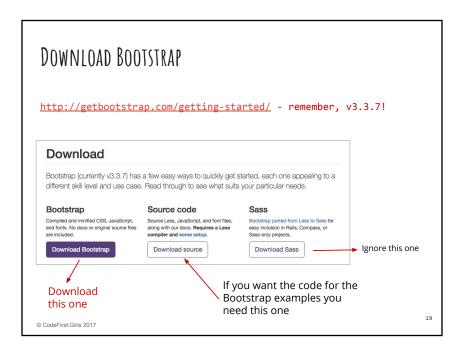
DOWNLOADING BOOTSTRAP

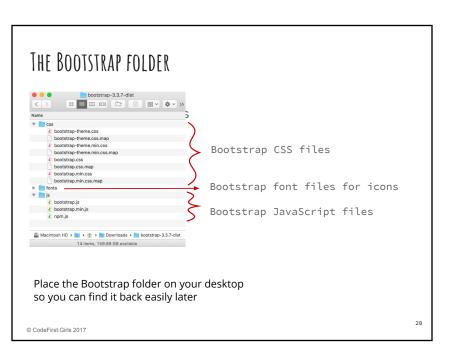
- A safer way of using Bootstrap
- You download the files and add them to your website folder

PROCESS OF USING BOOTSTRAP

- Download the Bootstrap files
- Add the files to your website project
- Link to the files in your HTML
- Add the Bootstrap classes to our HTML
- Create overrides to the Bootstrap styling

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DOWNLOAD THE SAM'S SARNIES EXERCISE

https://github.com/code61/bootstrap exercise

- Click Clone or download
- Download ZIP
- Go to your downloads folder
- Unzip the folder
- Place the folder in your coding_course folder

ADD THE BOOTSTRAP CSS TO YOUR PROJECT FOLDER Bootstrap folder Exercise folder bootstrap-theme.css index.html bootstrap-theme.css.map bootstrap-theme.min.css bootstrap-theme.min.css.mar ¿ bootstrap.css bootstrap.css.map bootstrap.min.css bootstrap.min.css.map ₩ 🛅 js ¿ bootstran.is ¿ bootstrap.min.js Macinto: > > > Downloads > bootstrap exercise-maste Macintosh HD > III > 1 Downloads > 1 bootstrap-3.3.7-dist 3 items, 159.89 GB available Copy the Bootstrap CSS folder into the bootstrap exercise-master folder 22 © CodeFirst:Girls 2017

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LINK THE BOOTSTRAP CSS IN YOUR HTML

Add the link inside the <head> element of your index.html file

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title>Sam's Sarnies</title>
    k href='css/bootstrap.css' rel='stylesheet'>
</head>
...
```

ADD THE VIEWPORT TAG

This will make your web page mobile friendly

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Sam's Sarnies</title>
<link href='css/bootstrap.css' rel='stylesheet'>
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
</head>
...
```

THE ESSENCE OF BOOTSTRAP

A huge collection of classes

- In the Bootstrap documentation, find the style you want to add to your project
- Copy the Bootstrap class(es) exactly as they are listed
- Add the class(es) to your HTML element
- Save the file and have a look

EXAMPLE OF A BOOTSTRAP CLASS

```
<div class='jumbotron'>
  <h1>Healthy sandwiches for your team</h1>
  <img src='images/sandwich.png'>
  <form role='form'>
    <label for="email">Find out more</label>
    <input type="text" name="email" >
    <button type="submit">Send</button>
  </form>
</div>
```

BOOTSTRAP LAYOUT

In the sidebar menu on the right hand side go to $\label{eq:Grid} \mbox{Grid system}$

http://getbootstrap.com/css/

THE .CONTAINER DIV

This class will centre the <div> inside the viewport

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COLUMNS

- Bootstrap works on a grid layout with 12 columns
- Each set of columns sit inside a

```
<div class="row"></div>
```

• Each column <div> has a class to indicate the size of the column

```
<div class="col-xs-4"></div>
```

COLUMNS

```
<div class="col-xs-4"></div>
```

```
-xs- for extra small devices like phones
```

-sm- for tablet devices

-md- for medium sized desktops and laptops

-lg- for large desktop devices

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COLUMNS

Example of two even-sized columns

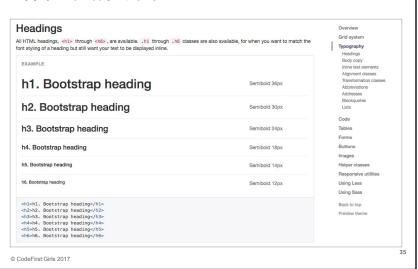
ADDING COLUMNS TO .jumbotron

```
<div class="jumbotron">
 <div class="row">
    <div class="col-sm-8">
     <h1>Healthy sandwiches for your team</h1>
    </div>
    <div class="col-sm-4">
     <img src="images/sandwich.png">
    </div>
  </div>
</div>
```

ADDING COLUMNS TO #buzz

```
<div id="buzz">
 <h2>...</h2>
 <div class="row">
    <div class="col-sm-4">
    </div>
   <div class="col-sm-4">
    </div>
   <div class="col-sm-4">
   </div>
</div>
```

BOOTSTRAP TYPOGRAPHY



ADDING BLOCKQUOTES

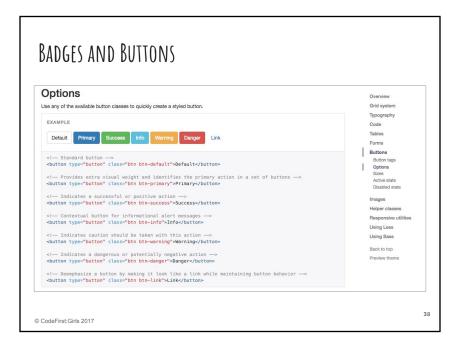
<div class="col-sm-4">

```
Bootstrap example
```

```
<blockquote>
  Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Integer
posuere erat a ante.
</blockquote>
```

index.html

</div>



ADDING A SUCCESS BUTTON

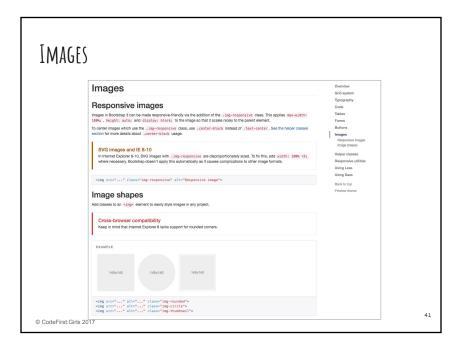
Bootstrap example

ADDING A SUCCESS BUTTON

```
Bootstrap example
```

index.html

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MAKING IMAGES RESPONSIVE

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</div>

https://codepen.io/dianaklee/pen/yYVbzv

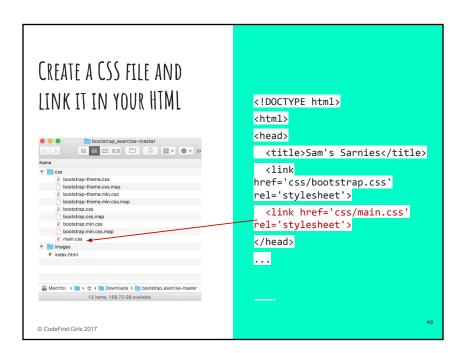
DEMO

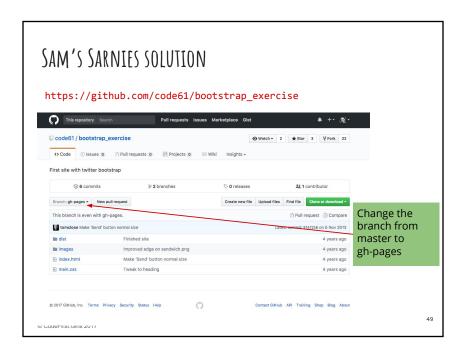
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WHAT IF YOU DON'T LIKE THE BOOTSTRAP STYLES?

- Override it!
- But it's best to stick with the Bootstrap layout it's tried and tested in browsers
- Keep overrides to fonts, colours and other small things

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CHANGING THE SOCIAL BUTTONS

We have classes in our HTML we can use in our CSS to add custom styles

```
CHANGING THE SOCIAL BUTTONS

.btn-twitter {
    background: #00acee;
    border-color: #009ad5;
}
.btn-facebook {
    background: #4868ac;
    border-color: #314776;
}
.btn-pinterest {
    background: #b62f26;
    border-color: #b62f26;
}

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```

CHANGING THE SOCIAL BUTTONS

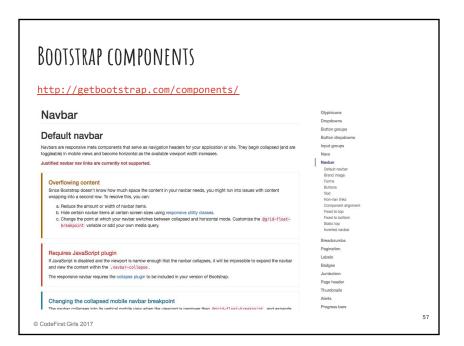
CHANGING THE .JUMBOTRON BACKGROUND

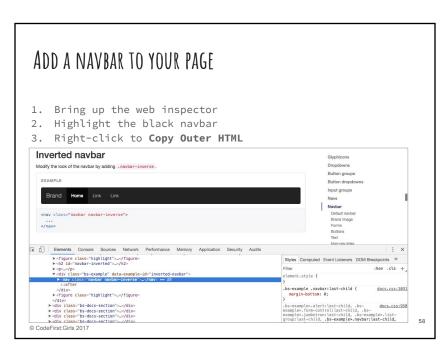
```
.jumbotron {
  background-image: url('../images/fruit-and-veg.jpg');
  background-size: cover;
  background-attachment: fixed;
  min-height: 600px;
}
```



CHANGING THE BACKGROUND COLOUR OF #MISSION

```
#mission {
  background: rgba(32, 35, 41, 0.9);
  color: #ddd;
}
```





COPY THE NAVBAR CODE TO INDEX. HTML

```
<nav class="navbar navbar-inverse">
  <div class="container-fluid">
    <div class="navbar-header">
     . . .
    </div>
    <div class="collapse navbar-collapse" id="bs-example-navbar-collapse-9">
     . . .
    </div>
 </div>
</nav>
<div class="jumbotron">
                                                                                    59
```

FIX THE NAVBAR TO THE TOP OF THE PAGE

```
<nav class="navbar navbar-inverse navbar-fixed-top">
 <div class="container">
   <div class="navbar-header">
    </div>
    <div class="collapse navbar-collapse" id="bs-example-navbar-collapse-9">
   </div>
 </div>
</nav>
<div class="jumbotron">
                                                                                    60
```

ADJUST THE CSS FOR THE FIXED NAV BAR

```
body {
   padding-top: 70px;
}
```

ADDING A SEARCH BOX

Bootstrap example

</nav>

ADDING A SEARCH BOX

MORE RESOURCES

- http://www.w3schools.com/bootstrap
- https://bootstrapbav.com/blog/learn-bootstrap/
- https://www.codeschool.com/courses/blasting-off-with-bootstrap

HOMEWORK

Task:

Finish off any unfinished bootstrap_exercise from class

Course competition website

Task:

Continue work on your personal site. Use Twitter Bootstrap to make it **responsive**!

Preparation for next week

Task:

Try jQuery on Code School.

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