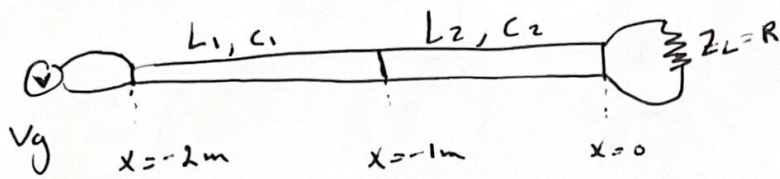


Final
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$$V_g = 1V$$

$$L_1 = 0.1mH$$

$$C_1 = 1\mu F$$

$$L_2 = 0.4mH$$

$$C_2 = 1\mu F$$

$$R = 40\Omega$$

$$\ell = 1m$$

$$\omega = 1 \times 10^6 \text{ V/s}$$

$$Z_{01} = \sqrt{\frac{L_1}{C_1}} = 10\Omega \quad Z_{02} = \sqrt{\frac{L_2}{C_2}} = 20\Omega$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{V}_1(x) &= \tilde{V}_1^+ (e^{-j\beta_1 x} + \tilde{\rho}_1 e^{j\beta_1 x}) & \tilde{V}_2(x) &= \tilde{V}_2^+ (e^{-j\beta_2 x} + \tilde{\rho}_2 e^{j\beta_2 x}) \\ \tilde{I}_1(x) &= \frac{\tilde{V}_1^+}{Z_{01}} (e^{-j\beta_1 x} - \tilde{\rho}_1 e^{j\beta_1 x}) & \tilde{I}_2(x) &= \frac{\tilde{V}_2^+}{Z_{02}} (e^{-j\beta_2 x} - \tilde{\rho}_2 e^{j\beta_2 x}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\tilde{\rho}_2 = \frac{Z_L - Z_{02}}{Z_L + Z_{02}} = \frac{40 - 20}{40 + 20} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\beta = \omega \sqrt{LC} \rightarrow \beta_1 = 10 \text{ 1/m} \quad \beta_2 = 20 \text{ 1/m}$$

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$$\frac{V(x=-l)}{I_1(x=-l)} = \frac{V_2(x=-l)}{I_2(x=-l)}$$

$$\frac{\cancel{V_1}^+ (e^{-j\beta_1 x} + \tilde{\rho}_1 e^{j\beta_1 x})}{\cancel{V_1}^- (e^{-j\beta_1 x} - \tilde{\rho}_1 e^{j\beta_1 x})} = \frac{\cancel{V_2}^+ (e^{-j\beta_2 x} + \tilde{\rho}_2 e^{j\beta_2 x})}{\cancel{V_2}^- (e^{-j\beta_2 x} - \tilde{\rho}_2 e^{j\beta_2 x})} \Big|_{x=-l}$$

$$\frac{Z_{01} (1 + \tilde{\rho}_1 e^{2j\beta_1 x})}{1 - \tilde{\rho}_1 e^{2j\beta_1 x}} = \frac{Z_{02} (1 + \tilde{\rho}_2 e^{2j\beta_2 x})}{1 - \tilde{\rho}_2 e^{2j\beta_2 x}} \Big|_{x=-l}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x = -l, \quad \tilde{\rho}_2 = \frac{1}{3}, \quad Z_{02} = 2Z_{01}, \quad \beta_1 = 10 \frac{1}{m}, \quad \beta_2 = 20 \frac{1}{m}, \quad l = 1m \\ (1 + \tilde{\rho}_1 e^{-2j\beta_1 l}) (1 - \frac{1}{3} e^{-2j\beta_2 l}) = (2 + \frac{2}{3} e^{-2j\beta_2 l}) (1 - \tilde{\rho}_1 e^{-2j\beta_1 l}) \end{array} \right.$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{3} e^{-2j\beta_2 l} + \tilde{\rho}_1 e^{-2j\beta_1 l} - \frac{1}{3} \tilde{\rho}_1 e^{-2j(\beta_1 + \beta_2)l} = 2 - 2\tilde{\rho}_1 e^{-2j\beta_1 l} + \frac{2}{3} e^{-2j\beta_2 l} - \frac{2}{3} \tilde{\rho}_1 e^{-2j(\beta_1 + \beta_2)l}$$

$$\tilde{\rho}_1 (e^{-2j\beta_1 l} - \frac{1}{3} e^{-2j(\beta_1 + \beta_2)l} + e^{-2j\beta_1 l} + \frac{2}{3} e^{-2j(\beta_1 + \beta_2)l}) = 1 + e^{-2j\beta_2 l}$$

$$\boxed{\tilde{\rho}_1 = \frac{1 + e^{-2j\beta_2 l}}{3 e^{-2j\beta_1 l} + \frac{1}{3} e^{-2j(\beta_1 + \beta_2)l}}} \approx 0.29 + j0.26$$

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• Solve for amplitudes

$$V_g = V_1 (x = -2\ell = -2m)$$

$$V_g = \tilde{V}_1^+ (e^{-j\beta_1 x} + \tilde{\rho}_1 e^{j\beta_1 x}) \Big|_{x=-2\ell}$$

$$\tilde{V}_1^+ = \frac{V_g}{e^{-j\beta_1 x} + \tilde{\rho}_1 e^{j\beta_1 x}} \Big|_{x=-2\ell}$$

$$\boxed{\tilde{V}_1^+ = \frac{V_g}{e^{2j\beta_1 \ell} + \tilde{\rho}_1 e^{-2j\beta_1 \ell}}}$$

$$V_1(x = -\ell) = V_2(x = -\ell)$$

$$\tilde{V}_1^+ (e^{-j\beta_1 x} + \tilde{\rho}_1 e^{j\beta_1 x}) \Big|_{x=-\ell} = \tilde{V}_2^+ (e^{-j\beta_2 x} + \tilde{\rho}_2 e^{j\beta_2 x}) \Big|_{x=-\ell}$$

$$\tilde{V}_2^+ = \frac{\tilde{V}_1^+ (e^{-j\beta_1 x} + \tilde{\rho}_1 e^{j\beta_1 x})}{e^{-j\beta_2 x} + \tilde{\rho}_2 e^{j\beta_2 x}} \Big|_{x=-\ell}$$

$$\boxed{\tilde{V}_2^+ = \frac{\tilde{V}_1^+ (e^{j\beta_1 \ell} + \tilde{\rho}_1 e^{-j\beta_1 \ell})}{e^{+j\beta_2 \ell} + \tilde{\rho}_2 e^{-j\beta_2 \ell}}}$$