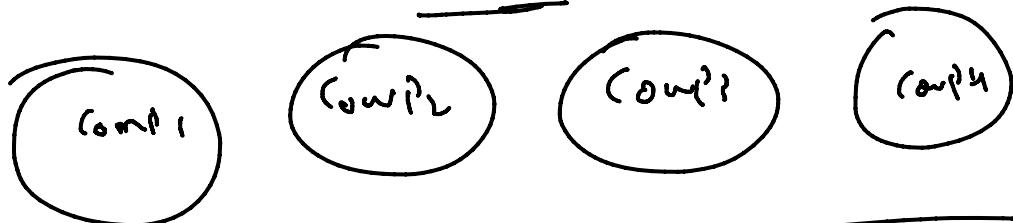


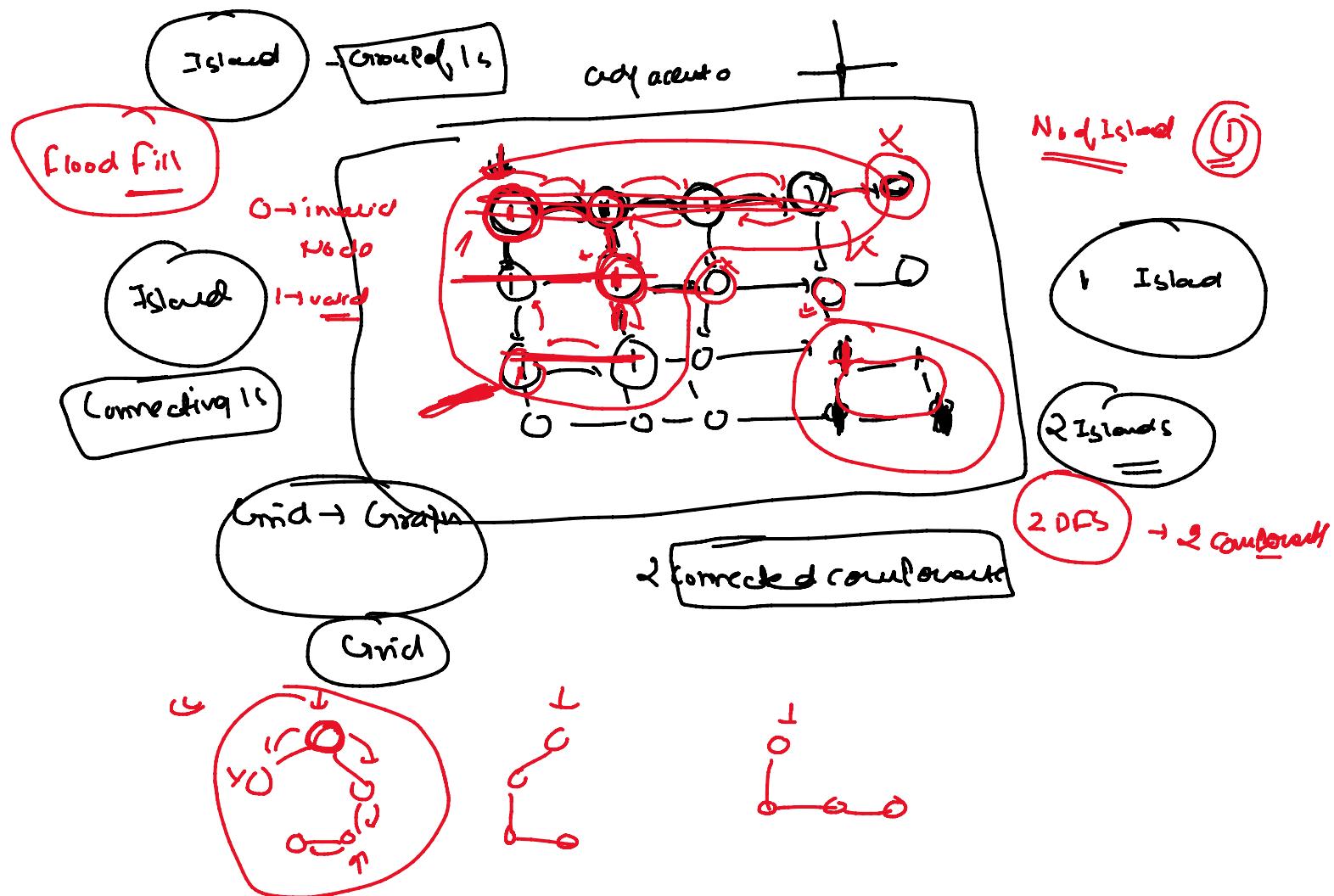
Class 95

Graphs



$1 \rightarrow \text{land}$
 $0 \rightarrow \text{water}$

```
[["1","1","1","1","0"],
 ["1","1","0","1","0"],
 ["1","1","0","0","0"],
 [ "0","0","0","0","0"]]
```

From <<https://leetcode.com/problems/number-of-islands/>>

["1","1","0","0","0"],
["1","1","1","0","0"],
["0","0","1","0","0"],
["0","0","0","1","1"]

3 components?

From <<https://leetcode.com/problems/number-of-islands/>>

No of Islands = No of Components

int numIslands (. . .)

{ int ans = 0;

 for (i=0; i<n; i++)

 for (j=0; j<m; j++)

 if (grid[i][j] == '1')

 bfs (grid, m, n, i, j);

 ans++;

 }

return ans;

int bfs (vector<vector<char>> &grid, int n, int m, int i, int j)

{ queue<pair<int,int>> q;

 q.push ({i,j});

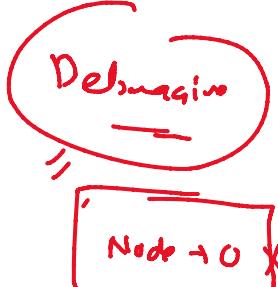
 grid[i][j] = '0';

 int dx[4] = { -1, 1, 0, 0};

 int dy[4] = { 0, 0, -1, 1};

 while (!q.empty())

 {



'0'

int ij
indij

```

    while (!ar.empty())
    {
        auto node = ar.front();
        ar.pop();

        int u = node.first;
        int v = node.second;

        for (e=0; e<u; e++)
        {
            int nu = u + du(e);
            int nv = v + dv[e];

            if (nu >= 0 & & nv < n & & nv >= 0 & & nv < m & &
                grid[nu][nv] == '1')
            {
                ar.push({nu, nv});
                grid[nu][nv] = '0';
            }
        }
        return;
    }
}

void dts (vector<vector<char>> &grid, int i, int j, int n, int m,
          int &ans)
{
    grid[i][j] = '0';
    const
    for (l=0; l<4; l++)
    {
        int nu = i + du[l];
        int nv = j + dv[l];

        if (nu >= 0 & & nv < n & & nv >= 0 & & nv < m & &
            grid[nu][nv] == '1')
    }
}

```

↗
 ↘
 ↙
 ↘

`dfs (and, n1, n2, n3) ;`

↗

No of components

Size of each component ;

```

int bfs(int i,int j,vector<vector<int>>&grid)
{
  queue<pair<int,int>>q;
  grid[i][j]=0;
  int ans=0;
  int n,m;
  n=grid.size();
  m=grid[0].size();
  q.push({i,j});
  int dx[4]={-1,1,0,0};
  int dy[4]={0,0,-1,1};
  while(!q.empty())
  {
    auto tp=q.front();
    q.pop();
    int x=tp.first;
    int y=tp.second;
    ans++;
    for(int l=0;l<4;l++)
    {
      int nx=x+dx[l];
      int ny=y+dy[l];
      if(nx>=0 and nx<n and ny>=0 and ny<m and grid[nx][ny]!=0)
      {
        q.push({nx,ny});
        grid[nx][ny]=0;
      }
    }
  }
  return ans;
}
int maxAreaOfIsland(vector<vector<int>>& grid) {
  int i,j,k,n,m;
  n=grid.size();
  m=grid[0].size();
  int ans=0;
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  {
    for(j=0;j<m;j++)
    {
      if(grid[i][j]==1)
      {
        ans=max(ans,bfs(i,j,grid));
      }
    }
  }
  return ans;
}
  
```

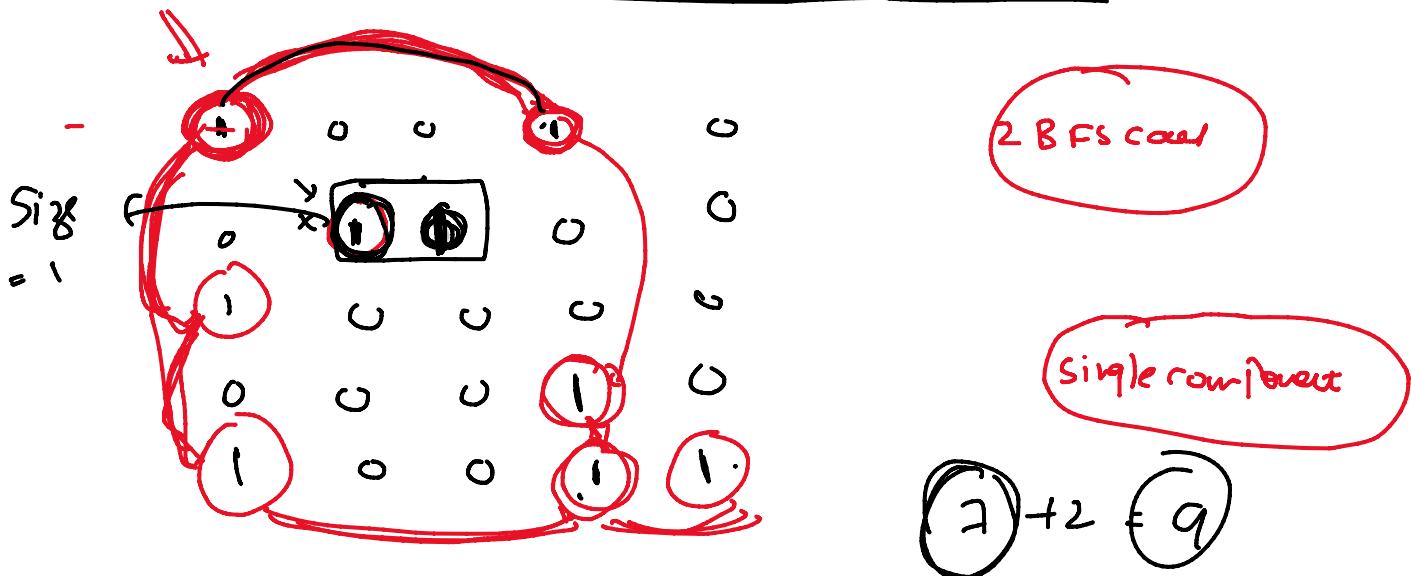
Count to total No of Nodes

```
        ans=max(ans,bfs(i,j,grid));  
    }  
}  
return ans;  
}
```

Multi-source BFS

1

(and learned that communicate



int countServer()

```

    ↴ int ans = 0;
    ↴ for (i=0; i<n; i++)
        ↴     ↴ if (and(i|i) == 1)
            ↴         ↴ int temp = bits(i);

```

```
    if (temp >= 2)
        ave += temp;
    ...
    return ave;
```

```
int bfs (vector<vector<int>> grid, int i, int j)
{    queue<pair<int, int>> q;
```

int n, m;

```
    q.push({i, j});
    grid[i][j] = 0;
```

int ans = 1.

```
    while (!q.empty())
```

```
{    int u = q.front().first;
    int v = q.front().second;
```

```
    q.pop();
    ave +=;
```

// add list

// same row and same column

// same column:

```
    for (l = 0; l < n; l++)
```

```
{    if (grid[l][v] == 1)
```

$\leftarrow \text{a.push}(\text{set } l, y);$
 $\text{grid}[set[y]] = 0;$
 ~ ~

11 same row

For ($x=0$; $l < m$; $l++$)

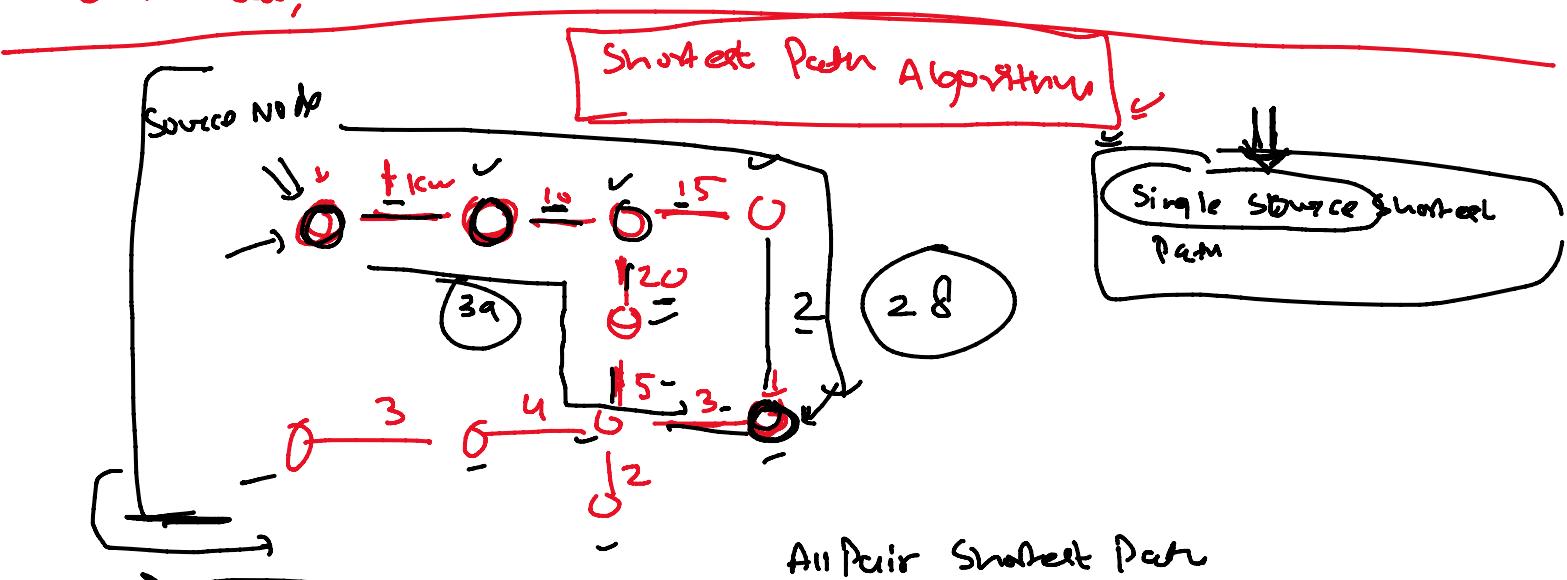
$\leftarrow \text{if } (\text{grid}[V][x] == 1)$

$\leftarrow \text{a.push}(\text{set } l, y);$

$\text{grid}[set[l]] = 0;$

~ ~

return ans;



Shortest Path b/w all the pairs

Sample

Unweighted Shortest Path

2fo



12fo

Dell

250
edge \rightarrow weight = 1

Min no. of edges :

