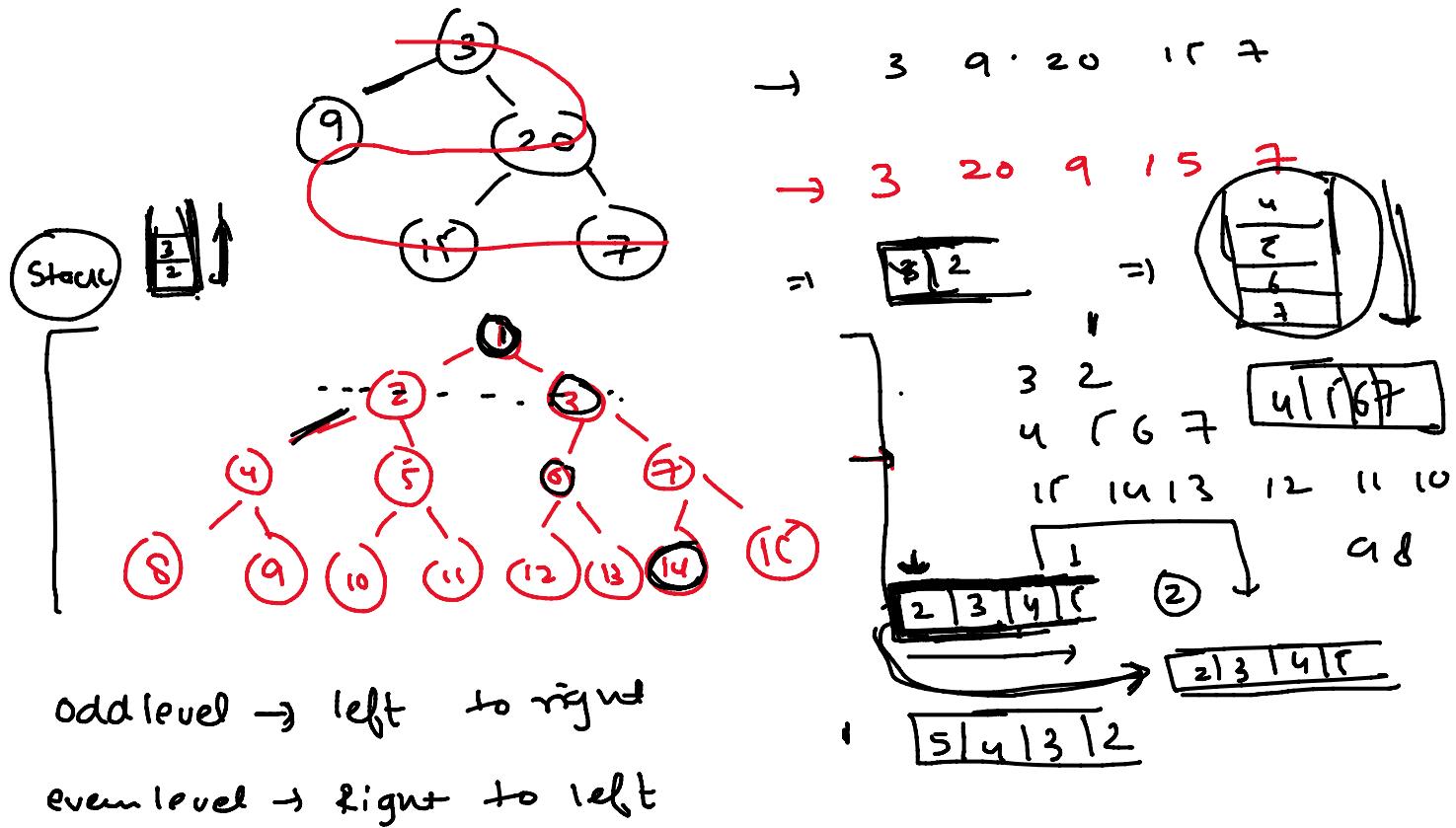


Class 63zig-zag level order print

```
queue < Node * > q;
q.push (root); int level = 1;
```

```
while (!q.empty ())
```

2 int n = q.size (); [No of Nodes in curr level]

```
if (level % 2)
```

2 For (i = 0; i < n; i++)

2 cout << w . front () ;

2 if (left)

2 q.push (left)

2 if (right)

2 q.push (right);

7

```

    if (right)
        av.push (right);
    }
    else
    {
        vector<int> temp;
        temp.push_back (av.front());
        reverse (temp--);
        for (vector<int> &av : { [ ] , [ ] , [ ] })
            if (av.size() > q)
                int level = !;
        av.push (root);
        while (! av.empty())
        {
            vector<int> temp;
            int n = av.size();
            stack < Node* > s1;
            if (level == 2)
            {
                for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
                {
                    temp.push_back (av.front() -> val);
                    if (av.front() -> left)
                        s1.push (av.front() -> left);
                    if (av.front() -> right)
                        s1.push (av.front() -> right);
                }
                av.pop();
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

while (!s1.empty())
    ↳ av.push(s1.top());
    ↳ s1.pop();
    ↴
else
    ↳ for (i=0; i<n; i++)
        ↳ temp.push-back(av.front() → val);
        ↳ if (av.front() → right)
            ↳ s1.push(av.front() → right);
        ↳ if (av.front() → left)
            ↳ s1.push(av.front() → left);
        ↳ av.pop();
    ↴

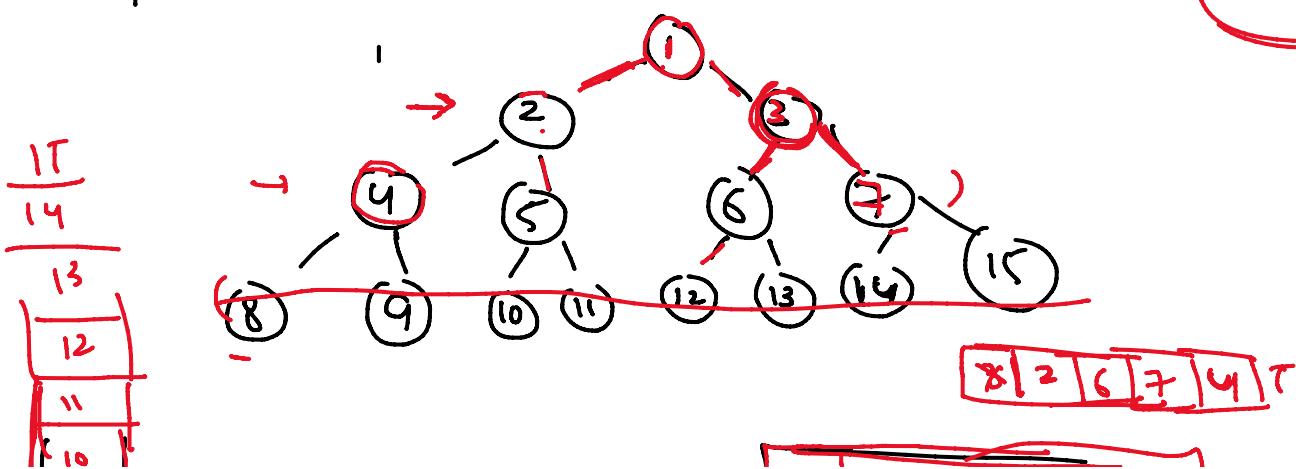
```

```

while (!s1.empty())
    ↳ av.push(s1.top());
    ↳ s1.pop();
    ↴
    ↳ lvel++; av.push-back(temp);
    ↴

```

lvel = 2



11
10
9
8

$$| \Delta | = 16 + 14 + 17$$

15 | 14 | 13 | - | 8

15 | 14 | 13 | - | 8

$$l \cup l = 3$$

4 | 5 | 6 | 7

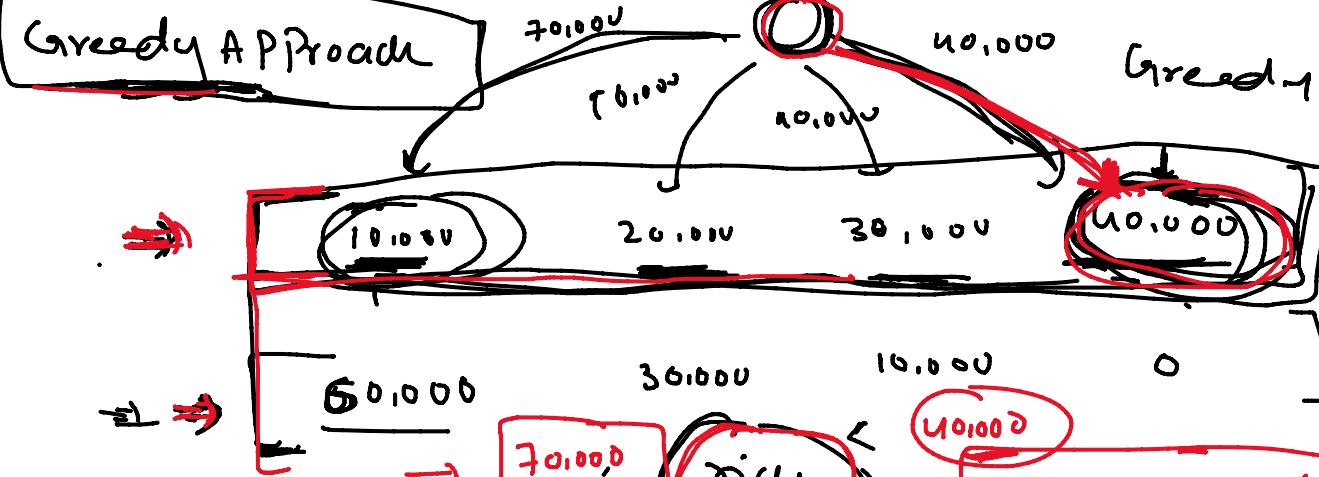
Greedy Approach

Greedy

Poor

70,000
16,000
10,000
40,000
60,000

Greedy Approach



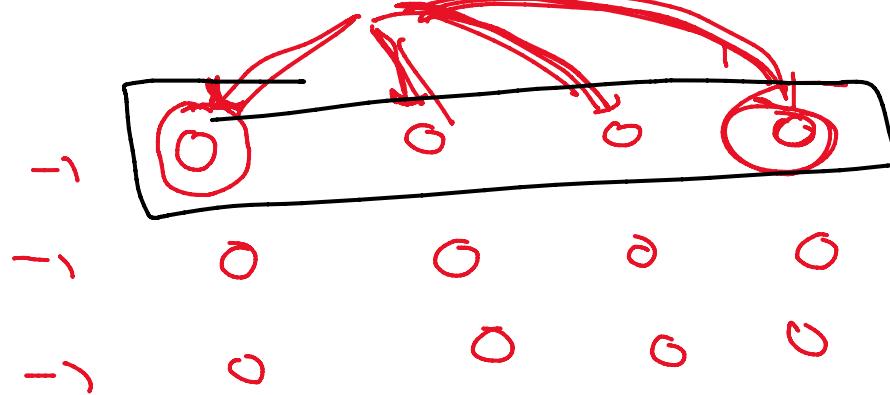
Greedy

Recursion

local optimal

Global optimal

Global optimal



Greedy T.C ↓

Recursion

0

Activity Selection Problem

(12)

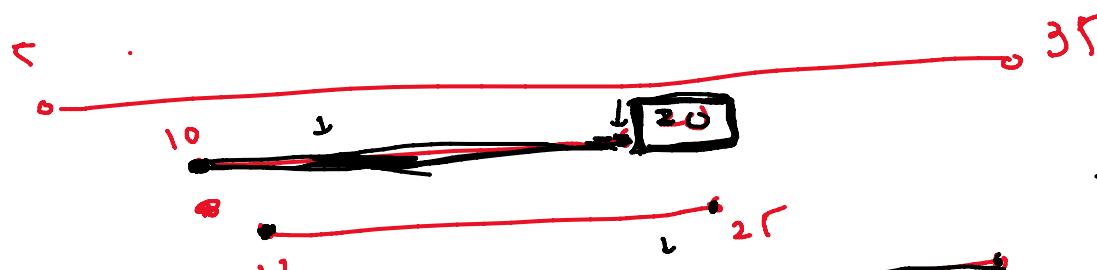
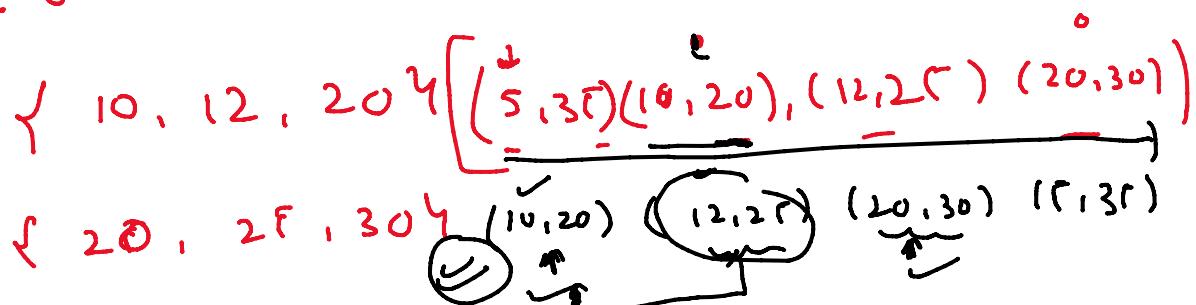
- Cricket → 10 hr
- Dance → 6
- Movie → 4
- Study → 3

start = $\left[\underline{s_1}, \underline{s_2}, \dots \right]$

Greedy
method

→ Sorting
array

end = $\left[\underline{e_1}, \underline{e_2}, \dots \right]$



= 2

```
bool cmp (Pair<int, int> P1, Pair<int, int> P2)
{
    if (P1.second == P2.second) return P1.first < P2.first;
}
```

```
    return P1.second < P2.second;
```

```
int maxActivities (vector<Pair<int, int>> v)
```

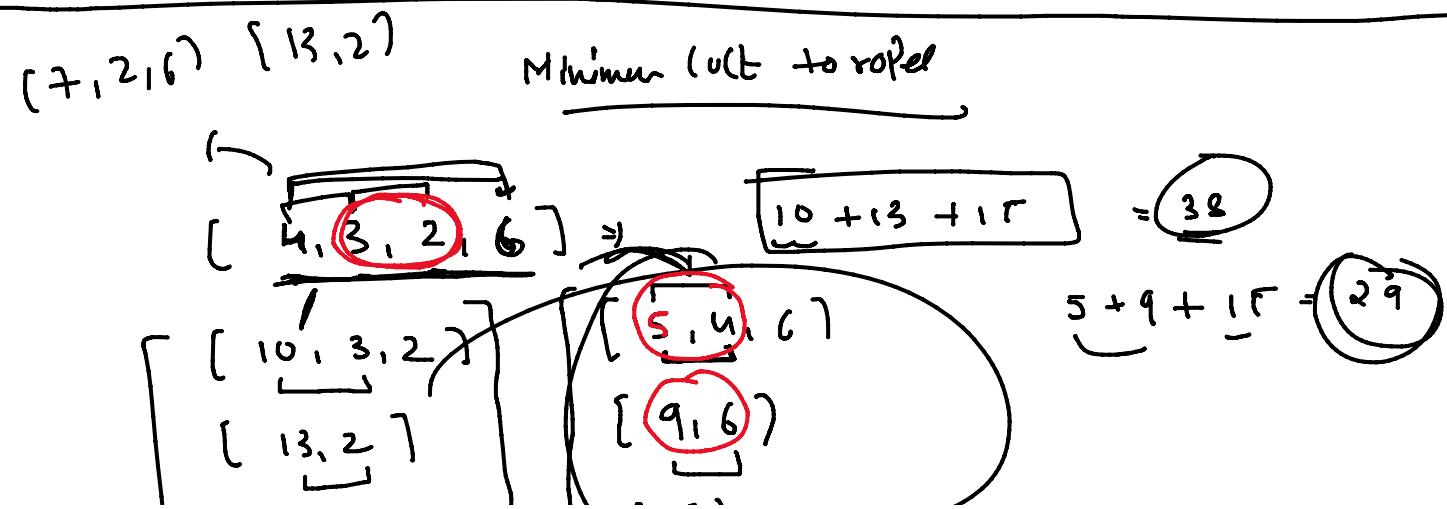
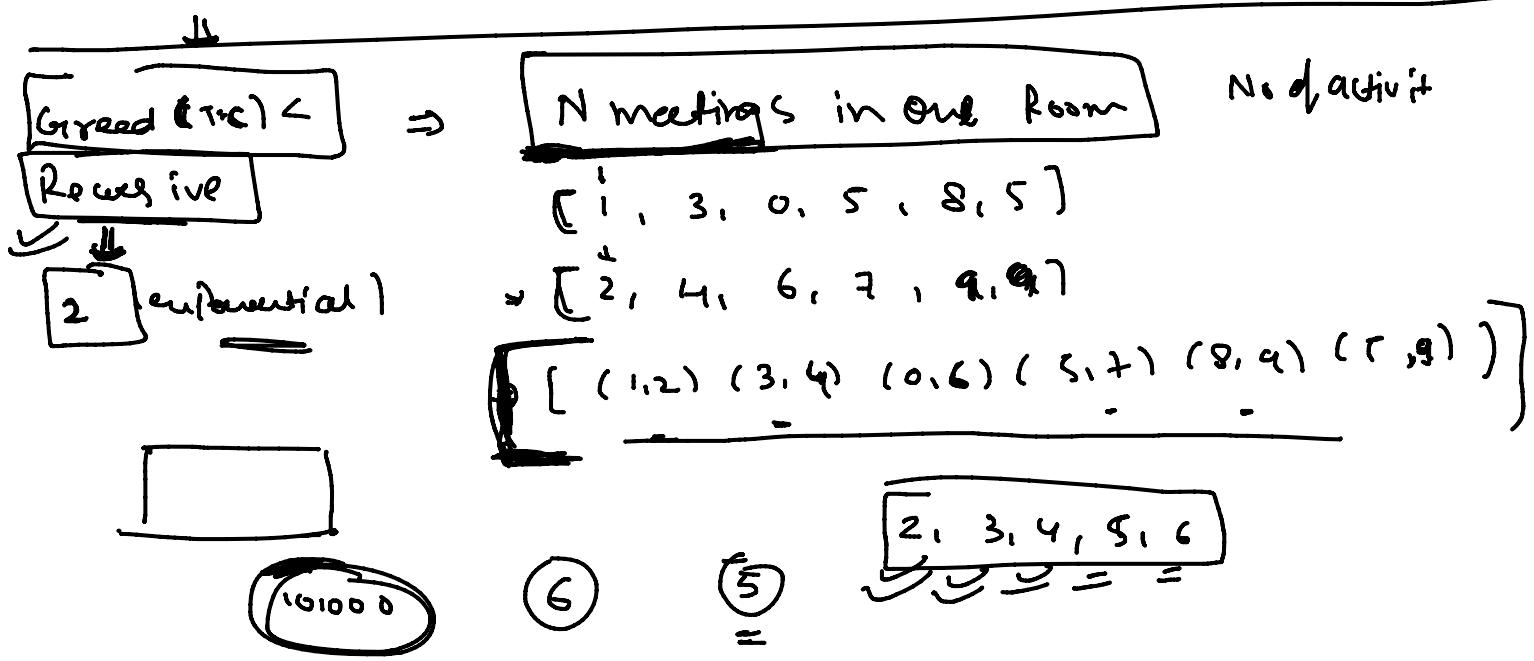
```
{ int n = v.size();
```

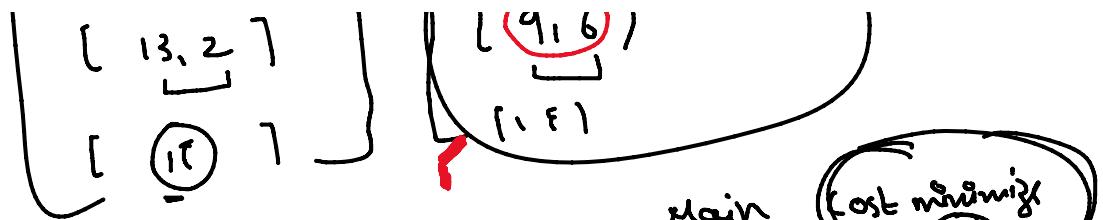
```
Sort (v.begin(), v.end(), cmp);
```

```

Sort( v.begin(), v.end(), lun );
int count = 1;
int last = 0;
for (i = 1; i < n; i++)
    if (v[i].first >= v[last].second)
        count++;
        last = i;
    return count

```

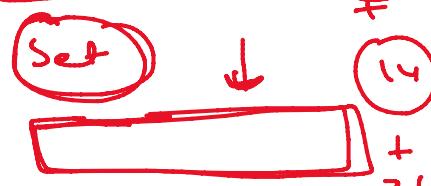




smallest 2 ropes

$$\begin{array}{c} 3 \leftarrow (7) \\ \cancel{8} \\ \hline 8 + 13 = 21 \end{array}$$

Data structures



[14, 7]

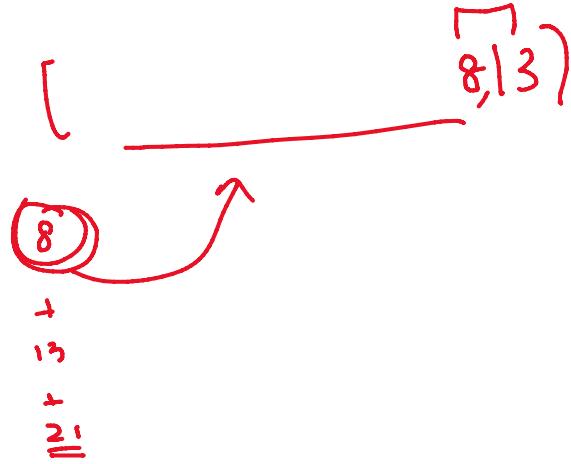
$$\begin{array}{c} 8 + 13 = 21 \\ - \\ \hline 13 \end{array}$$



1, 2, 3, 3

s. erase (3)

address



multiset<int> s;

For (i=0; i < n; i++)

s.insert (arr[i]);

int cost = 0;

while (s.size() > 1)

int first = *(s.begin);

s. erase (s.begin);

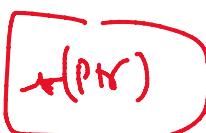
int second = *(s.begin);

s. erase (s.begin);

int a = 10;

int b = 20;

cout << b;



s. begin

s. begin

more second - - - - s /

s.erase (s.begin());

cost += fixt + second;

s.insert (fixt + second);

y

return cut;