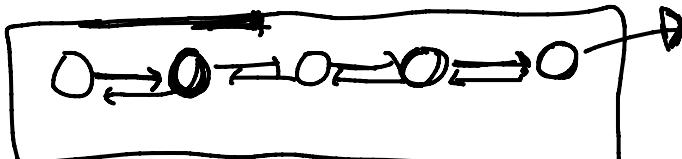


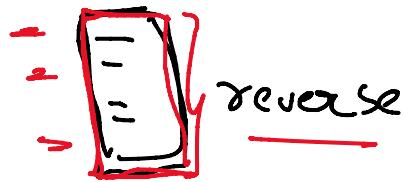
Doubly LL

Node → Head = head → next
 Node → Head = head → prev

Treesvoid reverse()

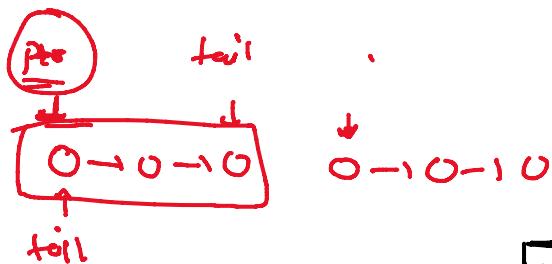
while (head)

int length = len(head);

Part

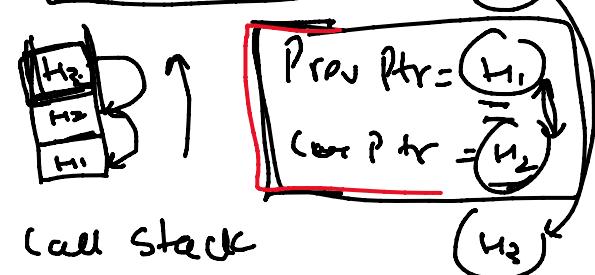
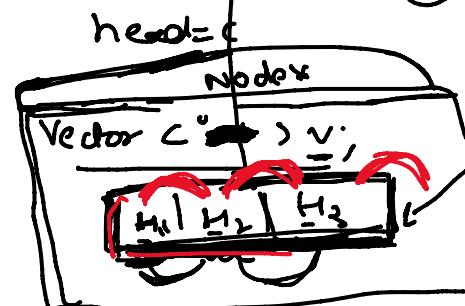
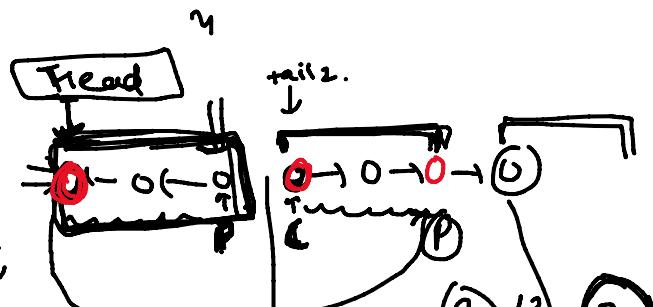
Iterative
Recursive

head =

prev_ptr = H₂(or ptr = H₃)Trees

(last Node)

if int data;
 Node *next;
 Node *prev;

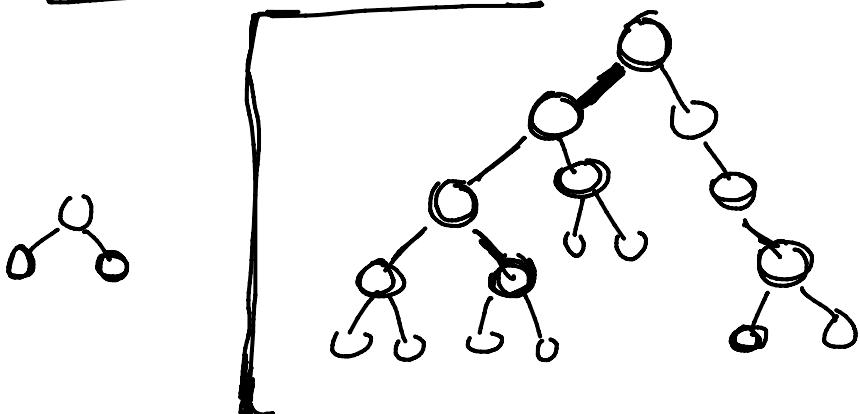


call stack

→ linked list

Singly LL :- 0->0->0->0->01 Dimensional
linear Data Structure

→ **Free** Non linear linked list



linear Data Structure

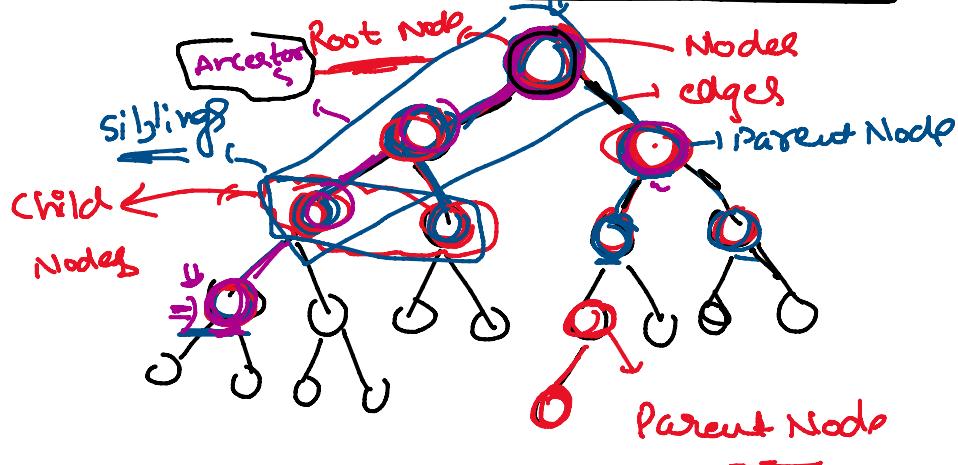
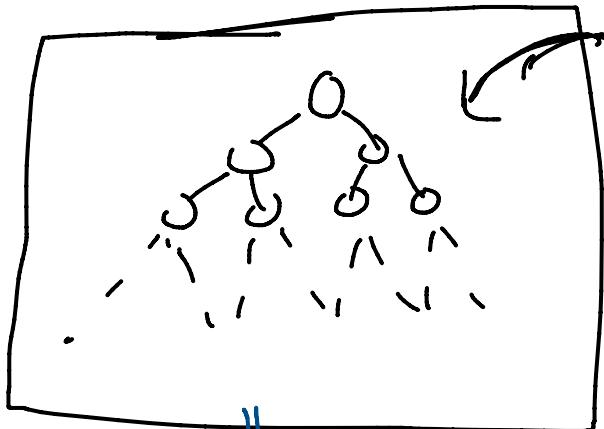
Recursive Tree

Void f()

f()

f();

=) Tree Datastructure



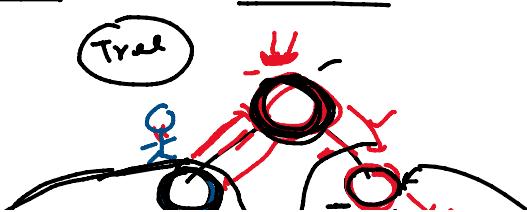
Node -

Edges

Root Node, Parent Node, children

Ancestor =

Descendents =



Path b/w 2 Nodes

Descendents:

leaves

Path?

Height of
the tree

Tallest Path b/w root and a leaf Node

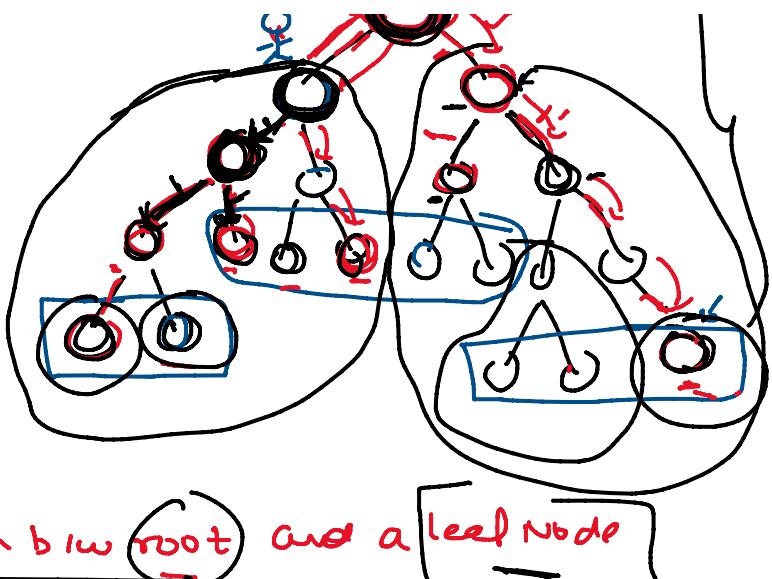
Depth of a Node \Rightarrow Height of that Node

Sub Tree

Path b/w 2 Nodes

!!

Sequence of edges
b/w two nodes



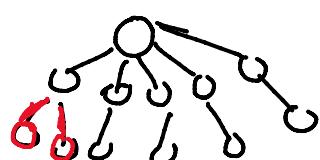
Degree of a Node - 3

Indegree

Outdegree

Types of Tree

[n-ary Tree]
→ Generic tree



1 0 0 0 → 1

Max \rightarrow 2 child

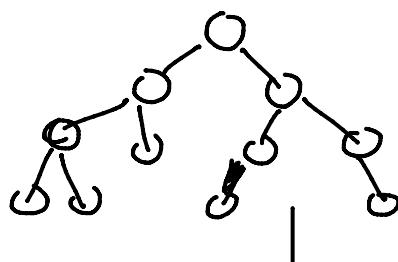
Binary Tree

Max \rightarrow 3 child

Ternary Tree

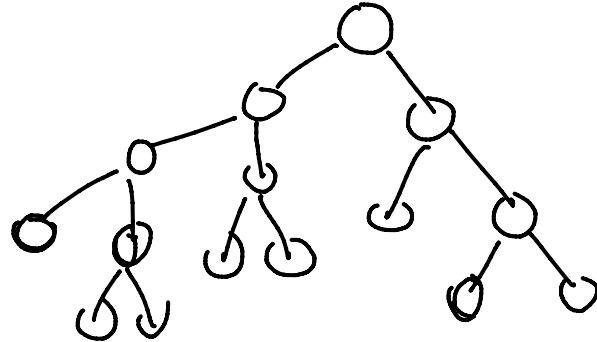
(4) \rightarrow 4-ary Tree

→ Binary Tree

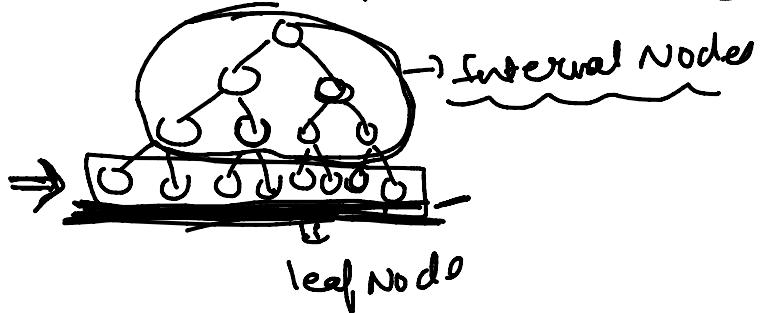


→ Full BT \rightarrow every node has 2 child or 0 child

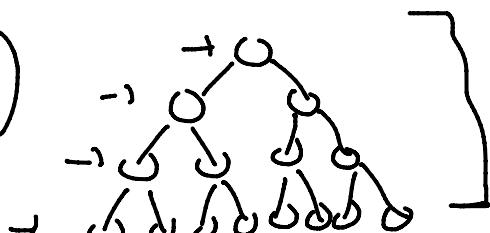
Full BT → every node has 2 child or 0 child



Perfect BT → Every node has 2 child

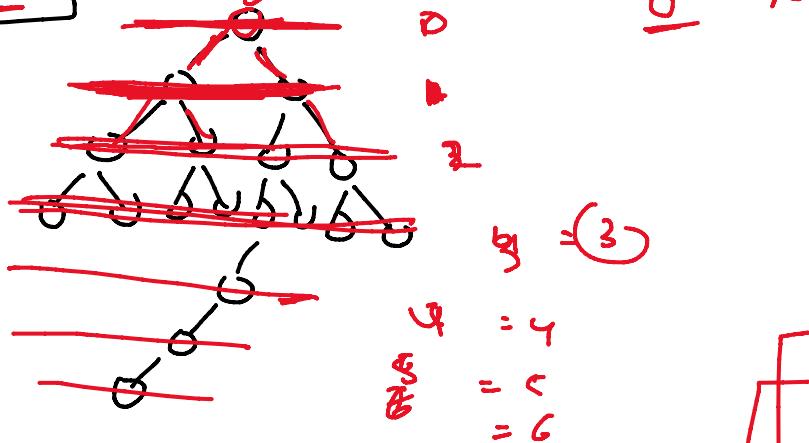


Complete BT →



levels in BT

⇒ Defined Node



(Data structure) - Tree

DSA

↳ Hashing / sorting / set

① → 1700 - 1800

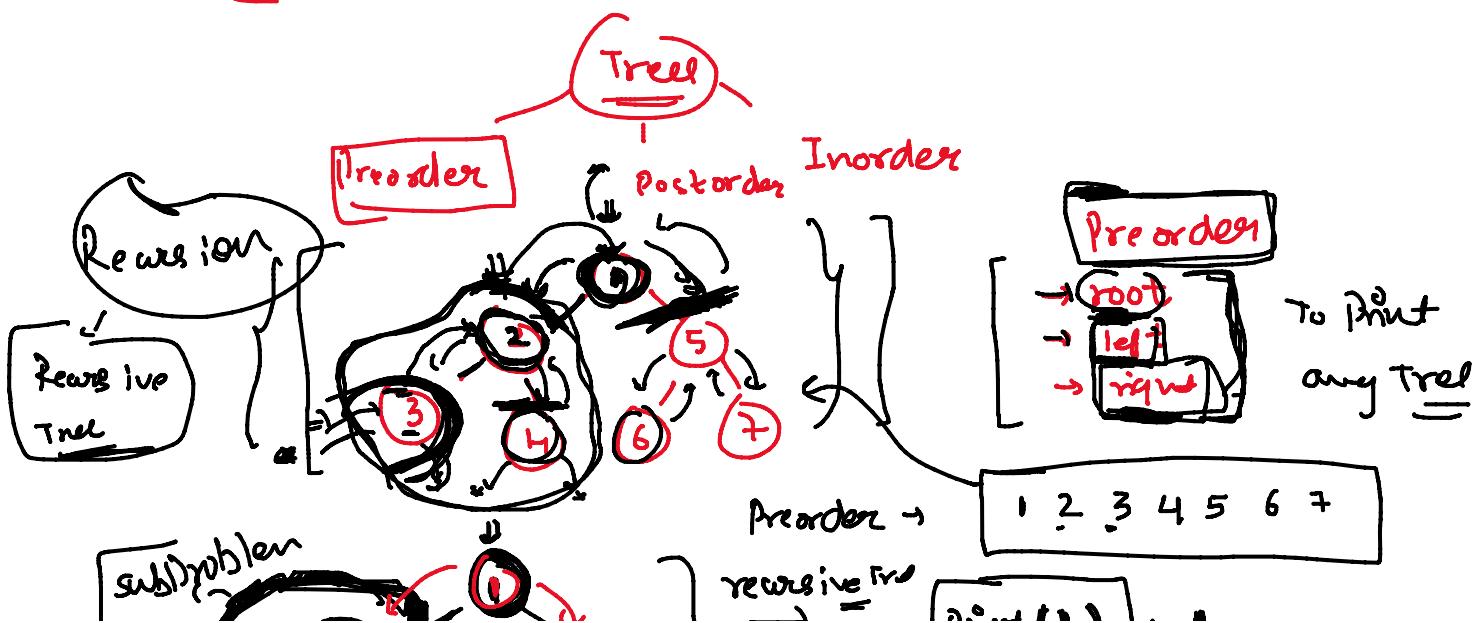
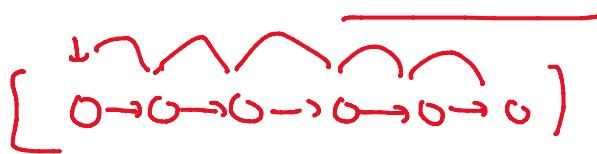


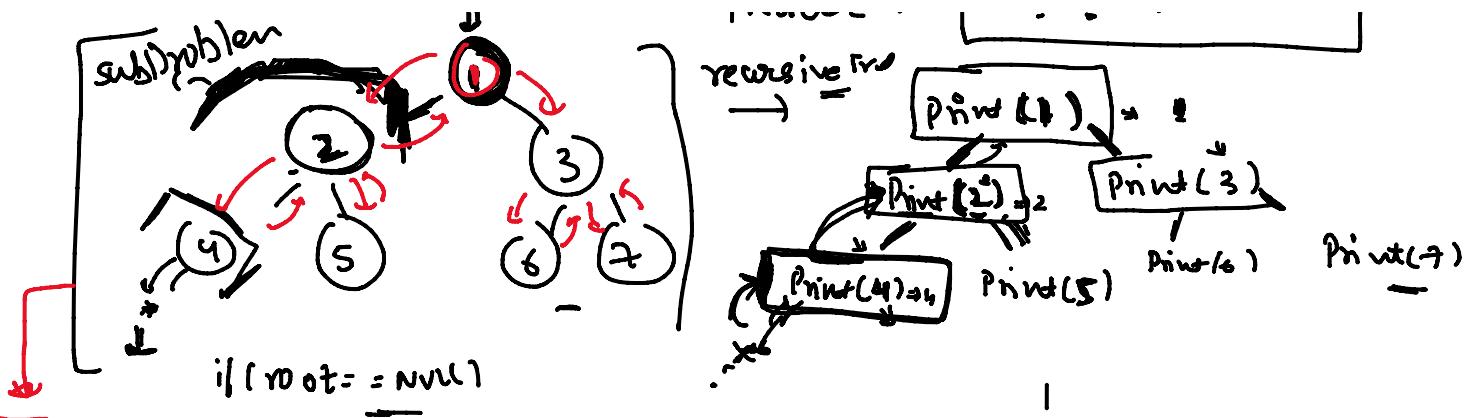
Structure of Node ?



```
Class Node {  
    int data;  
    Node *left;  
    Node *Right;  
  
    Node(int d)  
    { data = d;  
        left = NULL;  
        right = NULL;  
    }  
}
```

Traversals in a Node



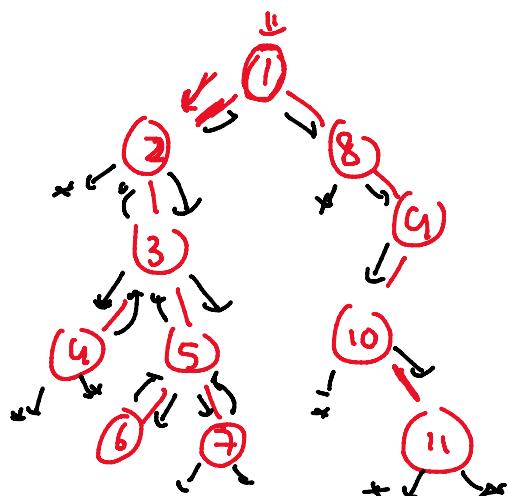


1 2 4 5 3 6 7

```

void Print (Node *root)
{
    if (root == NULL)
        return;
    cout << root->data;
    Print (root->left);
    Print (root->right);
}
  
```

Pre-order traversal

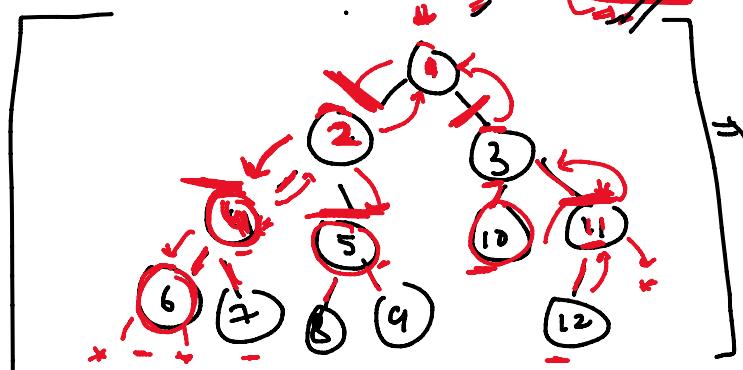


\Rightarrow 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
8 9 10 11

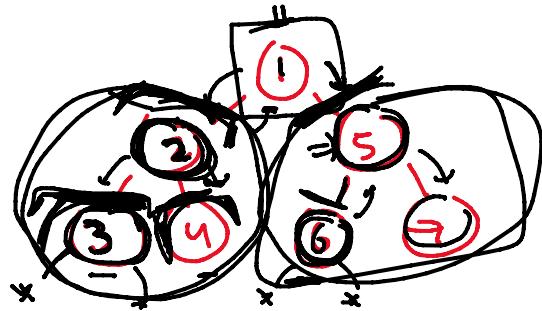
Post-Order Traversal

left right root

6 7 4 8 9 5 2 10
12 11 3 1



(6) (2) (8) (9)]



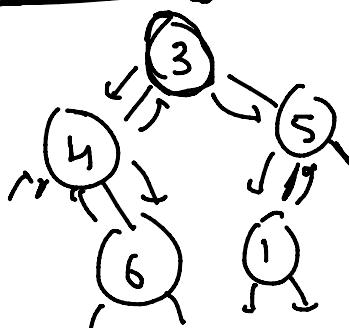
$\text{Print}(1)$
 $\text{Print}(2)$
 $\text{Print}(3)$
 $\text{Print}(4)$
 $\text{Print}(5)$
 $\text{Print}(6)$
 $\text{Print}(7)$

(3) (4) (2) (6) (7) (5) (1)

(-1, -1)

Preorder
Postorder

~~(3) (1)~~
 [3 4 (-1) 6 (-1) (-1) 5 1 (-1) (-1) (-1)]

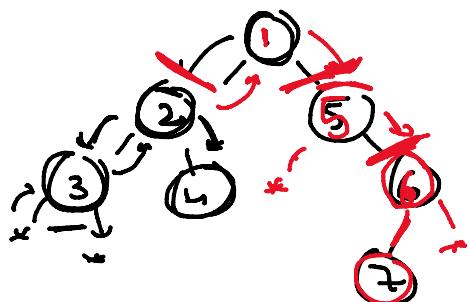


$\Rightarrow 3 \ 4 \ 6 \ 5 \ 1$

$\begin{bmatrix} (3) (4) (-1) (6) (-1) (-1) \\ (5) (1) (-1) (-1) (-1) \end{bmatrix}$

Inorder Traversal

left root right



(3) (2) (4) (1) (5) (7) (6)

