

Problem 1 - Exercise 1.1

Consider the sum-of-squares error function given by (1.2) in which the function $y(x, w)$ is given by the polynomial (1.1). Show that the coefficients $w = \{w_i\}$ that minimize this error function are given by the solution to the following set of linear equations

$$\sum_{j=0}^M A_{ij} w_j = T_i$$

where,

$$A_{ij} = \sum_{n=1}^N x_n^{i+j} \text{ and } T_i = \sum_{n=1}^N x_n^i * t_n$$

Here a suffix i or j denotes the index of a component, whereas x^i denotes x raised to the power of i .

Solution

We know that,

$$y(x, w) = w_0 + w_1 x + w_2 x^2 + \dots + w_m x^m = \sum_{j=0}^M w_j x^j \quad \dots (1.1)$$

$$E(w) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N \{y(x_n, w) - t_n\}^2 \quad \dots (1.2)$$

Using 1.1, finding the derivative with respect to w_j :

$$y(x, w) = \sum_{j=0}^M w_j x^j$$

$$\frac{dy(x, w)}{dw_j} = x^j \quad \text{As all other will equate to 0.} \quad \dots (1)$$

Using 1.2, expanding the equation:

$$E(w) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N \{y(x_n, w) - t_n\}^2$$

$$E(w) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N \{y(x_n, w)^2 - (2 * y(x_n, w) * t_n) + (t_n)^2\}$$

$$E(w) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N \{y(x_n, w)^2\} - \frac{1}{2} * 2 * \sum_{n=1}^N \{y(x_n, w) * t_n\} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N \{t_n\}^2$$

Taking derivative with respect to w_i :

$$\frac{dE(w)}{dw_i} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N \left\{ 2 * y(x_n, w) * \frac{dy(x_n, w)}{dw_i} \right\} - \sum_{n=1}^N \left\{ \frac{dy(x_n, w)}{dw_i} * t_n \right\} + 0$$

$$\frac{dE(w)}{dw_i} = \frac{1}{2} * 2 * \sum_{n=1}^N \left\{ y(x_n, w) * \frac{dy(x_n, w)}{dw_i} \right\} - \sum_{n=1}^N \left\{ \frac{dy(x_n, w)}{dw_i} * t_n \right\} \dots (2)$$

Substituting (1) and (1.1) in the above equation

$$\frac{dE(w)}{dw_i} = \sum_{n=1}^N \left\{ \sum_{j=0}^M w_j x_n^j * x_n^i \right\} - \sum_{n=1}^N \{x_n^i * t_n\}$$

To minimize the error, we need to equate the derivative to 0. Therefore,

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{n=1}^N \left\{ \sum_{j=0}^M w_j x_n^j * x_n^i \right\} - \sum_{n=1}^N \{x_n^i * t_n\} &= 0 \\ \sum_{n=1}^N \left\{ \sum_{j=0}^M w_j x_n^{i+j} \right\} - \sum_{n=1}^N \{x_n^i * t_n\} &= 0 \\ \sum_{j=0}^M \left\{ w_j * \sum_{n=1}^N x_n^{i+j} \right\} - \sum_{n=1}^N \{x_n^i * t_n\} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Substituting T_i and A_i in the above equation:

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{j=0}^M \{w_j * A_{ij}\} - T_i &= 0 \\ \sum_{j=0}^M \{A_{ij} * w_j\} &= T_i \end{aligned}$$

Problem 2

Show that when $M=1$, the results of Problem 1 is identical the results of linear regression.

Solution

We know that linear regression follows the below equation:

$$y = mx + c$$

Here, 'm' is the slope and 'c' is the x-intercept

Equating $M = 1$ in Equation 1.1:

$$\begin{aligned} y(x, w) &= \sum_{j=0}^1 w_j x^j = w_0 x^0 + w_1 x^1 \\ y(x, w) &= w_0 + w_1 x \quad \dots (3) \end{aligned}$$

And the derivation with respect to w_i remains the same. That is:

$$\frac{dy(x, w)}{dw_j} = x^j \quad \dots (4)$$

Let us continue from step (2) of Problem 1:

$$\frac{dE(w)}{dw_i} = \sum_{n=1}^N \left\{ y(x_n, w) * \frac{dy(x_n, w)}{dw_i} \right\} - \sum_{n=1}^N \left\{ \frac{dy(x_n, w)}{dw_i} * t_n \right\} \dots (2)$$

Substituting (3) and (4) in the above equation (2):

$$\frac{dE(w)}{dw_i} = \sum_{n=1}^N \{w_0 + w_1 x_n * x_n^i\} - \sum_{n=1}^N \{x_n^i * t_n\}$$

To minimize the error, we need to equate the derivative to 0. Therefore,

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{n=1}^N \{(w_0 + w_1 x_n) * x_n^i\} - \sum_{n=1}^N \{x_n^i * t_n\} &= 0 \\ \sum_{n=1}^N \{(w_0 + w_1 x_n) * x_n^i\} - \sum_{n=1}^N \{x_n^i * t_n\} &= 0 \\ \sum_{n=1}^N \{w_0 x_n^i + w_1 x_n^{i+1} - t_n x_n^i\} &= 0 \\ \sum_{n=1}^N \{x_n^i * (w_0 + w_1 x_n - t_n)\} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Dividing both the sides by x_n^i :

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{n=1}^N \{w_0 + w_1 x_n - t_n\} &= 0 \\ \sum_{n=1}^N w_0 + \sum_{n=1}^N w_1 x_n - \sum_{n=1}^N t_n &= 0 \\ \sum_{n=1}^N t_n &= \sum_{n=1}^N w_0 + \sum_{n=1}^N w_1 x_n \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, for every i in n , the equation can be written as:

$$t_i = w_1 x_i + w_0$$

Here, slope 'm' can be taken as 'w₁' and constant c as 'w₀'. Thus, representing the linear regression equation.

Problem 3 – Exercise 1.2

Write down the set of coupled linear equations, analogous to (1.122), satisfied by the coefficients w_i which minimize the regularized sum-of-squares error function given by (1.4)

Solution

We know that,

$$y(x, w) = w_0 + w_1 x + w_2 x^2 + \dots + w_m x^m = \sum_{j=0}^M w_j x^j \dots (1.1)$$

$$E(w) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N \{y(x_n, w) - t_n\}^2 + \frac{\lambda}{2} \|w\| \quad \dots (1.4)$$

Using 1.1, finding the derivative with respect to w_j :

$$y(x, w) = \sum_{j=0}^M w_j x^j$$

$$\frac{dy(x, w)}{dw_j} = x^j \quad \text{As all other will equate to 0.} \quad \dots (5)$$

Using 1.4, expanding the equation:

$$E(w) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N \{y(x_n, w) - t_n\}^2 + \frac{\lambda}{2} \|w\|$$

$$E(w) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N \{y(x_n, w) - t_n\}^2 + \frac{\lambda}{2} w^2$$

$$E(w) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N \{y(x_n, w)^2 - (2 * y(x_n, w) * t_n) + (t_n)^2\} + \frac{\lambda}{2} w^2$$

$$E(w) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N \{y(x_n, w)^2\} - \frac{1}{2} * 2 * \sum_{n=1}^N \{y(x_n, w) * t_n\} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N \{t_n\}^2 + \frac{\lambda}{2} w^2$$

Taking derivative with respect to w_i :

$$\frac{dE(w)}{dw_i} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N \left\{ 2 * y(x_n, w) * \frac{dy(x_n, w)}{dw_i} \right\} - \sum_{n=1}^N \left\{ \frac{dy(x_n, w)}{dw_i} * t_n \right\} + 0 + \frac{\lambda}{2} * 2w$$

$$\frac{dE(w)}{dw_i} = \frac{1}{2} * 2 * \sum_{n=1}^N \left\{ y(x_n, w) * \frac{dy(x_n, w)}{dw_i} \right\} - \sum_{n=1}^N \left\{ \frac{dy(x_n, w)}{dw_i} * t_n \right\} + \lambda w$$

Substituting (1) and (1.1) in the above equation

$$\frac{dE(w)}{dw_i} = \sum_{n=1}^N \left\{ \sum_{j=0}^M w_j x_n^j * x_n^i \right\} - \sum_{n=1}^N \{x_n^i * t_n\} + \lambda w$$

To minimize the error, we need to equate the derivative to 0. Therefore,

$$\sum_{n=1}^N \left\{ \sum_{j=0}^M w_j x_n^j * x_n^i \right\} - \sum_{n=1}^N \{x_n^i * t_n\} + \lambda w = 0$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^N \left\{ \sum_{j=0}^M w_j x_n^{i+j} \right\} - \sum_{n=1}^N \{x_n^i * t_n\} + \lambda w = 0$$

$$\sum_{j=0}^M \left\{ w_j * \sum_{n=1}^N x_n^{i+j} \right\} - \sum_{n=1}^N \{x_n^i * t_n\} + \lambda w = 0$$

Substituting T_i and A_i in the above equation:

$$\sum_{j=0}^M \{w_j * A_{ij}\} - T_i + \lambda w = 0$$
$$\sum_{j=0}^M \{A_{ij} * w_j\} + \lambda w = T_i$$

References:

- Probability and Statistics for Computer Scientists, Second Edition, Michael Baron.