

University Institute of Engineering

Department of Computer Science & Engineering

EXPERIMENT: 3

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BRANCH: BE-CSE SECTION/GROUP: KRG-1-A

SEMESTER: 5TH SUBJECT CODE: 23CSP-339

SUBJECT NAME: ADBMS

1. Aim Of The Practical:

[EASY]:

1. Basic table creation and Duplicate handling:

Generate an employee relation with single attribute ID.

Retrieve the maximum ID value while excluding duplicates.

2 .Product Sales Analysis:

Select products which have never been sold.

Calculate the total quantity sold for each respective product.

[MEDIUM]:

1. To identify the top earners in every department:

If multiple employees share the same highest salary within a department, all of them should be celebrated equally.

The final result should present the department name, employee name, and salary of these top-tier professionals arranged by department.

[HARD]:

1 . To merge the datasets and identify each unique employee (by EmpID) along with their lowest recorded salary across both systems.

Combine two tables A and B.

Return each EmpID with their lowest salary, and the corresponding Ename.

2. Tools Used: SQL Server Management Studio

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3. Code:
 EASY:
CREATE TABLE employees_tbl (
  e_id INT
);
INSERT INTO employees_tbl VALUES
(1), (1),
(2),
(3), (3),
(4),
(5), (5),
(6),
(7), (7);
SELECT MAX(a.e_id) AS max_distinct_id
FROM (
  SELECT e_id, COUNT(e_id) AS id_cnt
  FROM employees_tbl
  GROUP BY e_id
) AS a
WHERE a.id_cnt = 1;
O 2:
-- create products table
CREATE TABLE tbl_products (
  id INT PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
  [name] NVARCHAR(50),
  [description] NVARCHAR(250)
);
-- create sales table
CREATE TABLE tbl_productsales (
  id INT PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,
  productid INT FOREIGN KEY REFERENCES tbl_products(id),
  unitprice INT,
  qualtitysold INT
);
-- insert data
INSERT INTO tbl_products VALUES ('tv', '52 inch black color lcd tv');
INSERT INTO tbl_products VALUES ('laptop', 'very thin black color acer laptop');
INSERT INTO tbl_products VALUES ('desktop', 'hp high performance desktop');
INSERT INTO tbl_productsales VALUES (3, 450, 5);
INSERT INTO tbl productsales VALUES (2, 250, 7);
INSERT INTO tbl_productsales VALUES (3, 450, 4);
```

```
INSERT INTO tbl_productsales VALUES (3, 450, 9);
-- products never sold
SELECT *
FROM tbl products
WHERE tbl_products.id NOT IN (
 SELECT DISTINCT productid
 FROM tbl_productsales
);
-- total quantity sold for each product
SELECT
 p.name,
   SELECT SUM(s.qualtitysold)
   FROM tbl_productsales s
   WHERE s.productid = p.id
 ) AS [product sales]
FROM tbl_products p;
MEDIUM:
Q 1:
-- create department table
CREATE TABLE department (
  id INT PRIMARY KEY,
  dept_name VARCHAR(50)
);
-- create employee table
CREATE TABLE employee (
  id INT,
  name VARCHAR(50),
  salary INT,
  department_id INT,
  FOREIGN KEY (department_id) REFERENCES department(id)
);
-- insert into department table
INSERT INTO department (id, dept_name) VALUES
(1, 'it'),
(2, 'sales');
-- insert into employee table
INSERT INTO employee (id, name, salary, department_id) VALUES
(1, 'joe', 70000, 1),
(2, 'jim', 90000, 1),
(3, 'henry', 80000, 2),
(4, 'sam', 60000, 2),
(5, 'max', 90000, 1);
-- highest salary employee per department
SELECT
  d.dept_name,
  e.name,
  e.salary,
  d.id
FROM department AS d
INNER JOIN employee AS e
  ON e.department_id = d.id
```

```
WHERE e.salary IN (
  SELECT MAX(e2.salary)
  FROM employee AS e2
  WHERE e2.department_id = e.department_id
ORDER BY d.dept_name;
HARD:
Q_1:
-- create table a
CREATE TABLE table_a (
  empid INT PRIMARY KEY,
  ename VARCHAR(50),
  salary INT
);
-- create table_b
CREATE TABLE table_b (
  empid INT PRIMARY KEY,
  ename VARCHAR(50),
  salary INT
);
-- insert into table_a
INSERT INTO table_a (empid, ename, salary) VALUES
(1, 'aa', 1000),
(2, 'bb', 300);
-- insert into table_b
INSERT INTO table_b (empid, ename, salary) VALUES
(2, 'bb', 400),
(3, 'cc', 100);
-- get min salary for each empid across both tables
SELECT
  empid,
  ename,
  MIN(salary) AS minsalary
FROM (
  SELECT * FROM table_a
  UNION ALL
  SELECT * FROM table_b
) AS combined
GROUP BY empid, ename;
```

4. Output:

[EASY] Q_1 :

Output:

max_distinct_id

6

Q_2:

Output:

id	name	description	
name	1 tv	52 inch black color lcd tv product sales	
tv		NULL	
laptop desktop		7 18	

[MEDIUM]:

Q_1: Output:

output.			
dept_name	name	salary	id
IT	MAX	90000	1
IT	JIM	90000	1
SALES	HENRY	80000	2

[**HARD**]:

Q_1:

Output:

empid	ename	minsalary
1	aa	1000
2	bb	300
3	cc	100

5. Learning Outcomes:

- Understood how to create a basic table and remove duplicates while retrieving values.
- Understood how to analyze product sales data by finding unsold products and calculating total quantities.
- Understood how to identify top earners in each department, including handling ties fairly.
- Understood how to merge datasets from multiple sources to get unified employee records.
- Understood how to use aggregate functions to find the lowest salary for each employee across systems.