積分問題集

積分問題1

問題 $\int \frac{\sin x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx$

計算

$$\int \frac{\sin x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx = \int \frac{\sin x}{\sqrt{2}\sin(x + \frac{\pi}{4})} dx \tag{1}$$

$$=\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\int \frac{\sin(t-\frac{\pi}{4})}{\sin t}dt\tag{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \int \frac{\sin t \cos \frac{\pi}{4} - \cos t \sin \frac{\pi}{4}}{\sin t} dt \tag{3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \left(1 - \frac{\cos t}{\sin t}\right) dt \tag{4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}t - \frac{1}{2}\log(\sin t) + C \tag{5}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}\left(x+\frac{\pi}{4}\right)-\frac{1}{2}\log\sin\left(x+\frac{\pi}{4}\right)+A\tag{6}$$

答え

$$\int \frac{\sin x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{2}\log \sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + C \tag{7}$$

積分問題2

問題 $\int \frac{1}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x} dx$

計算

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x} dx = \int \frac{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x} dx$$
 (8)

$$= \int \left(\frac{1}{\cos^2 x} + \frac{1}{\sin^2 x}\right) dx \tag{9}$$

$$= \tan x - \frac{1}{\tan x} + C \tag{10}$$

答え

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x} dx = \tan x - \frac{1}{\tan x} + C \tag{11}$$

積分問題3

問題 $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log(\sin x) dx$

$$I = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log(\sin x) dx \tag{12}$$

$$2I = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log(\sin x) dx + \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log(\cos x) dx$$
 (13)

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log(\frac{\sin x}{2}) dx \tag{14}$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log(\sin 2x) dx - \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log 2dx \tag{15}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\pi} \log(\sin u) du - \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log 2 dx$$
 (16)

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log(\sin x) dx - \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log 2 dx \tag{17}$$

$$=I-\frac{\pi}{2}\tag{18}$$

答え

$$I = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \log(\sin x) dx = -\frac{\pi}{2} \log 2$$
 (19)

積分問題 4



計算

$$\int_0^1 \log x dx = \int_{-\infty}^0 t e^t dt \tag{20}$$

$$= \left[te^t\right]_{-\infty}^0 - \int_{-\infty}^0 e^t dt \tag{21}$$

$$= -\left[e^t\right]_{-\infty}^0 \tag{22}$$

$$= -1 \tag{23}$$

答え

$$\int_0^1 \log x dx = -1 \tag{24}$$

問題
$$\int \sqrt{x^2 + 1} dx$$

$$I = \int \sqrt{x^2 + 1} dx \tag{25}$$

$$= x\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} dx \tag{26}$$

$$=x\sqrt{x^2+1}-\int \frac{x^2+1-1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}}dx \tag{27}$$

$$= x\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - I + \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$$
 (28)

$$= x\sqrt{x^2 + 1} - I + \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}) \tag{29}$$

答え

$$I = \int \sqrt{x^2 + 1} dx = \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{x^2 + 1} + \frac{1}{2} \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1})$$
(30)

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx$$

$$I = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx \tag{31}$$

$$I^{2} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^{2}} dx \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-y^{2}} dy$$

$$(32)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-(x^2 + y^2)} dx dy \tag{33}$$

$$= \int_0^\infty \int_0^{2\pi} e^{-r^2} r dr d\theta \tag{34}$$

$$=2\pi \left[-\frac{1}{2}e^{-r^2} \right]_0^{\infty} \tag{35}$$

$$=\pi\tag{36}$$

答え

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} = \sqrt{\pi} \tag{37}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{\log x} + \log(\log x)\right) dx$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{\log x} + \log(\log x)\right) dx = \int \frac{dx}{\log x} + \int \log(\log x) dx \tag{38}$$

$$= \int \frac{dx}{\log x} + x \log(\log x) - \int \frac{x}{x \log x} dx \tag{39}$$

$$= \int \frac{dx}{\log x} + x \log(\log x) - \int \frac{dx}{\log x}$$
 (40)

$$= x \log(\log x) + C \tag{41}$$

答え

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{\log x} + \log(\log x)\right) dx = x \log(\log x) + C \tag{42}$$

$$\int \sqrt{x^2 - 1} dx$$

$$I = \int \sqrt{x^2 - 1} dx \tag{43}$$

$$= x\sqrt{x^2 - 1} - \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}} dx \tag{44}$$

$$=x\sqrt{x^2-1}-\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}^2+1}{\sqrt{x^2-1}}dx\tag{45}$$

$$= x\sqrt{x^2 - 1} - \int \sqrt{x^2 - 1}dx + \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$$
 (46)

$$= x\sqrt{x^2 - 1} - I - \log|x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}| \tag{47}$$

答え

$$I = \int \sqrt{x^2 - 1} dx = \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{x^2 - 1} - \frac{1}{2} \log|x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}|$$
(48)

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{x}{e^x - 1} dx$$

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{x}{e^x - 1} dx = \int_0^\infty \frac{x}{e^x (1 - \frac{1}{e^x})} dx \tag{49}$$

$$= \int_0^\infty x e^{-x} \sum_{n=0}^\infty e^{-nx} dx$$
 (50)

$$=\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \int_0^\infty x e^{-(n+1)x} dx \tag{51}$$

$$=\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{t}{n+1} \cdot e^{-t} \cdot \frac{dt}{n+1}$$
 (52)

$$=\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(n+1)^2} \int_0^{\infty} t e^{-t} dt$$
 (53)

$$=\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(n+1)^2} \tag{54}$$

$$=\frac{\pi^2}{6}\tag{55}$$

答え

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{x}{e^x - 1} dx = \frac{\pi^2}{6} \tag{56}$$

$$x = (b - a)t + a$$

と置換。

$$\int_{a}^{b} (x-a)^{m} (x-b)^{n} dx = \int_{0}^{1} (b-a)^{m} t^{m} (b-a)^{n} (t-1)^{n} (b-a) dt$$
(57)

$$= (-1)^{n} (b-a)^{m+n+1} \int_{0}^{1} t^{m} (1-t)^{n} dt$$
 (58)

$$= (-1)^{n} (b-a)^{m+n+1} B(m+1, n+1)$$
(59)

$$= (-1)^{n} (b-a)^{m+n+1} \frac{\Gamma(m+1) \Gamma(n+1)}{\Gamma(m+n+2)}$$
(60)

$$=\frac{(-1)^n m! n!}{(m+n+1)!} (b-a)^{m+n+1}$$
(61)

答え

$$\int_{a}^{b} (x-a)^{m} (x-b)^{n} dx = \frac{(-1)^{n} m! n!}{(m+n+1)!} (b-a)^{m+n+1}$$
(62)