# Studying the use of e data and resonant interactions for DUNE energy reconstruction

Anjali Nambrath<sup>1</sup>, Minerba Betancourt<sup>2</sup>

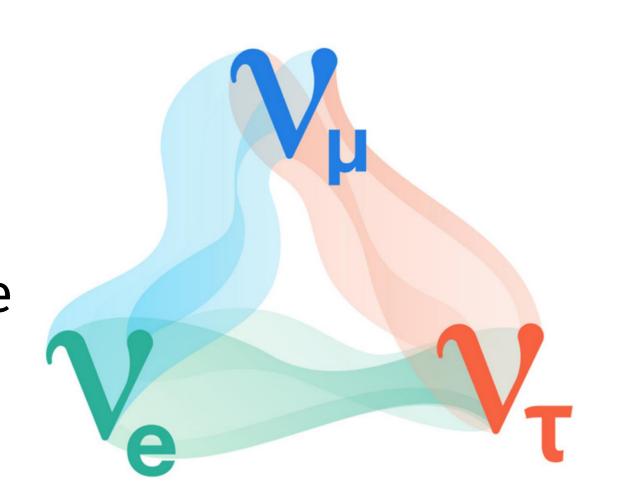
<sup>1</sup> Massachusetts Institute of Technology, <sup>2</sup> Fermi National Accelerator Facility

Correspondence: anjali@mit.edu

FERMILAB-POSTER-19-084-ND

#### Introduction

DUNE requires reconstruction of neutrino energies to measure oscillation parameters. We study the calorimetric method on QE events and use electron data to constrain the reconstruction. In order to study resonant events later, we compare electron and neutrino scattering in that regime.



### Highlights

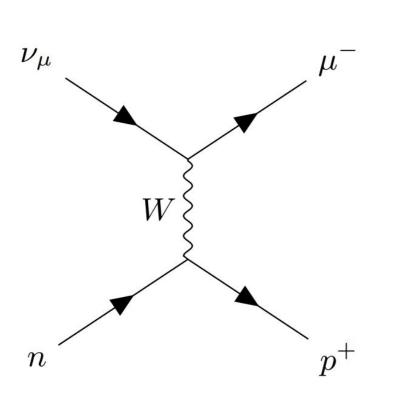
- The use of electron data to constrain neutrino energy reconstruction looks promising.
- Electron and neutrino scattering are similar in the resonant channel.

#### Energy reconstruction for QE events

In this study, we look at QE DUNE events. Performed Opi and QE cuts on simulated data: no pions produced, Q2 > 0.5 GeV, proton momentum > 0.3 GeV, W < 2.0 GeV.

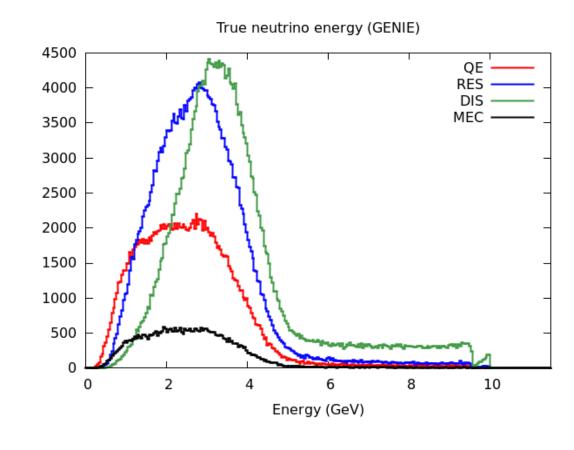
Calorimetric reconstruction (conserving energy):

$$E_{\nu \, rec} = E_{\ell} + K_p + E_b$$

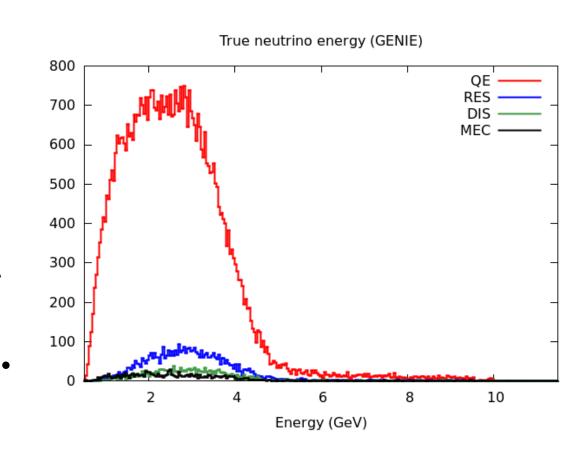


We apply Opi and kinematic cuts, so the events used resemble this.

# Using DUNE neutrino flux to simulate events

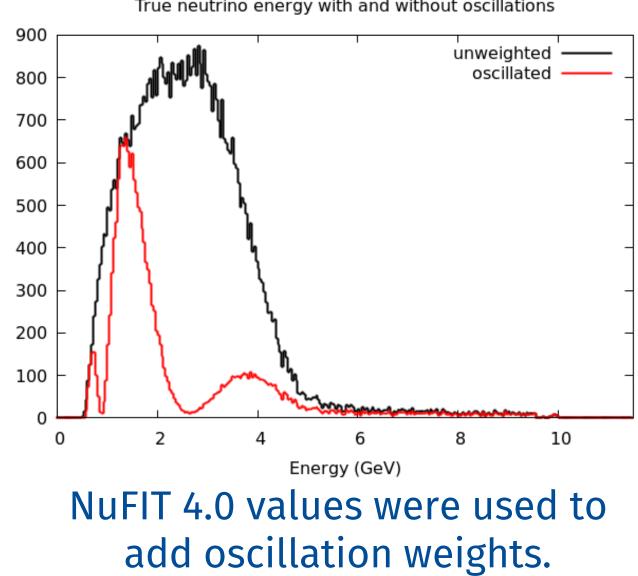


Neutrino events were generated at energies between 0 and 10 GeV using an argon-40 target.

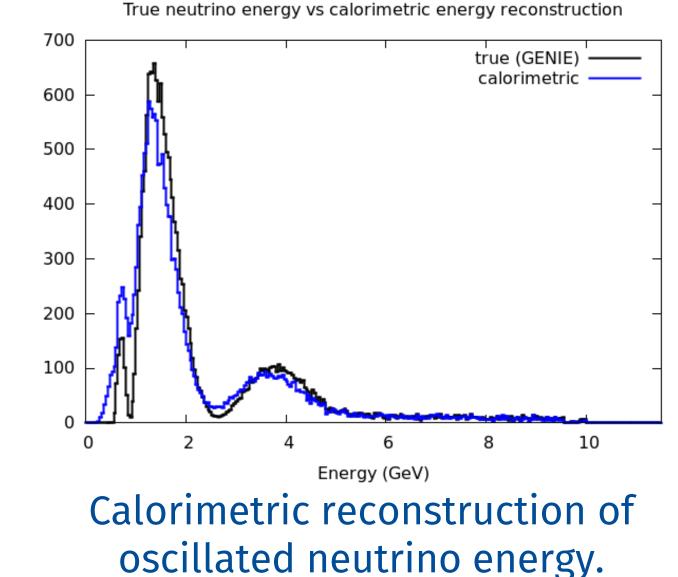


Applying cuts and the CCQE selection from electron scattering gives us a pure QE sample.

# Adding oscillations and reconstructing energies





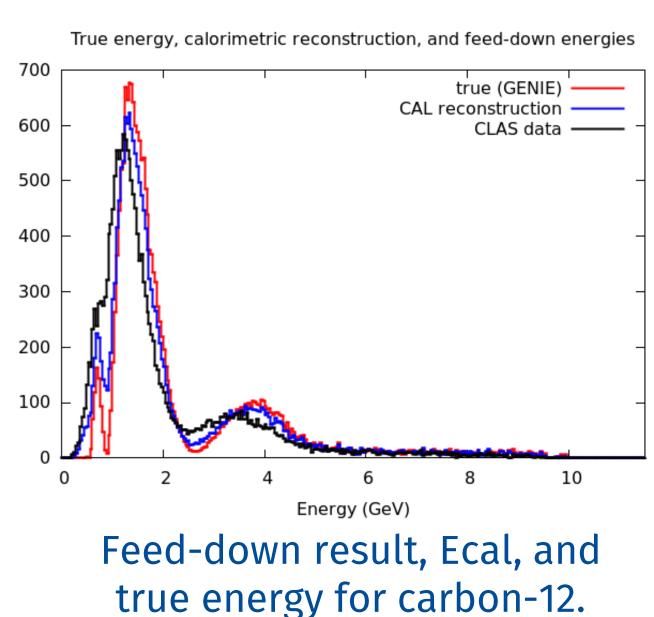


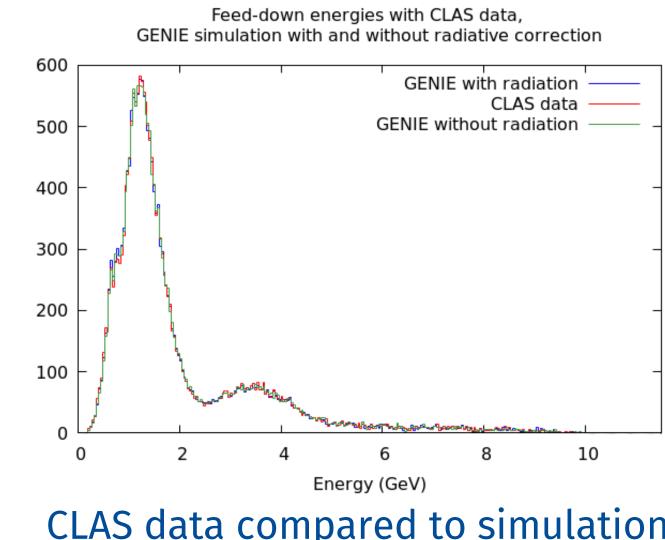
NuFIT 4.0 parameters (normal ordering, no SK atmospheric data) for DUNE far detector.

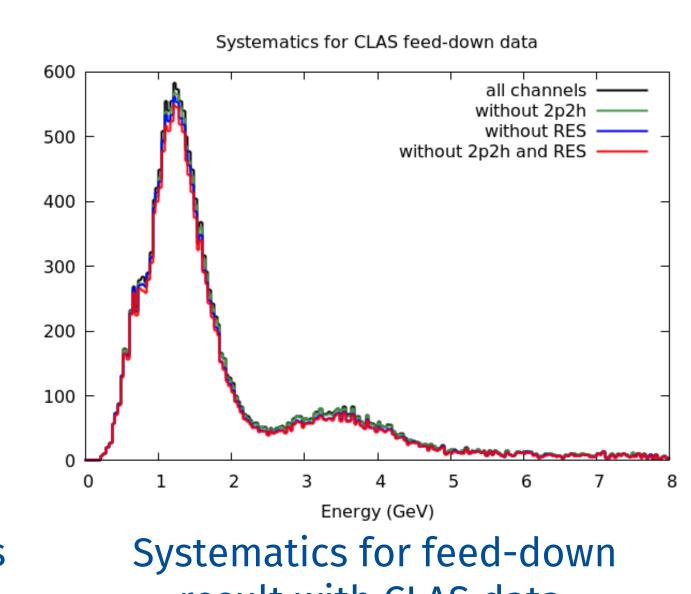
$\sin^2 \theta_{12}$	0.310
$\sin^2 \theta_{23}$	0.580
$\sin^2 \theta_{13}$	0.02241
19	7.39 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> eV <sup>2</sup>
$\Delta m^2_{21}$	2.525 x 10 <sup>-3</sup> eV <sup>2</sup>
$\Delta m^2_{atm}$	
$\delta_{CP}$	0
beam dip angle	5.8°

## Comparing reconstructions: Ecal and electron data

There is an effect on the reconstruction when we constrain the reconstruction using CLAS electron data or electron simulations, as compared to the Ecal method.







CLAS data compared to simulations with and without corrections.

result with CLAS data.

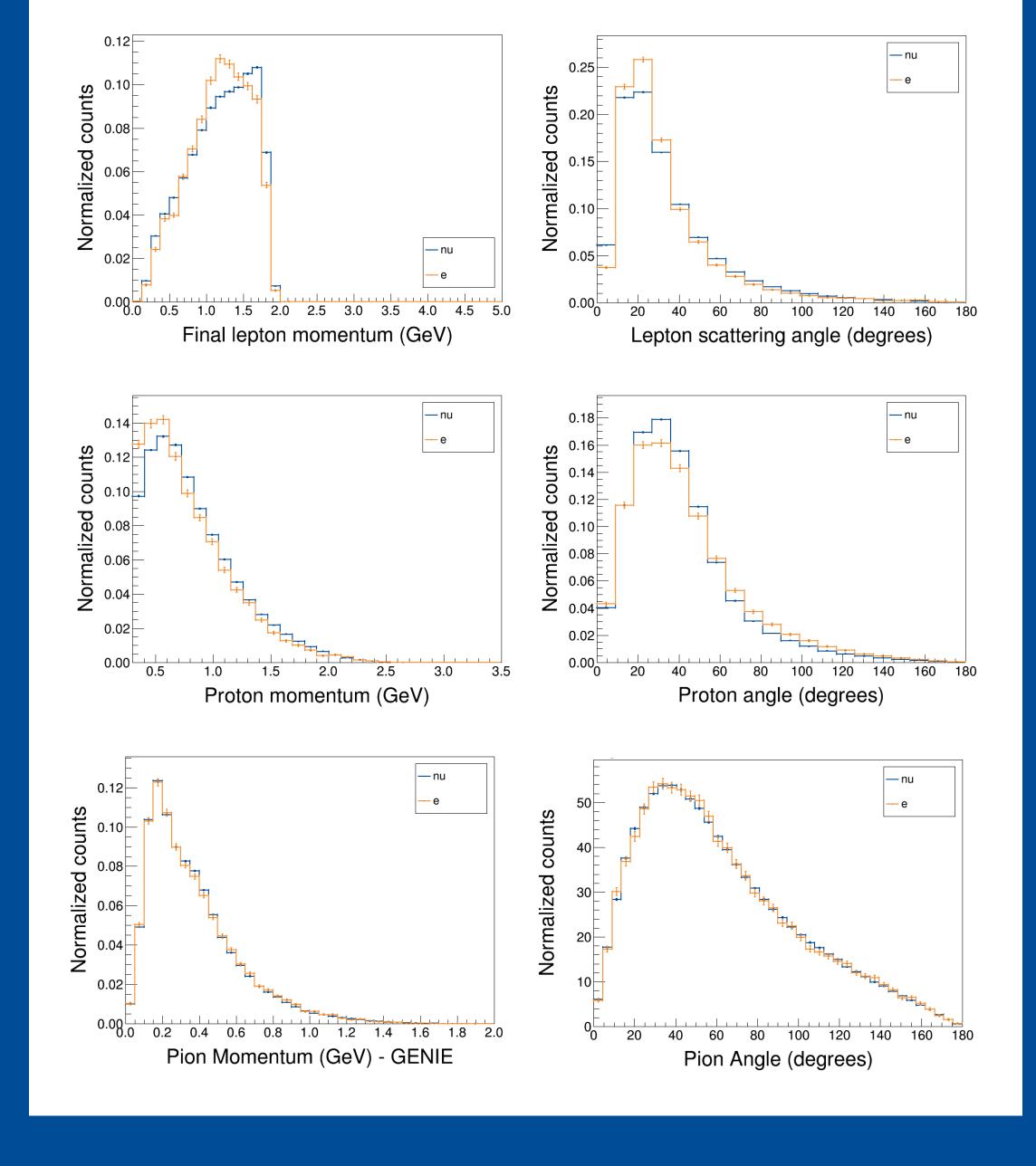
#### This manuscript has been authored by Fermi Research Alliance, LLC under Contract No. DE-AC02-07CH11359 with the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Science, Office of High Energy Physics.

#### Methods

Neutrino and electron events in all interaction channels were generated with GENIE MC v3.0.4 at 2.2 GeV and 0-10 GeV, with carbon-12 and argon-40 targets.

#### Resonant interactions

Electron and neutrino scattering are similar in the resonant channel, which is relevant along with the QE and DIS channels for DUNE's operating energy range.



Thanks to: Minerba Betancourt, Afroditi Papadopoulou, Luke Pickering, and Christopher Marshall for their help; Magdalena Allen for previous work; and the Department of Energy for funding the Science Undergraduate Laboratory Internship.



