# SE 3XA3: Module Interface Specification T-Rex Acceleration

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Table 1: Revision History

Date	Version	Notes
03/18/2021 04/07/2021	1.0 2.0	Initial Draft Revision 1

# Model/Character

# Uses

Pygame Time

# Syntax

# Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
Character	pygame.display, pygame.image	Character	IllegalArgumentException
get_rect		pygame.rect	
get_img	Z	pygame.image	
set_img	pygame.image $\mathbb{R}$ , $\mathbb{R}$		IllegalArgumentException
set_ducking_img		pygame.image, $\mathbb{R}$ , $\mathbb{R}$	IllegalArgumentException
duck	pygame.image <del>pygame.imge</del>	_	IllegalArgumentException
get_ducking		$\mid \mathbb{B} \mid$	
stand	pygame.image, <del>pygame.iamge</del>	_	IllegalArgumentException
jump	pygame.image, <del>pygame.image</del>	_	IllegalArgumentException
get_jumping		$oxed{\mathbb{B}}$	
checkbounds			
invincible	<del>pygame.image</del>	_	IllegalArgumentException
get_invincible		$oxed{\mathbb{B}}$	
double_jump <del>ing</del>	_	_	
get_double_jumping	_	$oxed{\mathbb{B}}$	
slo_mo			
get_slo_mo	_	$oxed{\mathbb{B}}$	
is_powered	_	$\mathbb{B}$	
update	pygame.image	_	— IllegalArgumentExcption
get_limit		$oxed{\mathbb{B}}$	
reset	pygam.image		
get_power_time	_	$\mathbb{R}$	
pause	_		_
resume			

### **Semantics**

#### State Variables

```
Represents the screen
game_screen: pygame.display
                                                  Surface object with the image of the character
img: pygame.image list of pygame.image
                                              //
                                                  The rectangle of the character
rect: pygame.rect
is_ducking: \mathbb{B}
                                                  Is the character ducking
                                              // Is the character jumping
is_jumping: \mathbb{B}
is_invincible: B
                                                  Is the character invincible
                                                  Is the character slowing obstacles
is_slo_mo: \mathbb{B}
                                              //
is_double_jumping: \mathbb{B}
                                                  Can the character double jump
movement: (\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R})
                                                  horizontal and vertical speed of the character
jumping_limit: Z
                                                  The number of jumps
obtain_powerup_time: ℝ
                                                  The time when the character takes a powerup
                                                  Start time of a pause
puase_time: ℝ
pause_duration: \mathbb{R}
                                                  The duration of the pause
```

### **Environment Variables**

None

### **State Invariant**

```
is\_ducking \land is\_jumping = False
is\_invincible \land is\_slo\_mo \land is\_double\_jumping = False
jumping\_limit < 3
```

### Assumptions

Constructor character is called first before other methods.

### **Access Routine Semantics**

Character(screen, char\_img):

• transition: game\_screen, img, movement, jumping\_limit. rect := screen, char\_img in NORMAL\_SIZE, [0,0], 0, rectangle of char\_image
All Boolean state variables are initialized to False
All time state variables are initialized to 0

- output: out := self
- exception:

```
exc := (img \equiv NULL) \Rightarrow IllegalArguementException

exc := (game\_screen \equiv NULL) \Rightarrow IllegalArguementError
```

get\_rect():

• output: out := rect

get\_image(img\_number):

• output:  $out := img[img\_number//IMAGE\_SELECTOR]$ 

set\_img(new\_img, bottom, left):

- transition: img, rect := new\_img new\_img in NORMAL\_SIZE, rectangle of the new image with rect.bottom = bot; rect.left = left
- exception:

```
exc := (new\_img \equiv NULL) \Rightarrow IllegalArguementException
```

set\_ducking\_img(new\_img, bottom, left):

- transition: img, rect := new\_img in DUCKING\_SIZE, rectangle of the new image with rect.bottom = bot; rect.left = left
- exception:

```
exc := (new\_imq \equiv NULL) \Rightarrow IllegalArquementException
```

duck(ducking\_img, inv\_ducking\_img char\_img):

- transition:  $\neg is\_jumping \Rightarrow (is\_ducking := False;$   $is\_invincible \Rightarrow img := inv\_ducking\_img \land \neg is\_invincible \Rightarrow img := ducking\_img)$   $img, rect := char\_img, rectangle of char\_img)$
- exception:

```
exc := (anyimg \equiv NULL) \Rightarrow IllegalArguementException
```

get\_ducking():

• output:  $out := is_{-}ducking$ 

stand(inv\_char, char\_img):

- transition:  $\neg is\_jumping \Rightarrow (is\_ducking := False; is\_invincible \Rightarrow img := inv\_char \land \neg is\_invincible \Rightarrow img := char\_img)$   $set\_img(char\_img, screen\_rect.left-Y\_OFFSET, screen\_rect.bottom-X\_OFFSET)$
- exception:

```
exc := (char\_img \equiv NULL) \Rightarrow IllegalArguementException
```

jump(inv\_jumping\_char, jumping\_img):

- transition:  $\neg(is\_ducking \land is\_jumping) \Rightarrow (is\_jumping, movement[1], jumping\_limit := True, JUMPING\_SPEED, jumping\_limit + 1 \land set\_img(char\_img, screen\_rect.left Y\_OFFSET, screen\_rect.bottom X\_OFFSET); is\_double\_jumping \land is\_jumping \land jumping\_limit \leq DOUBLE\_JUMPING\_LIMIT \Rightarrow jumping\_limit, movement[1] := jumping\_limit+1, DOUBLEJUMPING\_SPEED$
- exception:  $exc := (\_jumping\_img \equiv NULL) \Rightarrow IllegalArguementException$  get\_jumping():
  - output:  $out := is_{-jumping}$

### checkbounds():

• transition:  $rect.bottom > screen\_rect.bottom - Y\_OFFSET \Rightarrow rect.bottom, is\_jumping, jumping\_limit := screen\_rect.bottom - Y\_OFFSET, False, 0$ 

invincible(inv\_char):

- transition:  $is\_invincible, img, is\_double\_jumping, is\_slo\_mo, obtain\_powerup\_time, pause\_duration := True, inv\_char, False, False, time(), 0$
- exception:

```
exc := (inv\_char \equiv NULL) \Rightarrow IllegalArguementException
```

### get\_invincible():

• output:  $out := is_invincible$ 

double\_jump():

• transition:  $is\_invincible, img\_is\_double\_jumping, is\_slo\_mo, obtain\_powerup\_time, pause\_duration$ :=  $False, inv\_char, True, False, time(), 0$ 

### get\_double\_jump():

 $\bullet$  output:  $out := is\_double\_jumping$ 

# slo\_mo():

• transition:  $is\_invincible, img\_is\_double\_jumping, is\_slo\_mo, obtain\_powerup\_time, pause\_duration$ :=  $False, inv\_char, False, True, time(), 0$ 

### get\_slo\_mo():

• output:  $out := is\_slo\_mo$ 

### is\_powered():

• output:  $out := is\_double\_jumping \lor is\_invincible \lor is\_slo\_mo$ 

### update(char\_img):

- transition: Change is\_double\_jumping or is\_invincible or is\_slo\_mo to False and the corresponding image back if the power up has already lasted for DURATION\_TIME. If is\_jumping is True, decrease movement[1] by GRAVITY, and check if the jumping ends(if the character back to ground) If the character is not jumping or ducking, set the image to the original one
- exception:  $exc := (char\_img \equiv NULL) \Rightarrow IllegalArguementException$

### **Local Constants**

```
\begin{split} & \text{INIT\_SPEED} = -20 \ \mathbb{Z} \\ & \text{GRAVITY} = 4\mathbb{Z} \\ & \text{DURATION} = 5\mathbb{Z} \\ & \text{NORMAL\_SIZE} = (\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{N}) \\ & \text{DUCKING\_SIZE} = (\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{N}) \\ & \text{X\_OFFSET} = \mathbb{Z} \\ & \text{Y\_OFFSET} = \mathbb{Z} \\ & \text{DOUBLEJUMPING\_SPEED} = \mathbb{N} \\ & \text{IMAGE\_SELECTOR} = \mathbb{N} \\ & \text{DOUBLE\_JUMPING\_LIMIT} = \mathbb{N} \\ & \text{RESUME\_TIME} = \mathbb{N} \end{split}
```

# Model/Powerups

### Uses

Pygame Random LoadAssets

# **Syntax**

### **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
Powerups	pygame. imagedisplay Powerups, $\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{N}, \mathbb{R}$		IllegalArguementException
get_rect	_	pygame.rect	
get_width	_	N	
set_width	N		IllegalArguementException
get_height	_	N	_
set_height	N		IllegalArguementException
get_speed	_	$\mathbb{R}$	_
set_speed	N		
get_img	_	string Z	_
set_img	pygame.img		IllegalArguementException
get_name		String	
update	_		

### **Semantics**

#### State Variables

```
screen: pygame.display
                                Represents the game screen
name: String Z
                               Represents the type of a power up
width: \mathbb{N}
                                Represents the width of a power up
height: \mathbb{N}
                                Represents the height of a power up
speed: \mathbb{R}
                                Represents the speed of a power up
img: pygame.image
                                Surface object with a specified image drawn onto it
                                Represents the rectangle shape of the powerup
rect: pygame.rect
                                Represents the game screen rectangle
screen_rect: pygame.rect
```

### **State Invariant**

None  $name \in [0, TYPES]$ 

### Assumptions & Design Decisions

None

#### **Access Routine Semantics**

Powerups(powerup\_img window, width, height, speed):

- transition: width, height, speed, img screen, name, img := width, height, speed, powerup img, window, random integer in [0,TYPES], corresponding image with given width and height
- output: out := sel f

### get\_rect():

• output: out := rect

get\_width():

 $\bullet$  output: out := width

set\_width(new\_width):

- transition: width := new\_width
- exception:  $exc := (\text{new\_width} < 0) \Rightarrow IllegalArgumentException$

get\_height():

• output: out := height

set\_height(new\_height):

- transition: height := new\_height
- exception:  $exc := (\text{new\_height} < 0) \Rightarrow IllegalArgumentException$

get\_speed():

 $\bullet$  output:out := speed

set\_speed(new\_speed):

• transition:speed := new\_speed

get\_img():

• output: out := img

set\_img(new\_powerup\_img):

- transition: img := new\_powerup\_img
- exception:  $exc := (new\_powerup\_img \equiv NULL) \Rightarrow IllegalArgumentException$  get\_name():
  - output: out := name

## update():

• transition: the object moves forward according to the speed

# **Local Constants**

 $Y\_OFFSET = \mathbb{Z}$  $TYPES = \mathbb{Z}$ 

# Model/Obstacle

### Uses

Pygame

# **Syntax**

### **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
Obstacle	String, $\mathbb{N}$ , $\mathbb{N}$ , $\mathbb{R}$ , pygame.image	Obstacle	—
$\operatorname{get}$ -width		N	
$\operatorname{set}_{-}$ width	N		IllegalArgumentException
get_height		N	
set_height	N		IllegalArgumentException
$get\_speed$		$\mathbb{R}$	
$\operatorname{set\_speed}$	$\mathbb{R}$	_	IllegalArgumentException
get_img	_	pygame.image	
set_img	pygame.image		IllegalArgumentException
get_rect		$(\mathbb{R},\mathbb{R})$	
set_rect	$(\mathbb{R},\mathbb{R})$	_	_
set_rect	$(\mathbb{R},\mathbb{R})$		

## **Semantics**

### State Variables

```
name: String // Represents the name of an obstacle width: \mathbb{N} // Represents the width of an obstacle height: \mathbb{N} // Represents the height of an obstacle speed: \mathbb{R} // Represents the speed of an obstacle img: pygame.image // Surface object with a specified image drawn onto it rect: (\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R}) // X and Y coordinates of the obstacle
```

### **State Invariant**

None

### Assumptions & Design Decisions

None

### **Access Routine Semantics**

Obstacle(name, width, height, speed, obstacle\_img):

- transition: name, width, height, speed, img, rect:= name, width, height, speed, obstacle\_img, obstacle\_img.get\_rect()
- output: out := self

get\_width():

 $\bullet$  output: out := width

set\_width(new\_width):

- transition: width := new\_width
- exception:  $exc := (\text{new\_width} < 0) \Rightarrow IllegalArgumentException$

get\_height():

• output: out := height

set\_height(new\_height):

- transition: height := new\_height
- exception:  $exc := (\text{new\_height} < 0) \Rightarrow IllegalArgumentException$

get\_speed():

 $\bullet$  output: out := speed

set\_speed(new\_speed):

- transition: speed := new\_speed
- exception:  $exc := (\text{new\_speed} < 0) \Rightarrow IllegalArgumentException$

 $get_img()$ :

• output: out := img

# Model/DetectCollision

### Uses

Pygame

### **Syntax**

### **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
detect_collision	pygame.sprite, seq of pygame.sprite	$\mathbb{B}$	_
find_collision_obstacle	pygame.sprite, seq of pygame.sprite Character, seq of Obstacle	Obstacle	
find_collision_powerups	Character, seq of Powerups	Powerups	_

### **Semantics**

#### State Variables

None

#### **State Invariant**

None

### Assumptions & Design Decisions

All pygame.sprite objects have been defined have been defined.

#### **Access Routine Semantics**

detect\_collision(character, elements):

• output:  $out := (\forall \text{ element} \in \text{ elements} \mid (\text{character.X} < \text{ element.X} + \text{element.width}) \land (\text{character.X} + \text{character.width} > \text{element.X}) \land (\text{character.Y} < \text{element.Y} + \text{element.height}) \land (\text{character.Y} + \text{Character.height} > \text{element.Y}))$ 

find\_collision(character, elements): find\_collision\_obstacle(character, obstacles):

• output: *out* := the element obstacle in the sequence elements obstacles that collides with the character.

find\_collision\_powerups(character, powerups):

 $\bullet$  output: out := the powerup in the sequence powerups that collides with the character.

# Model/UpdateEnvironment

### Uses

Pygame

Random

# **Syntax**

### **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
update_floor	$\mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Z}$	$\mathbb{Z}$	
update_bg_colour	$\mathbb{Z}$ , $\mathbb{Z}$ , seq of $\mathbb{Z}$	seq of $\mathbb{Z}$	_

### **Semantics**

State Variables

None

#### **State Invariant**

None

### Assumptions

The game window and images are defined before any routines are called.

#### **Access Routine Semantics**

update\_floor(floor\_position, movement\_speed):

• output:  $out := (floor\_position \le BOUNDARY\_LEFT) \Rightarrow floor\_position = 0 \lor (floor\_position = floor\_position - MOVEMENT\_SPEED movement\_speed)$ 

update\_bg\_colour(current\_score, previous\_score, bg\_rgb):

• output:  $out := \text{Every time the score is a multiple of CHANGE_BG_INTERVAL}$ , the value of either red (bg\_rbg[ $\theta$  RED]), green (bg\_rbg[ $\theta$  GREEN]), or blue (bg\_rbg[ $\theta$  BLUE]) changes, which is selected randomly. The new value of one of the field is:  $(0 \le x \le 2 \mid bg\_rgb[x] := (bg\_rgb[x] + \text{CHANGE\_BG\_VAL})\% \text{ MAX\_RGB}$ ). The updated bg\_rgb sequence is returned.

# **Local Constants**

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{MOVEMENT\_SPEED: 10} \\ \textbf{CHANGE\_BG\_VAL} = 50 \ \mathbb{N} \\ \textbf{MAX\_RGB} = \mathbb{N} \\ \textbf{CHANGE\_BG\_INTERVAL} = \mathbb{N} \\ \textbf{RED} = \mathbb{N} \\ \textbf{GREEN} = \mathbb{N} \\ \textbf{BLUE} = \mathbb{N} \\ \textbf{BOUNDARY\_LEFT} = \mathbb{Z} \\ \end{array}$ 

# Model/Score

## Uses

Time

# Syntax

# **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
Score		Score	
get_current_score		N	
update_score	time.time	$\mathbb{N},\mathbb{N}$	
get_high_score get_score		N	
reset_score			
boost			

# **Semantics**

## State Variables

high\_score:  $\mathbb{N}$  current\_score:  $\mathbb{N}$  previous\_score:  $\mathbb{N}$  start\_time:  $\mathbb{R}$  score\_boost =  $\mathbb{N}$ 

## State Invariant

None

# Assumptions

None

### **Access Routine Semantics**

Score():

• output: out := self

• transition: high\_score, current\_score, start\_time previous\_score, boost := 0, 0, eurrent time 0, 0

### get\_current\_score():

• output:  $out := current\_score$ 

update\_score(start\_time):

- output: out := current\_score, previous\_score
- transition: previous\_score, current\_score, high\_score := current\_score, ((current time start\_time)· SCALE\_FACTOR + score\_boost · SCORE\_BOOST\_VAL) rounded to the nearest natural number, (current\_score > high\_score) ⇒ current\_score ∀ high\_score

### get\_score():

• output:  $out := high\_score$ 

### reset\_score():

• transition: current\_score, score\_boost := 0, 0

### boost():

• transition: score\_boost := score\_boost+1

### **Local Constants**

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{SCALE\_FACTOR} = 5 \ \mathbb{N} \\ \text{SCORE\_BOOST\_VAL} = \mathbb{N} \end{array}$ 

# Model/MainMenu

### Uses

None

# **Syntax**

### **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
MainMenu		MainMenu	
change_volume	N, N		
get_volumes		N, N	

### **Semantics**

#### **State Variables**

 $\frac{background\_music\_volume:}{sound\_effects\_volume:} \ \mathbb{N}$ 

#### **State Invariant**

None

### **Assumptions**

None

### **Access Routine Semantics**

MainMenu():

- output: out := self
- $\bullet \ \, transition: \ \, background\_music\_volume, \ \, sound\_effects\_volume := MAX\_VOLUME, \\ \frac{MAX\_VOLUME}{MAX\_VOLUME}$

change\_volume(new\_background\_volume, new\_sound\_effects\_volume):

• transition: background\_music\_volume, sound\_effects\_volume := new\_background\_volume, new\_sound\_effects\_volume

# $get\_volumes()$ :

 $\bullet \ \, {\rm output:} \ \, out := {\rm background\_music\_volume, \, sound\_effects\_volume} \\$ 

# **Local Constants**

MAX\_VOLUME: 100

# View/DisplayObstacle

### Uses

Pygame

Time

Obstacle

Random

DetectCollision

# **Syntax**

# **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
DisplayObstacle	pygame.display	DisplayObstacle	IllegalArgumentException
get_obstacle_list	—	seq of Obstacle	
remove_obstacle	Obstacle		
generate_obstacle	$\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R}$ seq of Obstacle, $\mathbb{R}$ , seq of Powerups	$\mathbb{R}$	
draw_obstacle	$\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R}, $ Obstacle	—	
update_obstacle_display	_	_	—
update_speed	$\mathbb{R}$		IllegalArgumentException

## **Semantics**

### State Variables

game\_screen: pygame.display obtacle\_list: seq of Obstacle

### **State Invariant**

None

# Assumptions

None

### **Access Routine Semantics**

DisplayObstacle(window):

 $\bullet$  output: out := self

- transition: game\_screen, obstacle\_list := window, []
- exception: exc: (game\_screen = NULL  $\Rightarrow$  IllegalArgumentException)

get\_obstacle\_list():

• output: out := obstacle\_list

remove\_obstacle(obstacle):

• transition: obstacle\_list := obstacle\_list - obstacle.

draw\_obstacle(current\_x, current\_y, obstacle):

• transition: game\_screen := Draw the given obstacle at a specific location (X, Y) coordinates using the obstacle image obstacle.get\_img().

generate\_obstacle(current\_x, current\_y, type\_of\_obstacles, prev\_obstacle\_spawn\_time, generated\_powerups):

- transition: Generate a random kind of obstacle after APPROPRIATE\_TIME and , add it to the obstacle\_list and draw it onto the screen. Also checks for any instance of a collision with an already generated powerups so that an obstacle and poweup don't overlap.
- out: out := current time

update\_obstacle\_display():

• transition: For each obstacle in obstacle\_list, draw each obstacle at its new position by considering the speed of each object. Once the obstacle is outside the boundaries of the game\_screen, remove the obstacle from the list.

update\_speed(new\_speed):

• transition: For each obstacle in obstacle list, change the speed to new\_speed.

#### **Local Constants**

 $APPROPRIATE\_TIME = \mathbb{Z}$ 

# View/DisplayPowerups

## Uses

Pygame

Powerups

Random

Time

DetectCollision

Obstacle

# Syntax

# **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
DisplayPowerups	pygame.display	DisplayPowerups	IllegalArgumentException
get_powerups_list			
remove_powerups_list	Powerups	_	_
generate_powerup	$\mathbb{R}$ , seq of Obstacles, $\mathbb{R}$	_	
draw_powerups	Powerups	_	
update_powerups	seq of Obstacle		_
update_speed	$\mathbb{R}$	_	

## **Semantics**

### State Variables

 $powerups\_diplayed: \ seq \ of \ Powerups$ 

game\_screen: pygame.display

generate\_time:  $\mathbb{R}$ 

### **State Invariant**

None

## Assumptions

None

### **Access Routine Semantics**

display\_powerup(game\_screen):

- output: out := self
- transition: game\_screen, powerups\_diplayed, generate\_time := game\_screen, \(\frac{1}{2}\), pygame.sprite.Group(), time()
- exception: exc: (game\_screen = NULL  $\Rightarrow$  IllegalArgumentException) get\_powerups\_list():
- out:  $out := powerups\_displayed$  remove\_powerups\_list(p):
- transition: powerups\_displayed := powerups\_displayed.remove(p) generate\_powerup(speed, obstacles, obstacle\_spawn\_time):
  - transition: powerups\_diplayed := Add a random kind of powerup in the powerups\_displayed (a list of powerups displayed on the game\_screen) , update generate\_time and draw it if there is no overlapping between obstacles and the new object and  $time() generate\_time > randint(RAND\_MIN, RAND\_MAX)$  and  $time() obstacle\_spawn\_time \ge INTERVAL\_TIME$ .

draw\_powerups(p):

- transition: draw Powerup p on the screen update\_powerups(obstacles):
  - transition: all elements in powerups\_displayed are updated by position and drawn. If there is overlapping, remove the powerup, and if the powerup goes out of the screen, get rid of it.

update\_speed(speed):

• transition:  $\forall p \in powerups\_displayed : p.set\_speed(speed)$ 

### Local Constants

POWERUPS\_WIDTH =  $\mathbb{N}$ POWERUPS\_HEIGHT =  $\mathbb{N}$ INTERVAL\_TIME =  $\mathbb{N}$ RANDOMNESS =  $\mathbb{R}$ RAND\_MIN =  $\mathbb{N}$ RAND\_MAX =  $\mathbb{N}$ 

# View/DisplayEnvironment

### Uses

**UpdateEnvironment** 

Pygame

# **Syntax**

## **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
DisplayEnvironment	pygame.display	DisplayEnvironment	IllegalArgumentException
draw_score	Score	_	_
display_instruction display_msg	String, seq of Z	_	
draw_floor	pygame.image, $\mathbb{Z}$	_	IllegalArgumentException
draw_background	pygame.image, seq of Z	_	IllegalArgumentException
display_powerup	pygame.image time.time	_	IllegalArgumentException

## **Semantics**

### State Variables

None

### **State Invariant**

game\_screen: pygame.display

## Assumptions

None

### **Access Routine Semantics**

DisplayEnvironment(window):

- output: out := self
- transition: game\_screen := window
- exception:  $exc := (window \equiv NULL) \Rightarrow IllegalArgumentException$

draw\_score(score):

• transition: The score is drawn on the game\_screen using the display\_msg method.

draw\_instruction (instructions) display\_msg(msg, msg\_pos):

• transition: The instruction is shown on the screen for TIME and disappears after Draws msg on the game\_screen at the position msg\_pos.

draw\_floor(floor, floor\_position):

- transition: Draw the floor onto the game\_screen at floor\_position.
- exception:  $exc := (floor \equiv NULL) \Rightarrow IllegalArgumentException$

draw\_background(background, bg\_rgb):

- transition: Fills the game\_screen with the color bg\_rgb and draws Draw the background img onto the game\_screen.
- exception:  $exc := (background \equiv NULL) \Rightarrow IllegalArgumentException$

draw\_powerup(time):

• transition: Draws the time (remaining time left on acquired powerup) on the game\_screen.

### **Local Constants**

 $\overline{\text{TIME}} = 5 \text{ seconds}$ 

# View/DisplayWindow

### Uses

Pygame

# **Syntax**

## **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
DisplayWindow		DisplayWindow	
get_game_screen		pygame.display	_

## **Semantics**

### **State Variables**

game\_screen: pygame.display

### **State Invariant**

None

## Assumptions

None

### **Access Routine Semantics**

DisplayWindow():

- output: out := self
- $\bullet$  transition: game\_screen := a new pygame window with dimensions WIDTH  $\times$  HEIGHT pixels

get\_game\_screen():

• output:  $out := game\_screen$ 

# **Local Constants**

WIDTH = 800 NHEIGHT = 600 N

# View/DisplayCharacter

### Uses

Character

# **Syntax**

### **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
DisplayCharacter	pygame.display, Character		
draw_character			

## **Semantics**

### State Variables

game\_screen: pygame.display game\_character: Character

step:  $\mathbb{Z}$ 

### **State Invariant**

None  $0 \le step \le FRAME$ 

### Assumptions

None

### **Access Routine Semantics**

DisplayCharacter(window, character):

- transition: game\_screen, game\_character, step := window, character, 0 draw\_character():
  - transition: draw the character onto the game\_screen according to step to mimic a gif.  $step \leq FRAME \Rightarrow step := 0; step := step + 1$

# **Local Constants**

 $FRAME = \mathbb{N}$ 

# View/PlaySound

### Uses

**LoadAssets** 

Pygame

# **Syntax**

## **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
PlaySound	seq of pygame.mixer.Sound	PlaySound	—
get_sound_effect		$\mathbb{R}$	_
set_sound_effect	$\mathbb{R}$		IllegalArgumentException
$get\_background$		$\mathbb{R}$	
set_background	$\mathbb{R}$		IllegalArgumentException
play_bg_music			
play_jump_sound			
play_duck_sound		_	
play_collision_sound			
play_powerup_sound			
play_game_over_sound			
stop_music			_

### **Semantics**

### State Variables

background\_music: pygame.mixer.Sound

jump\_sound: pygame.mixer.Sound duck\_sound: pygame.mixer.Sound collision\_sound: pygame.mixer.Sound

powerup\_pickup\_sound: pygame.mixer.Sound

game\_over\_sound: pygame.mixer.Sound

 $sound\_effect\_vol: \ \mathbb{R} \\ background\_vol: \ \mathbb{R} \\$ 

### **State Invariant**

None

### Assumptions

None

#### **Access Routine Semantics**

PlaySound(sound\_list):

- output: out := self
- transition: background\_music, jump\_sound, duck\_sound, collision\_sound, powerup\_pickup\_sound, game\_over\_sound, sound\_effect\_vol, background\_VOL := the assets are loaded in from the LoadAssets module (for background, jump, duck, collision, powerup pickup and game over), SOUND\_EFFECT\_VOL\_INTIAL, BACKGROUND\_VOL\_INTIAL.

### get\_sound\_effect():

• output: out := sound\_effect\_vol

set\_sound\_effect(new\_vol):

- transition: sound\_effect\_vol := new\_vol
- exception:  $exc := (0 < new\_vol \lor new\_vol > 1) \Rightarrow IllegalArgumentException$

get\_background():

• output: out := background\_vol

set\_background(new\_vol):

- transition: background\_vol := new\_vol
- exception:  $exc := (0 < new\_vol \lor new\_vol > 1) \Rightarrow IllegalArgumentException$

play\_bg\_music():

• transition: plays the background music at background\_vol.

play\_jump\_sound():

- transition: plays the jump sound effect at sound\_effect\_vol.
- play\_duck\_sound():
  - transition: plays the duck sound effect at sound\_effect\_vol.

### play\_collision\_sound():

- transition: plays the collision sound effect at sound\_effect\_vol. play\_powerup\_sound():
- transition: plays the powerup pickup sound effect at sound\_effect\_vol. play\_game\_over\_sound():
- transition: plays the game over sound effect at sound\_effect\_vol. stop\_music():
  - transition: stops all current audio that is playing.

# **Local Constants**

 $\begin{aligned} & SOUND\_EFFECT\_VOL\_INITIAL = \mathbb{R} \\ & BACKGROUND\_VOL\_INITIAL = \mathbb{R} \end{aligned}$ 

# View/DisplayMenu

### Uses

MainMenu

Pygame

# **Syntax**

## **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
DisplayMenu	pygame.display	DisplayMenu	IllegalArgumentException
display_main_menu	pygame.image		
display_pause_menu	pygame.image		
display_exit_menu display_end_menu	pygame.image		
display_setting_menu	pygame.image		
display_resume_menu	N		
display_instruction_menu	pygame.image		_

# **Semantics**

### State Variables

game\_screen: pygame.display

### **State Invariant**

None

### Assumptions

None

### **Access Routine Semantics**

DisplayMenu(window):

- output: out := self
- transition: game\_screen := window
- exception:  $exc := (window \equiv NULL) \Rightarrow IllegalArgumentException$

display\_main\_menu(main\_menu\_img):

• transition: game\_screen := Main menu Display the main menu image which contains layout for with 'Play', 'Quit' and 'Setting' buttons. The image will also display the keybindings that correspond to accessing each menu.

display\_pause\_menu(pause\_menu\_img):

• transition: game\_screen := Pause menu Display the pause menu image which contains with 'Resume' button to resume back to the current game or 'Exit' button to go to the main menu. The image will also display the keybindings that correspond to accessing each menu.

display\_exit\_menu display\_end\_menu(exit\_menu\_img):

• transition: game\_screen := Exit menu Display the exit menu image which contains with 'Return' button to the main menu after game session has ended and 'Quit' to quit the game application (terminating the game). The image will also display the keybindings that correspond to accessing each menu.

display\_setting\_menu(setting\_menu\_img):

• transition: game\_screen := Setting menu that can be used to change the volume and theme. Display the setting menu image and also contains buttons which are plus and minus to change the background volume and sound effect volume. The image will also contain a 'Back' to return to the main menu and 'Confirm' to save the current changes of background and sound effect volume setting

display\_resume\_menu(time\_remaining):

• transition: game\_screen := Displays the current time\_remaining on the screen.

display\_instruction\_menu(instruction\_menu\_img):

• transition: game\_screen := Displays the instruction menu image on the screen which contains information about the game and how to play it. It also contains information about the keybinding to return back to the main menu.

# View/LoadAssets

## Uses

Pygame

# Syntax

# **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
load_floor		pygame.image	IllegalArugementException
load_background		pygame.image	IllegalArugementException
load_character		seq of pygame.image	IllegalArugementException
load_all_obstacle		seq of pygame.image	IllegalArugementException
load_all_powerups		seq of pygame.image	IllegalArugementException
load_main_menu		pygame.image	IllegalArugementException
load_pause_menu		pygame.image	IllegalArugementException
load_end_menu		pygame.image	IllegalArugementException
load_setting_menu		pygame.image	IllegalArugementException
load_instruction_menu		pygame.image	IllegalArugementException
load_sound		pygame.mixer	IllegalArugementException

## **Semantics**

State Variables

None

## State Invariant

None

## Assumptions

All the files are in the appropriate directory with proper names and format.

### **Access Routine Semantics**

load\_floor():

• output: out := returns a Pygame image object with the floor image loaded in.

- exception:  $exc := (FLOOR\_IMG \equiv \neg FileExists) \Rightarrow FileNotFoundError$  load\_background():
  - output: out := returns a Pygame image object with the background image loaded in.
- exception:  $exc := (BACKGROUND\_IMG \equiv \neg FileExists) \Rightarrow FileNotFoundError$  load\_character():
  - output: out := returns a sequence of Pygame image objects with images of different characters the character performing different actions (including jumping, ducking, and running) loaded in.
- exception:  $exc := (CHARACTER\_IMG \equiv \neg FileExists) \Rightarrow FileNotFoundError$  load\_all\_obstacles():
  - output: *out* := returns a sequence of Pygame image objects with all obstacle images loaded in.
- exception:  $exc := (OBSTACLE\_IMG \equiv \neg FileExists) \Rightarrow FileNotFoundError$  load\_all\_powerups():
  - output: out := returns a sequence of Pygame image objects with the all powerup images loaded in.
- exception:  $exc := (POWERUP\_IMG \equiv \neg FileExists) \Rightarrow FileNotFoundError$  load\_main\_menu():
  - ullet output: out:= returns a Pygame image object with the main menu image loaded in
- exception:  $exc := (MAINMENU\_IMG \equiv \neg FileExists) \Rightarrow FileNotFoundError$  load\_pause\_menu():
  - output: out := returns a Pygame image object with the pause menu image loaded in.
- exception:  $exc := (MAINMENU\_IMG \equiv \neg FileExists) \Rightarrow FileNotFoundError$  load\_end\_menu():

- output: out := returns a Pygame image object with the end menu image loaded in.
- exception:  $exc := (MAINMENU\_IMG \equiv \neg FileExists) \Rightarrow FileNotFoundError$  load\_setting\_menu():
  - ullet output: out:= returns a Pygame image object with the setting menu image loaded in.
- exception:  $exc := (MAINMENU\_IMG \equiv \neg FileExists) \Rightarrow FileNotFoundError$  load\_instruction\_menu():
  - output: out := returns a Pygame image object with the instruction menu image loaded in.
- exception:  $exc := (MAINMENU\_IMG \equiv \neg FileExists) \Rightarrow FileNotFoundError$  load\_sound():
  - output: *out* := returns Pygame sound objects with the background music and sound effects loaded in.
  - exception:  $exc := (SOUND\_MP3 \equiv \neg FileExists) \Rightarrow FileNotFoundError$

### **Local Constants**

```
FLOOR_{IMG} = \frac{\text{`floor.png'}}{\text{image}} \\ BACKGROUND_{IMG} = \frac{\text{`background.png'}}{\text{image}} \\ CHARACTER_{IMG} = \frac{\text{`character.png', `character.invisible.png', `character.slomo.png'}}{\text{seq of image}} \\ OBSTACLE_{IMG} = \frac{\text{`cobstacle1.png', `obstacle2.png'}}{\text{`powerup2.png', `powerup3.png', `powerup4.png'}}} \\ SQUP_{IMG} = \frac{\text{`powerup1.png', `powerup2.png', `powerup3.png', `powerup4.png'}}}{\text{seq of image}} \\ MAINMENU_{IMG} = \frac{\text{`mainmenu.png'}}{\text{image}} \\ SOUND_{MP3} = \frac{\text{`sound1.mp3', `sound2.mp3', `sound3.mp3', `sound4.mp3', `sound5.mp3'}}}{\text{seq of audio}} \\
```

# ${\bf Controller/Game Controller}$

## Uses

Pygame

Time

sys

MenuController

Character

Obstacle

Powerups

 ${\bf Detect Collision}$ 

 ${\bf Update Environment}$ 

Score

DisplayObstacle

DisplayPowerups

DisplayEnvironment

DisplayWindow

DisplayCharacter

PlaySound

DisplayMenu

LoadAssets

# **Syntax**

# **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
GameController	—	GameController	
check_user_input	—	String	
game_loop	$\operatorname{clock}(), \mathbb{R}$		
increase_game_speed	DisplayPowerups, DisplayObsta-		
	cles		
main_menu	pygame.font	String	
run_game	_		
resume_game	DisplayObstacles, DisplayEnvi-	$\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R}$	
	ronment, DisplayPowerups, Dis-		
	playCharacter, seq of $\mathbb{Z}$ , $\mathbb{R}$		
detect_powerups_collision	DisplauPowerups, DisplayObat-		
	cles		
detect_obstacles_collision	$\mathbb{B}, \mathbb{R}$ , DisplayObatcles	$\mathbb{B}$	

### **Semantics**

### State Variables

game\_screen: pygame.display obstacle\_img: seq of pygame.image sound\_list: seq of pygame.mixer

game\_speed:  $\mathbb{R}$ 

load\_character: seq of seq of pygame.image

obstacle\_list: seq of Obstacle

character : Character

powerup\_list : seq of Powerups

play\_sound: PlaySound

menu\_controller: MenuController

pause\_time:  $\mathbb{R}$ 

background\_musie: pygame.mixer sound\_effects: pygame.mixer main\_menu\_img: pygame.image pause\_menu\_img: pygame.image end\_menu\_img: pygame.image setting\_menu\_img: pygame.image

### instruction\_menu\_img: pygame.image

floor: pygame.image floor\_position:  $\mathbb{N}$ 

background: pygame.image

score\_count: Score

is\_paused:  $\mathbb{B}$ 

### **Environment Variables**

QUIT: Mouse Input close the window K\_DOWN: Keyboard input down arrow

K\_UP: Keyboard input up arrow K\_p: Keyboard input p button K\_s: Keyboard input s button K\_h: Keyboard input h button

K\_SPACE: Keyboard input space bar

#### State Invariant

 $Nonegame\_speed \in [INIT\_SPPED, MAX\_SPEED]$ 

### Assumptions

None The constructor shall be called before other methods

#### **Access Routine Semantics**

GameController():

```
    transition: game_screen := DisplayWindow.get_game_screen()
    obstacle_list, powerup_list := seq of all kinds of Obstacles, {}
    game_speed := INIT_SPEED
    character := Character(game_screen, LoadAssets.load_character()[0])
    background, sound_effects := LoadAssets.load_sound()
    floor := LoadAssets.load_floor()
    background := LoadAsset.load_background()
    All images, sounds are initialized with corresponding LoadAssets methods menu_controller := MenuController(game_screen)
    pause_time := 0
```

```
floor_position := 0
is_puased := False
score_count := Score()
play_sound.play_bg_music()
```

 $\bullet$  output: out := self

check\_user\_input():

• transition: Checks for user input and calls the corresponding method. The method is responsible for handling input for character control and moving the character based on the input. The method also handles the user inputs for starting, quitting, and going to the settings from the main menu.

• output: out := User input in pause menu

Input Key	Behaviour
pygame.QUIT	System exit
pygame.KEYDOWN	If any keyboard input is pressed
pygame.K_DOWN	character.duck() & play_duck_sound()
pygame.K_UP	character.jump() & play_jump_sound()
pygame.K_Up when jumping	<pre>character.double_jump() &amp; play_jump_sound()</pre>
$pygame.K_p$	MenuController.pause_menu(game_screen)
pygame.KEYUP	If any keyboard input is not pressed
pygame.K_DOWN	character.stand()

### game\_loop(clock, game\_start\_time):

• transitions: It is the main game loop of the game that will continuously run until the current game session ends when the user presses the 'Quit' button in the main menu. It will call methods from other modules to control the game play. The floor image will have its position constantly moving and being updated. The events of each keyboard input will be constantly monitored to ensure the user input is registered. The score will be incremented and depending on the current score, the background color will change. There will be random types of obstacles and powerups generating at random times. There will be a constant check for collision detection between the character and obstacle, and character and powerups. If a collision between a character and obstacle has occured, the current game state stops and goes to the exits menu to compare current score and highest score achieved. It calls check\_user\_input method to detect input, and gets all objects drawn on the screen and updated every loop. It also detects collision with detectDollision methods and takes corresponding action if collision happens.

increase\_game\_speed(powerups, obstacles)

• transition:  $game\_speed < MAX\_SPEED \Rightarrow (character.get\_slo\_mo \Rightarrow gamespeed := INIT\_SPEED \land \\ \neg character.get\_slo\_mo \Rightarrow gamespeed := INIT\_SPEED + SPEED\_FACTOR * (score//SCORE\_SPEED)) \\ obsacles.update\_speed(game\_speed); powerups.update\_speed(game\_speed)$ 

#### main\_menu(font)

- transition: It detects all user input in main menu and corresponds to these inputs.
- out: out := action

Input Key	Behaviour
pygame.KEYDOWN	If any keyboard input is pressed
pygame.K_SPACE	action = "Play"
pygame.K_q	stop_music & running = False
pygame.K_s	call menu_controller setting menu method
pygame.K_h	call menu_controller instruction menu method

### run\_game()

• transition: start the game if action is "Play", initialize font, clock and Boolean value running.

 $resume\_game(d\_obstacles, d\_environment, d\_powerups, d\_character, bg\_rgb, game\_start\_time)$ 

- transition: Resume and redrawn all elments in game, show a RESUME\_TIME count down before the game is resumed.
- $\bullet \ \ \text{output:} \ \ out := game\_start\_time, \ obstacle\_spawn\_time$

detect\_powerups\_collision(d\_powerups, d\_obstacles)

• transition: Detect collision between the character and powerups. If there is a collision, play sound, change the status of the character/score) and remove that powerup.

detect\_obstacles\_collision(running, current\_score, d\_obstacles)

- transition: Detect the collision between obstacles and character and play sound for collisions. If there is a successful collision(with no invincibility powerup), set running to False
- out: out := running

# **Local Constants**

$$\begin{split} & \text{INIT\_SPEED} = \mathbb{N} \\ & \text{MAX\_SPEED} = \mathbb{N} \\ & \text{OBS\_START\_X} = \mathbb{N} \\ & \text{OBS\_START\_Y} = \mathbb{N} \\ & \text{INIT\_BG} = [\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{N}, \mathbb{N}] \\ & \text{FONTSIZE} = \mathbb{N} \\ & \text{FPS} = \mathbb{N} \\ & \text{POWERUPS\_TIME} = \mathbb{N} \\ & \text{RESUME\_TIME} = \mathbb{N} \\ & \text{SPEED\_FACTOR} = \mathbb{R} \\ & \text{SCORE\_SPEED} = \mathbb{N} \end{split}$$

# Controller/MenuController

### Uses

MainMenu DisplayMenu

Pygame

# **Syntax**

## **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
MenuController	pygame.display	MenuController	IllegalArgumentException
setting_menu	pygame.display PlaySound, pygame.image	_	_
pause_menu	pygame.display pygame.image	_	
exit_menu end_menu	pygame.display N, N, pygame.image	_	_
resume_menu	N	_	_
instruction_menu	pygame.image	_	_

## **Semantics**

### State Variables

game\_screen: pygame.display

### **Environment Variables**

QUIT: Mouse Input close the window

K\_b: Keyboard input b arrowK\_r: Keyboard input r buttonK\_c: Keyboard input c buttonK\_q: Keyboard input q button

### **State Invariant**

None

## Assumptions

None

#### Access Routine Semantics

### MenuController(window):

- output: out := self
- transition: game\_screen := window
- exception:  $exc := (window \equiv NULL) \Rightarrow IllegalArgumentException$

setting\_menu(screen play\_sound, setting\_menu\_img):

• transition: Display the settings menu onto the screen and handle the volume and theme change according to user input. The user will be able to modify the sound effect and background volume separately and handle saving these options. When the user press the 'Back' button, the method terminates and control is shifted back to the game controller.

### pause\_menu(screen, pause\_menu\_img):

• transition: Display the pause menu onto the screen and freeze the current game state. The score count is kept unchanged and all the elements of the game (obstacles, character, and background) stop moving. If the 'Resume' button is pressed, the game data current state is unfrozen, the method terminates and the control is shifted back to the game controller. If the Exit' button is pressed, the method terminates and the control is shifted back to the game controller (without saving the current game state upon exiting).

### exit\_menu(screen) end\_menu(current\_score, highest\_score, end\_menu\_img):

• transition: Display the exit menu onto the screen and restart or quit the game according to user input. As well display the current\_score and highest\_score onto the screen. When the user presses the 'Exit' button, the game goes back to main menu terminates. If the 'Restart' button is pressed, a new game starts the method terminates and control is passed back to the game controller to return back to main menu whatever button is pressed.

### resume\_menu(time\_remaining):

• transition: Display the time remaining before the game resumes back to the current game state where all character, powerups, obstacles and other environment visuals are still visible.

### instruction\_menu(instruction\_menu\_img):

• transition: Display the instruction menu onto the screen and handle the input to return back to the main menu. If the 'Back' button is pressed, the method terminates and the control is shifted back to the game controller.