

Class: CC02Group No: 5 (your group no. in Registration)

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Database System – S232**Assignment 2 Report**

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PART 1: CREATE DATABASE (3.5p)		
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PART 2: STORE PROCEDURE, FUNCTION, TRIGGER		
2.1.1 Procedure <code>create_booking</code> : allow guests to create booking.	3	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input: check in date, check out date, rooms,... 		
2.1.2 Procedure <code>check_out</code> : check out a booking. *	1	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input: bookingid, list of rooms with list of food consumed for each room 		
2.1.3 Function <code>get_vacant_roomtypes</code> : allow guests to get list of roomtypes whose vacant rooms meet guests' requirements.	2	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input: branch, number of guests, number of rooms, check in date, check out date 		

¹ Student(s) who do this task. Student No (1..4) is the same as group member in the top of page 1.

² For lecturer's use only

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Output: list of roomtypes that meet guests' requirements 		
<p>2.1.4 Function <code>get_branch_statistics</code>: get statistics of a branch in a year</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input: branch, year. Output: occupancy rate, total revenue, total guests of each month. 	1	
<p>2.1.5 Function <code>get_rooms_calendar</code>: get all roomtypes, along with its rooms and list of bookings of each room.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input: branch, year, month Output: all roomtypes with its rooms and list of bookings. 	2	
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<p>2.2.1 Trigger to generate derived column values 1: <code>trigger_calculate_rental_cost</code>: calculate rental cost after a new booking_room is inserted.</p>	1	
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PART 3: BUILDING APPLICATIONS (3.5p)		
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2.2.3. Other feature (0.5p): <ul style="list-style-type: none">– Display monthly revenue of each month in a year of a branch– Find vacant rooms that meet customers' requirements.	1, 2, 3	
Bonus: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- User interface is attractive and friendly (0.5p)- Building a data model (0.5p)		

PART 1: CREATE DATABASE IN PostgreSQL

I. Create table

1. branch (BranchID, Province, Address, Email, Phone)

```
-- Table 1
CREATE SEQUENCE branch_seq;
CREATE TABLE branch (
    BranchID VARCHAR(4) DEFAULT ('BR' || lpad(nextval('branch_seq')::text, 2, '0')),
    Province VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
    Address VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
    Email VARCHAR(64) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
    Phone VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
    PRIMARY KEY (BranchID)
);
```

2. branch_image (BranchID, Image)

```
-- Table 2
CREATE TABLE branch_image (
    BranchID VARCHAR(4) NOT NULL,
    Image VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (BranchID, Image),
    FOREIGN KEY (BranchID) REFERENCES branch (BranchID) ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

3. roomtype (RoomTypeID, RoomName, Area, GuestNum, SingleBedNum, DoubleBedNum)

```
-- Table 3
CREATE TABLE roomtype (
    RoomTypeID SERIAL NOT NULL,
    RoomName VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
    Area INTEGER NOT NULL,
    GuestNum INTEGER NOT NULL CONSTRAINT LimitGuest CHECK(GuestNum BETWEEN 1 AND 10),
    SingleBedNum INTEGER NOT NULL,
    DoubleBedNum INTEGER NOT NULL,
    Description TEXT DEFAULT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (RoomTypeID)
);
```

4. roomtype_image (RoomTypeID, Image)

```
-- Table 4
CREATE TABLE roomtype_image (
    RoomTypeID INTEGER NOT NULL,
    Image VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (RoomTypeID, Image),
    FOREIGN KEY (RoomTypeID) REFERENCES RoomType (RoomTypeID) ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

5. roomtype_branch (RoomTypeID, BranchID, RentalPrice)

```
-- Table 5
CREATE TABLE roomtype_branch (
    RoomTypeID INTEGER NOT NULL,
    BranchID VARCHAR(4) NOT NULL,
    RentalPrice INTEGER NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (RoomTypeID, BranchID),
    FOREIGN KEY (BranchID) REFERENCES branch (BranchID) ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (RoomTypeID) REFERENCES roomtype (RoomTypeID) ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

6. room (BranchID, RoomNumber, RoomTypeID)

```
-- Table 6
CREATE TABLE room (
    BranchID VARCHAR(4) NOT NULL,
    RoomNumber VARCHAR(3) NOT NULL,
    RoomTypeID INTEGER NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (BranchID, RoomNumber),
    FOREIGN KEY (BranchID) REFERENCES branch (BranchID) ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (RoomTypeID) REFERENCES roomtype (RoomTypeID) ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

7. supplytype (SupplyTypeID, SupplyTypeName)

```
-- Table 7
CREATE SEQUENCE supplytype_seq;
CREATE TABLE supplytype (
    SupplyTypeID VARCHAR(6) DEFAULT ('SP' || lpad(nextval('supplytype_seq')::text, 4, '0')),
    SupplyTypeName VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
    PRIMARY KEY (SupplyTypeID)
);
```

8. roomtype_supplytype (SupplyTypeID, RoomTypeID, Quantity)

```
-- Table 8
CREATE TABLE roomtype_supplytype (
    SupplyTypeID VARCHAR(6) NOT NULL,
    RoomTypeID INTEGER NOT NULL,
    Quantity INTEGER NOT NULL DEFAULT '1',
    PRIMARY KEY (SupplyTypeID, RoomTypeID),
    FOREIGN KEY (SupplyTypeID) REFERENCES supplytype (SupplyTypeID) ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (RoomTypeID) REFERENCES roomtype (RoomTypeID) ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

9. supply (BranchID, SupplyTypeID, SupplyIndex, RoomNumber, Condition)

```
-- Table 9
CREATE TABLE supply (
    BranchID VARCHAR(4) NOT NULL,
    SupplyTypeID VARCHAR(6) NOT NULL,
    SupplyIndex INTEGER NOT NULL,
    RoomNumber VARCHAR(3) DEFAULT NULL,
    Condition VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT 'Good',
    PRIMARY KEY (BranchID,SupplyTypeID,SupplyIndex),
    FOREIGN KEY (BranchID,RoomNumber) REFERENCES room (BranchID,RoomNumber) ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (SupplyTypeID) REFERENCES supplytype (SupplyTypeID) ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

10. customer (CustomerID, CitizenID, FullName, DateOfBirth, Phone, Email, Username, Password)

```
-- Table 10
CREATE SEQUENCE customer_seq;
CREATE TABLE customer (
    CustomerID VARCHAR(8) DEFAULT ('CS' || lpad(nextval('customer_seq')::text, 6, '0')),
    CitizenID VARCHAR(12) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
    FullName VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
    DateOfBirth DATE NOT NULL,
    Phone VARCHAR(12) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
    Email VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL UNIQUE,
    Username VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL UNIQUE,
    Password VARCHAR(45) DEFAULT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (CustomerID)
);
```

11. booking (BookingID, BookingDate, GuestCount, CheckIn, CheckOut, ActualCheckIn, ActualCheckOut, RentalCost, FoodCost, CustomerID)

```
-- Table 11
CREATE SEQUENCE booking_seq;
CREATE TABLE booking (
    BookingID VARCHAR(10) DEFAULT ('BK' || lpad(nextval('booking_seq')::text, 8, '0')),
    BookingDate TIMESTAMP NOT NULL DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
    GuestCount INTEGER NOT NULL,
    CheckIn TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
    CheckOut TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
    ActualCheckIn TIMESTAMP,
    ActualCheckOut TIMESTAMP,
    RentalCost INTEGER DEFAULT '0',
    FoodCost INTEGER DEFAULT '0',
    CustomerID VARCHAR(8) NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (BookingID),
    FOREIGN KEY (CustomerID) REFERENCES customer (CustomerID) ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE,
    CONSTRAINT CheckIn_After_BookingDate CHECK(CheckIn >= BookingDate),
    CONSTRAINT CheckOut_After_CheckIn CHECK(CheckOut >= CheckIn)
);
```

12. booking_room (BookingID, BranchID, RoomNumber)

```
-- Table 12
CREATE TABLE booking_room (
    BookingID VARCHAR(10),
    BranchID VARCHAR(4) NOT NULL,
    RoomNumber VARCHAR(3) NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (BookingID, BranchID, RoomNumber),
    FOREIGN KEY (BookingID) REFERENCES booking (BookingID) ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (BranchID,RoomNumber) REFERENCES room (BranchID,RoomNumber) ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

13. foodtype

```
-- Table 13
CREATE SEQUENCE foodtype_seq;
CREATE TABLE foodtype (
    FoodTypeID VARCHAR(6) DEFAULT ('FT' || lpad(nextval('foodtype_seq')::text, 4, '0')),
    FoodName VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
    FoodPrice INT NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (FoodTypeID)
);
```

14. foodconsumed

```
-- Table 14
CREATE TABLE foodconsumed (
    BookingID VARCHAR(10),
    BranchID varchar(4) NOT NULL,
    RoomNumber varchar(3) NOT NULL,
    FoodTypeID VARCHAR(6) NOT NULL ,
    Amount INTEGER NOT NULL DEFAULT '0',
    PRIMARY KEY (BookingID,BranchID,RoomNumber, FoodTypeID),
    FOREIGN KEY (BookingID,BranchID,RoomNumber) REFERENCES booking_room (BookingID,BranchID,RoomNumber) ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (FoodTypeID) REFERENCES foodtype (FoodTypeID) ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

II. Insert

```

1  INSERT INTO branch (Province, Address, Phone, Email) VALUES
2  ('Phan Thiet', '48 Nguyễn Đình Chiểu, Phường Hàm Tiến, Thành phố Phan Thiết, Bình Thuận', '0010000001', 'phanthiet@gmail.com');
3  INSERT INTO branch_image (BranchID, Image) VALUES
4  ('BR01', '/br01image1.jpg');
5  INSERT INTO roomtype (RoomName, Area, GuestNum, SingleBedNum, DoubleBedNum, Description) VALUES
6  ('Single Normal', '10', '1', '1', '0', 'normal room for 1 guest');
7  INSERT INTO roomtype_image (RoomTypeID, Image) VALUES
8  ('1', '/room1image1.jpg');
9  INSERT INTO roomtype_branch (RoomTypeID, BranchID, RentalPrice) VALUES
10 ('1', 'BR01', '100');
11 INSERT INTO room (BranchID, RoomNumber, RoomTypeID) VALUES
12 ('BR01', '100', '1');
13 INSERT INTO supplytype (SupplyTypeName) VALUES
14 ('Television');
15 INSERT INTO roomtype_supplytype (SupplyTypeID, RoomTypeID, Quantity) VALUES
16 ('SP0001', '1', 1);
17 INSERT INTO supply (BranchID, SupplyTypeID, SupplyIndex, RoomNumber, Condition) VALUES
18 ('BR01', 'SP0001', '1', '100', 'Good');
19 INSERT INTO customer (CitizenID, FullName, Phone, Email, Username, Password, DateOfBirth) VALUES
20 ('079046706997', 'Luke Skywalker', '0903389043', 'lukeskywalker@gmail.com', 'lukeskywalker', 'password', '2000-01-01');
21 INSERT INTO booking (GuestCount, CheckIn, CheckOut, CustomerID) VALUES
22 (14, '2024-11-09', '2024-11-11', 'CS000001');
23 INSERT INTO booking_room (BookingID, BranchID, RoomNumber) VALUES
24 ('BK000000001', 'BR01', '100');
25 INSERT INTO foodtype (FoodName, FoodPrice) VALUES
26 ('Water', 10);
27 INSERT INTO foodconsumed (BookingID, BranchID, RoomNumber, FoodTypeID, Amount) VALUES
28 ('BK000000001', 'BR01', '100', 'FT0001', 2);

```

Data Output Messages Notifications

INSERT 0 1

Query returned successfully in 89 msec.

PART 2: STORE PROCEDURE, FUNCTION, TRIGGER (3 points)

I. Trigger

1. Trigger 1: `trigger_calculate_rental_cost`

a. Create trigger

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION calculate_rental_cost()
  RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$body$
  DECLARE
    oneday_cost integer;
    total_day integer;
  BEGIN
    SELECT roomtype_branch.rentalprice, COALESCE(DATE_PART('day', booking.
CheckOut::timestamp - booking.CheckIn::timestamp) + 1,0)
    into oneday_cost, total_day
    from booking natural JOIN booking_room
    natural join room natural join roomtype natural join roomtype_branch
    where booking.bookingid = new.bookingid;

    UPDATE booking SET rentalcost = rentalcost + oneday_cost*total_day where
    bookingid = new.bookingid;
    return new;
  END;
$body$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trigger_calculate_rental_cost
  AFTER INSERT ON booking_room
  FOR EACH ROW
  EXECUTE FUNCTION calculate_rental_cost();
```

b. Test trigger

```
1 -- test trigger_calculate_rental_cost
2 insert into booking(guestcount, checkin, checkout, customerid) values
3 (20, '2024-06-20', '2024-06-22', 'CS000001');
```

Data Output [Messages](#) Notifications

INSERT 0 1

Query returned successfully in 145 msec.

```

1  -- test trigger_calculate_rental_cost
2  insert into booking_room(bookingid, branchid, roomnumber) values
3  ('BK000000001', 'BR01', '701'),
4  ('BK000000001', 'BR01', '702'),
5  ('BK000000001', 'BR01', '703'),
6  ('BK000000001', 'BR01', '704'),
7  ('BK000000001', 'BR01', '705');

```

Data Output Messages Notifications

INSERT 0 5

Query returned successfully in 128 msec.

```

1  -- test trigger_calculate_rental_cost
2  select bookingid, rentalcost from booking where bookingid = 'BK000000001';
3

```

Data Output Messages Notifications



	bookingid [PK] character varying (10)	rentalcost integer
1	BK000000001	2400

2. Trigger 2: trigger_calculate_food_cost

a. Create trigger

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION calculate_food_cost()
RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$body$
    DECLARE
        onefood_cost integer;
    BEGIN
        select foodprice into onefood_cost
        from foodtype where foodtypeid=NEW.foodtypeid;

        UPDATE booking SET
            foodcost = foodcost + onefood_cost*NEW.amount,
            ActualCheckOut = CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
        where bookingid = NEW.bookingid;
        return new;
    END;
$body$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trigger_calculate_food_cost
AFTER INSERT ON foodconsumed
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE FUNCTION calculate_food_cost();

```

b. Test trigger

```

1  -- test trigger_calculate_rental_cost
2  insert into foodconsumed(bookingid, branchid, roomnumber, foodtypeid, amount) values
3  ('BK000000001', 'BR01', '703', 'FT0002', 3),
4  ('BK000000001', 'BR01', '703', 'FT0004', 2),
5  ('BK000000001', 'BR01', '705', 'FT0001', 5),
6  ('BK000000001', 'BR01', '705', 'FT0004', 4);

```

Data Output [Messages](#) Notifications

INSERT 0 4

Query returned successfully in 61 msec.

```

1  -- test trigger_calculate_rental_cost
2  select bookingid, foodcost from booking where bookingid = 'BK000000001';

```

Data Output [Messages](#) Notifications

	bookingid [PK] character varying (10)	foodcost integer
1	BK000000001	350

3. Trigger 3: trigger_check_valid_booking_room

a. Create trigger

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION check_valid_booking_room()
RETURNS TRIGGER AS
$body$
    DECLARE
        InputCustomerID varchar;
        InputCheckIn timestamp;
        InputCheckOut timestamp;
        InputProvince varchar;
        ExistBookingID varchar;
        ExistCheckIn timestamp;
        ExistCheckOut timestamp;
        ExistProvince varchar;
    BEGIN
        SELECT booking.customerid, booking.checkin, booking.checkout
        INTO InputCustomerID, InputCheckIn, InputCheckOut FROM
        booking WHERE booking.bookingid = NEW.bookingid;
        SELECT branch.province into InputProvince from branch where
        branchid = new.branchid;

        SELECT booking.bookingid, br.province, booking.checkin,
        booking.checkout into ExistBookingID, ExistProvince,
        ExistCheckIn, ExistCheckOut FROM booking NATURAL JOIN
        (booking_room natural join branch) as br
        WHERE booking.customerid = InputCustomerID AND NEW.
        BranchID <> br.BranchID
        AND ((InputCheckIn <= booking.CheckIn AND InputCheckOut
        >= booking.CheckIn)
        OR (InputCheckIn >= booking.CheckIn AND InputCheckIn <=
        booking.CheckOut));

        IF ExistBookingID IS NOT NULL THEN
            RAISE EXCEPTION 'You (%) cannot book at two different
            branches at a same time:
            EXIST (% , % , % , %)
            NEW (% , % , % , %)', InputCustomerID,
            ExistBookingID, ExistProvince, DATE(ExistCheckIn), DATE
            (ExistCheckOut),
            NEW.bookingid, InputProvince, DATE(InputCheckIn), DATE
            (InputCheckOut);
        ELSE
            RETURN NEW;
        END IF;
    END;
$body$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trigger_check_valid_booking_room
BEFORE INSERT ON booking_room
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE FUNCTION check_valid_booking_room();

```

b. Test trigger

This insert command violates the rule of this trigger since this customer (CS000001) already had a booking (BK00000001) in another branch (Phan Thiet) at the same time (2024/06/20 – 2024/06/22)

1	-- test trigger_check_valid_booking_room
2	insert into booking(guestcount, checkin, checkout, customerid) values
3	(4, '2024-06-21', '2024-06-24', 'CS000001');
4	insert into booking_room(bookingid, branchid, roomnumber) values
5	('BK00000002', 'BR03', '401'),
6	('BK00000002', 'BR03', '402');
Data Output <u>Messages</u> Notifications	
ERROR: You (CS000001) cannot book at two different branches at a same time: EXIST (BK00000001, Phan Thiet, 2024-06-20, 2024-06-22) NEW (BK00000002, Ho Chi Minh city, 2024-06-21, 2024-06-24) CONTEXT: PL/pgSQL function check_valid_booking_room() line 22 at RAISE SQL state: P0001	

This insert command does not violate the rule of this trigger since this booking time period does not overlap with this customer's other bookings in the database:

Query	Query History
1	-- test trigger_check_valid_booking_room
2	insert into booking(guestcount, checkin, checkout, customerid) values
3	(4, '2024-06-23', '2024-06-24', 'CS000001');
4	insert into booking_room(bookingid, branchid, roomnumber) values
5	('BK00000003', 'BR03', '401'),
6	('BK00000003', 'BR03', '402');
Data Output <u>Messages</u> Notifications	
INSERT 0 2 Query returned successfully in 42 msec.	

II. Store Procedure/Function

1. Procedure 1: `create_booking`

a. Create procedure

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE create_booking(
    in inputguestcount integer,
    in inputbookingdate timestamp,
    in inputcheckin timestamp,
    in inputcheckout timestamp,
    in inputcustomerid varchar,
    in inputbookingroom json
) AS
$body$
    DECLARE
        newbookingid varchar;
        room_rec json;
    BEGIN
        INSERT INTO booking (BookingDate, GuestCount, CheckIn,
        CheckOut, CustomerID) VALUES
        (COALESCE(inputbookingdate, current_timestamp),
        inputguestcount, inputcheckin, inputcheckout,
        inputcustomerid) RETURNING bookingid INTO newbookingid;
        for room_rec in select json_array_elements(inputbookingroom)
        loop
            insert into booking_room (BookingID, BranchID,
            RoomNumber)
            values (
                newbookingid,
                (room_rec->>'branchid')::text,
                (room_rec->>'roomnumber')::text
            );
        end loop;
    END;
$body$
LANGUAGE 'plpgsql';
```

b. Call procedure

```
1 CALL create_booking('20',null,'2024-06-22','2024-06-24', 'CS000080',
2 '['
3     {"branchid":"BR01","roomnumber":"705"},
4     {"branchid":"BR01","roomnumber":"706"},
5     {"branchid":"BR01","roomnumber":"707"},
6     {"branchid":"BR01","roomnumber":"708"},
7     {"branchid":"BR01","roomnumber":"709"}
8 ]');
```

Data Output	Messages	Notifications
CALL		
Query returned successfully in 87 msec.		

2. Procedure 2: `check_out`

a. Create procedure

```

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE checkout(
    inputbookingid varchar, json_data json
)AS
$body$
    DECLARE
        booking_record json;
        food_record json;
    BEGIN
        FOR booking_record IN SELECT json_array_elements(json_data)
        LOOP
            FOR food_record IN SELECT json_array_elements
            (booking_record->'inputfoodconsumed')
            LOOP
                INSERT INTO foodconsumed (BookingID, BranchID,
                RoomNumber, FoodTypeID, Amount)
                VALUES (
                    inputbookingid,
                    (booking_record->>'branchid')::text,
                    (booking_record->>'roomnumber')::text,
                    (food_record->>'foodtypeid')::text,
                    (food_record->>'amount')::int
                );
            END LOOP;
        END LOOP;
    END;
$body$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

```

b. Call procedure

```

1  -- test procedure check_out
2  CALL checkout('BK00004201', '[
3      {"branchid":"BR01","roomnumber":"703","inputfoodconsumed":[]},
4      {"branchid":"BR01","roomnumber":"704","inputfoodconsumed":[
5          {"foodtypeid":"FT0001", "amount":2},
6          {"foodtypeid":"FT0003", "amount":2}]}],
7      {"branchid":"BR01","roomnumber":"705","inputfoodconsumed":[]},
8      {"branchid":"BR01","roomnumber":"706","inputfoodconsumed":[
9          {"foodtypeid":"FT0002", "amount":1}]}],
10     {"branchid":"BR01","roomnumber":"707","inputfoodconsumed":[]}]');

```

Data Output Messages Notifications

CALL

Query returned successfully in 236 msec.

3. Function 3: `get_vacant_roomtypes`

- a. Create procedure/ function

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION get_vacant_roomtypes(
    InputBranch varchar,
    InputGuest integer,
    InputRoom integer,
    InputCheckIn timestamp,
    InputCheckOut timestamp
) RETURNS TABLE (
    roomtypeid integer,
    roomname varchar,
    area integer,
    guestnum integer,
    singlebednum integer,
    doublebednum integer,
    description text,
    room_price integer,
    total_price integer,
    room_count bigint,
    day_count integer,
    vacant_rooms jsonb,
    images jsonb
) AS
$body$
    DECLARE
        CalculatedGuestNum integer DEFAULT CEIL(InputGuest::numeric/
            InputRoom::numeric);
        day_count integer DEFAULT EXTRACT(DAY FROM
            (InputCheckOut::timestamp - InputCheckIn::timestamp)) + 1;
    BEGIN
        DROP TABLE IF EXISTS vacant_rooms;
        DROP TABLE IF EXISTS vacant_roomtypes;
        CREATE TEMPORARY TABLE vacant_rooms AS
        SELECT * FROM
        (SELECT * FROM room NATURAL JOIN roomtype WHERE roomtype.
            GuestNum = CalculatedGuestNum) AS r0
        WHERE r0.BranchID = InputBranch
        AND NOT EXISTS
        (SELECT * FROM booking NATURAL JOIN booking_room
            WHERE (r0.RoomNumber = booking_room.RoomNumber AND r0.
                BranchID = booking_room.BranchID)
            AND ((InputCheckIn <= booking.CheckIn AND InputCheckOut >=
                booking.CheckIn)
            OR (InputCheckIn >= booking.CheckIn AND InputCheckIn <=
                booking.CheckOut)));

```



```

CREATE TEMPORARY TABLE vacant_roomtypes AS
SELECT roomtype.*, roomtype_branch.rentalprice,
roomtype_branch.rentalprice*day_count*InputRoom, COUNT(*) AS
room_count, day_count as day_count,
jsonb_agg(jsonb_build_object(
    'branchid', vacant_rooms.branchid,
    'roomnumber', vacant_rooms.roomnumber
))
FROM (roomtype NATURAL JOIN roomtype_branch) NATURAL JOIN
vacant_rooms
WHERE roomtype.GuestNum = CalculatedGuestNum
GROUP BY roomtype.RoomTypeID, roomtype_branch.rentalprice
HAVING COUNT(*) >= InputRoom;

ALTER TABLE vacant_roomtypes ADD PRIMARY KEY (roomtypeid);

RETURN QUERY
SELECT vacant_roomtypes.*, jsonb_agg(jsonb_build_object(
    'image', roomtype_image.image
)) FROM vacant_roomtypes NATURAL LEFT JOIN roomtype_image
GROUP BY vacant_roomtypes.roomtypeid;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS vacant_rooms;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS vacant_roomtypes;

END;
$body$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

```

b. Call procedure/ function

1 SELECT * from get_vacant_roomtypes('BR01','20','5','2024-06-22','2024-06-24');

Data OutputMessagesNotifications

	roomtypeid integer	roomname character varying	area integer	guestnum integer	singlebednum integer	doublebednum integer
1	7	Quadruple Normal	40	4	0	2
2	8	Quadruple Vip	45	4	0	2

description text	room_price integer	total_price integer	room_count bigint	day_count integer	vacant_rooms jsonb
normal room for 4 guests	160	2400	5	3	[{"branchid": "BR01", "roomnumber
vip room for 4 guests	170	2550	6	3	[{"branchid": "BR01", "roomnumber

	images jsonb
number": "709"]	[{"image": "/room7image1.jpg"}, {"image": "/room7image2.jpg"}]
number": "808"}, {"branchid": "BR01", "roomnumber": "809"]	[{"image": "/room8image1.jpg"}, {"image": "/room8image2.jpg"}]

4. Function 4: `get_branch_statistics`

a. Create procedure/ function

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION get_branch_statistics(
    InputBranch varchar,
    InputYear integer
) RETURNS TABLE (
    month_num integer,
    month_day integer,
    month_text varchar,
    count_room integer,
    count_slot double precision,
    total_slot integer,
    occupancy_rate double precision,
    rental_revenue bigint,
    food_revenue bigint,
    total_revenue bigint,
    total_guest bigint
) AS
$body$
    DECLARE
        count_room_var integer DEFAULT '0';
    BEGIN
        SELECT COUNT(*) INTO count_room_var FROM room WHERE room.BranchID =
        InputBranch;
        DROP TABLE IF EXISTS all_months;
        DROP TABLE IF EXISTS vacancy_rate;
        CREATE TEMPORARY TABLE all_months (
            month_num integer,
            month_day integer,
            month_text varchar,
            primary key (month_num)
        );
        INSERT INTO all_months VALUES
        (1, 31, 'January'),
        (2, 28, 'February'),
        (3, 31, 'March'),
        (4, 30, 'April'),
        (5, 31, 'May'),
        (6, 30, 'June'),
        (7, 31, 'July'),
        (8, 31, 'August'),
        (9, 30, 'September'),
        (10, 31, 'October'),
        (11, 30, 'November'),
        (12, 31, 'December');
    
```

```

CREATE TEMPORARY TABLE vacancy_rate AS
SELECT
    all_months.month_num AS month_num,
    all_months.month_day AS month_day,
    all_months.month_text AS month_text,
    count_room_var AS count_room,
    COALESCE(temp.count_slot,0) AS count_slot,
    all_months.month_day*count_room_var AS total_slot,
    COALESCE(temp.count_slot,0)/(all_months.
    month_day*count_room_var) AS occupancy_rate
FROM (all_months NATURAL LEFT JOIN
    (SELECT
        EXTRACT(month FROM booking.CheckIn::timestamp) as
        month_num,
        SUM(COALESCE(DATE_PART('day', booking.
        CheckOut::timestamp - booking.CheckIn::timestamp) +
        1,0)) AS count_slot
    FROM room r1 NATURAL LEFT JOIN (booking_room NATURAL
    JOIN booking)
    WHERE r1.BranchID=InputBranch AND EXTRACT(year FROM
    booking.CheckIn::timestamp) = InputYear
    GROUP BY EXTRACT(month FROM booking.CheckIn::timestamp)
    )
    as temp)
ORDER BY all_months.month_num ASC;
ALTER TABLE vacancy_rate ADD PRIMARY KEY (month_num);

RETURN QUERY
SELECT vacancy_rate.*, SUM(bktemp.rentalcost), SUM(bktemp.
foodcost),
SUM(bktemp.rentalcost) + SUM(bktemp.foodcost), SUM(bktemp.
guestcount)
FROM vacancy_rate NATURAL JOIN
(select booking.*, EXTRACT(month FROM booking.
CheckIn::timestamp) as month_num
from booking natural join booking_room
where booking_room.branchid = InputBranch and EXTRACT(year
FROM booking.CheckIn::timestamp) = InputYear
group by booking.bookingid) as bktemp
group by vacancy_rate.month_num;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS all_months;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS vacancy_rate;

END;
$body$
LANGUAGE plpgsql;

```

b. Call procedure/ function

2 SELECT * FROM get_branch_statistics('BR01','2024');							
Data Output Messages Notifications							
	month_num integer	month_day integer	month_text character varying	count_room integer	count_slot double precision	total_slot integer	
1	1	31	January	80	13	2480	
2	2	28	February	80	64	2240	
3	3	31	March	80	234	2480	
4	4	30	April	80	435	2400	
5	5	31	May	80	739	2480	
6	6	30	June	80	807	2400	
7	7	31	July	80	936	2480	
8	8	31	August	80	991	2480	
9	9	30	September	80	609	2400	
10	10	31	October	80	425	2480	
11	11	30	November	80	214	2400	
12	12	31	December	80	56	2480	

occupancy_rate double precision	rental_revenue bigint	food_revenue bigint	total_revenue bigint	total_guest bigint	
0.005241935483870968	1950	0	1950	22	
0.02857142857142857	9830	0	9830	78	
0.09435483870967742	30440	0	30440	153	
0.18125	60120	0	60120	311	
0.2979838709677419	103920	0	103920	578	
0.33625	112190	0	112190	719	
0.3774193548387097	132110	0	132110	875	
0.3995967741935484	136510	0	136510	882	
0.25375	87600	100	87700	580	
0.17137096774193547	58570	0	58570	345	
0.08916666666666667	29650	0	29650	214	
0.02258064516129032	7370	0	7370	46	

5. Function 5: `get_rooms_calendar`

a. Create function

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION get_rooms_calendar(
    inputbranch varchar,
    inputyear integer,
    inputmonth integer
) RETURNS TABLE (
    roomtypeid integer,
    roomname varchar,
    area integer,
    guestnum integer,
    singlebednum integer,
    doublebednum integer,
    description text,
    count_room bigint,
    total_slot bigint,
    rooms jsonb,
    count_slot double precision,
    occupancy_rate double precision
) AS
$body$
    DECLARE
        current_month_day integer;
    BEGIN
        DROP TABLE IF EXISTS roomtype_temp;
        DROP TABLE IF EXISTS all_months;
        CREATE TEMPORARY TABLE all_months (
            month_num integer,
            month_day integer,
            primary key (month_num)
        );
        INSERT INTO all_months VALUES
            (1, 31),
            (2, 28),
            (3, 31),
            (4, 30),
            (5, 31),
            (6, 30),
            (7, 31),
            (8, 31),
            (9, 30),
            (10, 31),
            (11, 30),
            (12, 31);
        SELECT month_day INTO current_month_day from all_months
        where month_num = inputmonth;

```

```

create temporary table roomtype_temp as
SELECT roomtype.*, COALESCE(count(*),0) as count_room,
COALESCE(count(*)*current_month_day,0) as total_slot,
jsonb_agg(jsonb_build_object(
    'branchid', room.branchid,
    'roomnumber', room.roomnumber,
    'bookings', (SELECT jsonb_agg(jsonb_build_object(
        'title', bc_join.bookingid,
        'start', bc_join.checkin,
        'end', date_add(bc_join.
checkout::timestamp, '1
day'::interval), -- for render
purpose
        'end_original', bc_join.checkout,
        'allDay', true, -- for render purpose
        'customerid', bc_join.customerid,
        'customername', bc_join.fullname
    ))
    FROM booking_room NATURAL JOIN (select *
    from booking NATURAL JOIN customer) as
    bc_join
    WHERE EXTRACT(year from bc_join.
checkout::timestamp) = inputyear
    AND EXTRACT(month from bc_join.
checkout::timestamp) = inputmonth
    AND booking_room.branchid = room.branchid
    AND booking_room.roomnumber = room.roomnumber
    GROUP BY room.branchid, room.roomnumber)
)ORDER BY room.roomnumber) FROM roomtype NATURAL LEFT JOIN
room
WHERE room.branchid = inputbranch
GROUP BY roomtype.roomtypeid
ORDER BY roomtype.roomtypeid;

ALTER TABLE roomtype_temp ADD PRIMARY KEY (roomtypeid);

RETURN QUERY
SELECT roomtype_temp.*, COALESCE(SUM(br_join.num_days),0) as
count_slot,
COALESCE(SUM(br_join.num_days)/roomtype_temp.total_slot,0)
as occupancy_rate FROM roomtype_temp
NATURAL LEFT JOIN (SELECT * FROM room NATURAL LEFT JOIN
(SELECT *, COALESCE(DATE_PART('day', booking.
checkout::timestamp - booking.checkin::timestamp) + 1,0) as
num_days
FROM booking_room NATURAL JOIN booking
WHERE booking_room.branchid = inputbranch
AND EXTRACT(year from booking.checkin::timestamp) = inputyear
AND EXTRACT(month from booking.checkin::timestamp) =
inputmonth )) as br_join
GROUP BY roomtype_temp.roomtypeid
ORDER BY roomtype_temp.roomtypeid;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS roomtype_temp;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS all_months;

END;
$body$
LANGUAGE 'plpgsql';

```

b. Call function

1 select * from get_rooms_calendar('BR01','2024','06');							
Data Output Messages Notifications							
<div> <div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> </div> </div>							
	roomtypeid integer	roomname character varying	area integer	guestnum integer	singlebednum integer	doublebednum integer	
1	1	Single Normal	10	1	1	0	
2	2	Single Vip	15	1	1	0	
3	3	Double Normal	20	2	1	0	
4	4	Double Vip	25	2	1	0	
5	5	Triple Normal	30	3	1	1	
6	6	Triple Vip	35	3	1	1	
7	7	Quadruple Normal	40	4	0	2	
8	8	Quadruple Vip	45	4	0	2	

description text	count_room bigint	total_slot bigint	rooms jsonb
normal room for 1 guest	10	300	[{"bookings": [{"end": "2024-06-20T00:00:00+07:00", "start": "2024-06-15
vip room for 1 guest	10	300	[{"bookings": [{"end": "2024-06-16T00:00:00+07:00", "start": "2024-06-11
normal room for 2 guests	10	300	[{"bookings": [{"end": "2024-06-28T00:00:00+07:00", "start": "2024-06-26
vip room for 2 guests	10	300	[{"bookings": [{"end": "2024-06-12T00:00:00+07:00", "start": "2024-06-09
normal room for 3 guests	10	300	[{"bookings": [{"end": "2024-07-01T00:00:00+07:00", "start": "2024-06-26
vip room for 3 guests	10	300	[{"bookings": [{"end": "2024-06-07T00:00:00+07:00", "start": "2024-06-06
normal room for 4 guests	10	300	[{"bookings": [{"end": "2024-06-21T00:00:00+07:00", "start": "2024-06-17
vip room for 4 guests	10	300	[{"bookings": [{"end": "2024-06-18T00:00:00+07:00", "start": "2024-06-17

	count_slot double precision	occupancy_rate double precision
	92	0.306666666666666664
	40	0.13333333333333333
	112	0.37333333333333335
	120	0.4
	94	0.31333333333333335
	78	0.26
	138	0.46
	133	0.44333333333333336

6. Function 6: `get_bookings`

a. Create function

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION get_bookings(
    inputbranchid varchar,
    checkinnull varchar,
    checkoutnull varchar
) RETURNS TABLE (
    CustomerID VARCHAR,
    BookingID VARCHAR,
    BookingDate TIMESTAMP,
    GuestCount INTEGER,
    CheckIn TIMESTAMP,
    CheckOut TIMESTAMP,
    ActualCheckIn TIMESTAMP,
    ActualCheckOut TIMESTAMP,
    RentalCost INTEGER,
    FoodCost INTEGER,
    TotalCost INTEGER,
    booking_rooms jsonb,
    CitizenID VARCHAR,
    FullName VARCHAR,
    DateOfBirth DATE,
    Phone VARCHAR,
    Email VARCHAR,
    Username VARCHAR,
    Password VARCHAR
) AS
$body$
BEGIN
    RETURN QUERY
    EXECUTE format('SELECT * from (
        SELECT booking.*, booking.rentalcost + booking.foodcost as totalcost,
            jsonb_agg(jsonb_build_object(
                ''branchid'', booking_room.branchid,
                ''roomnumber'', booking_room.roomnumber,
                ''foodconsumed'', (SELECT jsonb_agg(jsonb_build_object(
                    ''foodtypeid'', food_join.foodtypeid,
                    ''foodname'', food_join.foodname,
                    ''foodprice'', food_join.foodprice,
                    ''amount'', food_join.amount
                )) FROM (foodconsumed natural join foodtype) as food_join
                WHERE food_join.branchid = booking_room.branchid
                AND food_join.roomnumber = booking_room.roomnumber
                AND food_join.bookingid = booking_room.bookingid
                GROUP BY booking_room.bookingid, booking_room.branchid,
                booking_room.roomnumber)
            ))
        FROM booking NATURAL JOIN booking_room WHERE booking_room.branchid = %L GROUP
        BY booking.bookingid) as br NATURAL JOIN customer
        WHERE br.ActualCheckIn IS %s AND br.ActualCheckOut IS %s
        ORDER BY br.bookingid DESC;', inputbranchid, checkinnull, checkoutnull);
    END;
$body$
LANGUAGE 'plpgsql';

```


b. Call function

1

select * from get_bookings('BR01', 'NULL', 'NULL');

Data Output

Messages

Notifications

	customerid character varying	bookingid character varying	bookingdate timestamp without time zone	guestcount integer	checkin timestamp with
1	CS000080	BK00004191	2024-08-05 00:00:00	14	2024-08-09 00:00:00
2	CS000079	BK00004184	2024-10-07 00:00:00	4	2024-10-12 00:00:00
3	CS000079	BK00004174	2024-09-01 00:00:00	15	2024-09-05 00:00:00
4	CS000079	BK00004172	2024-05-05 00:00:00	9	2024-05-12 00:00:00

	checkout timestamp without time zone	actualcheckin timestamp without time zone	actualcheckout timestamp without time zone	rental integer
1	2024-08-12 00:00:00	[null]	[null]	
2	2024-10-14 00:00:00	[null]	[null]	
3	2024-09-07 00:00:00	[null]	[null]	
4	2024-05-12 00:00:00	[null]	[null]	

	rentalcost integer	foodcost integer	totalcost integer	booking_rooms jsonb
1	3000	0	3000	[{"branchid": "BR01", "roomnumber": "603", "foodconsumed": null}, {"branchid": "BR01", "roomnumber": "603", "foodconsumed": null}]
2	1170	0	1170	[{"branchid": "BR01", "roomnumber": "405", "foodconsumed": null}, {"branchid": "BR01", "roomnumber": "405", "foodconsumed": null}]
3	2100	0	2100	[{"branchid": "BR01", "roomnumber": "500", "foodconsumed": null}, {"branchid": "BR01", "roomnumber": "500", "foodconsumed": null}]
4	420	0	420	[{"branchid": "BR01", "roomnumber": "500", "foodconsumed": null}, {"branchid": "BR01", "roomnumber": "500", "foodconsumed": null}]

	citizenid character varying	fullname character varying	dateofbirth date	phone character varying	email character varying
1	079976489134	Haruno Sakura	2000-01-01	0986118519	harunosakura@gmail.com
2	079637644578	Uchiha Sasuke	2000-01-01	0988287659	uchihasasuke@gmail.com
3	079637644578	Uchiha Sasuke	2000-01-01	0988287659	uchihasasuke@gmail.com
4	079637644578	Uchiha Sasuke	2000-01-01	0988287659	uchihasasuke@gmail.com

PART 3: BUILDING APPLICATIONS (3 points)

I. Create user

1. Create user

```
1 CREATE USER smanager WITH PASSWORD 'postgres';
```

Data Output [Messages](#) Notifications

CREATE ROLE

Query returned successfully in 119 msec.

2. Grant privileges

[Query](#) [Query History](#)

```
1 GRANT pg_read_all_data TO smanager;
2 GRANT pg_write_all_data TO smanager;
```

Data Output [Messages](#) Notifications

GRANT ROLE

Query returned successfully in 47 msec.

II. Programming environment

- For backend, we use `Express.js` – a minimal and flexible Node.js web application framework to build the server
- For frontend, we use `React` along with `Ant.Design` for styling

III. How to connect application to PostgreSQL database

To connect to the database, we use `pg` – a database driver that allows our `Express.js` app to interact with PostgreSQL database.

```
const pg = require('pg')
const client = new pg.Client({
  host: 'localhost',
  port: 5432,
  database: 'hotel',
  user: 'smanager',
  password: 'postgres',
})
client.connect()
module.exports = client
```

IV. Implement features

1. Code for creating new user:

```
hotelRouter.post("/signup", async (request, response) => {
  try {
    let result = await client.query(`
      INSERT INTO customer (CitizenID, FullName, Phone, Email, Username, Password,
      DateOfBirth) VALUES
      ('${request.body.citizenid}', '${request.body.fullname}', '${request.body.phone}', '${
      request.body.email}', '${request.body.username}', '${request.body.password}', '${
      request.body.dob}');
    `)
    response.send(result)
  }
  catch (e) {
    console.log("error is:", e)
    response.status(401).json(e.message)
  }
})
```

2. Code for calling a store procedure/ function of Part 2

2.1 Procedure `create_booking`

```
hotelRouter.post("/createbooking", async (request, response) => {
  try {
    let bookingDate = request.body.bookingdate ? `${request.body.bookingdate}` : null
    let newQuery = `CALL create_booking('${request.body.guestcount}', ${bookingDate}, '${
    request.body.checkin}', '${request.body.checkout}', '${request.body.customerid}',
    '${JSON.stringify(request.body.booking_rooms)}');`
    console.log(newQuery)
    let result = await client.query(newQuery)
    response.send({ result: "success", message: result })
  }
  catch (e) {
    console.log("error is:", e)
    response.status(401).json(e.message)
  }
})
```

2.2 Procedure checkout

```
hotelRouter.post("/checkout", async (request, response) => {
  try {
    let newQuery = `CALL checkout('${request.body.bookingid}', '${JSON.stringify(
      request.body.roomlist)}')`;
    console.log(newQuery)
    let result = await client.query(newQuery)
    response.send(result)
  }
  catch (e) {
    response.status(401).json(e.message)
  }
})
```

2.3 Function get_vacant_roomtypes

```
hotelRouter.post("/getvacant", async (request, response) => {
  try {
    let newQuery = `
    SELECT * from get_vacant_roomtypes('${request.body.branchID}', '${request.body.
    guestCount}', '${request.body.roomCount}', '${request.body.checkInDate}', '${request.
    body.checkOutDate}')`;
    console.log(newQuery)
    let result = await client.query(newQuery)
    response.send(result)
  }
  catch (e) {
    console.log("error is:", e)
    response.status(401).json(e.message)
  }
})
```

2.4 Function get_branch_statistics

```
hotelRouter.post("/statistics", async (request, response) => {
  try {
    let newQuery = `SELECT * FROM get_branch_statistics('${request.body.branchID}', '${
      request.body.year}')`;
    console.log(newQuery)
    let result = await client.query(newQuery)
    response.send(result)
  }
  catch (e) {
    response.status(401).json(e.message)
  }
})
```

3. Additional procedure/ function in DBMS (if any)

3.1 Function `get_rooms_calendar`

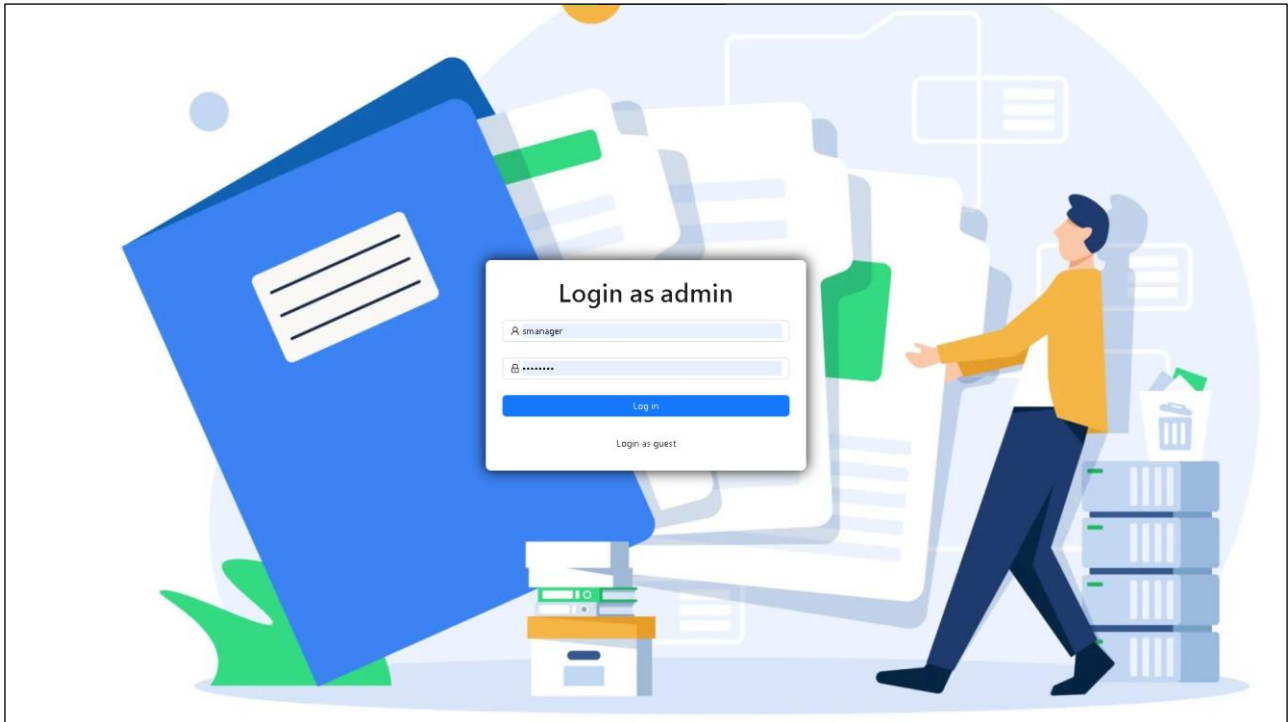
```
hotelRouter.post("/getroomcalendar", async (request, response) => {  
  try {  
    let newQuery = `select * from get_rooms_calendar('${request.body.branchid}', '${  
      request.body.inputyear}', '${request.body.inputmonth}');`  
    console.log(newQuery)  
    let result = await client.query(newQuery)  
    response.send(result)  
  }  
  catch (e) {  
    response.status(401).json(e.message)  
  }  
})
```

3.2 Function `get_bookings`

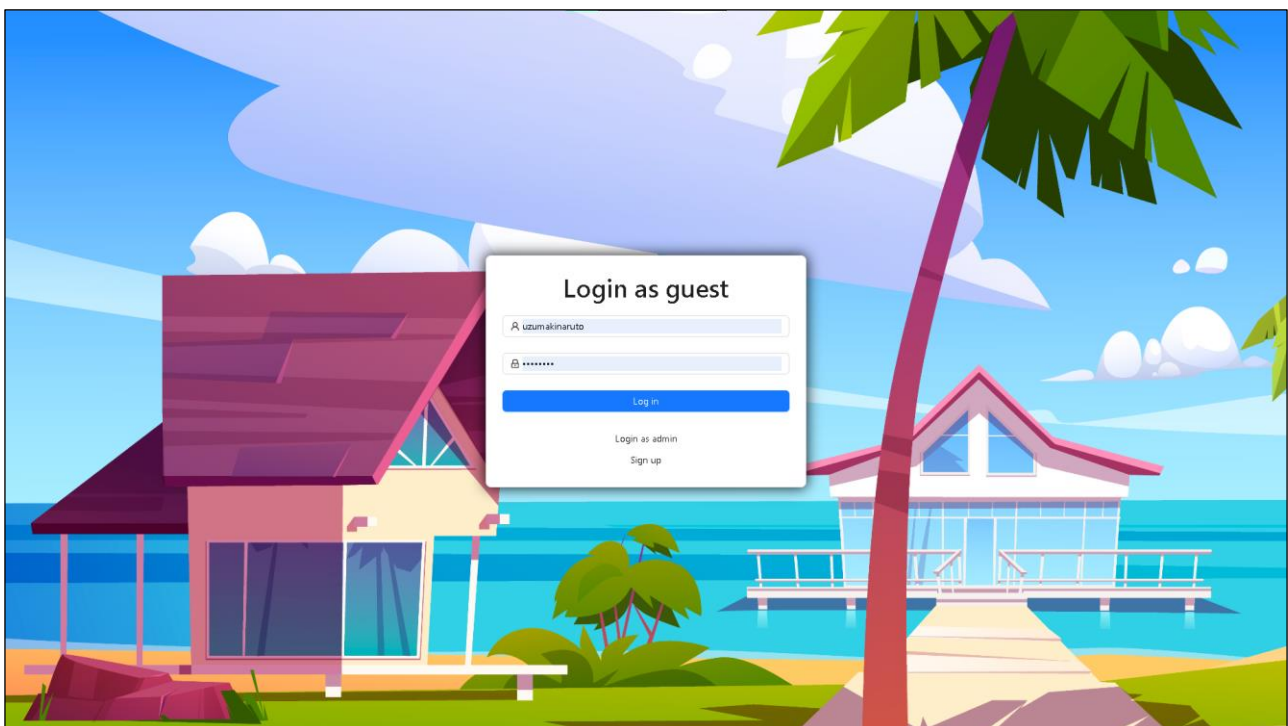
```
hotelRouter.post("/getbookings", async (request, response) => {  
  try {  
    let newQuery = `select * from get_bookings('${request.body.branchid}', '${request.  
      body.checkinnull}', '${request.body.checkoutnull}');`  
    console.log(newQuery)  
    let result = await client.query(newQuery)  
    response.send(result)  
  }  
  catch (e) {  
    console.log("error is:", e)  
    response.status(401).json(e.message)  
  }  
})
```

V. Application screenshot

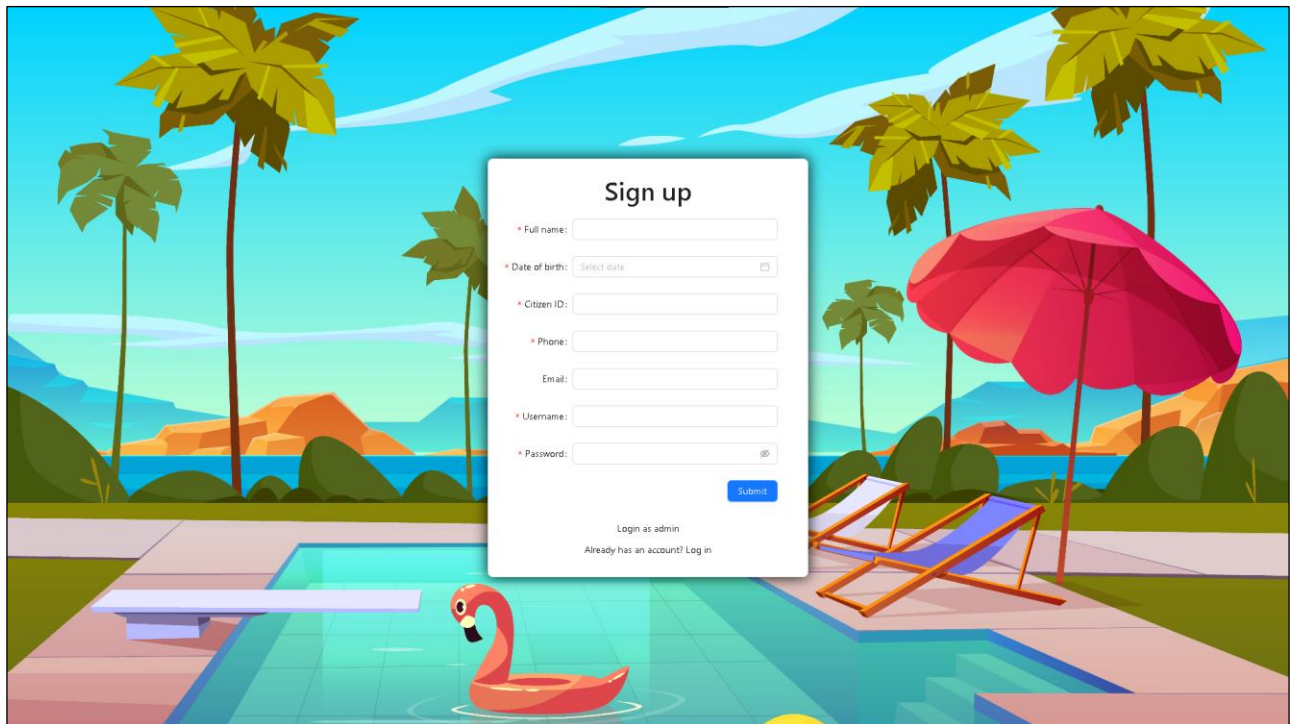
1. Login as admin page



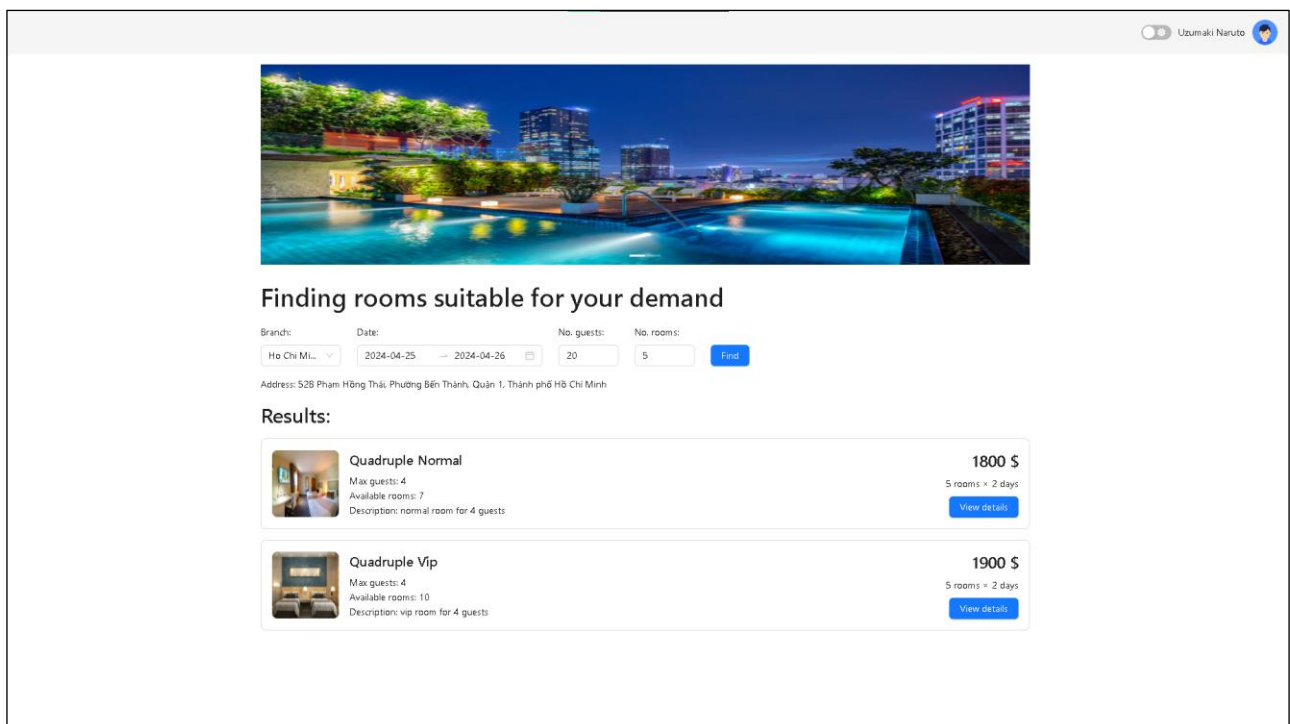
2. Login as guest page




3. Sign up page



4. Page for finding vacant rooms:



Quadruple Normal



Room type

:

Quadruple Normal

Maximum number of guests

:

4

Number of available rooms

:

7

Number of single bed

:

0

Number of double bed

:

2

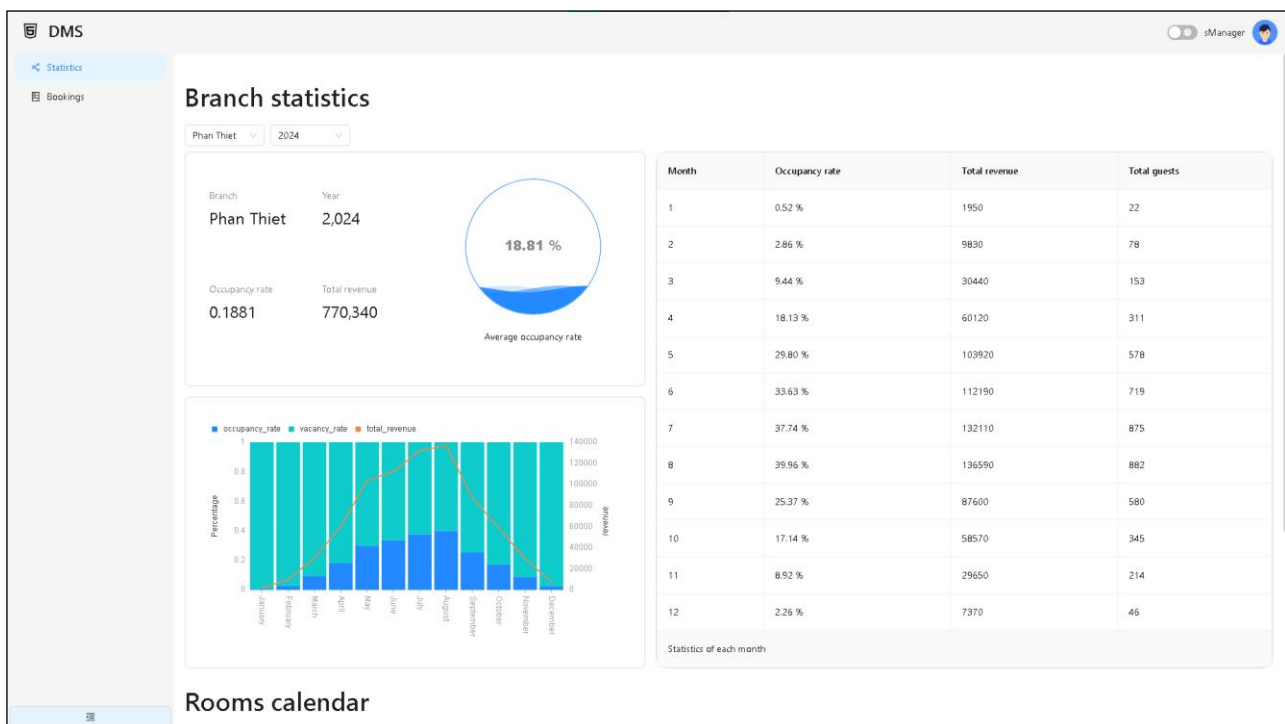
1800 \$

5 rooms × 2 days

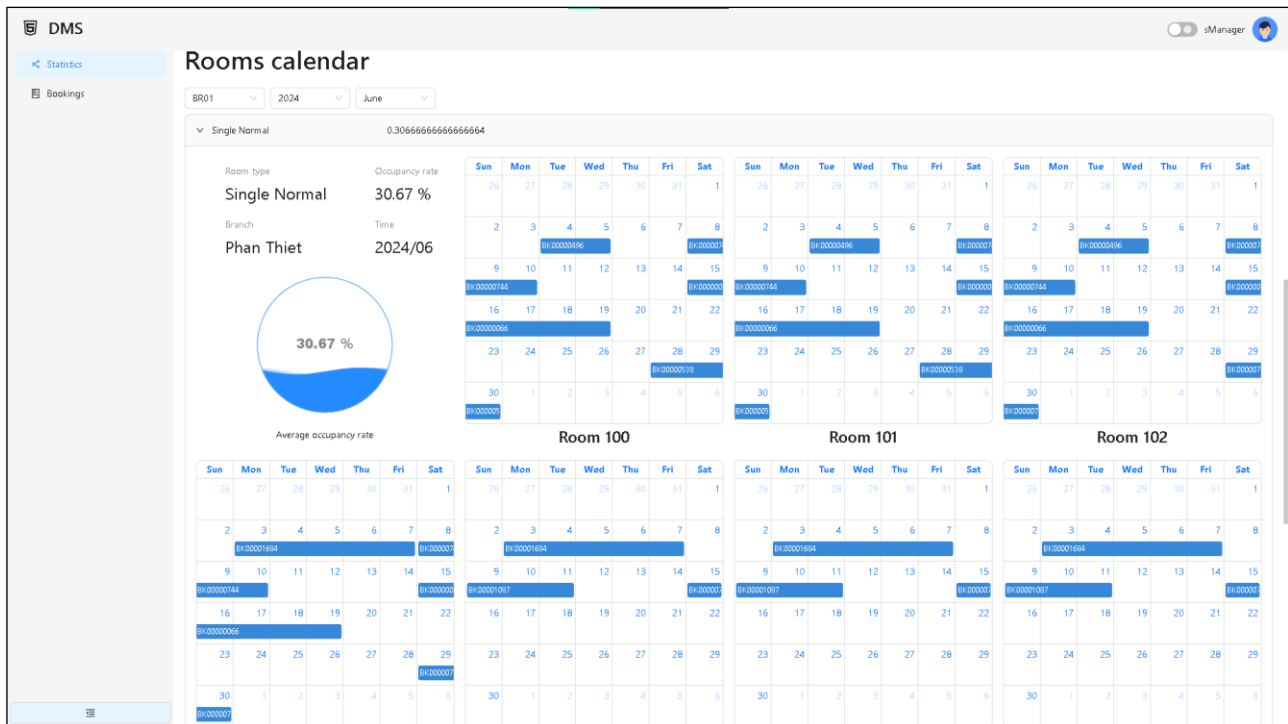
Pay

Modal for booking

5. Statistics page



Branch statistics



Rooms calendar

6. Bookings management page

DMS Statistics Bookings sManager

All bookings

Brand: Phan Thiet

Upcoming Occupying Checked out


Booking ID	Customer	Booking Date	Check in	Check out	Total cost	Status
BK00004201	Haruno Sakura	9/4/2024	9/8/2024	9/12/2024	4000	Upcoming
BK00004191	Haruno Sakura	8/5/2024	8/9/2024	8/12/2024	3000	Upcoming
BK00004184	Uchiha Sasuke	10/7/2024	10/12/2024	10/14/2024	1170	Upcoming
BK00004174	Uchiha Sasuke	9/1/2024	9/5/2024	9/7/2024	2100	Upcoming
BK00004172	Uchiha Sasuke	5/5/2024	5/12/2024	5/12/2024	420	Upcoming
BK00004143	Uchiha Sasuke	7/7/2024	7/29/2024	7/29/2024	700	Upcoming
BK00004141	Uchiha Sasuke	7/15/2024	7/30/2024	7/31/2024	1400	Upcoming
BK00004140	Uchiha Sasuke	9/3/2024	9/6/2024	9/7/2024	640	Upcoming
BK00004129	Uchiha Sasuke	10/5/2024	10/11/2024	10/15/2024	4000	Upcoming
BK00004127	Uchiha Sasuke	8/4/2024	8/16/2024	8/16/2024	700	Upcoming

< 1 2 3 4 5 ... 47 > 10 / page

List of bookings

Booking information

Customer



Haruno Sakura

Booking ID

BK00004201

Check-in date

9/8/2024

Check-out date

9/12/2024

Branch

Phan Thiet

Rooms

> BR01.703

> BR01.704

> BR01.705

> BR01.706

> BR01.707

Rental cost : 4000 \$


Food cost : 0 \$

Total cost : 4000 \$

Check in

Booking information

Customer



Haruno Sakura

Booking ID

BK00004201

Check-in date

9/8/2024

Check-out date

9/12/2024

Branch

Phan Thiet

Actual check-in date

4/27/2024

Rooms

> BR01.703

Water

0

Coffee

2

Cola

0

Poca

3

Lays

0

& 5

> BR01.704

& 0

> BR01.705

& 0

> BR01.706

& 3

> BR01.707

& 0

Rental cost : 4000 \$

Food cost : 220 \$

Total cost : 4220 \$

Check out

Modal for Check-in and Check-out

Submission & Presentation

You should submit your report which preferably in 2-sided black and white on Week 18 as previous announcement.

You don't have to prepare the slides for presentation, but need to prepare data, scripts to create database and demo the application.

Practice: Database system – S232

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