

자료구조 과제(HW4)

전공: 철학과

학년: 3학년

학번: 20180032

이름: 남기동

1. Matrix Transpose

<Pseudo Code>

Global Variable: matrix_pointer hdnnode[MAX_SIZE], hdnnode_t[MAX_SIZE]

Local Variable: matrix, t_matrix

Function:

1. main function

Make local variable matrix, t_matrix whose datatypes are 'matrix_pointer'

Call mread function and save all information into 'matrix'

Call mtranspose function with argument 'matrix' and get the transposed matrix and save it into 't_matrix'

Call mwrite(t_matrix) to write transposed matrix's information into "output.txt"

Call merase function to erase all nodes in matrix and t_matrix

2. matrix_pointer mread()

Open "input.txt" file for reading information

Get first line information and it will be the total number of rows, cols, terms

Dynamically allocate node and save the information into it

num_heads = bigger one between num_cols and num_rows

If (num_heads is zero) node->right = node;

Else {

For: i=0 to num_heads //making head nodes

dynamically allocate temp, hdnnode[i] = temp, hdnnode[i]->tag = head

hdnnode[i]->right = temp; hdnnode[i]->u.next = temp;

current_row = 0

last = hdnnode[0] //last is the matrix_pointer and the last node in matrix

For: i=0 to num_terms

read one line from input.txt to get row, col, value information

if(row > current_row) then close current row

dynamically allocate temp and put row, col, value into temp

last = temp

hdnnode[col]->u.next->down = temp

hdnnode[col]->u.next = temp

close last row

close all colum lists

link all header nodes together

close "input.txt" file and return node

3. void mwrite(matrix_pointer node)

open "output.txt" for writing purpose

write the information of first line that contains total numbers of row, col, terms

for: i = 0; to node->u.entry.row(total number of row)

for (temp = head->right; temp != head; temp = temp->right)

write each information of each line in matrix node

head = head->u.next; //move to next head

close the "output.txt" file

4. void merase(matrix_pointer node)

matrix_pointer x, y; matrix_pointer head; int i;

head = node->right;

for: i=0 to node->u.entry.row

y = head->right;

while (y != head) { x = y; y = y->right; free(x); } //free all nodes in head

x = head; head = head->u.next; free(x); //free head itself

//free remaining head nodes

y = head;

while (y != node) { x = y; y = y->u.next; free(x); }

free(node); node = NULL;

5. matrix_pointer mtranspose(matrix_pointer matrix)

Dynamically allocate matrix_pointer 'node'

Put first line information of 'matrix' that contains total number of rows, cols, terms into node but matrix's row will be node's col and vice versa.

num_heads = bigger one between num_cols and num_rows

If (num_heads is zero) node->right = node;

Else {

For: i=0 to num_heads //making head nodes

dynamically allocate temp, hdnnode[i] = temp, hdnnode[i]->tag = head

hdnnode[i]->right = temp; hdnnode[i]->u.next = temp;

For: j=0 to matrix's cols

For(ptr = hdnnode[i]->down, last hdnnode_t[j]; ptr != hdnnode[i]; ptr = ptr->down)

dynamically allocate temp and put matrix's node's

Information with exchange row and col into temp

Link into row list

Link into column list

Last->right = hdnnode_t[j] //finish the row list

Close all column lists

Link all heard nodes together

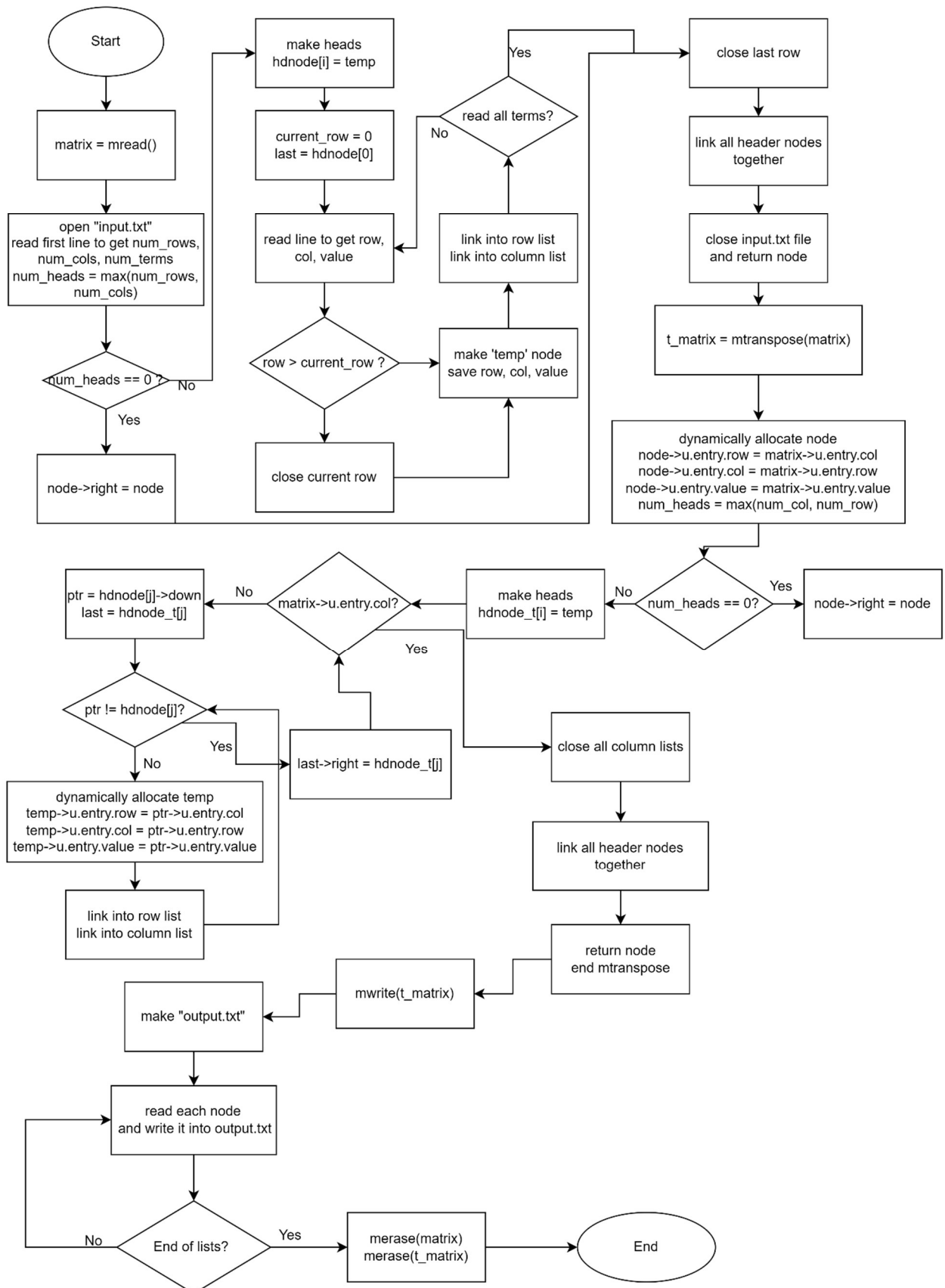
} return node

<Test Examples>

```
cse20180032@cspro: ~/DS_Homework
cse20180032@cspro:~/DS_Homework$ cat input.txt
4 5 6
0 2 11
0 4 6
1 0 12
1 1 7
2 1 -4
3 3 -15
cse20180032@cspro:~/DS_Homework$ ./a.out
cse20180032@cspro:~/DS_Homework$ cat output.txt
5 4 6
0 1 12
1 1 7
1 2 -4
2 0 11
3 3 -15
4 0 6
cse20180032@cspro:~/DS_Homework$
```

```
cse20180032@cspro: ~/DS_Homework
cse20180032@cspro:~/DS_Homework$ cat input.txt
7 7 9
0 1 1
0 3 2
1 3 3
1 6 4
2 0 5
4 2 6
4 6 7
5 5 8
6 0 9
cse20180032@cspro:~/DS_Homework$ ./a.out
cse20180032@cspro:~/DS_Homework$ cat output.txt
7 7 9
0 2 5
0 6 9
1 0 1
2 4 6
3 0 2
3 1 3
5 5 8
6 1 4
6 4 7
cse20180032@cspro:~/DS_Homework$
```

<Flowchart>



2. polynomial multiplication

<Pseudo Code>

Variable: poly_pointer a, poly_pointer b, poly_pointer c(temporary polynomial that contains all combinations of multiplication of a and b without considering same exponent can't come more than once), poly_pointer d(from 'c', integrating coefficients of terms that have same exponent)

Function:

1. main function

```
Poly_pointer a = getpoly_a();
```

```
Poly_pointer b = getpoly_b();
```

Dynamically allocate poly_pointer 'd'

```
d = pmult(a, b, &num_d);
```

```
pwrite(d, num_d);
```

```
perase(a), perase(b), perase(c);
```

2. poly_pointer getpoly_a()

Open "a.txt" file for reading information

Read first line to get total number of terms in polynomial

For i=0 to terms

 Read line and get coefficient and exponent

Dynamically allocate temp and save coef, expo into it

Link each node in order that higher exponent come first

Close the file and return start of linked list that contains polynomial info

3. poly_pointer getpoly_b()

Open "b.txt" file for reading information

Read first line to get total number of terms in polynomial

For i=0 to terms

Read line and get coefficient and exponent

Dynamically allocate temp and save coef, expo into it

Link each node in order that higher exponent come first

Close the file and return start of linked list that contains polynomial info

4. void perase(poly_pointer ptr)

For (temp = ptr, trail = ptr; temp!=NULL ;)

Temp = temp->link

Free(trail)

Trail = temp

5. poly_pointer pmul(poly_pointer a, poly_pointer b, int* num_d)

For(ptr1 = a ; ptr1 != NULL ; ptr1 = ptr1->link)

Coef_a = ptr1->coef; expo_a = ptr1->expon;

For (ptr2 = b; ptr2 != NULL; ptr2 = ptr2->link)

Coef_b = ptr2->coef; expo_b = ptr2->expon;

Expo_c = expo_a + expo_b

Coef_c = coef_a * coef_b;

Dynamically allocate temp and save the info into it

Link each node in order that higher exponent come first

For (ptr = c; ptr!=NULL ; ptr = ptr->link) //find max expon in poly 'c'

If(ptr->expon >=max) max = ptr->expon;

For: i=max to 0 (i--)

For (ptr1=c; ptr1 !=NULL; ptr1=ptr1->link)

If(ptr1->expon == i) result += ptr1->coef;

If(result != 0)

Dynamically allocate temp and save info into it

Link each node in order that higher exponent come first

perase(c) and return d

6. void pwrite(poly_pointer d, int num_d)

make "d.txt" to write

write num_d first which means total number of terms in polynomial

for(ptr = d; ptr != NULL; ptr = ptr -> link)

write coefficients first and exponent next

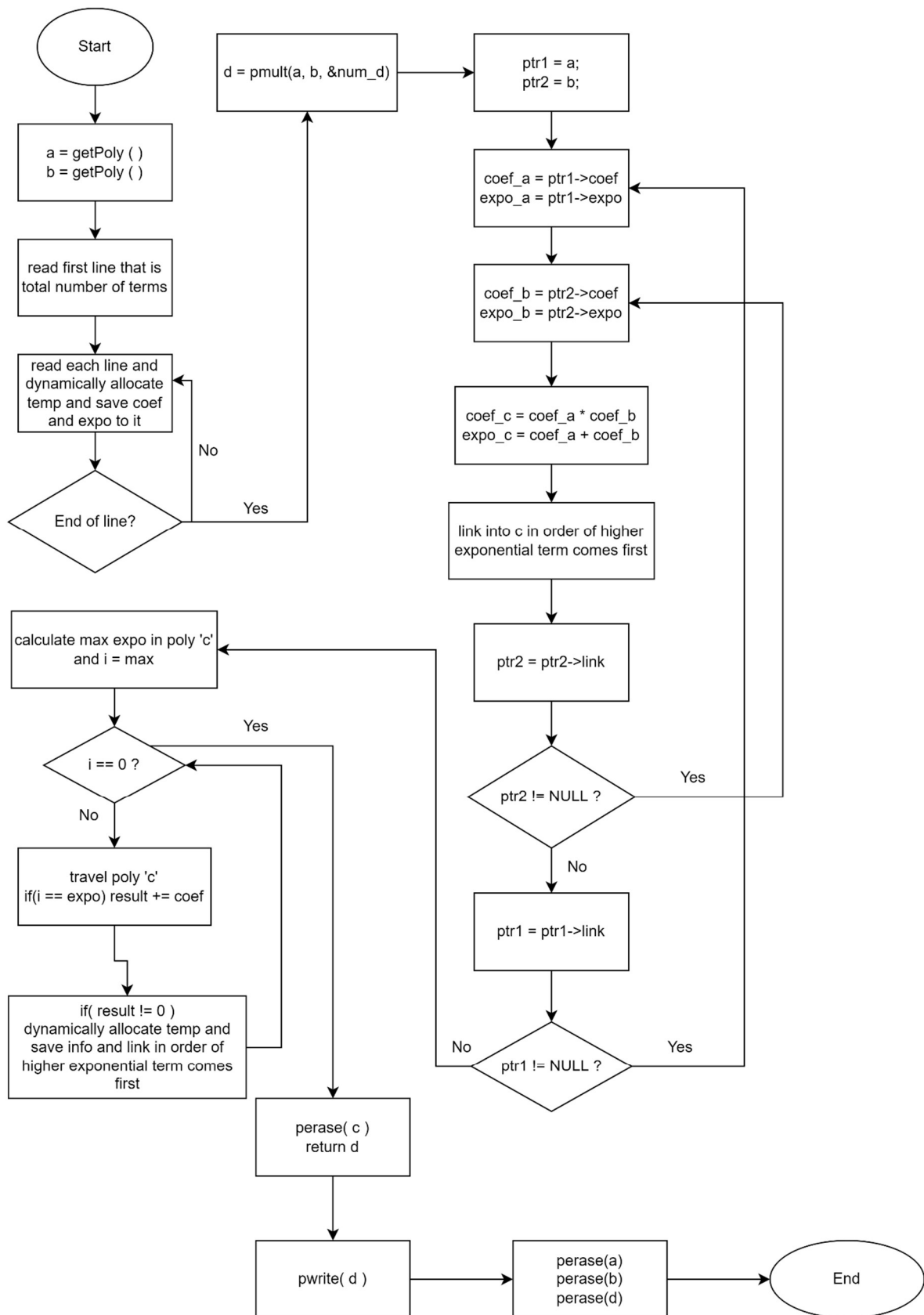
close the file

<Test Examples>

```
cse20180032@csp: ~/DS_Homework
cse20180032@csp:~/DS_Homework$ cat a.txt
4
1 5
6 3
2 2
4 1
cse20180032@csp:~/DS_Homework$ cat b.txt
3
7 3
-1 1
2 0
cse20180032@csp:~/DS_Homework$ ./a.out
cse20180032@csp:~/DS_Homework$ cat d.txt
6
7 8
41 6
16 5
22 4
10 3
8 1
cse20180032@csp:~/DS_Homework$
```

```
cse20180032@csp: ~/DS_Homework
cse20180032@csp:~/DS_Homework$ cat a.txt
0
cse20180032@csp:~/DS_Homework$ cat b.txt
3
7 3
-1 1
2 0
cse20180032@csp:~/DS_Homework$ ./a.out
cse20180032@csp:~/DS_Homework$ cat d.txt
0
cse20180032@csp:~/DS_Homework$
```

<Flowchart>



3. Manage SNS friends using equivalence class

<Pseudo Code>

Variable: node_pointer stack[MAX_SIZE](store new person), top(index of stack)

Function:

1. void push(char* name)

If(top == MAX_SIZE) return error

temp = new node, strcpy(temp->name, name), temp->link = NULL;

stack[++top] = temp;

2. void pop()

If (top == -1) return error

node_pointer ptr, trail;

for(ptr = stack[top]; ptr != NULL;)

 Trail = ptr; ptr = ptr->link; free(trail);

top--;

3. Main function

Fp = fopen "input.txt" and fp2 = fopen "output.txt"

For(; ;) {

 Read one character from input.txt

 If(character is '\r') read one more word

 If(character is '\n') read one more word

```

If( character is P or L ) {

    read one word(name1)

    if(character is P)

        if( name1 is in the list ) return error

        if not, push(name1)

    else if(character is L)

        find proper position in stack

        moving with ptr and find friend info of stack and print it

else if( character is F or U or Q)

    read one word(name1) and other word(name2)

    if(character is F)

        if( name1, name2 is same) break;

        if name1, name2 is already friend, break;

        if not,

            temp = new node, temp->name = name2;

            linking temp to the last node of proper stack[i]

            make other temp and put name1 to it

            linking temp to the last node of proper stack[i]

    else if (character is U)

        if( name1, name2 is same) break;

```

free node that contains name2 in proper stack[i]

free node that contains name1 in other proper stack[i]

else if (character is Q)

find stack[i] whose name is same as name1

moving by ptr = ptr->link, find whether name2 is in the list

if it is in the list, fprintf "yes" into "ouput.txt"

if not, fprintf "no" into "output.txt"

else if (character is X) break

else return error

}

For (i=top; i>=0; i--) pop() for erase all nodes that were dynamically allocated

Fclose(fp) and fclose(fp2)

<Test Examples>

```
cse20180032@csp: ~/DS_Homework
cse20180032@csp:~/DS_Homework$ gcc HW4_20180032_3.c
cse20180032@csp:~/DS_Homework$ cat input.txt
P Sam
P Liza
P Mark
P Amy
F Liza Amy
F Liza Mark
F Amy Sam
L Amy
L Sam
U Liza Amy
L Amy
Q Liza Mark
X
cse20180032@csp:~/DS_Homework$ ./a.out
cse20180032@csp:~/DS_Homework$ cat output.txt
Liza Sam
Amy
Sam
Yes
cse20180032@csp:~/DS_Homework$
```

<Flowchart>

