



# PIZZA SALES ANALYSIS



## EXCEL FILES FOR ANALYSING DATA USING SQL



Microsoft Excel  
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Order\_details



Microsoft Excel  
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Orders



Microsoft Excel  
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Pizza Types



Microsoft Excel  
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Pizzas



## SQL QUERIES USED IN PROJECT PIZZA SALES DASHBOARD

Retrieve the total number of orders placed

Select count(\*) as Total\_orders from orders;

Result Grid	
	Total_orders
▶	21350

Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

Select round(sum(pizzas.price \* order\_details.quantity),2) as Total\_Revenue from pizzas  
join order\_details on pizzas.pizza\_id = order\_details.pizza\_id;

Result Grid	
	Total_Revenue
▶	817860.05

Identify the highest-priced pizza.

select pizza\_types.name,pizzas.price from pizza\_types join  
pizzas on pizza\_types.pizza\_type\_id = pizzas.pizza\_type\_id order by price desc limit 1;

Result Grid			Filter Row
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	name	price
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▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95
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-- Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

```
Select pizzas.size,count(order_details.Order_details_id) as Pizza_order_count from pizzas
join order_details on pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
group by pizzas.size order by Pizza_order_count desc;
```

	size	Pizza_order_count
▶	L	18526
	M	15385
	S	14137
	XL	
	XXL	

-- List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
Select pizza_types.name,sum(order_details.quantity) as ordered_pizza from pizza_types
join pizzas on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id join
order_details on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id group by name order by ordered_pizza
desc limit 5;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	name	ordered_pizza
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered

```
Select pizza_types.category,sum(order_details.quantity) as Pizza_Category_sold from
pizza_types join pizzas on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details on pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id group by category;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	category	Pizza_Category_sold	
▶	Classic	14888	
	Veggie	11649	
	Supreme	11987	
	Chicken	11050	



Determine the highest distribution of orders by hour of the day.

Select hour(order\_time) as hours, count(order\_id) as Ordered\_count from orders group by hours order by ordered\_count desc;

Result Grid		Filter
hours	Ordered_count	
12	2520	
13	2455	
18	2399	
17	2336	
19	2009	
16	1920	
20	1642	
14	1472	
15	1468	
11	1231	
21	1198	

Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

select category, count(name) as Pizza\_count from pizza\_types group by category;

category	Pizza_count
Chicken	6
Classic	8
Supreme	9
Veggie	9

Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

Select round(avg(order\_quantity\_perdate),0) as Avg\_order\_perday from  
(select orders.Order\_date, sum(order\_details.quantity) as order\_quantity\_perdate  
from orders join order\_details on orders.Order\_id = order\_details.Order\_id group by  
orders.Order\_date) as **Date\_table**;

Result Grid		Filter
Avg_order_perday		
138		

Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

```
select pizza_types.name, round(sum(pizzas.price * order_details.quantity), 1) as Revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id join
order_details on pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id group by pizza_types.name
order by revenue desc limit 3;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	name	Revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.2
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5

Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza category to total revenue.

```
Select category, round(Revenue/Overall_revenue * 100, 2) as Revenue_percent from
(select pizza_types.category, round(sum(pizzas.price * order_details.quantity), 2)
as Revenue, (select sum(pizzas.price * order_details.quantity) from pizzas
join order_details on pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id) as Overall_revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details on pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id group by category) as datatable;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	category	Revenue_percent
▶	Classic	26.91
	Veggie	23.68
	Supreme	25.46
	Chicken	23.96

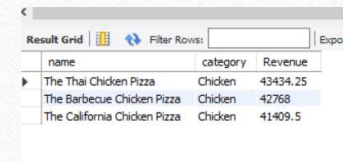
Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
Select Order_date, sum(revenue) over (order by Order_date) as Cumulative_revenue from (Select
orders.Order_date, sum(pizzas.price * order_details.quantity) as Revenue from pizzas join order_details on pizzas.pizza_id
= order_details.pizza_id join orders on orders.Order_id = order_details.Order_id group by orders.Order_date) as Data;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	Order_date	Cumulative_reve
▶	2015-01-01	2713.8500000000000
	2015-01-02	5445.75
	2015-01-03	8108.15
	2015-01-04	9863.6
	2015-01-05	11929.55
	2015-01-06	14358.5
	2015-01-07	16560.7



Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.  
Select `pizza_types.name, pizza_types.category, round(sum(pizzas.price * order_details.quantity), 2)`  
as Revenue from pizzas join pizza\_types on pizzas.pizza\_type\_id = pizza\_types.pizza\_type\_id join  
order\_details on pizzas.pizza\_id = order\_details.pizza\_id group by name, category order by revenue desc limit 3;



The screenshot shows a database query result grid with the following data:

name	category	Revenue
The Thai Chicken Pizza	Chicken	43434.25
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	Chicken	42768
The California Chicken Pizza	Chicken	41409.5