Dr. B. Güsmann VGU

Electrical Engineering and Information Technology, B.Eng Introduction to the C Programming Language: Exercises

Exercise Sheet 4

- 1. Exercise. a) Understand and test the following program.
 - b) Change the program to use an *enumeratuion type* instead of the defines for IN and OUT. Define a type *statevalues* with enum and a suitable value list. Then define a variable *state* of type *statevalues* and change the necessary lines in the program.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define IN
                      /* state inside a word. */
                      /* state outside a word.*/
#define OUT
int main(void)
/********************************
/*
/* count lines, words and characters until '$'.*/
char
       number of lines, number of words, number of chars;
int
int
       state;
       /* Initialization */
       state = OUT;
       number_of_lines = 1;/* at least 1 line with '$' */
number_of_words = 0;
number_of_chars = 0;
       /* Implementation */
       c = getchar();
       while ( c != '$' ) {
               number_of_chars++;
               if (c == \overline{\ } \setminus n')  {
                      number of lines++;
               if ((c == ' ') || (c == '\n') || (c == '\t')) {
                       state = OUT;
               else if (state == OUT) {
                       state = IN;
                       number of words++;
               c = qetchar();
       /* Output */
       return(0); /* main() is int. */
} /* END main() */
```

2. Exercise. Write a program, which recognizes words in a character input stream. Words are separated by blank, tab or new line. The end of the input stream is a '\$' character. Each word shall be printed to the screen, beginning on a new line. After the word, the number of characters of the word shall be printed on the same line.

```
Example: Input>One to twenty$
Output>One 3
to 2
twenty 6
```

3. Exercise. There is no format description for binary output in printf(). Please write a function

```
void binary_print(unsigned char c);
```

which prints c as a binary number to the monitor. Example 2-11 of the script might give you a hint how to do it.