Java로 코드를 작성하고 실행시키는 방법 3가지 (눈에 익혀 두자)

```
class Sample1 {
  public static void main(String[] args){
      System.out.println( "hi java" );
  }
}
```

```
class Sample2 {

public static void hi(){

System.out.println( "hi java" );
}

public static void main(String[] args){

Sample2.hi();
}
}
```

```
class Sample3 {
    public void hi(){
        System.out.println( "hi java" );
    }
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Sample3 obj = new Sample3();
        obj.hi();
    }
}
```

Java로 고객정보를 저장하고 출력하기

```
class Customer1{
    String name;
    String grade;
}
```

```
Customer1 obj = new Customer1();
obj.name= "브래드" ;
obj.grade= "VVIP" ;

System.out.println( obj.name);
System.out.println( obj.grade);
```



```
class Customer2{
    private String name;
    private String grade;

    public void input( String p_name, String p_grade){
        name = p_name;
        grade = p_grade;
    }

    public String getInfo() {
        return name + ": " + grade;
    }
}
```

```
class Customer3{
    private String name;
    private String grade;

    public Customer3( String name, String grade){
        this.name = name;
        this.grade = grade;
    }

    public String toString() {
        return name + ": " + grade;
    }
}
```

```
Customer2 obj = new Customer2();
obj.input( "브래드" , "VVIP" );
System.out.println( obj.getInfo());
```

```
Customer3 obj = new Customer3( "브래드", "VVIP");
System.out.println( obj.toString());
```