

Assignment-2

Topic : profit & loss, percentage

- (1) If an article is sold at a loss of 25%, and the selling price is 450R. find the cost price

loss 25%

Selling price = 450Rs

$$SP = \frac{CP(100 - \text{Loss\%})}{100}$$

$$450 = \frac{CP(100 - 25)}{100}$$

$$45000 = 100 CP - 25 CP$$

$$45000 = 75 CP$$

$$CP = \frac{45000}{75} 600$$

$$CP = 600$$

(2) A person bought an item for 1200 rs and sold it for 1440 rs what is the profit percentage.

$$\text{cost price} = 1200 \text{ rs}$$

$$\text{sold price} = 1440 \text{ rs}$$

$$\text{profit \%} = \frac{\text{SP} - \text{CP}}{\text{CP}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{1440 - 1200}{1200} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{240}{1200} \times 100$$

$$= 20\% \underline{\text{ans}}$$

(3) If the selling price of an item is 960 rs and the cost price is 800 rs what is the profit percentage.

$$\text{cost price} = 800$$

$$\text{selling price} = 960$$

$$\text{profit percentage} = \frac{\text{SP} - \text{CP}}{\text{CP}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{960 - 800}{800} \times 100$$

$$\begin{array}{r} - 960 - 800 \\ \hline & 8 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} - 160 \\ \hline & 8 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Profit \%} = 20\%$$

(4) A shopkeeper sells a fan at ₹ 1200 with a loss of 20%. Find the cost price?

Selling Price = ₹ 1200
Loss = 20%

$$SP = \frac{CP(100 - \text{Loss \%})}{100}$$

$$1200 = \frac{CP(100 - 20)}{100}$$

$$120000 = 100CP - 20CP$$

$$120000 = 80CP$$

$$CP = \frac{120000}{80}$$

$$CP = 1500$$

(5) If the ~~profit~~ cost price of an article is 400^{rs} and it is sold for 480^{rs}. what is the profit percentage.

$$CP = 400\text{ rs}$$

$$SP = 480\text{ rs} \quad \text{favourable}$$

$$\text{Profit \%} = \frac{SP - CP}{CP} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{480 - 400}{400} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{80}{400} \times 100$$

$$= 20\% \quad \text{Ans}$$

(6) A trader gives two successive discounts of 20%. and 10%. find the net discount percentage?

$$\text{Net \% change} = a + b + ab - \frac{ab}{100}$$

$$= 20 + 10 - \frac{20 \times 10}{100}$$

$$= 30 - \frac{200}{100}$$

$$= 28 \quad \text{Ans}$$

(7) A man sold a shirt for 800 rs after giving a 20% discount.
Find the marked price.

$$SP = 800$$

$$\text{discount} = 20\%$$

$$\frac{SP}{100} = \frac{CP(100 - 20\%)}{100}$$

$$\frac{800}{100} = \frac{CP(100 - 20\%)}{100}$$

$$80000 = 100CP - 20CP$$

$$80000 = \frac{80CP}{100}$$

$$80CP = 80000$$

$$CP = \frac{80000}{80}$$

$$[CP = 1000] \text{ Ans}$$

(8) A watch is sold for 1800 rs with a 25% profit. find the cost price

$$SP = 1800 \text{ rs}$$

Profit = 25%

$$SP = \frac{CP(100 + \text{Profit})}{100}$$

$$1800 = \frac{CP(100 + 25)}{100}$$

~~$$180000 = 100CP + 25CP$$~~

~~$$180000 = 75CP + 125CP$$~~

~~$$CP = \frac{180000}{125} = 1440 \text{ CP}$$~~

~~$$180000 = 100CP + 25CP$$~~

$$180000 = 125CP \quad CP = \frac{180000}{125} = 1440 \text{ CP}$$

(9) A shopkeeper marks an article at 1500 rs and allows a 10% discount. find the selling price

$$CP = 1500 \text{ rs}$$

Discount = 10%

$$SP = \frac{CP(100 - 10\% \text{ loss})}{100}$$

$$SP = \frac{1500(100 - 10)}{100}$$

$$SP = \frac{1500 \times 90}{100}$$

$$\boxed{SP = 135} \quad \underline{\text{Ans}}$$

(Q.) A merchant buys 10 per for 150 and sells them for 200. What is his profit percentage?

$$CP = 150 \quad SP = 200$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Profit} &= SP - CP \\ &= 200 - 150 \\ &= 50 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Profit \%} = \frac{SP - CP}{CP} \times 100$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{50}{150} \times 100 \\ &= \frac{500}{150} \\ &= 33.33\% \end{aligned}$$

$$(11) \text{ markup \%} = \frac{\text{profit \%} + \text{discount \%}}{1 - \frac{\text{discount \%}}{100}}$$

$$= \frac{20\% + 15\%}{1 - \frac{15}{100}}$$

$$= \frac{35}{100 - 15}$$

$$= \frac{35}{85}$$

$$= \frac{35}{85} \times \frac{100}{85}$$

$$= \frac{3500}{85} \text{ Rs}$$

$$(25\% + 10\%) = 35\% \text{ (Ans)}$$

$$(12) SP = 2750 \text{ Rs}$$

$$\text{Profit} = 10\%$$

$$SP = \frac{CP(100 + \text{Profit \%})}{100}$$

$$2250 = \frac{CP(100 + 10)}{100}$$

$$225000 = 100CP + 10CP$$

$$225000 = 110CP$$

$$CP = \frac{225000}{110} = 2045$$

$$CP = 2045 \text{ p} \\ CP \approx 2000$$

$$CP = 2000 \quad \text{Ans}$$

(13)

~~$\text{Profit \%} = 25\%$~~
 ~~$\text{Cost price} = 800$~~

~~$SP = \frac{CP(100 + \text{Profit \%})}{100}$~~

~~$SP = \frac{CP(100 + 25)}{100}$~~

~~$SP = \frac{125CP}{100}$~~

(13)

$$\text{profit \%} = 25\%$$

$$\text{cost price} = 800 \text{ rs}$$

$$SP = \frac{CP(100 + \text{profit \%})}{100}$$

$$SP = \frac{800(100 + 25)}{100}$$

$$SP = \frac{800(125)}{100}$$

$$SP = \frac{800 \times 125}{100}$$

$$SP = 1000 \text{ Rs}$$

(14)

$$SP = 15,000$$

$$\text{loss \%} = 10\%$$

$$SP = \frac{CP(100 - \text{loss \%})}{100}$$

$$15000 = \frac{CP(100 - 10)}{100}$$

$$15000 \times 100 = 90 CP$$

$$1500000 = 90 CP$$

16.666

$$CP = \frac{150000}{80}$$

$$\boxed{CP = 16.666} \text{ Ans}$$

(15)

$$MP = CP + \text{so.l. of CP}$$

$$\text{class sum } (P=100) = 100 + 50$$

$$150 = 92$$

$$\text{Selling price} = MP - \text{so.l. of MP}$$

$$= 150 - 30$$

$$= 120 \text{ Ans}$$

$$\text{Profit} = \frac{SP - CP}{CP} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{120 - 100}{100} \times 100$$

$$= 20\% \text{ Ans}$$

(16)

$$SP = 400 \times$$

$$SP = \frac{CP(100 + \text{profit} \cdot 1)}{100}$$

$$SP = \frac{400(100+12)}{100}$$

$$SP = \frac{400 \times 112}{100}$$

$$SP = 448$$

$$SP = \frac{MP(100 - \text{loss})}{100}$$

$$448 = \frac{MP(100 - 5)}{100}$$

$$44800 = 95 \cdot MP$$

$$MP = \frac{44800}{95} \approx 471.5$$

$$MP = 471.5 \quad \text{Approx}$$

$$\boxed{MP = 500} \quad \text{Ans}$$

(17)

$$CP = 480$$

$$SP = 576$$

$$\text{profit \%} = \frac{SP - CP}{CP} \times 100$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 576 \\ - 480 \\ \hline 96 \end{array}$$

$$= \frac{576 - 480}{480} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{96}{48} \times 100$$

$$= 200\% \quad \checkmark$$

(18)

$$\text{profit \%} = 50\%$$

$$CP = 500 \text{ rs}$$

$$\text{profit \%} = \frac{SP - CP}{CP} \times 100$$

$$SP = \frac{80}{500} \times 100$$

$$= 100\% \quad \checkmark$$

(19) profit % = 15%
 $SP = 2300 \text{ rs}$

$$SP \text{ profit \% } = \frac{SP - CP}{CP} \times 100$$

$$SP = \frac{CP(100 + \text{profit})}{100}$$

$$2300 = \frac{CP(100 + 15)}{100}$$

$$230000 = 115 CP$$

$$CP = \frac{230000}{115} = 2000$$

$$[CP = 2000] \text{ Ans}$$

Rop
 $CP = 750 \text{ rs}$

$$SP = 900 \text{ rs}$$

$$\text{gain percentage} = \frac{SP - CP}{CP} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{900 - 750}{750} \times 100$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 900 \\ - 750 \\ \hline 150 \end{array}$$

$$= \frac{150}{750} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{1500}{75} \cdot 20$$

$$= 200\% \text{ Ans}$$

(21)

$$SP = 640$$

$$\text{Loss \%} = 20\%$$

$$SP = \frac{CP(100 - \underline{\text{Loss}})}{100}$$

$$640 = CP \frac{(100 - 20)}{100}$$

$$640 = \frac{80 CP}{100}$$

$$64000 = 80 CP$$

$$CP = \frac{64000}{80} 800$$

$$CP = 800 \text{ Ans}$$

(22)

$$SP = 9600 \text{ Rs}$$

Profit = 20%.

$$SP = CP \left(100 + 20\frac{\%}{100}\right)$$

$$9600 = CP \left(100 + 20\frac{\%}{100}\right)$$

$$960000 = 120 CP$$

$$CP = \frac{960000}{120}$$

$$CP = 8000 \text{ Rs}$$

(23)

$$SP = 500$$

Profit = 20%.

$$SP = CP \left(100 + \frac{1}{100} \times \text{Profit}\right)$$

$$500 = CP \left(100 + 20\frac{\%}{100}\right)$$

$$500 = \frac{120 CP}{100}$$

$$50000 = 120 CP$$

416.6

$$CP = \frac{5000}{12\%}$$

$$CP = 416.6 \text{ Approx}$$

$$CP = 420 \text{ Ans}$$

R4)

$$CP = 1500$$

$$\text{Profit} = 20\% \text{ of } 1500$$

$$= 0.20 \times 1500$$

$$= 300$$

$$SP = 1500 + 300$$

$$= 1800$$

$$CP = 1500$$

$$\text{Loss} = 10\% \text{ of } 1500$$

$$= 0.10 \times 1500$$

$$= 150$$

$$SP = 1500 - 150$$

$$\text{Total cost price} = 1500 + 1500 = 3000$$

$$\text{Total SP} = 1800 + 1350 = 3150$$

$$\text{Net profit} = 3150 - 3000$$

$$\text{Profit} = 54.$$

(25)

$$SP = 1250$$

$$\text{Loss} = 12.1\% \text{ of } CP$$

$$SP = CP(100 - \text{Loss})$$

$$1250 = CP(100 - 12)$$

$$1250 = CP(100 - 12)$$

$$125000 = 88 CP$$

$$CP = \frac{125000}{88} = 1420.45$$

$$(CP = 1420.45) \text{ Ans}$$

Approx

$$CP = 1400$$

(26)

Assume cost price = 1 rs

total quantity = 2 units

$$\text{total} = 2 \times 1$$

$$= 2 \text{ rs}$$

selling price half for the quantity $\equiv 2 \times 1 = 2$

SP for the remaining half (1 unit) = 1 rs

(27)

Total selling price = $2 + 1 = 3$

$$\text{profit} = \text{SP} - \text{CP}$$

$$= 3 - 2 = 1 \text{ rs}$$

$$\text{Profit} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \times 100\%$$

$$= 50\%$$

(27)

$$x \times \frac{20}{100}$$

sum of the number & the result

$$\begin{aligned} &= x + 0.2x \\ &= 1.2x \end{aligned}$$

(28)

$$\text{cost price} = x$$

$$\text{selling cost} = 50$$

$$100\% \text{ of the selling price} = \frac{50}{50+100} \times 100$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{5000}{500} \\ &= 1000 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{cost price} = 80\%$$

$$100\% \text{ of the cost price} = \frac{1000}{80} \times 100$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1250}{80} \\ &= 1250 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \text{cost price} - \text{loss}$$

$$= 1250 - 1000$$

$$\text{final loss} = 250 + 50 \\ = 300 \text{ Ans}$$

(29) Assume cost price = 100

① Cost price of 20 kgs of goods is = 20

SP is of 20 kgs of goods is

$$= 20 \times 150 + 1$$

$$= \frac{15\%}{100} \times 20$$

$$= 30$$

② Setting price of 40 kgs of goods is 40 × 80.

Cost price of 40 kgs of good is

CP of 20% goods = 40

SP of 40% goods is Rs
 $40 \times 80\% = 32$

cost price of 20% goods
 is Rs 20

Selling price of 20% goods
 is Rs. $20 \times 95\%$.

$$= \frac{95}{20} \times 100$$

$$= 1.125$$

Selling price = 20

Total selling price = $30 + 32 + 19 + 20$
 $= 101$

Profit percentage = $\frac{(101 - 100)}{100} \times 100$

$$= 10\%$$

(30) of selling expense ± 50 rupees

Selling expenses are 10% more than the loss.

$$S = L + 0.1L$$

$$S = 1.1L$$

$$\text{above loss} \rightarrow S - L = 50$$

$$= 45.45 \text{ rupees}$$

$$\text{loss \%} = \frac{L}{\text{cost price}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{45.45}{100} \times 100$$

$$= 45.45\%$$

(31) profit on $\$ 5$ 1 article

= cost price of 2 article

$$\text{profit} = 2C$$

$$SP = CP + \text{profit}$$

$$= C + 2C$$

$$= 3C$$

$$\text{Profit \%} = \frac{2C}{C} \times 100$$

$$= 200\% \text{ Ans}$$

(32) CP₁ (= 100) and a 20% profit

$$\text{profit \%} = 20\%$$

$$SP = ?$$

$$\begin{aligned} CP &= CP + \text{profit \%} \\ &= 100 + 20 \\ &= 120 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{actual CP} = x$$

$$\text{profit} = 500$$

Profit = 20% of CP

$$CP = \frac{20}{100} \times 500$$

$$CP = 2500$$

$$SP = 2500 + 500 = 3000$$

Now CP after reduction

$$2500 - \frac{20}{100} \times 1000$$

$$= 80\% \times 2500$$

$$= 0.8 \times 2500 = 2000$$

New profit = selling price - New CP

$$= 13000 - 12000$$

$$= 1000 \text{ Ans}$$

(33)

New cost price : CP = 100

$$SP = CP + 25\% \text{ off} \quad \text{profit} 1. = 25\%$$

$$= 1.25 \times 100 + 25 \\ = 125$$

Cost price

$$\text{New profit} = 125 + 95$$

$$= 285$$

$$\text{New profit \%} = \frac{35}{95} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{350}{9} \approx 38.8$$

[Profit % = 38.8 \% Ans]

(34)

$$CP = 100 \quad \text{Profit \%} = 50\% \text{ (100)}$$

$$SP = 100 + 500 \\ = 600$$

Q1. If CP is doubled $100 \times 2 = 200$ rs

SP is halved $= \frac{600}{2} = 300$ rs

Now profit $= 300 - 200 = 100$

New profit $\therefore = \frac{100 \times 100}{200} = 50$ rs

$$\boxed{\text{Profit} = 50 \text{ rs}}$$

(35)

Required decrease = Increment
Price

$100 + 1$ Increase
Price

$$\frac{25}{125} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{2500}{125} \text{ %}$$

$$\boxed{\text{Required decrease} = 20 \%}$$

(36)

$$CP(I) = 100$$

$$CP(II) = 1500$$

profit on selling
is articles

\Rightarrow cost price of 2 articles

Total SP $b = \text{CP} + \text{Profit}$ ≈ 200
 Total CP $= 1500 + 200$
 $\boxed{SP \approx 1700}$

Profit % $= \frac{200}{1500} \times 100$

$\boxed{\text{Profit \%} = 13.33\%}$

(B) 40% of a number \boxed{A} is
 50% of a number \boxed{B}
 find $a:b$

40% of $a = 50\%$ of b

$$\frac{40}{100} a = \frac{50}{100} b$$

$$\frac{2}{5} a = \frac{1}{2} b$$

$$4a = 5b$$

$$\boxed{a:b = 5:4}$$

(37)

discount = $2x$

marked price = $5x$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{SP} &= \text{Marked price} - \text{discount} \\ &= 5x - x \\ &= 4x \end{aligned}$$

$\boxed{\text{SP} = 4 \text{ times the discount}}$

(38)

\rightarrow 10% of 12% of 10% of

$x = 20\% \text{ of } 12\% \text{ of } 10\% \text{ of } 6250$

$$x = \frac{12}{100} \times \frac{12}{100} \times \frac{10}{100} \times 6250$$

$$x = \frac{1800000}{1000}$$

$$\boxed{x = 180}$$

$$d = \frac{1}{5} \quad n = 2$$

$$d = 20\% \quad n = 50$$

$$\boxed{p = d/n}$$

(39)

$$CP = 500$$

profit = 100%.

$$SP = CP + \text{profit}$$

$$= 500 + 500$$

$$= 1000$$

marked price = x

discount = 35%.

$$SP = MP - 35\% \text{ of } MP$$

$$1000 = x - 0.35x$$

$$1000 = 0.65x$$

$$x = \frac{1000}{0.65} = 1538.46$$

$$\boxed{x = 1538.46}$$

(40)

A is 25% more than B

$$B = 100$$

A is 25% more than B

$$A = 100 + 25$$

$$\boxed{A = 125}$$

of B by which A is smaller

$$\frac{A-B}{A} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{125 - 100}{125} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{25}{125} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{2500}{125} \times 20$$

$$\text{Profit} = 20\%$$

(4)

$$CP = x$$

$$\text{Discount} = 2x \quad CP = 2x$$

$$MP = 10,000$$

$$SP = CP$$

$$SP = MP - \text{Discount}$$

$$x = 10000 - 2x$$

$$3x = 10000$$

$$x = 3333.33$$

(42)

$$CP < 30\% \text{ of } SP$$

$$\text{discount} = 40\% \text{ of } SP$$

$$MP = 12,600$$

$$CP = ?$$

$$MP = SP + \text{discount}$$

$$12,600 = SP + 0.4SP$$

$$0.4SP = 12,600$$

$$1.40$$

$$SP = 9,000$$

CP = 30% less than SP

$$CP = SP - 30\% \text{ of } SP$$

$$CP = 9,000 - 2,700$$

$$CP = 6,300$$

(43)

33.33% of a number is 26
more than 16.66% of the number

10% of the number

$$\frac{1}{3}x = 20 + \frac{1}{6}x$$

$$2x = 120 + x > 90$$

$$2x - x = 120$$

$$\boxed{x = 120}$$

$$\frac{120}{100} \times 120 = 144$$

$$\boxed{x = 144}$$

(4)

num of 20% of a number
is 20 more than 20% of
another no. 20

$$20 + \frac{20}{100} \times 20 = 92$$

$$\frac{20}{100}x = 20 + \frac{20}{100} \times 20$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x = 20 + 40$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x = 24$$

$$x = 24 \times 5$$

exam with to 1.8888 (EN)

$$\boxed{x = 120}$$

exam with to post

$$\frac{1}{5}x = 24$$

(45)

Initials = x

first step = $2x$

then triple = $6x$

Second step = $12x$

then triple = $36x$

3rd step = $72x$

then triple = $46x$

$$\% \text{ change} = \frac{46x - x}{x} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{45x}{x} \times 100$$

$$= 45 \times 100\%$$

$\therefore \% \text{ change} = 450\%$

[% change = 45000 %]

(46)

234 be reduced to make it 65% of itself

65% of 234

$$\frac{65}{100} \times 234 = 152.1$$

reduction $= 234 - 152.1$

$$\boxed{\text{Reduction} = 81.9}$$

(47)

90% of $\frac{9}{10}$ of 9000

$$\frac{90}{100} \times \frac{9}{10} \times \frac{9000}{100} \times 9$$

$\rightarrow 9 \times 9 \times 900 \times 9$

$$\frac{9}{10} \times \frac{9}{10} \times \frac{90}{100} \times 9$$

$$\boxed{= 6561}$$

(48)

initial salary = 100 units

25 employee each employee
earns 4 unit

Total salary before $= 100 \text{ unit}$

employee remaining $= 25 - 13 = 12$

total salary of remaining
employee before remaining

$$12 \times 4 = 48 \text{ unit}$$

Now salary increased by 24%.

$$= 48 \times 1.24 \\ = 59.52 \text{ units}$$

% change

$$= \frac{59.52 - 48}{48} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{-40.48}{48} \times 100$$

$$[-40.48]$$

~~total~~ expenses decreased by
40.48%.