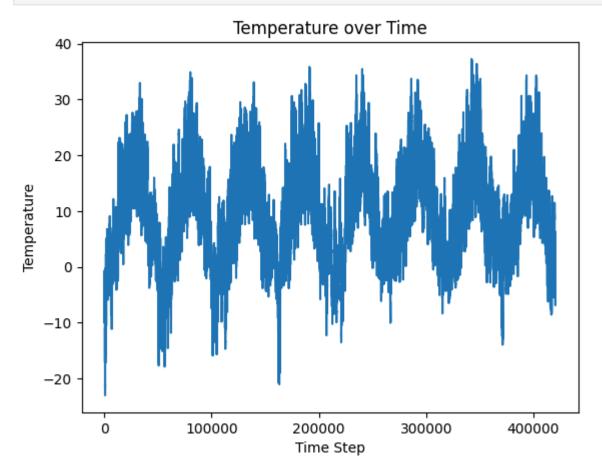
DEEP LEARNING FOR TIME SERIES DATA

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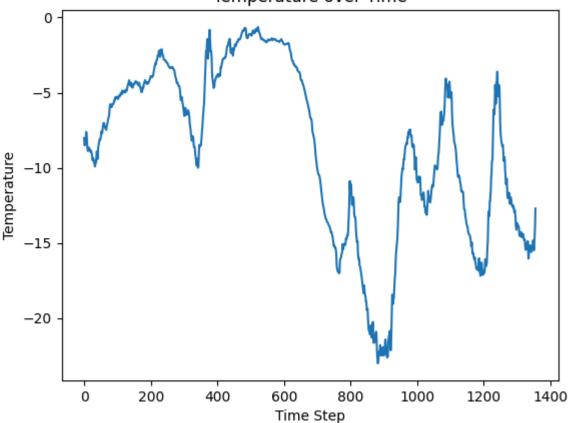
```
In [1]: !wget https://s3.amazonaws.com/keras-datasets/jena_climate_2009_2016.csv.zip
         !unzip jena_climate_2009_2016.csv.zip
         --2024-04-08 21:33:51-- https://s3.amazonaws.com/keras-datasets/jena climate 2009 20
         16.csv.zip
         Resolving s3.amazonaws.com (s3.amazonaws.com)... 52.216.208.8, 52.216.171.45, 52.216.
         133.45, ...
         Connecting to s3.amazonaws.com (s3.amazonaws.com)|52.216.208.8|:443... connected.
         HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
         Length: 13565642 (13M) [application/zip]
         Saving to: 'jena_climate_2009_2016.csv.zip'
         jena climate 2009 2 100%[===============] 12.94M 57.3MB/s in 0.2s
         2024-04-08 21:33:51 (57.3 MB/s) - 'jena_climate_2009_2016.csv.zip' saved [13565642/13
         565642]
         Archive: jena climate 2009 2016.csv.zip
           inflating: jena climate 2009 2016.csv
           inflating: __MACOSX/._jena_climate_2009_2016.csv
In [2]: import os
         # joining the file name with its path
         fname = os.path.join("jena_climate_2009_2016.csv")
         # reading the file
         with open(fname) as f:
             # reading the entire content of the file
             data = f.read()
             lines = data.split("\n")
             header = lines[0].split(",")
             lines = lines[1:]
         # printing the header and the number of lines
         print(header)
         print(len(lines))
         ['"Date Time"', '"p (mbar)"', '"T (degC)"', '"Tpot (K)"', '"Tdew (degC)"', '"rh (%)"', '"VPmax (mbar)"', '"VPact (mbar)"', '"VPdef (mbar)"', '"sh (g/kg)"', '"H2OC (m
         mol/mol)"', '"rho (g/m**3)"', '"wv (m/s)"', '"max. wv (m/s)"', '"wd (deg)"']
         420451
In [3]: import numpy as np
         # initialize arrays
         temperature = np.zeros((len(lines),))
         raw_data = np.zeros((len(lines), len(header) - 1))
         # iterate over lines and parse values
         for i, line in enumerate(lines):
             values = [float(x) for x in line.split(",")[1:]]
             temperature[i] = values[1]
             raw_data[i, :] = values[:]
```

```
In [10]: # plot temperature data
    from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
    plt.plot(range(len(temperature)), temperature)
    plt.xlabel('Time Step')
    plt.ylabel('Temperature')
    plt.title('Temperature over Time')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [11]: plt.plot(range(1356), temperature[:1356])
   plt.xlabel('Time Step')
   plt.ylabel('Temperature')
   plt.title('Temperature over Time')
   plt.show()
```

Temperature over Time



```
num_train_samples = int(0.5 * len(raw_data))
         num_val_samples = int(0.25 * len(raw_data))
         num_test_samples = len(raw_data) - num_train_samples - num_val_samples
         # print the number of samples for each set
         print("Number of traning samples:", num_train_samples)
         print("Number of validation samples:", num val samples)
         print("Number of test samples:", num_test_samples)
         Number of traning samples: 210225
         Number of validation samples: 105112
         Number of test samples: 105114
         # normalize the data
In [19]:
         mean = np.mean(raw_data[:num_train_samples], axis=0)
         raw data -= mean
         std = np.std(raw_data[:num_train_samples], axis=0)
         raw_data /= std
         import numpy as np
In [22]:
         from tensorflow import keras
         # generate time series dataset
         int_sequence = np.arange(10)
         sequence_length = 3
         batch size = 2
         targets = int_sequence[3:]
         dummy_dataset = keras.utils.timeseries_dataset_from_array(
             data = int_sequence[:-3],
             targets = targets,
             sequence_length = sequence_length,
             batch size = batch size,
```

calculating the number of samples for training, validation, and testing

In [12]:

```
# iterate over the dataset and print inputs and targets
         for inputs, targets in dummy dataset:
             for i in range(inputs.shape[0]):
                 print([int(x) for x in inputs[i]], int(targets[i]))
         [0, 1, 2] 3
         [1, 2, 3] 4
         [2, 3, 4] 5
         [3, 4, 5] 6
         [4, 5, 6] 7
In [26]: # define parameters
         sampling_rate = 6
         sequence length = 120
         delay = sampling rate * (sequence length + 24 - 1)
         batch_size = 256
         # create training dataset
         train_dataset = keras.utils.timeseries_dataset_from_array(
              raw data[:-delay],
             targets=temperature[delay:],
              sampling rate=sampling rate,
              sequence length=sequence length,
              shuffle=True,
             batch_size=batch_size,
              start_index=0,
             end_index=num_train_samples)
         # create validation dataset
         val_dataset = keras.utils.timeseries_dataset_from_array(
              raw data[:-delay],
              targets=temperature[delay:],
              sampling rate=sampling rate,
              sequence_length=sequence_length,
              shuffle=True,
              batch size=batch size,
              start_index=num_train_samples,
             end_index=num_train_samples + num_val_samples)
         # create testing dataset
         test dataset = keras.utils.timeseries dataset from array(
              raw_data[:-delay],
             targets=temperature[delay:],
              sampling_rate=sampling_rate,
              sequence length=sequence length,
              shuffle=True,
              batch size=batch size,
              start_index=num_train_samples + num_val_samples)
In [24]:
         for samples, targets in train_dataset:
              print("Samples shape:", samples.shape)
              print("Targets shape:", targets.shape)
              break
         Samples shape: (256, 120, 14)
         Targets shape: (256,)
In [27]: def evaluate_naive_method(dataset):
             total abs err = 0.
```

```
samples seen = 0
             for samples, targets in dataset:
                 preds = samples[:, -1, 1] * std[1] + mean[1]
                 total_abs_err += np.sum(np.abs(preds - targets))
                 samples_seen += samples.shape[0]
             return total abs err / samples seen
         # evaluate on validation dataset
         val_mae = evaluate_naive_method(val_dataset)
         print(f"Validation MAE: {val_mae:.2f}")
         #evaluate on testing dataset
         test mae = evaluate naive method(test dataset)
         print(f"Test MAE: {test_mae:.2f}")
         Validation MAE: 10.28
         Test MAE: 10.40
In [29]: import keras
         from keras import layers
In [ ]: # define input layer
         inputs = keras.Input(shape=(sequence_length, raw_data.shape[-1]))
         # define GRU layers
         x = layers.GRU(32, recurrent_dropout=0.5, return_sequences=True)(inputs)
         x = layers.GRU(32, recurrent dropout=0.5)(x)
         # add dropout layer
         x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
         # output layer
         outputs = layers.Dense(1)(x)
         # define the model
         model = keras.Model(inputs, outputs)
         # define callbacks
         callbacks = [
             keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint("jena_stacked_gru_dropout.keras",
                                              save_best_only=True)
         # compile the model
         model.compile(optimizer="rmsprop", loss="mse", metrics=["mae"])
         # train the model
         history = model.fit(train_dataset,
                              epochs=15,
                              validation data=val dataset,
                              callbacks=callbacks)
```

```
Epoch 1/15
   307 - val loss: 9.9940 - val mae: 2.4598
   Epoch 2/15
   035 - val_loss: 9.0268 - val_mae: 2.3269
   Epoch 3/15
   153 - val loss: 8.8732 - val mae: 2.3082
   Epoch 4/15
   536 - val loss: 9.0377 - val mae: 2.3357
   Epoch 5/15
   004 - val loss: 9.1149 - val_mae: 2.3434
   Epoch 6/15
   508 - val_loss: 9.1215 - val_mae: 2.3449
   Epoch 7/15
   068 - val loss: 9.3053 - val mae: 2.3663
   679 - val loss: 9.7665 - val mae: 2.4301
   Epoch 9/15
   321 - val loss: 9.1288 - val mae: 2.3458
   Epoch 10/15
   934 - val loss: 9.7865 - val mae: 2.4293
   Epoch 11/15
   595 - val loss: 9.0879 - val mae: 2.3450
   Epoch 12/15
   50 - val loss: 9.4766 - val mae: 2.3838
   Epoch 13/15
   70 - val loss: 9.5795 - val mae: 2.4039
   Epoch 14/15
   03 - val_loss: 9.6661 - val_mae: 2.4057
   Epoch 15/15
   90 - val loss: 9.6572 - val mae: 2.4094
In [ ]: # summary of the model
   model.summary()
```

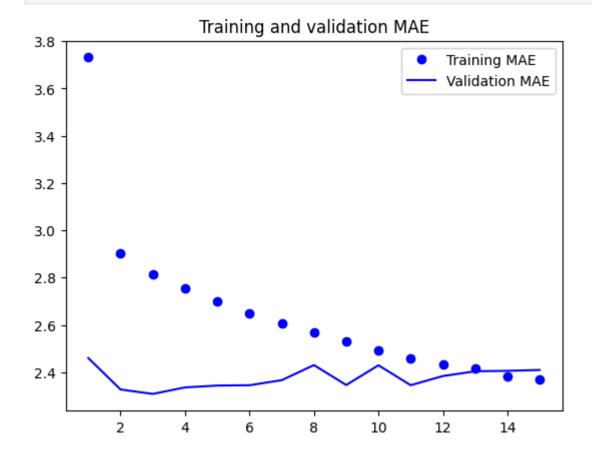
Model: "model 1"

plt.show()

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_2 (InputLayer)	[(None, 120, 14)]	0
gru_2 (GRU)	(None, 120, 32)	4608
gru_3 (GRU)	(None, 32)	6336
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 32)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 1)	33
======================================		

Total params: 10977 (42.88 KB)
Trainable params: 10977 (42.88 KB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

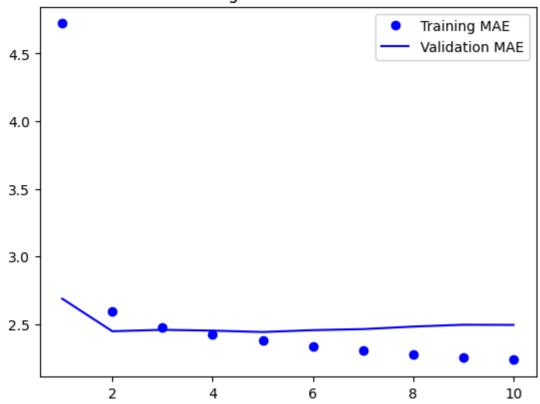
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 # extract MAE values from the history object
loss = history.history["mae"]
val_loss = history.history["val_mae"]
epochs = range(1, len(loss) + 1)
 # plot MAE
plt.figure()
plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training MAE")
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, "b", label="Validation MAE")
plt.title("Training and validation MAE")
plt.legend()



```
In [ ]: model = keras.models.load_model("jena_stacked_gru_dropout.keras")
       # evaluate the model on the testing dataset
       print(f"Test MAE: {model.evaluate(test dataset)[1]:.2f}")
       Test MAE: 2.45
In [ ]: # define the model architecture
       inputs = keras.Input(shape=(sequence_length, raw_data.shape[-1]))
       x = layers.GRU(32, recurrent_dropout=0.5, return_sequences=True)(inputs)
       x = layers.GRU(32, recurrent dropout=0.5)(x)
       x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
       outputs = layers.Dense(1)(x)
       model = keras.Model(inputs, outputs)
       # define callbacks
       callbacks = [
           keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint("jena_stacked_gru_dropout.keras",
                                        save best only=True)
       # compile the model
       model.compile(optimizer="rmsprop", loss="mse", metrics=["mae"])
       # train the model
       history = model.fit(train dataset,
                          epochs=12,
                          validation_data=val_dataset,
                          callbacks=callbacks)
```

```
Epoch 1/12
    721 - val loss: 9.3886 - val mae: 2.3692
    Epoch 2/12
    062 - val loss: 9.9173 - val mae: 2.4660
    Epoch 3/12
    230 - val loss: 9.1357 - val mae: 2.3417
    Epoch 4/12
    584 - val loss: 8.6929 - val mae: 2.2892
    Epoch 5/12
    095 - val loss: 8.8953 - val mae: 2.3129
    Epoch 6/12
    606 - val_loss: 8.7522 - val_mae: 2.2934
    Epoch 7/12
    175 - val_loss: 8.9374 - val mae: 2.3319
    717 - val loss: 9.1890 - val mae: 2.3572
    Epoch 9/12
    279 - val loss: 9.0267 - val mae: 2.3343
    Epoch 10/12
    918 - val loss: 9.5055 - val mae: 2.4190
    Epoch 11/12
    676 - val loss: 9.5564 - val mae: 2.4172
    Epoch 12/12
    72 - val loss: 9.4911 - val mae: 2.4224
In [ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    # extract MAE values from the history object
    loss = history.history["mae"]
    val loss = history.history["val mae"]
    epochs = range(1, len(loss) + 1)
    # plot MAE
    plt.figure()
    plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training MAE")
    plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, "b", label="Validation MAE")
    plt.title("Training and validation MAE")
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```

Training and validation MAE



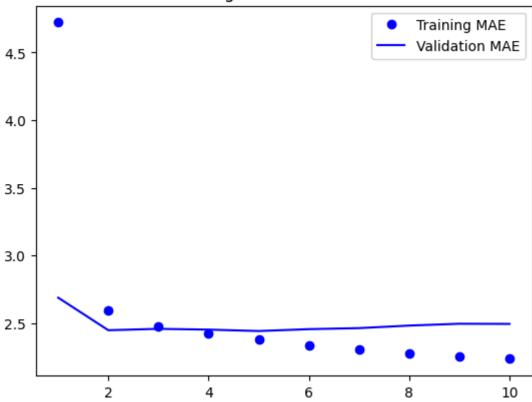
```
model = keras.models.load_model("jena_stacked_gru_dropout.keras")
In [ ]:
       # evaluate the model onthe testing dataset
       print(f"Test MAE: {model.evaluate(test_dataset)[1]:.2f}")
       Test MAE: 2.43
In [ ]: # define the input layer
       inputs = keras.Input(shape=(sequence_length, raw_data.shape[-1]))
       # define the output layer
       x = layers.LSTM(16)(inputs)
       outputs = layers.Dense(1)(x)
       # create the model
       model = keras.Model(inputs, outputs)
       # compile the model
       model.compile(optimizer="rmsprop", loss="mse", metrics=["mae"])
       # train the model
       history = model.fit(train_dataset,
                         epochs=10,
                         validation_data=val_dataset)
```

```
Epoch 1/10
    208 - val_loss: 12.6147 - val_mae: 2.6889
    Epoch 2/10
    969 - val loss: 9.9500 - val mae: 2.4484
    Epoch 3/10
    771 - val loss: 10.0406 - val mae: 2.4588
    Epoch 4/10
    39 - val_loss: 10.0231 - val_mae: 2.4529
    Epoch 5/10
    35 - val loss: 9.9082 - val mae: 2.4426
    Epoch 6/10
    94 - val_loss: 9.9654 - val_mae: 2.4564
    Epoch 7/10
    88 - val loss: 10.0098 - val mae: 2.4640
    97 - val loss: 10.1657 - val mae: 2.4828
    Epoch 9/10
    34 - val loss: 10.2400 - val mae: 2.4962
    Epoch 10/10
    66 - val loss: 10.2903 - val mae: 2.4951
In [ ]: # evaluate the model on testing dataset
    model.evaluate(test_dataset)
    405/405 [============== ] - 40s 98ms/step - loss: 10.9761 - mae: 2.601
    [10.976113319396973, 2.6014609336853027]
Out[ ]:
    # summary of the model
In [ ]:
    model.summary()
    Model: "model 3"
    Layer (type)
                   Output Shape
                                 Param #
    ______
     input 4 (InputLayer)
                   [(None, 120, 14)]
     1stm (LSTM)
                    (None, 16)
                                 1984
     dense 3 (Dense)
                    (None, 1)
                                 17
    ______
    Total params: 2001 (7.82 KB)
    Trainable params: 2001 (7.82 KB)
    Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)
In [ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    # extract MAE values from the history object
```

loss = history.history["mae"]

```
val_loss = history.history["val_mae"]
epochs = range(1, len(loss) + 1)
# plot MAE
plt.figure()
plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training MAE")
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, "b", label="Validation MAE")
plt.title("Training and validation MAE")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

Training and validation MAE



```
In [ ]: # define the input layer
        inputs = keras.Input(shape=(sequence_length, raw_data.shape[-1]))
        # define the convolutional neural network architecture
        x = layers.Conv1D(8, 24, activation="relu")(inputs)
        x = layers.MaxPooling1D(2)(x)
        x = layers.Conv1D(8, 12, activation="relu")(x)
        x = layers.MaxPooling1D(2)(x)
        x = layers.Conv1D(8, 6, activation="relu")(x)
        x = layers.GlobalAveragePooling1D()(x)
        # define the output layer
        outputs = layers.Dense(1)(x)
        # create the model
        model = keras.Model(inputs, outputs)
        # define callbacks
        callbacks = [
             keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint("jena_conv.keras",
                                             save best only=True)
        # compile the model
        model.compile(optimizer="rmsprop", loss="mse", metrics=["mae"])
        # train the model
        history = model.fit(train dataset,
```



```
Epoch 1/10
22 - val_loss: 15.7571 - val_mae: 3.1306
Epoch 2/10
91 - val loss: 17.2376 - val mae: 3.2962
75 - val loss: 14.0966 - val mae: 2.9580
Epoch 4/10
7 - val_loss: 14.4072 - val_mae: 2.9949
Epoch 5/10
8 - val_loss: 14.5965 - val_mae: 3.0376
Epoch 6/10
22 - val loss: 14.4835 - val mae: 3.0024
Epoch 7/10
819/819 [=======================] - 84s 103ms/step - loss: 11.9059 - mae: 2.72
70 - val loss: 13.6424 - val mae: 2.9029
Epoch 8/10
55 - val loss: 13.9859 - val mae: 2.9393
Epoch 9/10
9 - val loss: 13.8619 - val mae: 2.9112
Epoch 10/10
38 - val_loss: 15.5370 - val_mae: 3.0851
[17.782123565673828, 3.313836097717285]
```

In []: # summary of the model
model.summary()

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_5 (InputLayer)	[(None, 120, 14)]	0
conv1d (Conv1D)	(None, 97, 8)	2696
<pre>max_pooling1d (MaxPooling1 D)</pre>	(None, 48, 8)	0
conv1d_1 (Conv1D)	(None, 37, 8)	776
<pre>max_pooling1d_1 (MaxPoolin g1D)</pre>	(None, 18, 8)	0
conv1d_2 (Conv1D)	(None, 13, 8)	392
<pre>global_average_pooling1d (GlobalAveragePooling1D)</pre>	(None, 8)	0
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 1)	9
		=======
Total params: 3873 (15.13 KB Trainable params: 3873 (15.1 Non-trainable params: 0 (0.0	, 3 KB)	

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# extract MAE values from the history object
oss = history.history["mae"]
val_loss = history.history["val_mae"]
epochs = range(1, len(loss) + 1)
# plot MAE
plt.figure()
plt.plot(epochs, loss, "bo", label="Training MAE")
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, "b", label="Validation MAE")
plt.title("Training and validation MAE")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

Training and validation MAE

