# 第三次大作业

#### 主要要求:

在给出的项目模板 ProjectTemplate(采用 Activity+Fragement+ViewPager2 实现)基础上,完成三个 模块功能:登录、短信和下线。

布局的实现(Fragement 和 ViewPager2 的实现)

```
//MainActivity
viewPager2 = findViewById(R.id.viewPager2);
tabLayout = findViewByld(R.id.tabLayout);
FragmentManager fragmentManager = getSupportFragmentManager();
fragment Adapter = {\color{red}new} \ Fragment Adapter (fragment Manager, get Life cycle());
viewPager2.setAdapter(fragmentAdapter);
//FragmentAdapter
public class FragmentAdapter extends FragmentStateAdapter {
             public\ Fragment Adapter (@NonNull\ Fragment Manager\ fragment Manager,\ @NonNull\ Lifecycle\ lifecycle)\ \{ public\ Fragment Manager,\ public\ Fragment Ma
                         super(fragmentManager, lifecycle);
             @NonNull
             @Override
             public Fragment createFragment(int position) {
                         switch (position) {
                                       case 1:
                                                   return new FragmentTwo();
                                                   return new FragmentThree();
                                       default:
                                                   return new FragmentOne();
                           }
               }
```

#### 【登录模块】FragementOne.java

输入用户名和密码(自拟),登录成功后,其他两个模块才能使用。

要求: 将登录状态信息 loginStauts 设置为 true 并保存在 xml 文件中

输入用户名和密码(自拟),登录成功后,其他两个模块才能使用的实现主要代码:

\*FragmentOne: \*

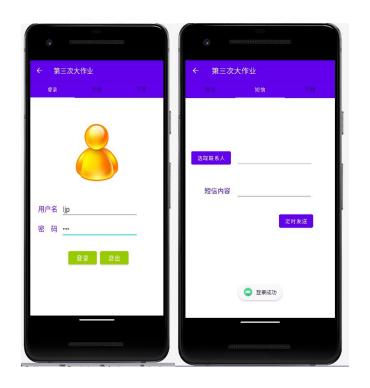
```
boolean loginStauts = false; //登录状态
View.OnClickListener listener=new View.OnClickListener() {
     @Override
    public void onClick(View v) {
         switch (v.getId()){
             case R.id.btn_login:
                  //用户名、密码自拟,登录成功后 loginStauts 设置为 true,并写入 xml 文件
                  if (username.getText().toString().equals("ljp") \&\&\ password.getText().toString().equals("123"))\ \{argument (a.b., argument (b.b., argument 
                        loginStauts = true;
                        Toast.makeText(getContext(), "登录成功", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
                         ((Main Activity) get Activity()). view Pager 2. set User Input Enabled ({\color{red}true});
                    } else {
                        loginStauts = false;
                        Toast.makeText(getContext(), "用户名或密码错误", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
                         ((Main Activity) get Activity()). view Pager 2. set User Input Enabled ({\tt false});\\
                    }
                  SharedPreferences sp = getActivity().getSharedPreferences("data", Context.MODE_PRIVATE);
                  SharedPreferences.Editor editor = sp.edit();
                  editor.putBoolean("loginStatus", loginStauts);
                  editor.apply();
                  clearInfo();
                  if (loginStauts) ((MainActivity)getActivity()).viewPager2.setCurrentItem(1);
                  break;
             case R.id.btn_exit:
                  getActivity().finish();
                  break;
      }
};
public void clearInfo() {
    if (username != null && password != null) {
         username.setText("");
         password.setText("");
```

## \*MainActivity: \*

boolean loginStauts = false; //登录状态,先假设为 true,这样可以看其他两个模块

```
tab Layout. add On Tab Selected Listener ({\color{blue} new Tab Layout. On Tab Selected Listener ()} \ \{
 @Override
 public void onTabSelected(TabLayout.Tab tab) {
  SharedPreferences sp = getSharedPreferences("data", MODE_PRIVATE);
 loginStauts = sp.getBoolean("loginStatus", false);
   if(loginStauts){
    viewPager2.setCurrentItem(tab.getPosition()); //已登录情况
   }else{
    if (tab.getPosition() == 0) {
     //设置判断的目的是:消除因默认行为回调导致的提醒重复问题
     //在未登录的情况下点击其他模块,会提醒两次请登录,因为第一次回调执行最后一行选择'登录'标签会再次触发回调
     Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "请登录", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
    }
    viewPager2.setCurrentItem(0); //未登录时只显示第一个 Fragement
    tabLayout.selectTab(tabLayout.getTabAt(0));
   }
 @Override
 public void onTabUnselected(TabLayout.Tab tab) {
 }
 @Override
 public void onTabReselected(TabLayout.Tab tab) {
 }
});
```

## 运行情况:



#### 【短信模块】FragementTwo.java

- 1、读取联系人按钮:点击后获取联系人电话,并放在右侧文本框中显示。
- 2、定时发送按钮:点击后可设置定时闹钟,实现定时发送短信。 要求:短信发送必须采用 SmsManager + 后台 Service 完成

读取联系人按钮:点击后获取联系人电话,并放在右侧文本框中显示的主要代码实现:定时发送按钮:点击后可设置定时闹钟,实现定时发送短信主要代码实现:

#### \*FragmentTwo: \*

```
};
private void getContact() {
//选取联系人
Log.d("flag", "选取联系人");
    permissionLauncher1.launch(Manifest.permission.READ_CONTACTS);
}
//注册权限请求 通过 ActivityResultLauncher 动态申请读取联系人权限
ActivityResultLauncher<String> permissionLauncher1 = registerForActivityResult(
       //RequestPermission 单个权限请求
       new ActivityResultContracts.RequestPermission(),
      //registerForActivityResult() 是 startActivityForResult() + onActivityResult() 的替代,是一种全新的
Activity
//Results API,它简化了数据回调的写法
new ActivityResultCallback<Boolean>() {
@Override
public void onActivityResult(Boolean result) {
if (result) {
              contactLauncher.launch(null);
  } else {
              Toast.makeText(getActivity(), "未授予[读取联系人]权限", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
}
}
}
);
//查看并选择联系人 通过用户选择的联系人 uri 查询 ld 值,以 id 值为条件来查询对应联系人的电
话
ActivityResultLauncher<Void> contactLauncher = registerForActivityResult(
       //PickContact 通过 Intent.ACTION PICK 选择联系人
new ActivityResultContracts.PickContact(),
       new ActivityResultCallback<Uri>() {
//registerForActivityResult() 是 startActivityForResult() + onActivityResult() 的替代,是一种全新
的 Activity
//Results API,它简化了数据回调的写法
@Override
         public void onActivityResult(Uri result) {
   if (result == null) return;
  Cursor cursor = getActivity().getContentResolver()
.query(result, null, null, null, null);
/*
第一个参数: 电话号码
第二个参数:运营商,传入 null 就行,系统会自动调用
第三个参数,短信的内容
```

```
第四个,第五个参数:短信发送状态的广播,这里不用广播,传入 null
*/
if (cursor != null && cursor.moveToFirst()) {
                 int id_index = cursor.getColumnIndex("_id");
                 String contactId = cursor.getString(id_index);
                 Cursor cursor2 = getActivity().getContentResolver().query(
                       ContactsContract.CommonDataKinds.Phone.CONTENT URI,
                       null, "contact_id = ?", new String[]{contactId}, null
                 if (cursor2 != null && cursor2.moveToFirst()) {
                    String phone0 = "";
                    do {
                       int index = cursor2.getColumnIndex("data1");
                       phone0 += cursor2.getString(index);
                       phone0 += ' ';
                     } while (cursor2.moveToNext());
                    phone.setText(phone0.trim());
                    cursor2.close();
                 cursor.close();
}
}
);
//注册权限请求
ActivityResultLauncher<String> permissionLauncher2 = registerForActivityResult(
        new ActivityResultContracts.RequestPermission(),
        new ActivityResultCallback<Boolean>() {
           @Override
           public void onActivityResult(Boolean result) {
if (!result) {
                 Toast.makeText(getActivity(), "未授予[短信发送]权限", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
}
}
);
//通过 ActivityResultLauncher 动态申请短信发送权限
private void sendSMS(String s1, String s2) {
```

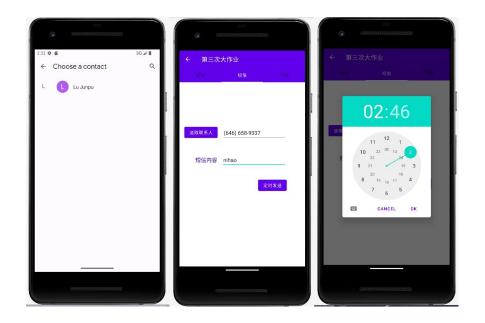
```
/* 对联系人电话进行校验,一方面保证不是空值,另一方面,一个联系人可能有多
个号码,保证选择唯一号码发送
使用 TimePicker+AlarmManager 实现用户设置倒计时时间触发指令
封装携带电话号码和信息内容数据,可以启动短信发送服务的 intent,通过
PendingIntent.getService 得到延迟后台服务,并在时钟倒计时后启动后台服
务发送短信*/
//使用闹钟+SmsManager 定时发送短信
Log.d("flag", s1 + " " + s2);
permissionLauncher2.launch(Manifest.permission.SEND_SMS);
if (s1.trim().isEmpty()) {
Toast.makeText(getActivity(), "请选择发送联系人号码", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
} else if (s1.trim().length() > 15) {
Toast.makeText(getActivity(), "请选择唯一有效号码", Toast.LENGTH SHORT).show();
} else {
Calendar calendar = Calendar.getInstance();
        calendar.setTimeZone(TimeZone.getTimeZone("GMT+8"));
TimePickerDialog tpd = new TimePickerDialog(getActivity(), new TimePickerDialog.OnTimeSetListener()
{
          @Override
          public void onTimeSet(TimePicker view, int hourOfDay, int minute) {
             Intent intent = new Intent(getActivity(), SmsService.class);
             Bundle bundle = new Bundle();
             bundle.putString("phone", s1);
             bundle.putString("msg", s2);
             intent.putExtras(bundle);
             PendingIntent pendingIntent = PendingIntent.getService(
                   getActivity(), 100, intent, PendingIntent.FLAG_IMMUTABLE);
             Calendar tmp = Calendar.getInstance();
             tmp.setTimeZone(TimeZone.getTimeZone("GMT+8"));
             tmp.set(Calendar.HOUR_OF_DAY, hourOfDay);
             tmp.set(Calendar.MINUTE, minute);
             tmp.set(Calendar.SECOND, 0);
             AlarmManager manager = (AlarmManager)
getActivity().getSystemService(Context.ALARM_SERVICE);
             manager.setAndAllowWhileIdle(AlarmManager.RTC_WAKEUP, tmp.getTimeInMillis(),
pendingIntent);
}
}, calendar.get(Calendar.HOUR_OF_DAY), calendar.get(Calendar.MINUTE), true);
tpd.show();
}
}
```

#### \*SmsService: \*

```
/*短信发送后台服务:
新建 Service SmsService
解析出 intent 携带的电话号码和信息内容
通过 SmsManager 发送短信*/
```

```
public class SmsService extends Service {
    public SmsService() {
    @Override
    {\color{red} \textbf{public int} on Start Command (Intent intent, int flags, int startId) } \{
       Bundle bundle = intent.getExtras();
       String phone = bundle.getString("phone");
       String msg = bundle.getString("msg");
       SmsManager smsManager = getSystemService(SmsManager.class);
       List<String> list = smsManager.divideMessage(msg);
       for (String m : list) {
           sms Manager.send Text Message (phone, {\color{red} null}, {\color{gray} m, null}, {\color{gray} null});
        }
       return super.onStartCommand(intent, flags, startId);
    }
    @Override
    public IBinder onBind(Intent intent) {
       \ensuremath{/\!/} TODO: Return the communication channel to the service.
       throw new UnsupportedOperationException("Not yet implemented");
}
```

### 运行情况:



#### 【下线模块】 FragementThree.java

点击下线按钮:将 xml 文件中保存的登录状态信息 loginStauts 修改为 false,并跳转到登录页面

(FragementOne) .

主 要

代

码

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现

\*FragmentThree: \*

```
// 动态注册广播接收器
br = new OffLineReceiver();
IntentFilter intentFilter = new IntentFilter();
intentFilter.addAction("com.example.offline");
registerReceiver(br, intentFilter);
}
```

#### \*OffLineReceiver: \*

```
public class OffLineReceiver extends BroadcastReceiver {
   @Override
   public void onReceive(Context context, Intent intent) {
      Shared Preferences = context.get Shared Preferences ("data", Context.MODE\_PRIVATE);
      SharedPreferences.Editor editor = sharedPreferences.edit();
      editor.putBoolean("loginStatus", false);
      editor.apply();
      AlertDialog.Builder builder = new AlertDialog.Builder(context);
      builder.setTitle("Warning");
      builder.setMessage("You are forced to be offline!");
      builder.setCancelable(false);
      builder.setPositiveButton("OK", new DialogInterface.OnClickListener() {
          @Override
          public void onClick(DialogInterface dialog, int which) {
              (({\sf MainActivity}) context).recreate();\\
       });
      builder.show();
}
```

### \*MainActivity: \*

```
@Override
protected void onDestroy() {
    super.onDestroy();
    unregisterReceiver(br);
    SharedPreferences sp = getSharedPreferences("data", MODE_PRIVATE);
    SharedPreferences.Editor editor = sp.edit();
    editor.putBoolean("loginStatus", false);
    editor.apply();
}
```

# 运行情况:

