

# Working with Data in Python Cheat Sheet

## Reading and writing files

| Package/<br>Method   | Description   |
|----------------------|---|
| File opening modes   | <p>Syntax: r (reading) w (writing) a (appending) + (updating: read/write) b (binary, other)</p> <p>Different modes to open files for specific operations.</p> <pre>1. 1</pre> <pre>1. Examples: with open("data.txt", "r") as file: content = file.read() pr</pre> <div>Copied!</div>   |
|                      | <p>Syntax:</p> <pre>1. 1</pre> <pre>2. 2</pre> <pre>3. 3</pre> <pre>1. file.readlines() # reads all lines as a list</pre> <pre>2. readline() # reads the next line as a string</pre> <pre>3. file.read() # reads the entire file content as a string</pre>  |
| File reading methods | <p>Different methods to read file content in various ways.</p> <div>Copied!</div> <p>Example:</p> <pre>1. 1</pre> <pre>2. 2</pre> <pre>3. 3</pre> <pre>4. 4</pre> <pre>1. with open("data.txt", "r") as file:</pre> <pre>2.     lines = file.readlines()</pre> <pre>3.     next_line = file.readline()</pre> <pre>4.     content = file.read()</pre> <div>Copied!</div> |
|                      | <p>Syntax:</p> <pre>1. 1</pre> <pre>2. 2</pre> <pre>1. file.write(content) # writes a string to the file</pre> <pre>2. file.writelines(lines) # writes a list of strings to the file</pre>  |
| File writing methods | <p>Different write methods to write content to a file.</p> <div>Copied!</div> <p>Example:</p> <pre>1. 1</pre> <pre>2. 2</pre> <pre>3. 3</pre> <pre>1. lines = ["Hello\n", "World\n"]</pre> <pre>2. with open("output.txt", "w") as file:</pre> <pre>3.     file.writelines(lines)</pre> <div>Copied!</div>  |
|                      |   |

|                      |   |          |   |
|----------------------|---|----------|---|
| Iterating over lines | Iterates through each line in the file using a 'loop'.                                      | Syntax:  | <pre>1. 1  1. for line in file: # Code to process each line</pre>                                   |
|                      |   | Example: | <pre>1. 1 2. 2  1. with open("data.txt", "r") as file: 2. for line in file: print(line)</pre>       |
|                      |   |          |   |
| Open() and close()   | Opens a file, performs operations, and explicitly closes the file using the close() method. | Syntax:  | <pre>1. 1 2. 2  1. file = open(filename, mode) # Code that uses the file 2. file.close()</pre>      |
|                      |   | Example: | <pre>1. 1 2. 2 3. 3  1. file = open("data.txt", "r") 2. content = file.read() 3. file.close()</pre> |
|                      |   |          |   |
| with open()          | Opens a file using a with block, ensuring automatic file closure after usage.               | Syntax:  | <pre>1. 1  1. with open(filename, mode) as file: # Code that uses the file</pre>                    |
|                      |   | Example: | <pre>1. 1 2. 2  1. with open("data.txt", "r") as file: 2. content = file.read()</pre>               |
|                      |   |          |   |

## Pandas

| Package/Method | Description | Syntax and Code Example |
|----------------|-------------|-------------------------|
|----------------|-------------|-------------------------|

|                            |  |   |
|----------------------------|--|---|
| <code>.read_csv()</code>   | Reads data from a <code>.CSV</code> file and creates a <code>DataFrame</code> .  | <div>Syntax:<div>1. 1</div><div>1. <code>dataframe_name = pd.read_csv("filename.csv")</code></div></div> <div>Example: <code>df = pd.read_csv("data.csv")</code></div>  |
| <code>.read_excel()</code> | Reads data from an Excel file and creates a <code>DataFrame</code> .             | <div><div>Copied!</div><div>Syntax:<div>1. 1</div><div>1. <code>dataframe_name = pd.read_excel("filename.xlsx")</code></div></div><div>Example: <code>df = pd.read_excel("data.xlsx")</code></div></div>  |
| <code>.to_csv()</code>     | Writes <code>DataFrame</code> to a CSV file.                                     | <div><div>Copied!</div><div>Syntax:<div>1. 1</div><div>1. <code>dataframe_name.to_csv("output.csv", index=False)</code></div></div><div>Example: <code>df.to_csv("output.csv", index=False)</code></div></div>  |
| Access Columns             | Accesses a specific column using <code>[]</code> in the <code>DataFrame</code> . | <div><div>Copied!</div><div>Syntax:<div>1. 1</div><div>2. 2</div><div>1. <code>dataframe_name["column_name"]</code> # Accesses single column</div><div>2. <code>dataframe_name[["column1", "column2"]]</code> # Accesses multiple column</div></div><div>Example: <code>df["age"]</code><br/><code>df[["name", "age"]]</code></div></div> |
| <code>.describe()</code>   | Generates statistics summary of numeric columns in the <code>DataFrame</code> .  | <div>Syntax:<div>1. 1</div><div>1. <code>dataframe_name.describe()</code></div></div> <div><div>Copied!</div></div>   |

Example:

```
1. 1
1. df.describe()
```

Copied!

Syntax:

```
1. 1
2. 2
```

drop()  
Removes specified rows or columns from the DataFrame. axis=1 indicates columns. axis=0 indicates rows.

```
1. dataframe_name.drop(["column1", "column2"], axis=1, inplace=True)
2. dataframe_name.drop(index=[row1, row2], axis=0, inplace=True)
```

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Example:

```
1. 1
2. 2
```

```
1. df.drop(["age", "salary"], axis=1, inplace=True) # Will drop col
2. df.drop(index=[5, 10], axis=0, inplace=True) # Will drop rows
```

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Syntax:

```
1. 1
```

dropna()  
Removes rows with missing NaN values from the DataFrame. axis=0 indicates rows.

```
1. dataframe_name.dropna(axis=0, inplace=True)
```

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Example:

```
1. 1
```

```
1. df.dropna(axis=0, inplace=True)
```

Copied!

Syntax:

```
1. 1
```

```
1. dataframe_name.duplicated()
```

duplicated()  
Duplicate or repetitive values or records within a data set.

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Example:

```
1. 1
```

```
1. duplicate_rows = df[df.duplicated()]
```

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|               |  |  |
|---------------|--|--|
|               |  | <p>Syntax:</p> <pre>1. 1</pre> <pre>1. filtered_df = dataframe_name[(Conditional_statements)]</pre>  |
| Filter Rows   | <p>Creates a new DataFrame with rows that meet specified conditions.</p>   | <p>Copied!</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>1. 1</pre> <pre>1. filtered_df = df[(df["age"] &gt; 30) &amp; (df["salary"] &lt; 50000)]</pre> <p>Copied!</p>  |
| groupby()     | <p>Splits a DataFrame into groups based on specified criteria, enabling subsequent aggregation, transformation, or analysis within each group.</p> | <p>Syntax:</p> <pre>1. 1</pre> <pre>2. 2</pre> <pre>1. grouped = dataframe_name.groupby(by, axis=0, level=None, as_index=True, sort=True, group_keys=True, squeeze=False, observed=False, dropna=False)</pre> <p>Copied!</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>1. 1</pre> <pre>1. grouped = df.groupby(["category", "region"]).agg({"sales": "sum"})</pre> <p>Copied!</p> |
| head()        | <p>Displays the first n rows of the DataFrame.</p>   | <p>Syntax:</p> <pre>1. 1</pre> <pre>1. dataframe_name.head(n)</pre> <p>Copied!</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>1. 1</pre> <pre>1. df.head(5)</pre> <p>Copied!</p>   |
| Import pandas | <p>Imports the Pandas library with the alias pd.</p>   | <p>Syntax:</p> <pre>1. 1</pre> <pre>1. import pandas as pd</pre> <p>Copied!</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>1. 1</pre> <pre>1. import pandas as pd</pre>  |

|                 |  |   |
|-----------------|--|---|
|                 |  | <div>Copied!</div>  |
|                 |  | Syntax:   |
|                 |  | 1. 1  |
| info()          | Provides information about the DataFrame, including data types and memory usage. | <div>Copied!</div> <div>Example:</div> <div>1. 1</div> <div>1. df.info()</div>  |
|                 |  | <div>Copied!</div>  |
|                 |  | Syntax:   |
|                 |  | 1. 1  |
| merge()         | Merges two DataFrames based on multiple common columns.                          | <div>Copied!</div> <div>Example:</div> <div>1. 1</div> <div>1. merged_df = pd.merge(sales, products, on=["product_id", "category_id", "date"], how="inner")</div>                 |
|                 |  | <div>Copied!</div>  |
|                 |  | Syntax:   |
|                 |  | 1. 1  |
|                 |  | 1. print(df) # or just type df  |
| print DataFrame | Displays the content of the DataFrame.   | <div>Copied!</div> <div>Example:</div> <div>1. 1</div> <div>2. 2</div> <div>1. print(df)</div> <div>2. df</div>   |
|                 |  | <div>Copied!</div>  |
| replace()       | Replaces specific values in a column with new values.                            | <div>Copied!</div> <div>Syntax:</div> <div>1. 1</div> <div>1. dataframe_name["column_name"].replace(old_value, new_value, inplace=True)</div> <div>Example:</div> <div>1. 1</div> |

```
1. df["status"].replace("In Progress", "Active", inplace=True)
```

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Syntax:

```
1. 1
```

```
1. dataframe_name.tail(n)
```

tail()

Displays the last n rows of the DataFrame.

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Example:

```
1. 1
```

```
1. df.tail(5)
```

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## Numpy

| Package/<br>Method | Description                               | Syntax and Code Example  |
|--------------------|---|--|
| Importing<br>NumPy | Imports the NumPy library.                | Syntax:<br><pre>1. 1</pre> <pre>1. import numpy as np</pre>  |
|                    |   | Copied!  |
|                    |   | Example:<br><pre>1. 1</pre> <pre>1. import numpy as np</pre>   |
| np.array()         | Creates a one or multi-dimensional array, | Copied!  |
|                    |   | Syntax:<br><pre>1. 1</pre> <pre>2. 2</pre> <pre>1. array_1d = np.array([list1 values]) # 1D Array</pre> <pre>2. array_2d = np.array([[list1 values], [list2 values]]) # 2D Array</pre> |
|                    |   | Example:<br><pre>1. 1</pre> <pre>2. 2</pre> <pre>1. array_1d = np.array([1, 2, 3]) # 1D Array</pre> <pre>2. array_2d = np.array([[1, 2], [3, 4]]) # 2D Array</pre>                     |
|                    |   | Copied!  |

|                              |   |   |
|------------------------------|---|---|
| Numpy<br>Array<br>Attributes | - Calculates<br>the mean of<br>array elements   | Example:  |
|                              | - Calculates<br>the sum of<br>array elements    | 1. 1<br>2. 2<br>3. 3  |
|                              | - Finds the<br>minimum<br>value in the<br>array | 4. 4<br>5. 5<br><br>1. <code>np.mean(array)</code><br>2. <code>np.sum(array)</code><br>3. <code>np.min(array)</code><br>4. <code>np.max(array)</code><br>5. <code>np.dot(array_1, array_2)</code> |
|                              | - Finds the<br>maximum<br>value in the<br>array |   |
|                              | - Computes<br>dot product of<br>two arrays      |   |

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# Skills Network

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