

Figure 1-1 The spectral radiancy of a blackbody radiator as a function of the frequency of radiation, shown for temperatures of the radiator of 1000°K, 1500°K, and 2000°K. Note that the frequency at which the maximum radiancy occurs (dashed line) increases linearly with increasing temperature, and that the total power emitted per square meter of the radiator (area under curve) increases very rapidly with temperature.