Crimes in India - Capstone Project

Submitted to DataTrained Pvt. Ltd

By

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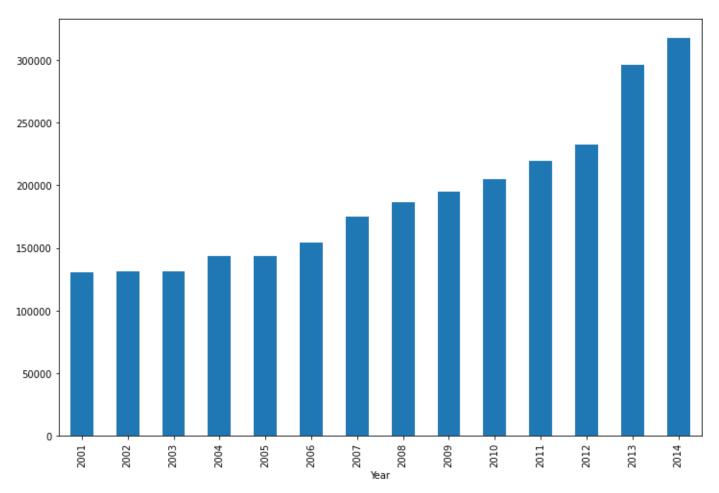
Batch: DS0922

Datasets used:

- 1) National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB), Govt of India has published this dataset on their website and also has shared on Open Govt Data Platform India portal under Govt. Open Data License India.
- 2) https://www.indiacensus.net/literacy-rate.php
- 3) https://www.studyiq.com/articles/largest-state-of-india/#Largest State of India Area-wise List Wikipedia
- 4) https://www.mdu.ac.in/UpFiles/UpPdfFiles/2020/Mar/Ch-6.pdf
- 5) www.google.co.in
- 6) https://data.gov.in/search?title=crime

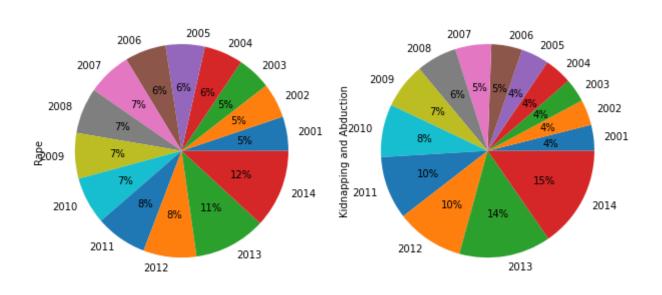
Exploratory data analysis (EDA)

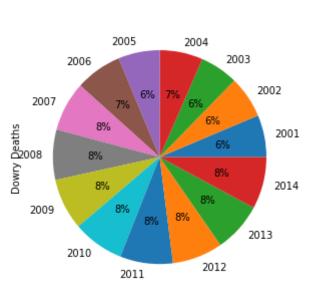
Yearly Crime Rate Analysis

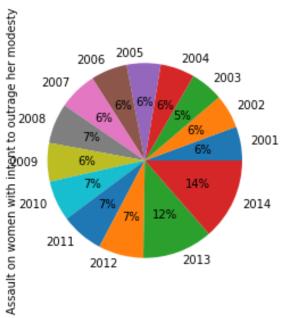


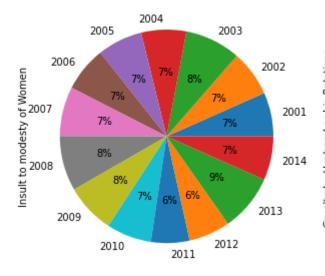
- We can see that the crime rate has been steadily increasing as the years pass by.

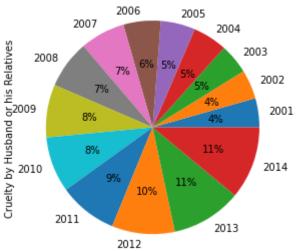
Percentage Distribution of each Crime based on Year

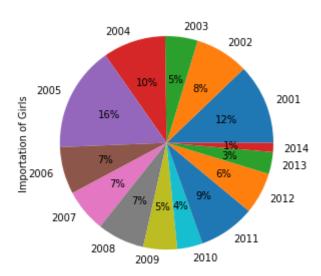


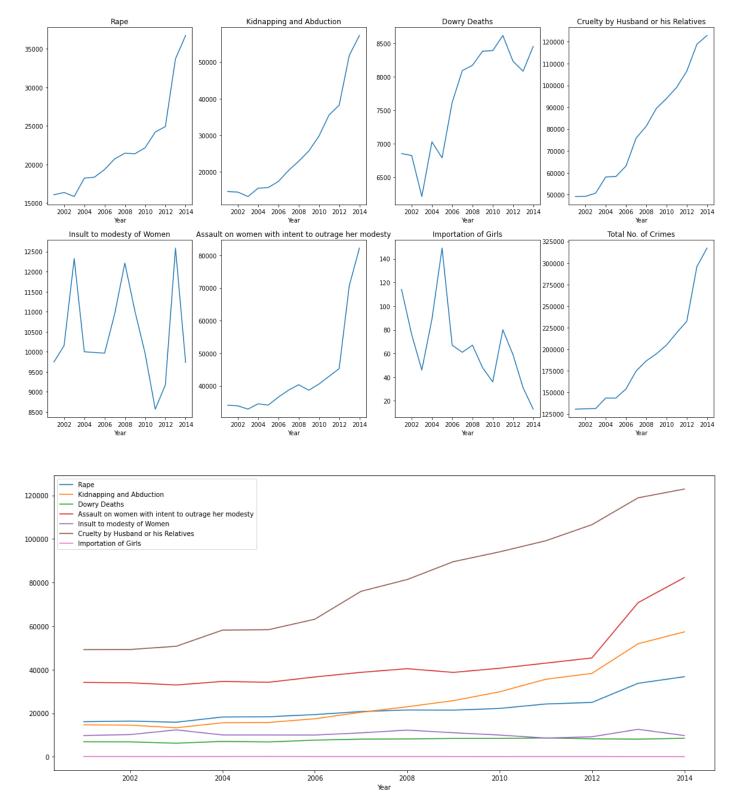






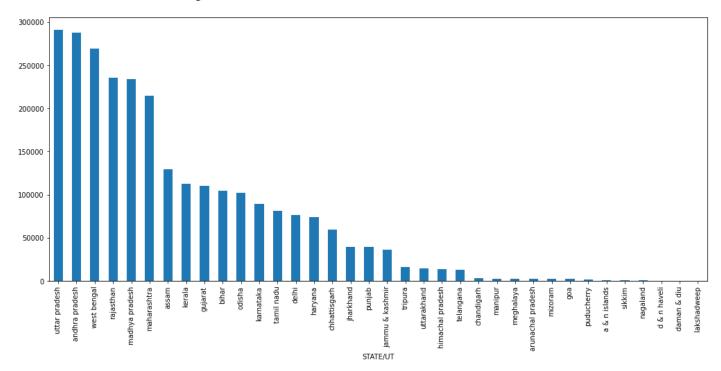






 It can be seen that the importation of girls is the only type of crime that has been reducing over the years.

State / UT wise Analysis of Crime



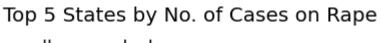
Top 3 States with Higher Number of Crimes

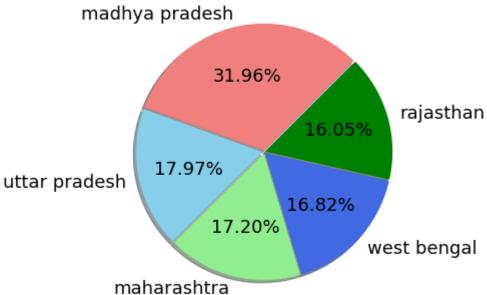
| STATE/UT | Rape | Kidnap | Dowry | Assault | Insult to | Cruelty by | Importat | Total |
|-------------------|-------|--------|--------|-----------|-----------|------------|----------|--------|
| | | ping | Deaths | on | modesty | Husband | ion of | |
| | | and | | women | of | or his | Girls | |
| | | Abduc | | with | Women | Relatives | | |
| | | tion | | intent to | | | | |
| | | | | outrage | | | | |
| | | | | her | | | | |
| | | | | modesty | | | | |
| uttar pradesh | 25575 | 67953 | 28628 | 45606 | 26565 | 96869 | 3 | 291199 |
| andhra pradesh | 16075 | 17252 | 6922 | 63476 | 43482 | 140453 | 17 | 287677 |
| west bengal | 23938 | 30579 | 6154 | 33454 | 2674 | 172062 | 127 | 268988 |

3 States with lower Number of Crimes

| STATE/UT | Rape | Kidnap ping and Abduc tion | Dowry Deaths | Assault on women with intent to outrage her | Insult to modesty of Women | Cruelty by Husband or his Relatives | Importatio n of Girls | Total |
|--------------|------|--|-----------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|-------|
| | | | | modest y | | | | |
| d & n haveli | 66 | 112 | 1 | 53 | 6 | 45 | 0 | 283 |
| daman & diu | 30 | 22 | 3 | 20 | 2 | 38 | 0 | 115 |
| lakshadweep | 10 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 27 |

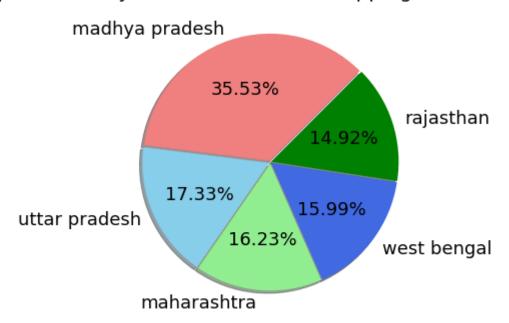
Top 5 States having higher Rape Cases





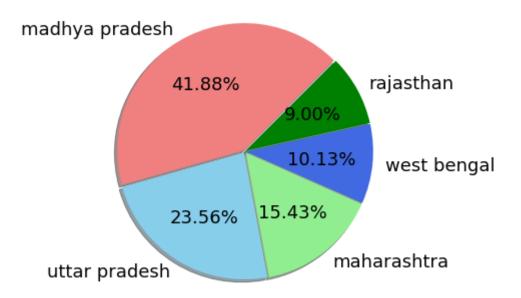
Top 5 States having higher Kidnapping and Abduction

Top 5 States by No. of Cases on Kidnapping and Abduction



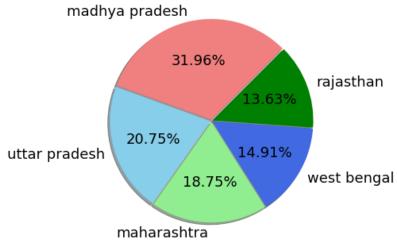
Top 5 States having higher Dowry Death's

Top 5 States by No. of Cases on Dowry Deaths



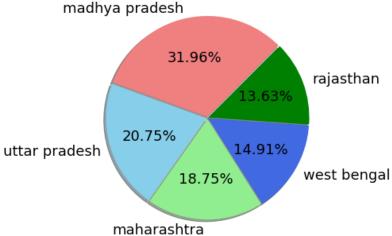
<u>Top 5 States having higher Assault on women with intent to outrage her</u> <u>modesty</u>

Top 5 States by No. of Cases on Assault on women with intent to outrage her modesty



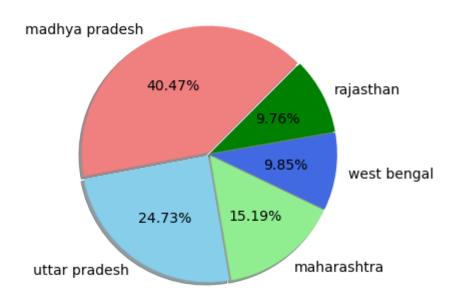
<u>Top 5 States having higher Assault on women with intent to outrage her</u> <u>modesty</u>

Top 5 States by No. of Cases on Assault on women with intent to outrage her modesty



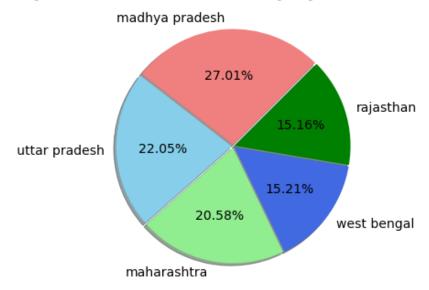
Top 5 States having higher Insult to modesty of Women

Top 5 States by No. of Cases on Insult to modesty of Women



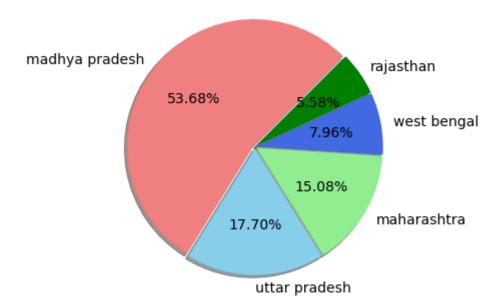
Top 5 States having higher cases on Cruelty by Husband or his Relatives

Top 5 States by No. of Cases on Cruelty by Husband or his Relatives



Top 5 States having higher cases on Importation of Girls

Top 5 States by No. of Cases on Importation of Girls

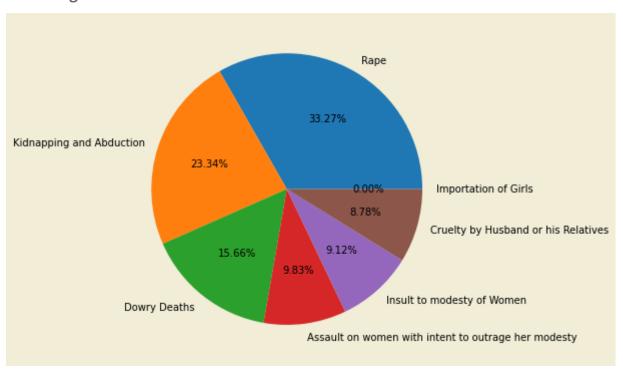


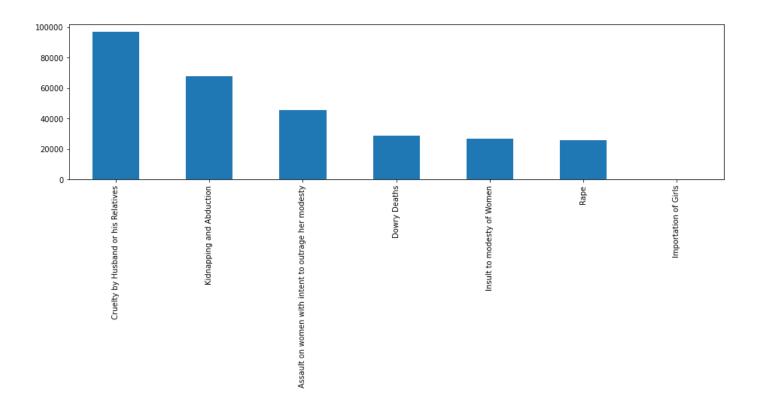
Analysis of Top 3 States

- Uttar Pradesh

| Rape | 25575 |
|---|-------|
| Kidnapping and Abduction | 67953 |
| Dowry Deaths | 28628 |
| Assault on women with intent to outrage her modesty | 45606 |
| Insult to modesty of Women | 26565 |
| Cruelty by Husband or his Relatives | 96869 |
| Importation of Girls | 3 |

Percentage Distribution of Crimes in Uttar Pradesh from 2001 to 2014

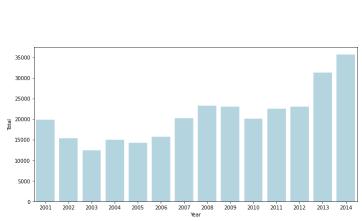


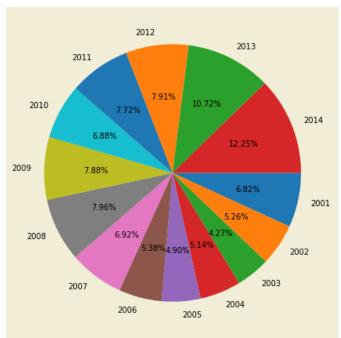


Year Wise Distribution of Crimes in Uttar Pradesh

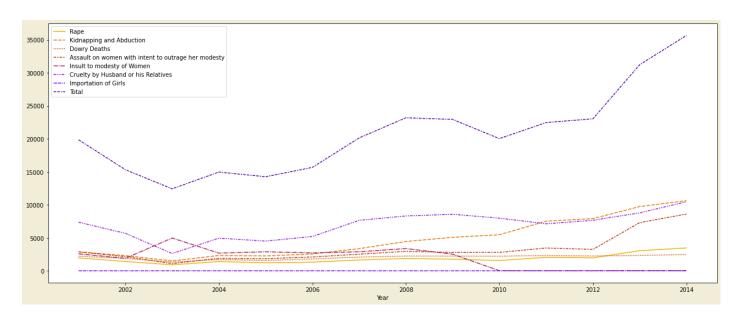
| Year | Rape | Kidnap ping and Abduc tion | Dowry Deaths | Assault on women with intent to outrage her | Insult to modesty of Women | Cruelty by Husband or his Relatives | Importati on of Girls | Total |
|------|------|--|-----------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-------|
| 2001 | 1958 | 2879 | 2211 | modesty 2870 | 2575 | 7365 | 0 | 19858 |
| 2002 | 1415 | 2298 | 1893 | 2145 | 1887 | 5679 | 0 | 15317 |
| 2003 | 911 | 1499 | 1322 | 1098 | 4970 | 2626 | 0 | 12426 |
| 2004 | 1397 | 2324 | 1708 | 1900 | 2682 | 4950 | 3 | 14964 |
| 2005 | 1217 | 2256 | 1564 | 1835 | 2881 | 4505 | 0 | 14258 |
| 2006 | 1314 | 2551 | 1798 | 2096 | 2714 | 5204 | 0 | 15677 |
| 2007 | 1648 | 3363 | 2076 | 2522 | 2882 | 7650 | 0 | 20141 |
| 2008 | 1871 | 4439 | 2237 | 2955 | 3374 | 8312 | 0 | 23188 |
| 2009 | 1759 | 5078 | 2232 | 2782 | 2524 | 8566 | 0 | 22941 |

| 2010 | 1563 | 5468 | 2217 | 2793 | 11 | 7978 | 0 | 20030 |
|------|------|-------|------|------|----|-------|---|-------|
| 2011 | 2042 | 7525 | 2322 | 3455 | 3 | 7121 | 0 | 22468 |
| 2012 | 1963 | 7910 | 2244 | 3247 | 8 | 7661 | 0 | 23033 |
| 2013 | 3050 | 9737 | 2335 | 7303 | 25 | 8781 | 0 | 31231 |
| 2014 | 3467 | 10626 | 2469 | 8605 | 29 | 10471 | 0 | 35667 |





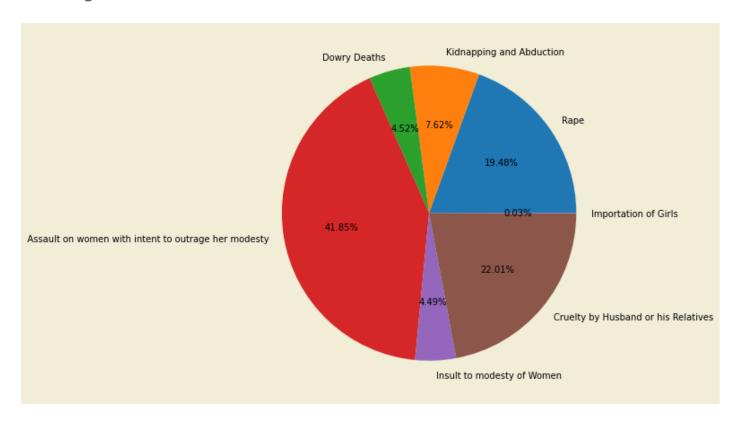
Timeline Analysis of Different Categories of Crime at Different Period of Time

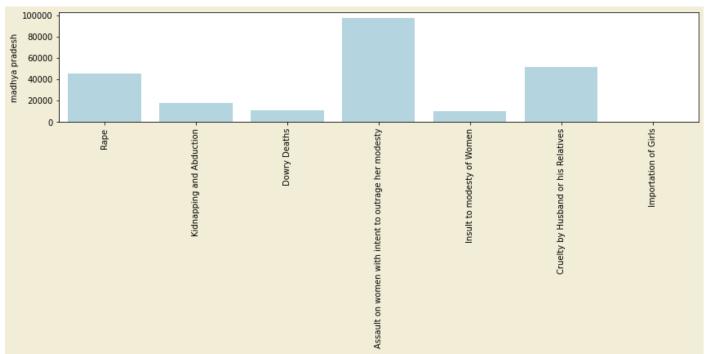


- Madhya Pradesh

| Rape | 45498 |
|---|-------|
| Kidnapping and Abduction | 17804 |
| Dowry Deaths | 10545 |
| Assault on women with intent to outrage her modesty | 97739 |
| Insult to modesty of Women | 10482 |
| Cruelty by Husband or his Relatives | 51408 |
| Importation of Girls | 67 |

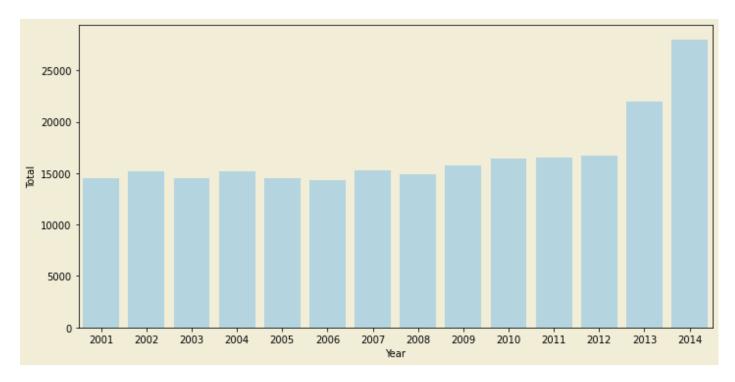
Percentage Distribution of Crimes in from 2001 to 2014

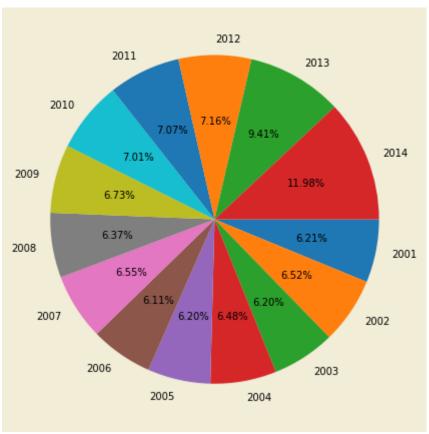




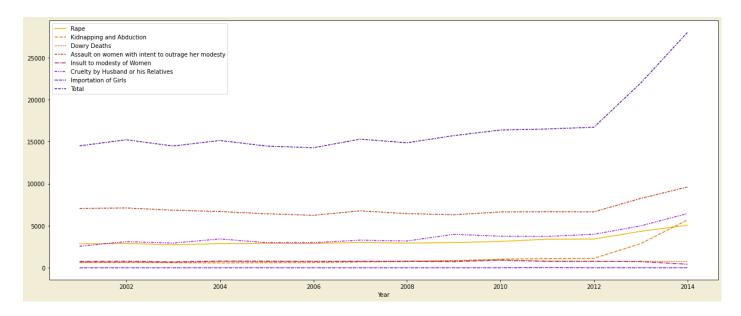
Year Wise Distribution of Crimes

| Year | Rape | Kidnap ping and Abduc tion | Dowry Deaths | Assault on women with intent to outrage her modesty | Insult to modes ty of Wome n | Cruelty by Husband or his Relatives | | Total |
|------|------|--|-----------------|---|---|---|----|-------|
| 2001 | 2851 | 668 | 609 | 7063 | 751 | 2562 | 0 | 14504 |
| 2002 | 2891 | 639 | 674 | 7118 | 783 | 3117 | 0 | 15222 |
| 2003 | 2738 | 608 | 648 | 6848 | 705 | 2938 | 0 | 14485 |
| 2004 | 2875 | 584 | 751 | 6690 | 804 | 3436 | 0 | 15140 |
| 2005 | 2921 | 604 | 739 | 6426 | 792 | 2989 | 3 | 14474 |
| 2006 | 2900 | 617 | 764 | 6243 | 762 | 2989 | 0 | 14275 |
| 2007 | 3010 | 701 | 742 | 6772 | 780 | 3294 | 0 | 15299 |
| 2008 | 2937 | 736 | 805 | 6445 | 758 | 3185 | 0 | 14866 |
| 2009 | 2998 | 841 | 858 | 6307 | 728 | 3983 | 1 | 15716 |
| 2010 | 3135 | 1030 | 892 | 6646 | 918 | 3756 | 5 | 16382 |
| 2011 | 3406 | 1088 | 811 | 6665 | 762 | 3732 | 45 | 16509 |
| 2012 | 3425 | 1127 | 743 | 6655 | 774 | 3988 | 6 | 16718 |
| 2013 | 4335 | 2873 | 776 | 8252 | 736 | 4988 | 7 | 21967 |
| 2014 | 5076 | 5688 | 733 | 9609 | 429 | 6451 | 0 | 27986 |

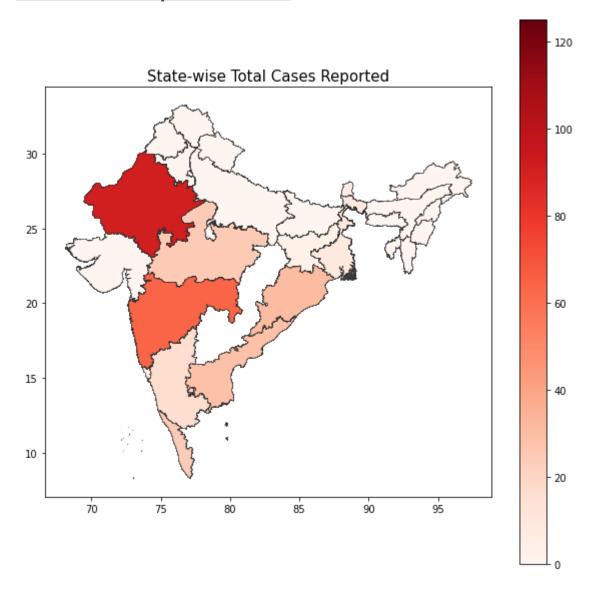




Timeline Analysis of Different Categories of Crime at Different Period of Time

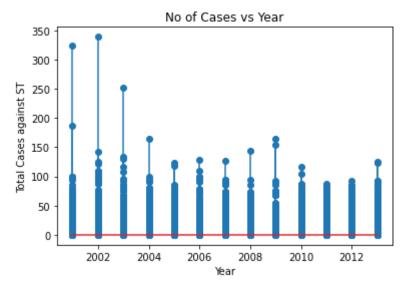


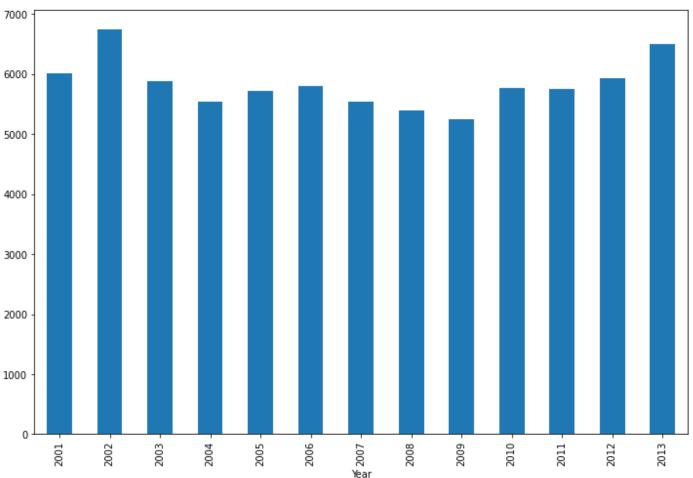
General Geomap Observation



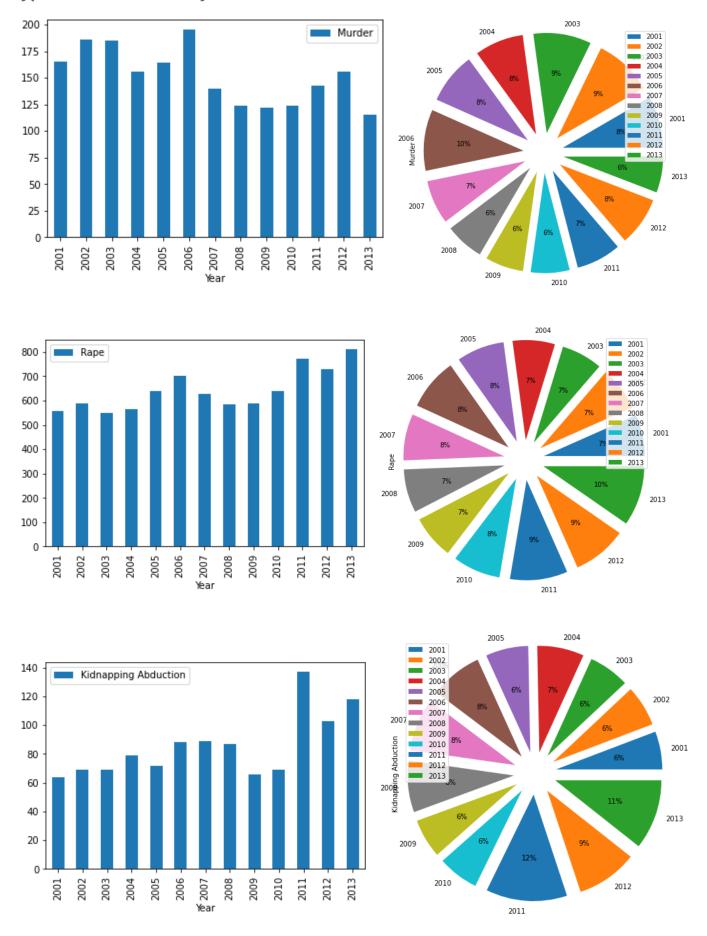
Yearly Analysis

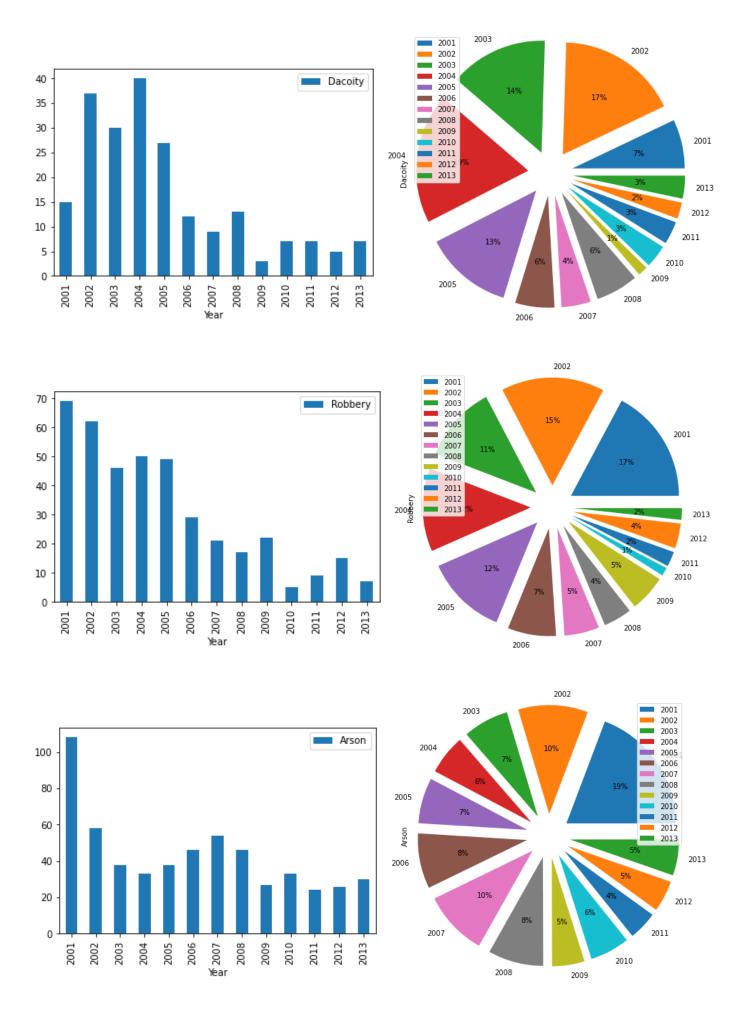
Stem and Leaf Plot

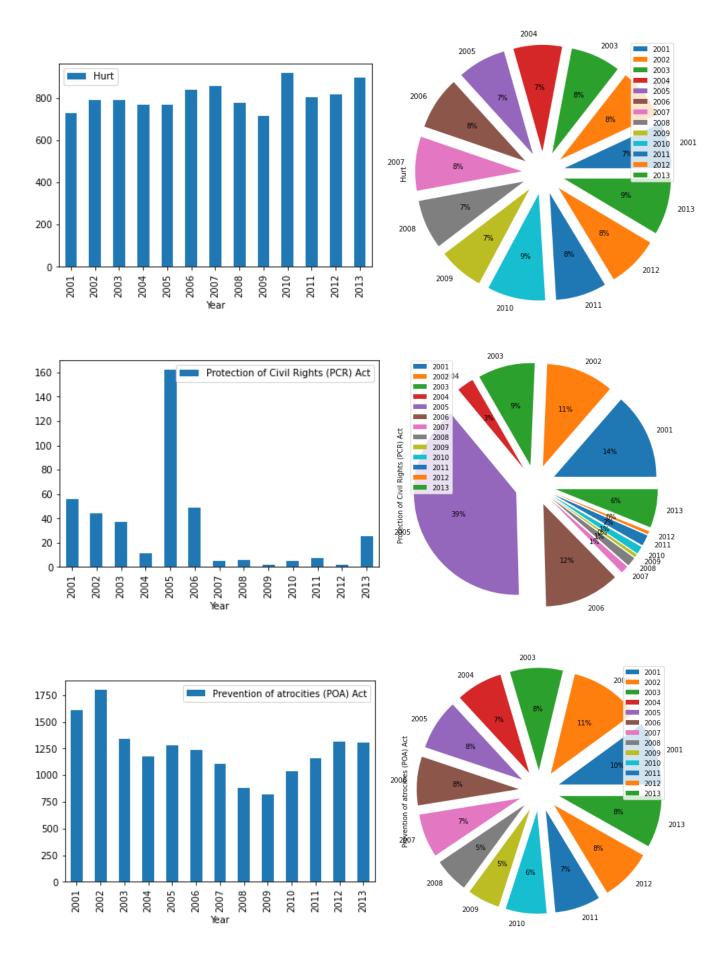


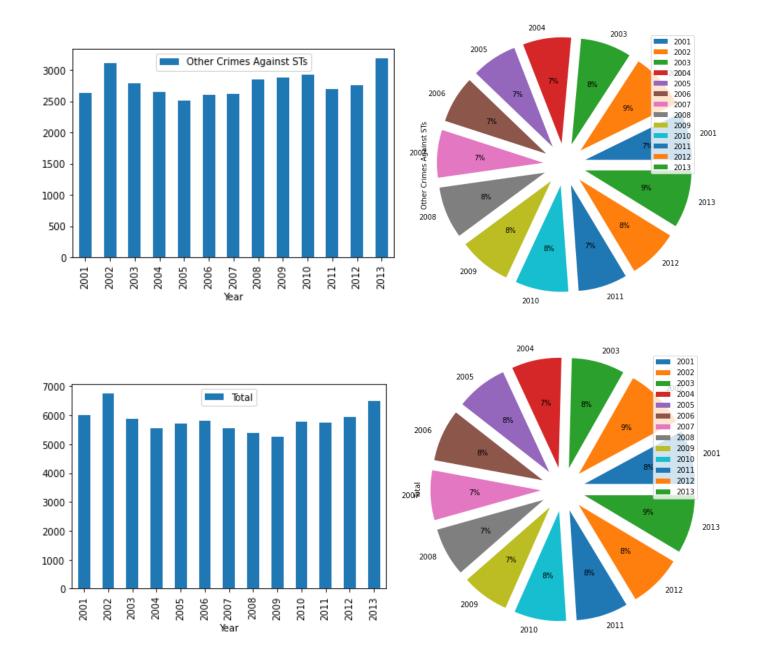


Type of crime wise Analysis





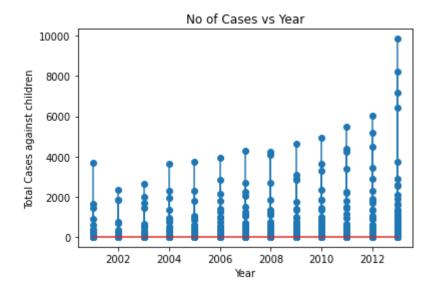




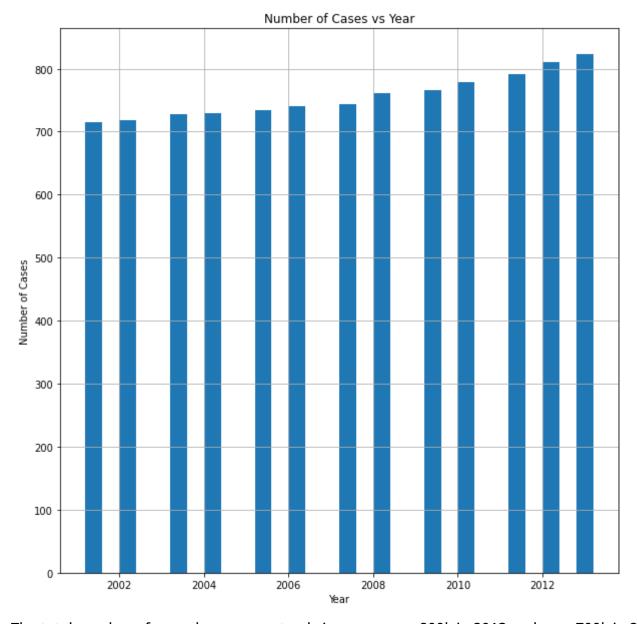
Categorical yearly crime rates

| Year | Murde | Rap | Kidnappin | Dacoit | Robber | Arson | Hur | Protectio | Preventio | Other |
|------|-------|-----|-----------|--------|--------|-------|-----|------------|------------|---------|
| | r | е | g | у | у | | t | n of Civil | n of | Crimes |
| | | | Abduction | | | | | Rights | atrocities | Against |
| | | | | | | | | (PCR) Act | (POA) Act | STs |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 200 | 165 | 558 | 64 | 15 | 69 | 108 | 727 | 56 | 1609 | 2634 |
| 1 | | | | | | | | | | |

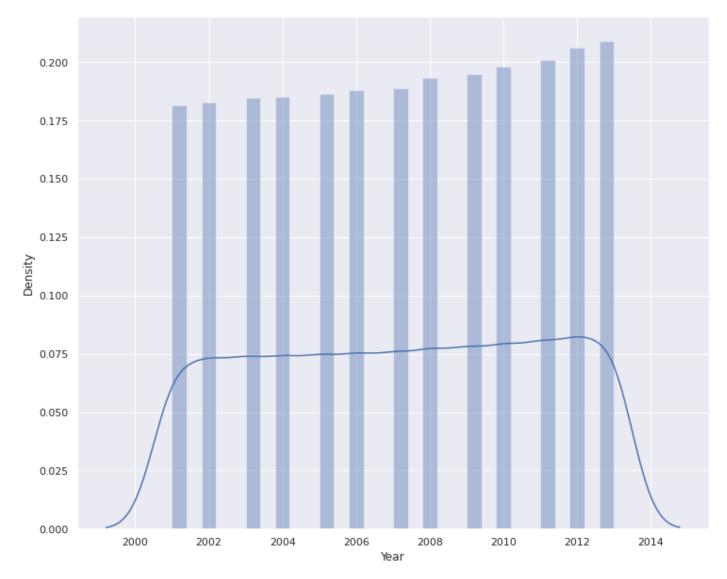
| 200 2 | 186 | 590 | 69 | 37 | 62 | 58 | 788 | 44 | 1797 | 3108 |
|----------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|-----|-----|------|------|
| 200 3 | 185 | 551 | 69 | 30 | 46 | 38 | 790 | 37 | 1340 | 2798 |
| 200 4 | 156 | 566 | 79 | 40 | 50 | 33 | 767 | 11 | 1175 | 2658 |
| 200 5 | 164 | 640 | 72 | 27 | 49 | 38 | 767 | 162 | 1283 | 2511 |
| 200 6 | 195 | 701 | 88 | 12 | 29 | 46 | 840 | 49 | 1232 | 2604 |
| 200 7 | 140 | 627 | 89 | 9 | 21 | 54 | 855 | 5 | 1104 | 2628 |
| 200 8 | 124 | 585 | 87 | 13 | 17 | 46 | 777 | 6 | 882 | 2855 |
| 200 9 | 122 | 589 | 66 | 3 | 22 | 27 | 715 | 2 | 822 | 2882 |
| 201 0 | 124 | 640 | 69 | 7 | 5 | 33 | 917 | 5 | 1037 | 2927 |
| 201 1 | 143 | 772 | 137 | 7 | 9 | 24 | 803 | 7 | 1154 | 2700 |
| 201 2 | 156 | 729 | 103 | 5 | 15 | 26 | 816 | 2 | 1311 | 2759 |
| 201 3 | 115 | 810 | 118 | 7 | 7 | 30 | 895 | 25 | 1309 | 3187 |



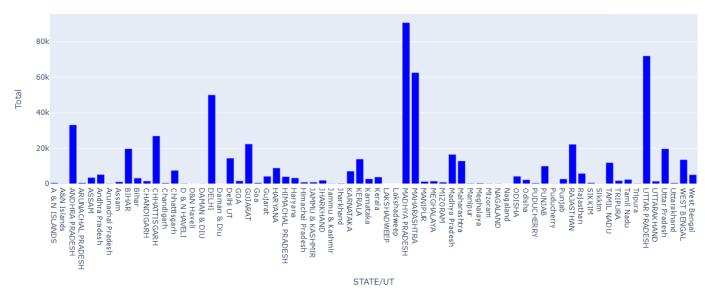
The cases against children is maximum in 2013 with almost 10000 cases in a state while the lowest was in 2002 when the maximum was less than 4000 cases against children in any state.



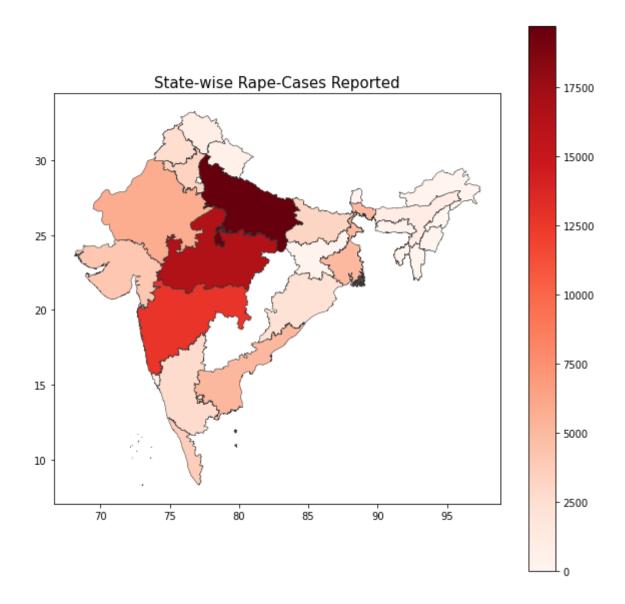
The total number of cases has seen a steady increase over 800k in 2013 and over 700k in 200.



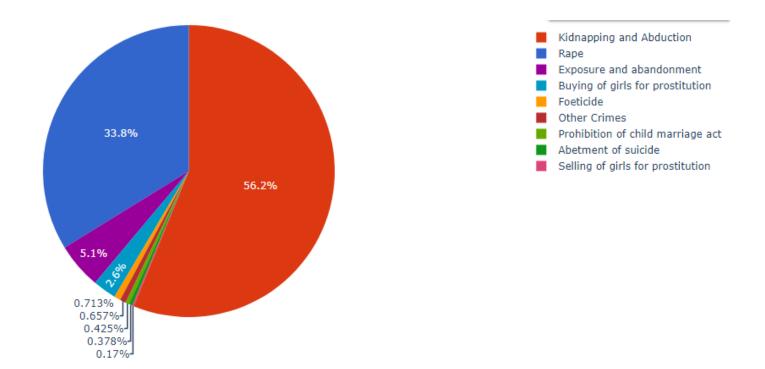
There has not been much difference in the total number of cases over the span of 13 years which can be understood from the density plot.



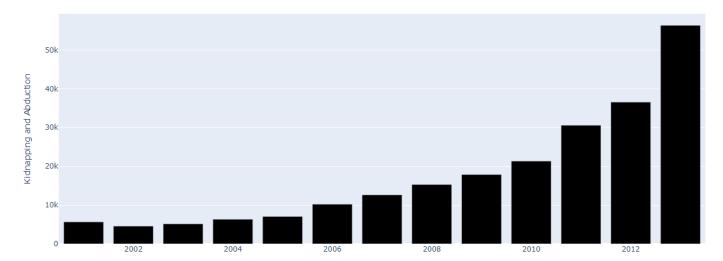
Madhya Pradesh had the maximum number of cases against children filed with more than 80000 cases.



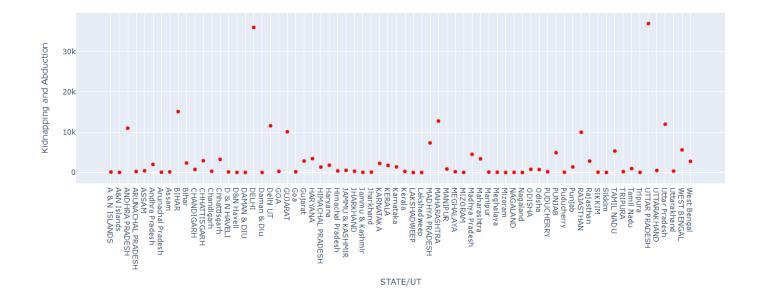
Uttar Pradesh with 19714 rape cases, Madhya Pradesh with 16494 rape cases and Maharashtra with 12820 were the three states with maximum rape cases against children.



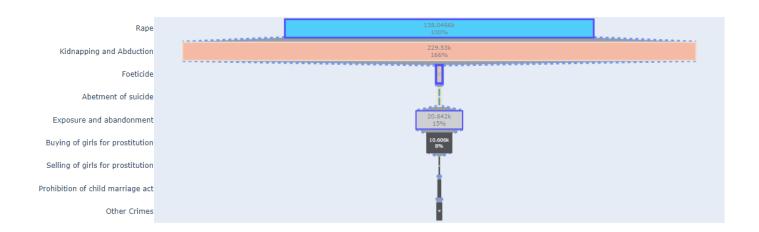
Kidnapping and Abduction of Children was the major crime with 56.2% of the total cases, followed by rape at 33.8% and exposure and abandonment at 5.1%.



The number of kidnapping and abduction has seen a steady increase in cases over the 12 years span with more than 50000 cases in 2013 alone.

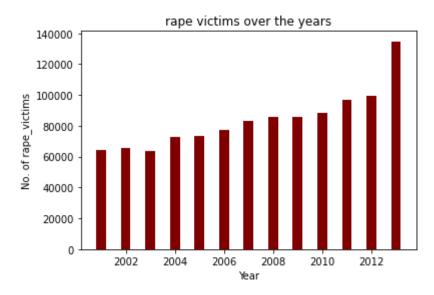


Uttar Pradesh has the highest number of kidnapping and abduction cases at 37012 followed closely by Delhi at 36055 cases and Bihar finishes third on this list with 15200 cases accounting to 78300 cases over the 12 years span from 2001 to 2013.

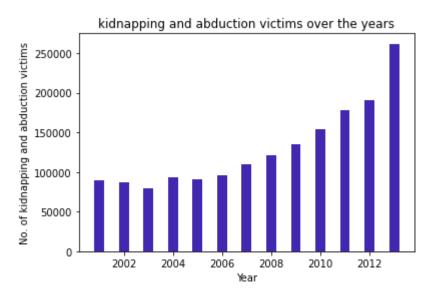


The funnel chart clearly indicates kidnapping and abduction as the maximum constituent of the total number of cases reported over the 13 year span.

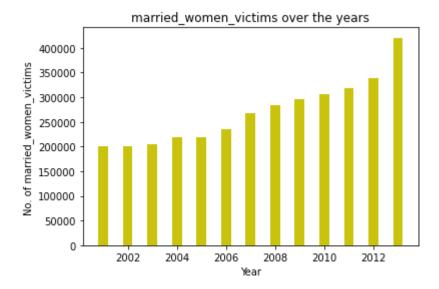
IPC Dataset Analysis (General crimes non individual specific)



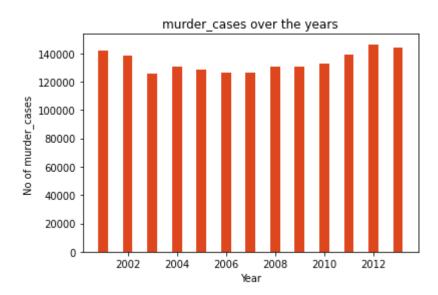
It can be inferred that the number of rape victims has increased by over 8000 in a span of 10 years.



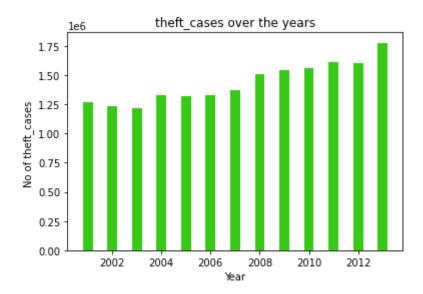
The total number of kidnapping and abduction which includes women, girls and children saw a small dip in 2003 but otherwise been a steady upward trend since then till 2013 with the number of cases having tripled from approximately 8000 to 24000.



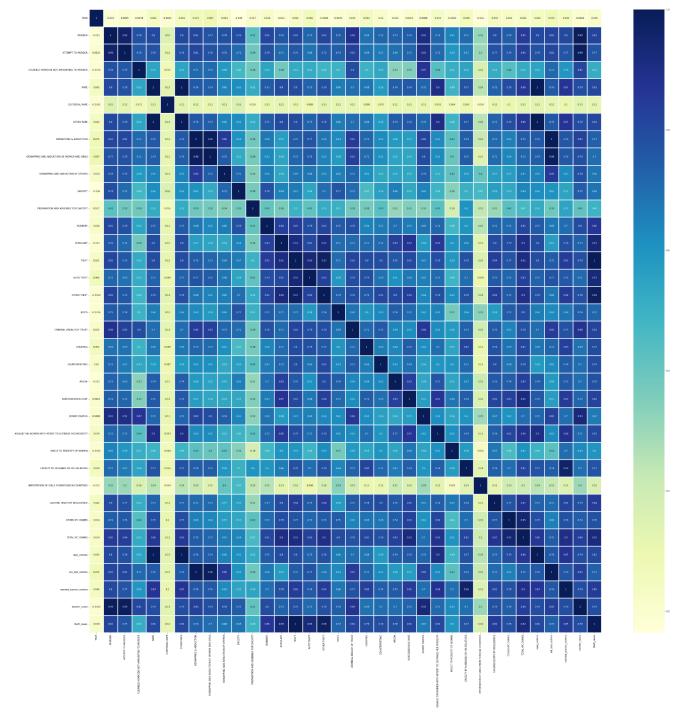
A greater number of married women have become victims to marital rape with more than 40000 cases in 2013 as compared to around 20000 cases in 2003.



The number of murder cases every year over the 12 year span has not seen much reduction and has hovered around 12000 and more for over 10 years.



The number of thefts has increased by 150% from 2001 to 2013. (a gradual increase compared to rape, abduction etc)



- The heat map has been plotted with respect to correlation between the various categories of crimes against women and can be inferred that rape of women leads to murder 80% of the time with 70% by uncles and husbands.
- Kidnapping or abduction.can also be witnessed to have an 80% murder rate with 95% of such activities ocurring to girls.
- Victims who are married women are 95% subject to cruelty by their husbands with 86% of them having been raped and 76% of them are murdered.
- Almost 99% of all rape victims have been murdered over the 13 year span while 82% of those cases are due to kidnapping and abduction.

| • | 91% of the total cases reported are theft cases. |
|---|--|
| • | The columns with less than 70% correlation were dropped to reduce the dataset and ensure greater accuracy. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
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| | |
| | |

Predictive Analysis (on IPC dataset)

The arreibutes that had a correlation above 70% were chosen to ensure a high accuracy.

The attributes are as follows:

- 1. MURDER
- 2. ATTEMPT TO MURDER
- 3. RAPE
- 4. OTHER RAPE
- 5. KIDNAPPING & ABDUCTION
- 6. KIDNAPPING AND ABDUCTION OF WOMEN AND GIRLS
- 7. ROBBERY
- 8. BURGLARY
- 9. THEFT
- 10. RIOTS
- 11. CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST
- 12. CHEATING
- 13. COUNTERFIETING
- **14. ARSON**
- 15. HURT/GREVIOUS HURT
- 16. ASSAULT ON WOMEN WITH INTENT TO OUTRAGE HER MODESTY
- 17. CRUELTY BY HUSBAND OR HIS RELATIVES
- 18. CAUSING DEATH BY NEGLIGENCE
- The target attribute chosen was **THEFT**.

Regression Analysis has been performed as the dataset is more suited to it.

KNN - Regression

KNN - Regressor was trained with 2, 3 and 5 neighbours.

2 Neighbours

 R^2 (coefficient of determination) regression score function for 2 neighbours was ${f 0.9880}$

3 Neighbours

R² (coefficient of determination) regression score function for 3 neighbours was **0.9878**

5 Neighbours

 R^2 (coefficient of determination) regression score function for 5 neighbours was ${f 0.9829}$

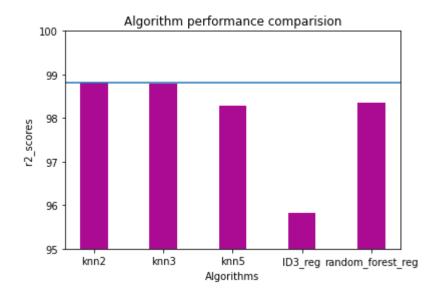
Decision Tree Regression

R² (coefficient of determination) regression score function was **0.9582**

Random Forest Regression

R² (coefficient of determination) regression score function was **0.9834**

Comparison of different regression models



The results clearly show that KNN with n=2 is the best suited of the regression algorithms implemented, with r2 score decreasing as n increases.

(these algorithms are not strictly restrictive and other regression methods can be applied based on the target attribute and dataset chosen)