SI. No.	Questions and Options	Correct Option
	Unit I	
1	Which of the following is not a feature of a village?	
	A Less population	•
	B Less diversity	С
	C Impersonal relationship	
	D Predominance of primary sector and allied activities	
2	Which among the following is not a form of diversity in India?	
	A Geographical diversity	
	B Linguistic diversity	D
	C Religious diversity	
	D None of the above	
3	Caste is not a/an	
3	A Endogamous system	
	B Hereditary system	
	C Hierarchical system	D
	D Exogamous system	
4	Marriage of one man with soveral sisters is called	
4	Marriage of one man with several sisters is called	
	B Sororal polygyny	В
	C Non-Sororal polygyny	Б
	D Levirate	
	D Levilate	
5	The Hindu Marriage Act was enacted in the year	
	A 1945	
	B 1955	В
	C 1965	
	D 1975	
6	'History of Human Marriage' is written by	
	A Malinowski	
	B Westermarck	В
	C A.R. Desai	
	D S.C. Dube	
7	More women and less men may lead to	
	A Polygamy	
	B Polygyny	
	C Polyandry	В
	D None of the above	
8	Which among the following is not an endogamous group?	
-	A Caste	
	B Varna	С
	C Gotra	-
	D Religion	

9	Kinship relations established through blood is called	С
10	Marriage of high caste man with a low caste woman is called	А
11	When a man marries the sister of his death wife is called	С
12	Which of the following factors may bring changes in marriage system? A Traditional values B Customs C Folkways D Modern education	D
13	Private property in land introduced in India during	С
14	Fragmentation of land may not lead to	С
15	The example of non-cultivating owners of land is	А
16	The full form of OBC is A Other Backward Class B Other Backward Caste C Over Backward Class D Over Backward Caste	Α
17	Common territory is a feature of A SC B ST	В

	C D	OBC All of the above	
18	Geo A B C D	ographical isolation is a problem for Caste Class Tribe Religion	С
19	Wh A B C D	nich of the following statement is NOT correct about Pradhan Mantra Kaushal Vikas You It was launched in March 2015. It will be implemented by the ministry of skill development and entrepreneurship. It will provide training to 300 million youths. It will focus on the class X and class XII students.	ojna? C
20	Lau A B C D	unching of Sansad Adarsh Gram Yojna is related to the Vallabh Bhai Patel Deen Dayal Upadhyay Mahatma Gandhi Jai Prakash Narayan	D
21	Jaw A B C D	vahar Gram Samriddhi Yojna was launched in 1999 2001 1996 1995	В
22	"TR A B C	RYSEM" a Programme made for the Employment to Rural youths Employment to Urban youths Development of nutrition intake in the food of poor of the country. Providing road connectivity to the villages	Α
23	Wh A B C	nen National Horticulture Mission was launched? 2001 2010 2005 2007	С
24	A s A B	scientific distinction between rural and urban community can be made on the b density of population area covered	asis of

	C D	occupation followed by people. None of these	
25	Inc	dustrialization weakens the	
	Α	Role of religion in social life	
	В	Father's authority in the family	
	С	Caste system	
	D	All of these	D
26	Un	like village community, urban society lacks in	
	Α	Secondary social control	
	В	Social tolerance	
	С	Self - sufficiency	С
	D	None of these	
27		is a self - contained unit where members share a sense of belonging	g and a
	Α	Society	
	В	Community	В
	С	Association	
	D	None of these	
28		the term used to refer the relationship between human beings and their provincement	ohysica
	Α	Human physiology	
	В	Human ecology	В
	С	Human environment	
	D	None of these	
29	Th	e change in village community may be seen in	
	Α	Caste system	
	В	Jajmani system	
	С	Family system	
	D	All of these	D
30	WI	ny did villages in India tend to have more autonomy than villages in surrounding cour	ntries?
	Α	Villages in India were recognized as independent social units, each with their own council of leaders	Α
	В	Each village in India had its own army, which meant that villages had more	^
	_	political autonomy	
	С	Villages in India had higher income which meant that villages had more	
	_	economic autonomy	
	D	None of these	
31		ny are the villages in India witnessing a change in their overall economic activities?	
	Α	Bigger families and less sources of income	

	В	Small agricultural lands with less productivity	
	С	After getting educated, the younger generation does not want to stay in the	
		villages	
	D	All of these	D
32		India, which of the following year the Department of Ministry for Women and velopment was formed?	Child
	Α	1983	
	В	1985	В
	С	1987	
	D	1991	
33	Wh	nich of the following factors responsible for contributing in social change?	
	Α	Cultural pluralism	
	В	Outstanding leadership	
	С	Technological development	
	D	All of these	D
34	pra	ere were several evil social practices like sati, child marriage, ban on widow remar actice of polygamy, etc. which wes a matter of debate during	riage,
	Α	17th Century	
	В	18th Century	
	С	19th Century	С
	D	20th Century	
35	Sch	nedule V and VI of the Indian constitution are related to	
	Α	Decide state boundaries between the states	
	В	Decide the powers and responsibilities of Panchayati Raj	
	С	Protection of rights of tribals	С
	D	Protection of minorities in the country	
36	Wh	nich one of the following is not the basis of community?	
	Α	Common locality	
	В	Community sentiment	
	С	Common political ideology	С
	D	Common way of life	
37	\ A / l-	siah awangatha fallawing ia tha distinativa ahayastayistia af buyasa agaist. O	
3,	_	nich among the following is the distinctive characteristic of human society?	
	A	Capacity to propagate offspring's	
	В	Aggressive behaviour	C
	С	Culture	С
	D	Self or We feeling	
38		is a socially defined position in a group or society.	
	Α	Role	
	В	Interaction	

	C	Status	C
	D	Deviance	
39	Fai	ming is the chief occupation of the people belonging to	
	Α	The pastoral classes	
	В	The agricultural classes	В
	С	The commercial classes	
	D	None of the above	
40	In a	an agrarian society, who are living by tilling the lands of others on a crop sharing basis	?
	Α	Cultivators	
	В	Share croppers	В
	С	Overseers	
	D	Seasonal peasants	
41	Pat	triarchal society means	
	Α	a society dominated by men	Α
	В	b) a society dominated by women	
	C	c) a society where there is equality between men and women	
	D	d) None of these	
42	The	e Equal Remuneration Act, of provides that equal wages should be paid toork.	equal
	Α	1977	
	В	1976	В
	С	1986	
	D	2021	
43		e National Average of child sex ratio (number of girl children per thousand boys) untry as per Census 2011 was	in the
	Α	961	
	В	944	
	С	914	С
	D	1020	
44		are those laws that deal with family-related matters such as marriage, orce, adoption, inheritance, etc.	
	Α	Family Laws	Α
	В	Law of Inheritance	
	С	Religious Laws	
	D	State Laws	
45	De	forestation may reduce the chances of	
	A	Rainfall	Α
	В	Soil Erosion	
	C D	Landslides All of these	
	U	All of these	

46	Wh	at is the main significance of sustainable development?	
	A B C D	to preserve the natural resources for the needs of the future generation to exploit the available resource for rapid improvement to increase the cost of available natural resources to increase the reservoirs of natural resources	A
47	Wh	ich of the following is not a natural resource?	
	Α	Water	
	В	Electricity	В
	С	Air	
	D	Soil	
48	Wh	ich sector is the backbone of Indian economy?	
	Α	Agriculture sector	Α
	В	Industrial sector	
	C	Financial Sector	
	D	Tourism Sector	
49	Wh	ich among the following does not belong to welfare schemes for the farmers?	
	Α	Kisan Credit Card Scheme	
	В	SHG Bank Linkage Programme	
	С	National Agricultural Insurance Scheme	
	D	Employee Referral Scheme	D
50	Wh	en was On Farm Water Management Scheme launched?	
	Α	July 2000	
	В	March 2002	В
	С	March 2004	
	D	January 2004	
51	Wh	ich of the following is the major source of fresh water which is available in India?	
	Α	Ocean Water	
	В	River Water	
	С	Pond Water	
	D	Ground Water	D
52	The	e rank of India in terms of water availability per person pain the world is	
	Α	130	
	В	131	
	С	132	
	D	133	D
53	Gro	ound water is accessed by	
	Α	Drilling/Digging Wells	Α
	В	Drip Irrigation	
	С	Bamboo Irrigation	
	D	None of these	
54	Wh	ich Is Not a Source of Fresh Water?	
	Α	Glaciers and ice sheets	

	В	Oceans	В
	С	Rivers	
	D	Surface run-off water	
55	Wł	nich of the following is/are not causes of water scarcity?	
	Α	Growing Population	
	В	Growing water intensive crops	
	С	Expansion of Irrigation facilities	
	D	Water harvesting techniques	D
56	The	e Ministry of Water Resources estimates total water demand rising to in 2025 is	
	Α	1093 BCM	Α
	В	3003 BCM	
	С	4053 BCM	
	D	5083 BCM	
57	Wł	nich Policy stipulates water allocation priorities?	
	Α	Jal Kranti Abhiyan	
	В	National mission for Ganga clean	
	С	National water policy	С
	D	Jal Shakti mission	
58	The	e Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act was enacted in the year	
	Α	1979	
	В	1974	В
	С	2004	
	D	1994	
59	The	e rapid reduction in groundwater table in several regions in India is primarily the resu	lt is
	Α	Climate change	
	В	Over exploitation of the ground water for irrigation	В
	С	Ground water use for domestic purposes	
	D	Lack of artificial recharge of ground water	
60	Wł	nat is 'virtual water'?	
	Α	Wastewater generated from domestic activities	
	В	The volume of water used in the production of goods and services	В
	С	Water used for irrigation	
	D	None of these	
61	A r	najor portion of the rural population consists of income groups.	
	Α	Low	Α
	В	Medium	
	С	High	
	D	None of these	
62	Ma	any companies are now turning their attention to markets	
	Α	Urban	
	В	Rural	В
	C	Global	
	D	None of these	

63	For	r rural marketing pricing is n	nore suitable.	
	Α	Penetration		Α
	В	Skimming		
	C	Going		
	D	None of these		
	0	None of these		
64	Ma	arketing research is a part of	stage of rural marketing strategy.	
	Α	Execution		
	В	Planning		В
	С	Feedback		
	D	Implementation		
		•		
65	Wh	nite revolution relates to		
	Α	Agriculture		
	В	Dairy (Milk) farming		В
	С	Aquaculture		
	D	Mineral resources		
66	•	and Broad Proceedings		
66		een Revolution relates to		•
	A	Agriculture		Α
	В	Dairy (Milk) farming		
	C	Aquaculture		
	D	Mineral resources		
67	Rlu	e revolution relates to		
0,	A	Aquaculture		Α
	В	Agriculture		, ,
	C	Milk production		
	D	Bee Keeping		
	D	bee keeping		
68	Cor	nsider the following statements:		
		1) The Accelerated Irrigation Benefits Prog	gramme was launched during 1996-9	97 to
		provide loan assistance to poor farmers		
		2) The Command Area Development Progr	ramme was launched in 1974-75 for	the
		development of water-use efficiency.		
	Wh	nich of these statements is/are correct?		
	Α	1 only		
	В	Both 1 and 2		
	С	2 only		С
	D	None of these		
			6.1	
69		nat Bharat Ahiyaan is the flagship programme o	of the	
	Α	Minstry of Women and Child Welfare		
	В	Ministry of Human Resource Development (M	HRD)	В
	С	Ministry of Agriculture		
	D	Ministry of Rural Development		
70	Ho	w many higher educational institutions have	heen identified for the implementati	ion of
, 0		nat Bharat Abhiyaan?	been identified for the implementati	011 01
	A	720		
	, ,			

	B 750 C 710 D 950	В
71	Which of the following is the 'National Coordinating Institute' for the implem Unnat Bharat Abhiyaan? A IIT Chenai B IIT Bombay C IISc Bangalore D IIT Delhi	entation of D
72	 The Unnat Bharat Abhiyaan is focused to promote development of rural areas base A Ghandhian vision of 'rural republics' using local resources and decentralized eco-friendly technologies B Ghandian vision of religious tolerance and grama swaraj C Ghandian principle separation of politics from the influence of religion D All of these 	
73	 Unnat Bharat Abhyaan has an intention to	
74	Unnat Bharat Abhiyaan focus on intervention in the following areas of rural develogement 1. Human Resource Development 2. Material/Economic Development A 1 only B 2 only C Both 1 and 2 D Neither 1 nor 2	pment: C
75	One of the following is not a characteristic of rural lifestyle. A Lower population density B Better job opportunity in MNCs and higher level of income C A smaller choice when it comes to shopping, medical services, etc. D All of these	В
76	'Pongal' and 'Baisakhi' are the harvest festival of the following states respectively. A Panjab and Karnataka B Tamil Nadu and Karnataka C Tamil Nadu and Punjab D Punjab and Tamil Nadu	С
77	'Geographical isolation' is one of the A Chronic health issues observed in rural areas of India B One of the disparities faced by the rural people in India C Method of punishment to the social offenders during traditional village life D None of these	В

/8	One of the following is the basic unit of society.	
	A Family	Α
	B Non Governmental Organizations	
	C Religious units	
	D Social clubs	
79	'Coresidentiality' means	
, ,	A that the residences are located in the same locality in the rural area	
	B that they have joint ownership of property	
	C that members of a family live under the same roof	С
	D that they eat together using a common kitchen	C
80	(Commoncality', implies	
6 U	'Commensality' implies A that the recidences are located in the same locality in the rural area.	
	A that the residences are located in the same locality in the rural area	
	B that they have joint ownership of property	
	C that members of a family live under the same roof	_
	D that they eat together using a common kitchen	D
81	'Co-parcenary' means	
	A that the residences are located in the same locality in the rural area	
	B that they have joint ownership of property	В
	C that members of a family live under the same roof	
	D that they eat together using a common kitchen	
82	'Linear Settlement' means	
	A the houses are strung out, each surrounded by its own compound. However,	
	there is little to physically demarcate where one village ends and another begins.	А
	B a tight cluster of houses is surrounded by the fields of the villagers.	
	C simply a scattering of homesteads or clusters of two or three houses. In this	
	case also physical demarcation of villages is not clear.	
	D None of these	
83	The biological and psychological function of a family include:	
03	Reproduction	
	2. Division of Labour	
	3. Love and Affection	
	4. Selection of Life mate	
	A 1 only	
	B Both 1 and 2	
	C Both 1 and 3	С
	D All of these	C
	D All of these	
84	Which of the following is not a social and economic function of a family?	
	1. Status establishment	
	2. Division of Labour	
	3. Love and Affection	
	4. Selection of Life mate	
	A 1 only	

B Both 1 and 2

	C 4 only D 3 only	D
85	Which of the following are the characteristics of caste system? A Restricted Food habits B Reinforcement by Religious Beliefs	
	C Caste Associations D All of these	D
0.6		J
86	Caste and Gender are A Not related	
	B Highly correlated	В
	C Caste has no influence on gender behaviour	
	D None of these	
87	Chastity of Women strongly related to	
	A Caste status	Α
	B Social behaviour of women C Religious practices	
	C Religious practices D None of these	
88	Rural Value System is primarily	
	A Individualistic	
	B Communitarian and relational	В
	C Self oriented	
	D All of these	
89	One of the following is the reward of Rural Value System.	
	A Economic dominance B Political Status in the society	
	B Political Status in the society C Emotional Support	С
	D None of these	C
90	Which of the following underpins the existence of human society and civilization?	
	A Regular source of income	
	B Socio-economic status	
	C Muscle and Money power	_
	D Nature	D
91	Which one of the following is a type of resource based on the sources of its origin?	
	A Potential Resources	
	B Biotic and Abiotic resources C Community Resources	В
	D All of these	
92	Who stated 'Soul of India lives in her villages'.	
	A Bala Gangadhara Tilak	
	B Mahatma Gandhiji	В
	C Sardar Vallabha Bhai Patel	
	D None of these	

93	Gandhiji emphasised that all social property should be held in trust. This related to A Trusteeship	Α
	B Panchayat Raj System C Democratic Decentralization	
	D All of these	
94	Which of the following related with development of Rural Road infrastructure?	
	A Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samman Yojana (PMKSY)	
	B Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojana - Gramin (PMAY – G)C Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY)	С
	D All of these	C
95	The Deendayal Upadhyaya Gram Jyoti Yojana (DDUGJY) was launched in	
	A 2021	
	B 2015 C 2020	В
	D 2019	
96	The <i>Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana</i> (PMUY) aims to provide	
	A clean cooking fuel to rural poor	Α
	B Electricity connection to rural households	
	C Supply of pure and clear drinking water rural households D All of these	
97	Which one of the following is instrumental Indian Green Revolution?	
	A Former Prime Minister Smt. Indira Gandhi	
	B Shri M S Swaminathan	В
	C Shri Varghese Kurian D None of these	
98	Paramparagat Krishi Vikas Yojana (PKVY) was launched in 2015 by the Prim	ie Minister
	Sri Narendra Modi regime to promote	
	A Cultivation of commercial crops	
	B Dairy farming C Organic farming	С
	D None of these	C
99	Which of the following is/are determinants of Rural Livelihood?	
	1. Gender	
	 Caste Inherited livelihood 	
	4. Education and migration	
	A 1 and 2 only	
	B 1, 2, and 4 only	
	C 2, 3, and 4 only	
	D All of these	D
100	Which of the following is/are not a factor determining the Rural Livelihood Diversifi	cation?
	1. Age	

Consumption habits and preferences
 Access to the Credit facility and ability to borrow

	A 2 only B 1 and		
		nd 4 only	D
101	A Posses B Mere	ossession' with respect to the ownership of land meansssion in the eyes of law with legal title to the land ownership occupation and use of land and property rship of the land for being in possession for relatively longer period these	А
102	A Sale D B Tax Re C Record	eceipts d of Rights	
	D All of t	these	D
103	A 'Draft B Nation C Land R	the following Act aims at 'digitization' of land records? Model of Land Title Act, 2019' by NITI Aayog. The sample Survey Report, 2019 Redistribution and Reforms Policy, 2007 To Rishts Act, 2006	А
104	property" A Hindu B Hindu C Draft	the following grants equal rights to the women of Hindu community to Marriage and Succession Act, 2005 Succession (Amendment) Act, 2005 Model of Land Titles Act, 2019 Redistribution and Reforms Policy, 2007	o the ancestral
105	The percer A 5% B 3% C 2% D 97%	ntage amount of water locked up in glaciers is of the water o	on earth. C
106	A Desilta B Artific	ial rains and feeding estation	В
107	the preve wholesome A 1974	r (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act was enacted in	•
	B 1997C 2003D 2021		

108	Animal husbandry refers				
	Α	to livestock raising and selective breeding	Α		
	В	to aquaculture			
	С	Commercial exploitation of animals			
	D	None of these			
109	Ар	iculture and Pisciculture related to the following respectively.			
	Α	Fish Farming and Bee Farming			
	В	Bee Farming and Fish Farming	В		
	С	Bee Farming and Dairy Farming			
	D	Poultry Farming and Fish Farming			
110	JAI	M Trinity for rural non-farm livelihood promotion means			
	Α	Job, Achievement and Money			
	В	Jan Dhan, Aadhar and Mobile	В		
	С	Jan Dhan, Account and Money			
	D	None of these			
111	'Sk	ill India' campaign was launched in			
	Α	2020			
	В	2015	В		
	С	2018			
	D	2022			
112	NR	LM means			
	Α	National Rural Labour Mission			
	В	National Rural Livelihood Mission	В		
	С	National Rural Legislative Mission			
	D	None of these			
113	Ru	ral marketing is nowadays understood through the axes of 4A's which are			
	Α	Availability, Affordability, Acceptability, and Awareness	Α		
	В	Availability, Affordability, Acceptability, and Ability			
	С	Availability, Affordability, Ability, and Awareness			
	D	Availability, Ability, Acceptability, and Awareness			
114	Wl	nich of the following is/are the challenges of Rural Marketing?			
	Α	Dispersed markets			
	В	Lack of communication and transport facilities			
	С	Prevalence of spurious brands and seasonal demand			
	D	All of these	D		

Sl. No.	Questions and Options	Correct Option
1	Unit II – Social Connect and Responsibility Which of the following are the objectives of the Beti Bachao Beti Paddao scheme? 1. Prevent female infanticide 2. Prevent child marriages 3. Ensure protection of a girl child 4. Ensure education of a girl child A 1,3,4 B 2,3,4, C 3 and 4 D All	D
2	Which festival was organized on the theme of Beti Bachao Beti Padhao? A Kala Mahotsava B Mala Utsav C Jana Utsav D Kala Utsav	D
3	Which of the following is a nodal ministry for Beti Bachao Beti Padhao scheme? A Ministry of Home Affairs B Ministry of Health and Family Welfare C Ministry of Women and Child Development D Niti Ayog	C
4	Who gave the slogan 'Beti Bachao Beti Padhao'? A Women and Child Development Minister Smriti Irani B Prime Minister Sri Narendra Modi C Home Minister Amit Saha D None of these	В
5	When did 'Beti Bachao Beti Padhao abhiyan' started? A 22 January 2016 B 22 January 2015 C 22 January 2018 D 22 January 2022	В
6	Which is the National Girl Child Day? A 12 January B 24 January C 14 January D 10 January	В
7	'Beti Bachao Beti Padhao' launched in A Rajastan B Haryana C Punjab D Karnataka	В
8	Who designed the logo of 'Beti Bachao Beti Padhao' abhiyan? A Sri Narendra Modi B Dr Manmohan Singh C Shri A J Raghuvendra D None of these	С

9	Customary Village Councils (CVCs) are A State sponsored organizations for local administration B Privately managed administrative bodies with government financial support C Traditional, non-state and unofficial local bodies participating in rural administration D None of these	С
10	 'Khap Panchayat' is an example of	A
11	One of the following started promoting Self Help Groups (SHGs) since 1992 with procus on empowerment of women and marginalized sections of the society. A Reserve Bank of India (RBI) B Regional Rural Banks C National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD) D Village Cooperative Societies	orimary C
12	Which of the following problems faced by the Self Help Groups (SHGs)? A Inadequate financial assistance B Poor financial management C Lack of stability and unity D All of these	D
13	Which of the following committee connected with matters relating to Panchayat Ra	ij system?
	 A Balwant Rai Mehta Committe B Ashok Mehta Committee C G V K Rao Committee D All of these 	D
14	Which of the following Constitutional Amendment Act provides for the establishm Panchayats and Grama Sabha as the foundation of Panchayat Raj System? A 73 rd Constitutional Amendment Act, 1990 B 74 th Constitutional Amendment Act, 1992 C 73 rd Constitutional Amendment Act, 1992 D 74 th Constitutional Amendment Act, 1994	ent of
15	Panchayat Raj is a A Three – tier system B Two – tier system C Single layer system D None of these	A
16	Not less than of the total number of seats to be reserved for women, further than of the total number of offices for chairperson at all levels of the be reserved for women.	
	A One-third; One-third B One –third and two-third C Two-third: One-third	A

	D	One-third; one-fourth	
17	par	nich of the Articles of Indian Constitution makes provisions for disqualifications from achayats membership?	the
	A B	Article 243B Article 243F	В
	C	Article 243J	D
	D	Article 243K	
18		nimum age prescribed to contest in Panchayat elections is	
	A B	25 years 30 years	С
	C	21 years	C
	D	18 years	
19	Art	icleenshrines the provisions with respect to elections of the Panchayats.	
	A	Article 243O	
	B C	Article 243F Article 243J	D
	D	Article 243K	
20	Art	icle bars the courts to interfere in the Panchayat Matters.	
	A	Article 2430	
	B C	Article 243F Article 243J	A
	D	Article 243K	
21	PE	SA Act means	
	A	Panchayat Extension and Stipulated Activities Act.	
	В	Panchayats Extension to Scheduled Area Act.	В
	C	People Empowerment and Skill Augmentation Act	_
	D	None of these	
22	Wł	no is recognized as 'Father of Rural Development' in India?	
	A	S K Dey	
	В	Rabindranath Tagore	A
	C	Raja Ram Mohan Roy	
	D	Sardar Vallabha Bai Patel	
23		nat is the Swachh Bharat Cess (SBC) rate shall be levied and collected in accordance visions of Chapter VI of the Finance Act, 2015?	with the
	A	1.5% of the value of taxable service	
	В	0.75% of the value of taxable service	С
	C	0.5% of the value of taxable service	-
	D	0.25% of the value of taxable service	
24	WI	nich one of the following committees is not connected with Panchayat Raj system?	
	A	Drafting Committee	

	 B Balwant Rai Mehta Committee C Ashok Mehta Committee D GVK Rao Committee 	A
25	Balwant Rai Mehta Committee for Panchayat Raj was appointed in the year A 1968 B 1947	D
	C 1950 D 1957	D
26	Who is called as the 'Father of Panchayat Raj System' in India? A L M Singhvi	
	B Ahsok Mehta	C
	C Balwant Rai Mehta	
	D G V K Rao	
27	Which is the primary and permanent body of Panchayat Raj system?	
	A Standing Committee	
	B Gram Sabha	В
	C Khap Panchayat	
	D None of these	
28	Who holds a record book of details like the map of the land, the crops that are grown there, owner's name, etc.	the
	A District Collector	
	B Patwari (Land Measurer)	В
	C Panchayat President	
	D None of these	
29	Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) is a comprehensive and integrated flagship programme of Government of India to attain	•
	A Quality Higher Education	Ъ
	B Proficiency in Technical Education	D
	C Skill and Expertise in Medical Education	
	D Universal Elementary Education (UEE)	
30	Right to Education Act (RTE) came into force on	
	B 22 April 2010	
	C 11 April 2010	A
	D 1 April 2018	
31	'Padhe Bharat Badhe Bharat' is a nation-wide sub-programme of	
	A Holistic Education	D
	B New Education Policy (NEP)	ט
	C National Education Policy (NEP)	

	D	Sarva Siksha Abhiyan	
32	Th	e NIPUN Bharat Mission was launched as part of	
	A	Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan in 2021	
	В	Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan in 2021	В
	C D	National Education Policy (NEP) in 2021 None of these	
	ע	None of these	
33	cre	government of India initiative launched by the then Prime Minister Dr. Manmohan Singate a literate society through a variety of teaching—learning programmes for the non-literate of 15 years and above is called as	_
	A	Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan	
	В	Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan	D
	C	Madhyamika Shiksha Abhiyan	
	D	Saakshar Bharat	
34	Wl	no was made as the brand ambassador of 'Beti Bachao Beti Padhao' initiative	
	A	Olympian Sakshi Mallik	
	В	Olympian Nirav Chopra	
	C	Olympian Vijendra Kuman	A
	D	Olympian Abhinav Bindra	
35	Wl	no started 'Selfie With Daughter' initiative?	
	A	Narendra Modi	C
	В	Dr Manmohan Singh	
	C	Sunil Jaglan	
	D	Smt. Smriti Irani	
36	Inc	lian healthcare has evolved over the past three decades and is currently at a very critical	a1
		acture to achieve the 3As of healthcare; where 3As mean:	11
	A	Affordability, Accountability, Accuracy	
	В	Accessibility, Availability, Accountability	
	C	Affordability, Accessibility and Availability	C
	D	Accessibility, Authenticity, Accountability	
		Accessionity, Audienticity, Accountability	
37	'A	yushman Bharat' initiative aiming at achieving Universal Health Coverage was launch	ed in
		year	
	A	2021	
	В	2015	<i>a</i>
	C	2018	С
	D	2022	
38	Na	tional Health Protection Mission will have a defined benefit cover of per far	mily
		year	•
	A	Rs. 3 lakhs	
	В	Rs. 10 lakhs	C
	C	Rs. 5 lakhs	С

	D	Rs. 1.5 lakhs	
39		lia's largest National Health Protection Scheme has been implemented under the name	
	Α	Samman Bharat	
	В	Ayushman Bharat	
	C	Adarsh Bharat	В
	D	Nirmaan Bharat	
40	Wl	no will head the Ayushman Bharat National Health Protection Mission Council (AB-	
		IPMC) formed at national level to implement the scheme?	
	A	Prime Minister	
	В	Minister of Health and Family Welfare	D
	C	Minister of Ayush	В
	D	Chairman of NITI Ayog	
41		e states and UTs are required to set up SHA for the implementation of the scheme. Whes SHA stands for?	at
	A	State Health Agency	A
	В	Society Health Agency	
	C D	Strategic Health Agency Social Health Agency	
42	Th A B C D	e Ayushman Bharat aims to target about beneficiaries under the scheme? 100 crore 10.74 crore 10.47 crore 10.65 crore	В
43		e government has partnered with which entity to make the process cashless?	
		Paytm	C
	B C	Reliance NITI Ayog	С
	D	None of these	
44	naı	der the Ayushman Bharat programme, government has announced two major init mely National Health Protection Scheme and Health and Wellness Centre as the two figramme with the aim to build New India by	
	A	2022	
	В	2021	A
	C D	2030 2047	
45	Wi	th reference to 'Ayushman Bharat' initiative, which of the following statement is correct. 1. Under the Ayushman Bharat programme, government has announced two major	ect?

initiatives namely National Health Protection Scheme and Health and Wellness Centre

2. The expenses incurred in this scheme are shared between the Centre and the States in

as the two flagship programme with the aim to build New India

60:40 ratio.

	A 1 only B 2 only C Both 1 and 2 D Neither 1 nor 2	C
46	Which of the following is linked with 'Ayushman Bharat' yojana?	
	A ABHA B ASHA C USHA D None of these	A
47	ABHA stands for in Ayushman Bharat.	
	 A All Body Health Assessment B Ayushman Bharat Health Account C Ayushman Bharat Health Assessment D Agreement of Body and Health Assessment 	В
48	Who is eligible for ABHA ID card? A All Indian Citizens B Citizens with annual income below Rs. 5 lakhs C Citizens with BPL Card facility D SC, ST and EWS of the society	A
49	NDHM means A National Direct Health Medication B Natinal Digital Health Monitoring C National Doctors and Health Mentors D National Digital Health Mission	D
50	With reference to Ayushman Bharat Pradhan Mantri Jana Arogya Yojana (AB-PMJAY) consider the following statements: 1. It has been launched to achieve Universal Health Coverage 2. It is the world's largest health insurance scheme fully financed by the government the cost of implementation is shared between the Centre and the State at 60:40 rm. 3. It is applicable to the people aged 60 and above only A 1 only B 1 and 2 only C 1 and 3 only D 2 and 3 only	ent and
51	When the 'Swachh Bharat Abhiyan' initiated? A 2016 B 2015 C 2018 D 2014	D
52	'Swachh Bharat Mission' (Clean India Campaign) aims at: 1. Eliminate open defecation 2. Solid Waste Management A 1 only B 2 only C Neither 1 nor 2 D Both 1 and 2	D

53	'Swachh Bharat Abhiyan' is a restructured version of	
	A 'Nirmal Bharat Abhiyan', 2009	
	B Clean India Campaign, 2009	A
	C Clean City Campaign, 2009	
	D None of these	
54	Mahatma Gandhi's 150 birth anniversary celebrated on	
J 4	A 2 October 2019	
	B 2 October 2020	A
	C 2 October 2021	11
	D 2 October 2018	
	2 000000 2010	
55	The 'Swachh Bharat Abhiyan' tagline 'Ek Kadam Swachhata Ki Aur' is given by	
	A Shri Anant Khasbardar of Kolhapur, Maharashtra	
	B Sri Narendra Modi	D
	C M S Swaminathan	
	D Ms. Bhagyasri Sheth of Rajkot, Gujarat	
56	Who among the following has designed the logo of 'Swachh Bharat Abhiyan'?	
	A Shri Anant Khasbardar of Kolhapur, Maharashtra	
	B Sri Narendra Modi	A
	C M S Swaminathan	
	D Ms. Bhagyasri Sheth of Rajkot, Gujarat	
57	What is the budget amount fixed for Swachh Bharat Missin – Urban 2.0 will be effective	e from
31	2021 to 2026.	C IIOIII
	A 100 crores	
	B 10.4 thousand crores	D
	C 75.1 thousand crores	D
	D 1.41 lakh crores	
58	Which one of the following as a civil servant who led the 'Swachh Bharat Mission'?	
	A Hari Chandana Dasari	
	B Parameswaran Iyer	В
	C Renu Raj	
	D Kunwar Bai Yadav	
59	At a rally in Champaran the Prime Minister called the campaign 'satyagraha se swachhag	rah' in
	reference Gandhi Champaran Satyagrah launched on	
	A 13 April 1919	D
	B 10 April 1916	В
	C 12 March 1931 D None of these	
	D None of these	
60	In which place 'Clean India Mission' (Swachh Bharat Abhiyan) was officially launched?	
00	A Patna, Bihar	
	B Rajghat, New Delhi	В
	C Lucknow, UP	
	D Kurukshethra, Haryana	
	•	
61	How many sub missions are there in 'Swachh Bharat Abhiyan'?	
	A Two	
	B Four	A
	C Six	
	D Three	

62	When was the Nirmal Bharat Abhiyan launched? A 2013 B 2009 C 2020 D 2012	В
63	Which of the following is/are objectives of 'Swachh Bharat Abhiyan'? A To eliminate open defecation B Eradication of manual scavenging C Effective solid waste management D All of these	D
64	Which is the twitter hashtag used for 'Swachh Bharat Mission'? A #MyIncredible India B #MyCleanIndia C #MyNeatIndia D #MYSmartIndia	В
65	On which day India observe the World Toilet Day? A 14 August B 19 November C 13 February D 15 September	В
66	Which is the first city in our country free of manual scavenging? A Alwar B Bharuch C Trichy D Jaipur	A
67	Which is the cleanest village of India? A Mawlynnong B Punsari C Dharani D Ballia	A
68	What is the tagline of Swachh Bharat Abhiyan? A One India, Clean India B Swachh Bharat Mera Bharat C Ek Kadam Swachhata Ki Ore D None of these	С
69	Which of the following committee recommended for Panchayat Raj system in India? A Drafting Committee B Balwant Rai Mehta Committee C Ashok Mehta Committee D None of these	В
70	Which of the following system is established on the basis of the direct election? A Panchayat Raj B Block Committee C Zilla Parishad D All of these	A

71	Which of the following Article of Indian Constitution is related to Panchayati Raj?	
	A Article 324 B Article 326	D
	C Article 194	D
	D Article 243	
72	What was the main purpose behind bringing the Panchayati Raj system to India? A Decentralization of the political power to the common public in villages B Prevent the criminalization of politics C Development of villages D To reduce election expenses	A
73	Which schedule was added to the constitution by the 73rd Constitutional Amendment? A 8 Schedule	
	B 11 Schedule	В
	C 12 Schedule	
	D 10 Schedule	
74	Which statement is not correct regarding "Gram Sabha"?	
, .	A It is a body consisting of persons registered in the electoral rolls of a village comprised within the area of the Panchayat level	
	B It is a village assembly consisting of all the registered voters in the area of the	
	Panchayat	C
	C Its power is determined by the central governmentD Its powers and functions at the village level are like state legislature at the state	
	level	
75	 Which statement is true about Panchayati Raj? Its powers have been determined by the State Legislature Minimum age should be 21 years to contest the election at the panchayat level Election of the Panchayati Raj institutions is conducted under the guidance of th Election Commission It is a three-tier system with panchayats at the lower level, panchayats samiti at intermediaty or mandal level and Zilla Parishad at district level 	e State
	A 1 only B 2 and 4 only	D
	C 1 and 3 only	_
	D All of these are true	
76	How many posts are reserved for women at all levels in the Panchayati Raj system? A One-third	
	B One-fourth	A
	C Two-third	
	D There is no reservation for women in Pachayat Raj system.	
77	'Swachha Bharat Swachha Vidyalaya' (SBSV) campaign with the objective of cleanline schools run by the Ministry of	ss in
	B Human Resource Development	В
	C Agriculture	•
	D Urban Development	
78	What is the primary goal and focus of Swachha Bharat Mission?	
	A Clean India B Digital India	A

86	D None of these NRLM – Ajeevaka is launched by the Ministry of	
85	Consider the following statements about NRLM: 1. It promotes the Self-employment and Organization of the rural poor 2. It is supported by the World Bank with a credit of \$ 1 Billion A 1 only B 2 only C Both 1 and 2	С
84	Which of the following is an initiative of Skill India Mission? A Food for Life Programme B Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY) C Right to Education D Grammen Sadak Yojana	В
83	Skill India Mission is associated with the Ministry of A Labour and Family Welfare B Human Resource Development C Skill Development and Entrepreneurship D NITI Ayog	С
82	Skill India programmes are managed by	A
81	 SANKALP means	В
80	Which of the following country entered into a partnership in Skill India programme? A Bhutan B Russia C USA D UK	D
79	When did the 'Skill India' or 'National Skills Development Mission of India' was laun A 15 July 2018 B 15 August 2016 C 15 July 2015 D None of these	ched?
	C Smart India D Skill India	

	the overall performance. A Cluster Level Forum B Community Level Forum C Common Leave Facility D None of these	A
88	NRLM follows A Supply Based Production Strategy B Demand Driven Strategy C Income Driven Strategy D None of these	В
89	The World Bank (IBRD) in its World Development Report (2014) termed it as a "stellar example of rural development" Which one of the following initiative of the Central Government is termed as a 'stellar e of rural development' by the World Bank in its World Development Report, 2014? A NRLM B Rural Livelihood Mission	
	C NREGA, 2005 D None of these	
90	NREGA aims to enhance livelihood security in rural areas by providing at least wage employment in a financial year to at least one member of every household whose members volunteer to do unskilled manual work.	-
	A 180 B 200 C 150 D 100	D
91	Under MNREGA scheme, who is mainly responsible as key functionary in implementin schemes/works at village level? A Village Secretary	g the
	B Gram Rozgar Sahayak C Gramin Vikas Adhikari D None of these	В
92	Which is the first state to employ the differently-abled, in MNREGA? A Keral B Tamilnadu C Gujarat D Karnataka	В
93	For how many years the registration of job card under MNREGA is valid? A Five B Four C Ten D For life time	A
94	Who selects the Social Audit Committee under MNREGA? A Members of Zilla Panchayat	
	B District CollectorC Grama SabhaD Minister for Rural Devlopment	C

95	Union Government increased workdays from 100 days to 150 days per year under MGN in which state? A Karnataka	REGA
	B Tamil Nadu C Kerala D Bihar	В
96	In the cash benefits transferred last year under the Direct Benefits Transfer Scheme, the lead under which DBT transfers were made was	argest
	 C Fertilizer Subsidy D Compensation to farmers for the loss due to flood, drought, and other calamities, etc. 	A
97	 Which of the following is/are true regarding Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojana — Gramin? 1. Cost of unit assistance to be shared between Central and State Governments in the 75:25 in plain areas. 2. The beneficiary will be entitled to 90 days of unskilled labour from MGNREGA 	ne ratio
	A 1 only B 2 only C Both 1 and 2 D Neither 1 nor 2	В
98	The NDA Government has decided to increase the number of workdays under MGNREC from 100 days to	GA .
	A 120 B 200 C 150 D 280	С
99	National Mission for a Green India is merged with	D
100	 Consider the following statements: MGNREGS fulfills the constitutional rights in India MGNREGA is to be implemented mainly by gram panchayats The places where the recent unseasonal rain and hailstorms have affected cregovernment will increase the number of work days under the Mahatma National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme from 100 to 200 days per year 	-
	Which of these above statements are correct? A 1 only B 1 and 3 only C 2 and 3 only D 1 and 2 only	D
101	Which of the following can help in the development of human resource? A Skill development B Improving literacy and access to information C Training D All of these	D

- 102 Rural development aims at
 1. Improving rural health facilities
 2. Reducing poverty
 3. Development of rural infrastructure

 - A 1 only
 B 2 only
 C 1 and 3 only
 D 1, 2, and 3

D

SI. **Questions and Options** Correct No. Option **Social Connect and Responsibility Unit III** Regulation that arises to ensure that firm takes responsibility for the social cost of their 1 products or production process stem from the government legislation of business in order to A Protect companies from each other Protect companies from unfair business practices С С Protect the interest of the society Protect the business from unfair consumers' demand 2 The defenders of the sustainability approach of the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) point out that 1. All economic activities exist within the biosphere that support life 2. The success of the business is judged only against profitability 3. People have a strong ethical duty to cause no harm and only a prime facie duty to prevent harm 4. The sole responsibility of the business is to fulfill the economic functions they were deserved to serve and the customer service is the most important purpose of the Choose the most appropriate answer given from the below. A 2 only D В 4 only С 1, 3 and 4 only 1 only Which of the following are the parts of the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) to 3 consumers? 1. Reasonable chances and proper system for accomplishment and promotion 2. To supply goods at reasonable prices even when there is sellers market (i.e., the market where the demand is more and supply is less) 3. Improving the efficiency of the business operation 4. To provide an opportunity of being heard and redress genuine grievances Α 1 only 2 only С C 2 and 4 only D 1, 3 and 4 only With reference to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) which of the following statements 4 is/are true? 1. Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility) Rules, 2014 introduces mandatory CSR 2. Under section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 every company having a net-worth

atleast Rs. 500 crore, turnover of Rs. 1000 crore or more, or a minimum net profit of

3. Companies covered under this will have to spend atleast 1% of their annual net profit

Rs.5 crore during the immediately preceding financial year has to make CSR

expenditure

in the activities under CSR

	A 1 and 3 only	
	B 1 and 2 only	В
	C 2 and 3 only	
	D 1, 2 and 3	
5	As per Carrol Model, the four levels of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) are	
	A Physical, economic, legal, ethical	
	B Philanthropic, economic, legal, ethical	В
	C Physical, economic, social, legal	
	D Philanthropic, economic, social, legal	
6	With reference to the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) which of the following statem is/are true?	ents
	Companies Act, 2014 includes mandatory CSR	
	 Companies covered under this act have to spend atleast 1% of their annual net properties under CSR 	rofit
	A Both 1 and 2	
		С
	C Neither 1 nor 2	C
	D 2 only	
	2 5,	
7	Select the correct sequence of the following CSR eligibility criteria and spending as per the	e
	provisions of the Indian Companies Act, 2013.	
	1. Positive net worth of Rs. 500 crores or more	
	2. 2% of the average profit to be spent on activities under CSR	
	3. Net profit of Rs. 5 crore or more in a given financial year	
	4. Turnover of Rs. 1000 crore or more	
	5. Penal action for non-compliance	
	A 2, 4, 1, 3, and 5	
	B 1, 4, 3, 2 and 5	
	C 1, 4, 2, 3 and 5	В
	D 1, 2, 4, 3 and 5	
8	Corporate Social Responsibility is the continuing commitment by the business to behave	
	ethically and contribute to	
	Political awareness, social security and inclusion	
	2. Public health, education and literacy	
	3. Maintaining ecological balances and protecting environment	
	Gender diversity, profiteering and market controlling	
	5. Rendering, sponsoring, and donating to social and charitable activities	
	Choose the correct answer from the options given below.	
	A 1, 2, 3, and 5 only	
		С
	C 2, 3, and 5 only	
	D 1, 3, and 5 only	
9	Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) means	
	A Dealing with complications of social life	
	B Corporate life having social responsibility	

	С	Compliance of ecological and social responsibility of the companies and organizations	С				
	D	All of these					
10	a b A		tive to				
	В	Product quality					
	C D	Customer loyalty Product Image branding	Α				
11		Corporate company makes donations to charitable institutions; build recreational facil	itios				
	for	for employees and their families, support educational institutions, orphanage, promotion of					
	•	rforming arts, and other activities. In CSR this dimension is known as					
	A						
	В	Economic responsibility Philanthropic responsibility	C				
	C D	Philanthropic responsibility Ethical responsibility	С				
	U	Ethical responsibility					
12	Wl	nat is meant by the phrase CSR?					
	Α	Company Social Responsibility					
	В	Corporate Society Responsibility	D				
	С	Company Society Responsibility					
	D	Corporate Social Responsibility					
13	WI	nat is the enlightened self-interest model of CSR?					
	Α	That it is in an organization's own best interest to put itself first rather than its ethics					
	В	That it is in an organization's best interest to consider what a shareholder would want	D				
	С	That it is in an organization's own best interest to follow the legislation and abide by the law					
	D	That it is in an organization's own best interest to act in an ethical way					
14	WI	nat is Triple Bottom Line?					
	Α	A management strategy which states all the attention should be on profits					
	В	An accounting tool that looks at cost, profit and loss	С				
	С	An accounting tool that looks at the impact on people, planet and profits					
	D	A management strategy which focuses on corporate social responsibility					
15	WI	nich of the following would most effectively act as the primary objective of a business					
	en	enterprise/organization?					
	Α	To make a profit					
	В	To procure resources	Α				
	С	To communicate with shareholders/stakeholders					
	D	To mediate between the organization and the environment					
16	Wl	nich of the following does the term Corporate Social Responsibility relate to?					
	Α	Ethical conduct					

	В	Environmental practice	D			
	C D	Community investment All of these				
	U	All Of these				
17	Wł	no are Organizational Stakeholders?				
	Α	Government				
	В	Employees	D			
	C	Customers				
	D	All of these				
18	Wł	nich of the following related to the concept of business ethics?				
	Α	Right to Information Act				
	В	Food Act	Α			
	C	Building regulations				
	D	All of these				
19	Αŀ	nigh commitment to environmental issues include all the following except				
	Α	Risk analysis				
	В	Stakeholder analysis	D			
	С	Strategic sustainability auditing				
	D	Green Washing				
20	The	e acronym CSR stands for				
	Α	Corporate Social Responsibility				
	В	Corporate Search and Reuse	Α			
	С	Corporate Sensitive Reliability				
	D	Corporate Social Reality				
21		Which of the following is not an underlying principles of Corporate Governance Combined				
	Code of Practice?					
	A	Openness				
	В	Acceptability	В			
	С	Integrity				
	D	Accountability				
22	Wł	What is the minimum amount of average net profit that companies should invest under CSR				
		ivities?				
	Α	0.002	_			
	В	0.02	В			
	С	0.005				
	D	0.05				
23	Wł	Which clause of the Companies Act, 2013 makes Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)				
		ndatory?				
	Α	153				

	В	125	•
	С	135	С
	D	150	
24		nat should be the net worth of the companies to be under the preview of Companies A	۹ct,
	Α	Rs. 500 crore	
	В	Rs. 1000 Crore	^
	С	Rs. 5 Crore	Α
	D	Rs. 100 Crore	
25	Wł	nat concern do Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) address?	
	Α	Ethical and regulatory guidelines	
	В	Moral and Ethical	_
	С	Monetary and Profit	D
	D	Social and Environmental	
26	Who is popularly recognised as the 'Father of Corporate Social Responsibility' in India being instrumental in framing and issuing the CSR guidelines to Public Sector Understanding (PSE)?		
	Α	Former Prime Minister Dr Manmohan Singh	
	В	V K Kurian	С
	С	Bhaskar Chatterjee	
	D	M S Swaminathan	