Python	C++ / STL	Java / the Java Collections
(script, interpretive)	(compiled)	(bytecodes)
print (3//2)	cout << 3/2 << endl;	System.out.println (3/2);
<pre>x, y = map (int, input().split())</pre>	int x, y; cin >> x >> y;	<pre>import java.util.Scanner; Scanner input = new Scanner (System.in); int x = input.nextInt (), y = input.nextInt ();</pre>
if: elif: else:	<pre>if () { ; } else if () { ; } else { ; }</pre>	(same as C++)
if cond else	cond ?;	(same as C++)
and, or	&&,	(same as C++)
while:	while () { ; }	(same as C++)
for in:	for (auto:) { ; }	_
for i in range (n):	for (i = 0; i < n; i++) { ; }	(same as C++)
for i in range (s, t):	for (i = s; i < t; i++) {; }	(same as C++)
for i in range (s, t, inc):	for (i = s; i < t; i += inc) {; }	(same as C++)
-	int a [8] = { 0 };	int[] a = new int [8]; // 語言規範保證全 0
-	int a [] = { 1, 2, 3, 4 };	<pre>int[] a = { 1, 2, 3, 4 }; // int[] a = new int []{1, 2, 3, 4};</pre>
x = lambda a : a + 10	<pre>auto x = [](int a) { return a + 10; };</pre>	-

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for c in s:	for (auto c: s) { ; }	<pre>for (int i = 0; i < s.length (); i++) { char c = s.charAt (i); ; }</pre>
list	<u>vector</u>	ArrayList: List
x = [1, 2, 3] # 中括弧,方括弧	<pre>vector <int> x = { 1, 2, 3 };</int></pre>	<pre>ArrayList<int> x = newArrayList<int>(); x.add (1); x.add (2); x.add (3);</int></int></pre>
m = x [1]	<pre>auto m = x [1];</pre>	<pre>int m = x.get(1);</pre>
n = len (x)	<pre>auto n = x.size();</pre>	<pre>int n = x.size();</pre>
x.append (4)	x.push_back (4);	x.add (4);
x.pop (1)	x.erase (1);	x.remove (1);
x.remove (3) # removes the 1st occurrence of 3	(use find)	<pre>int i = x.indexOf (3); if (i != -1) x.remove ();</pre>
x.clear()	<pre>x.clear(); // x.resize(0);</pre>	x.clear();
y = x.copy()	auto $y = x$; // auto $y (x)$;	<pre>ArrayList<int> y = newArrayList<int>(x);</int></int></pre>
z = x + [4, 5, 6]	<pre>vector <int> w = { 4, 5, 6 }; auto z (x); // auto z = x; z.insert (z.end(), w.begin(), w.end());</int></pre>	<pre>ArrayList<int> z = newArrayList<int>(x); z.addAll (w);</int></int></pre>
c = x.count (2)	<pre>int c = count (x.begin(), x.end(), 2); // or auto is2 = [] (int p) { return p == 2; }; int c = count_if (x.begin(), x.end(), is2);</pre>	Collections.frequency (x, 2);
<pre>i = x.index (2)</pre>	<pre>int i = find (x.begin(), x.end(), 2)</pre>	<pre>int i = x.indexOf (2);</pre>
x.insert (1, 5)	<pre>x.insert (x.begin() + 1, 5);</pre>	x.add (1, 5);

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x.reverse()	<pre>reverse (x.begin(), x.end());</pre>	Collections.reverse (x);
x.sort()	<pre>sort (x.begin(), x.end());</pre>	Collections.sort (x);
mx = max (x)	<pre>int mx = *max_element (x.begin(), x.end())</pre>	<pre>int mx = Collections.max (x);</pre>
mn = min (x)	<pre>int mx = *min_element (x.begin(), x.end())</pre>	<pre>int mn = Collections.min (x);</pre>
sm = sum (x)	<pre>int sm = accumulate (x.begin(), x.end(), 0)</pre>	<pre>int sm = MathUtils.sum (x);</pre>
x = (1, 2, 3) # 小括弧,圓括弧	tuple, pair	
dict	map	Мар
<pre>x = { "a": 23, "b": 56, "c": 89 } # key: value # or x = dict (a=23, b=56, c=89) # or ks = ('a', 'b', 'c') x = dict.fromkeys (ks) x ["a"] = 23 x ["b"] = 56 x ["c"] = 89</pre>	<pre>map <string, int=""> x = {</string,></pre>	<pre>Map <string, int=""> x = new HashMap<>(); x.put("a", 23); x.put("b", 56); x.put("c", 89);</string,></pre>
v = x ["b"] # k = x.get ("b")	<pre>int v = x.find ("b")->second;</pre>	<pre>int v = x.get ("b");</pre>
x ["d"] = 100	<pre>x ["d"] = 100; // x.insert (make_pair ("c", 100));</pre>	x.put ("d", 100);

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for k in x: # for k in x.keys ()		<pre>for (String k : x.keySet ()) { ; }</pre>
<pre>for v in x.values(): # or</pre>		<pre>for (int v : x.values ()) { ; }</pre>
for k in x: v = x [k] 	<pre>for (auto it = x.begin(); it != x.end(); it++) { string k = it->first;</pre>	<pre>for (Map.Entry<string, int=""> e: x.entrySet()) { String k = e.getKey (); int v = e.getValue (); ;</string,></pre>
<pre>for k, v in x.items(): # each pair</pre>	<pre>string k = it->first; int v = it->second;; }</pre>	<pre>} // or x.forEach (k, v) -> { };</pre>
n = len (x)	<pre>int n = x.size();</pre>	<pre>int n = x.size();</pre>
x ["c"] = 111213 # x.update ({ "d": 1112113 })	x ["c"] = 111213;	x ["c"] = 111213;
x.pop ("b") # del x [1]	<pre>x.erase (x.find ("b"));</pre>	x.remove ("b");
x.popitem()		
x.clear() # <u>vs.</u> del x	<pre>x.clear();</pre>	x.clear();
y = x.copy() # y = dict (x)	auto $y = x$; // auto $y (x)$;	<pre>Map <string, int=""> y = newHashMap<>(x);</string,></pre>
<pre>v = x.setdefault ("b", 10)</pre>		
z = { "e": { "f": 3, "g": 5 }, \ "h": { "i": 8, "j": 10 } }	<pre>map <string, <string,="" int="" map="">> z =</string,></pre>	•••
# or p = { "f": 3, "g": 5 } q = { "i": 8, "j": 10 } z = { "e": p, "h": q }		

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Python	C++ / STL	Java / the Java Collections
set	set (also set methods on vectors, arrays)	Set
$x = \{ 1, 2, 3 \} \# x = set ((1, 2, 3))$	set <int> x = { 1, 2, 3 };</int>	<pre>Set<int> x = new HashSet<>(); x.add(1); x.add(2); x.add(3);</int></pre>
if (3 in x):	<pre>if (x.find (3) != x.end()) { ; }</pre>	<pre>if (x.contains (3)) { ; }</pre>
x.add (4) # x.update ([4, 2, 6])	x.insert (4); set <int> w = { 4, 2, 6 };</int>	x.add (4);
x.update ({ 4, 2, 6 })	// int w [] = { 4, 2, 6 }; x.insert (w.begin(), w.end());	x.addAll (w);
y = x.union ({ 4, 2, 6 })	<pre>set <int> y; y.reserve (x.size() + w.size()); auto it = set_union (x.begin(), x.end(), w.begin(), w.end(), y.begin()); y.resize (it - y.begin());</int></pre>	<pre>Set<int> y = new HashSet<>(x); y.addAll (w);</int></pre>
n = len (x)	<pre>int n = x.size();</pre>	<pre>int n = x.size();</pre>
x.remove (3) # <u>VS.</u> x.discard (3)	x.erase (x.find (3));	x.remove (3);
x.pop()		
x.clear() # <u>vs.</u> del x	x.clear();	x.clear();
y = x.copy() # y = set (x)	auto y = x; // auto y (x);	<pre>Set<int> y = new HashSet<>(x);</int></pre>
z = x.difference (y)	<pre>set <int> z; z.reserve (x.size()); auto it = \ set_difference (x.begin(), x.end(), y.begin(), y.end(), z.begin()); z.resize (it - z.begin());</int></pre>	<pre>Set<int> z = new HashSet<>(x); z.removeAll (y);</int></pre>
x.difference_update (y)		x.removeAll (y);
z = x.intersection (y)	<pre>set <int> z; z.reserve (x.size() + w.size()); auto it = set_intersection (x.begin(), x.end(), y.begin(), y.end(), z.begin()); z.resize (it - z.begin());</int></pre>	<pre>Set<int> z = new HashSet<>(x); z.retainAll (y);</int></pre>
x.intersection_update (y)		<pre>x.retainAll (y);</pre>

Python	C++ / STL	Java / the Java Collections
<pre>z = x.symmetric_difference (y)</pre>	<pre>set <int> z; z.reserve (x.size() + w.size()); auto it = set_symmetric_difference \</int></pre>	(union - intersection)
x.symmetric_difference_update (y)		(union - intersection)
<pre>if (x.isdisjoint (y))</pre>		
<pre>if (x.issubset (y))</pre>	<pre>if (includes (y.begin(), y.end(),</pre>	<pre>if (x.contains (y) { ; }</pre>
<pre>if (x.issuperset (y))</pre>	<pre>if (includes (x.begin(), x.end(),</pre>	<pre>if (y.contains (x) { ; }</pre>
	deque	Deque
	list	
	priroity_queue (top() at right)	
	stack	Stack: List
	queue	Queue