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In [1]: ## Calculate the betas for a regression of two X variables onto a Y vector using matrix
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```
In [2]: # Import numpy module  
import numpy as np  
  
# Consider the Y vector to be a variable labeled "Missed Days at Work";  
# there are 12 rows (objects)  
  
Y=np.array([1,0,1,4,3,2,5,6,9,13,15,16])  
print(Y)  
  
[ 1  0  1  4  3  2  5  6  9 13 15 16]
```

```
In [3]: # Consider column 2 of X to be a variable labeled "Attitude Toward Work" - a 1 to 13 poi  
# rating scale where 1 is extremely favorable and 13 is extremely unfavorable;  
# and consider column 3 of X to be a variable labeled "Years in Present Position";  
# X has 12 rows and 3 columns; the first column is all 1's  
  
X=np.array([[1,1,1],  
            [1,2,1],  
            [1,2,2],  
            [1,3,2],  
            [1,5,4],  
            [1,5,6],  
            [1,6,5],  
            [1,7,4],  
            [1,10,8],  
            [1,11,7],  
            [1,11,9],  
            [1,12,10]])  
  
print(X)  
  
[[ 1  1  1]  
 [ 1  2  1]  
 [ 1  2  2]  
 [ 1  3  2]  
 [ 1  5  4]  
 [ 1  5  6]  
 [ 1  6  5]  
 [ 1  7  4]  
 [ 1 10  8]  
 [ 1 11  7]  
 [ 1 11  9]  
 [ 1 12 10]]
```

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In [4]: # Dimensions of Y: a 12 by 1 vector  
Y.shape
```

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Out[4]: (12,)
```

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In [5]: # Dimensions of X: a 12 by 3 matrix  
X.shape
```

```
Out[5]: (12, 3)
```

```
In [6]: # Transpose of X  
# Here I am taking Transpose as X-Transpose  
Transpose=X.T  
print(Transpose)  
Transpose.shape
```

```
[[ 1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1]  
 [ 1  2  2  3  5  5  6  7 10 11 11 12]]
```

```
[ 1  1  2  2  4  6  5  4  8  7  9 10]]  
Out[6]: (3, 12)
```

```
In [7]: # Multiplication of X-Transpose and X  
# Here I am taking Transpose_M as multiplication of X-Transpose  
Transpose_M=Transpose@X  
print(Transpose_M)  
Transpose_M.shape
```

```
[[ 12  75  59]  
 [ 75 639 497]  
 [ 59 497 397]]
```

```
Out[7]: (3, 3)
```

```
In [8]: # In this step we are doing Matrix Inverse  
Matrix_I=np.linalg.inv(Transpose_M)  
print(Matrix_I)
```

```
[[ 0.3169944 -0.0214686 -0.02023368]  
 [-0.0214686  0.06093854 -0.07309775]  
 [-0.02023368 -0.07309775  0.09703619]]
```

```
In [9]: #calculating betas  
#for finding betas we have to multiple Matrix Inverse and X Transpose and Y  
Betas=Matrix_I@Transpose@Y  
print(Betas)  
Betas.shape
```

```
[-2.2630379  1.54972927 -0.2385295 ]  
(3,)
```

```
Out[9]:
```

```
In [10]: #for Calculating Betas  
#There is another way of finding betas  
#betas=np.linalg.inv((Transpose)@X)@(Transpose)@Y  
#print(betas)  
#betas.shape
```

```
[-2.2630379  1.54972927 -0.2385295 ]
```

```
In [11]: #Calculating the beta values
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```
Beta_0=Betas[0]  
print("Beta 0 :", Beta_0)
```

```
Beta_1=Betas[1]  
print("Beta 1 :", Beta_1)
```

```
Beta_2=Betas[2]  
print("Beta 2 :", Beta_2)
```

```
Beta 0 : -2.263037902536326  
Beta 1 : 1.5497292675976115  
Beta 2 : -0.2385294955827928
```