

SQL Queries for Data Analysis

MySQL Queries for Employee Data Analysis

1. Create Employee Table:

```
CREATE TABLE emp_details (  
    Name VARCHAR(50),  
    Age INT,  
    Sex CHAR(1),  
    DOJ DATE,  
    City VARCHAR(50),  
    Salary DECIMAL(10,2)  
);
```

2. Select Employees Older than 30 and Female:

```
SELECT * FROM emp_details  
WHERE Age > 30 AND Sex = 'F';
```

3. Calculate Total Salary by Gender:

```
SELECT Sex, SUM(Salary) AS total_salary  
FROM emp_details  
GROUP BY Sex;
```

4. String Functions:

```
SELECT REPEAT('@', 10);  
SELECT LOWER('Nandhini');  
SELECT UPPER('india') AS upper_case;  
SELECT LOWER('india') AS lower_case;  
SELECT CHARACTER_LENGTH('india');  
SELECT CONCAT('India', ' is ', 'in Asia') AS merged;
```

5. Sorting Functions:

```
SELECT LCASE('INDUA') AS lower_case;  
SELECT LENGTH(' india ');  
SELECT LENGTH(LTRIM(' india '));  
SELECT LENGTH(RTRIM(' india '));
```

6. Searching & ASCII Functions:

```
-----  
SELECT POSITION('fruit' IN 'orange is a fruit') AS position;  
SELECT ASCII('4');
```

Lesson 3: GROUP BY & HAVING

1. Create Employees Table:

```
-----  
CREATE TABLE employees (  
    EmpID INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    EmpName VARCHAR(50),  
    Age INT,  
    Gender CHAR(1),  
    DOJ DATE,  
    Dept VARCHAR(50),  
    City VARCHAR(50),  
    Salary DECIMAL(10,2)  
);
```

2. Select Distinct Departments:

```
-----  
SELECT DISTINCT Dept FROM employees;
```

3. Calculate Average Age for All Employees:

```
-----  
SELECT AVG(Age) FROM employees;
```

4. Calculate Average Age by Department:

```
-----  
SELECT Dept, AVG(Age) AS avg_age  
FROM employees  
GROUP BY Dept;
```

5. Select Employees Grouped by Department Having More than 2 Employees:

```
-----  
SELECT Dept, COUNT(*) AS emp_count  
FROM employees  
GROUP BY Dept  
HAVING COUNT(*) > 2;
```