

## PROGRAM 2: INSURANCE DATABASE (29/09)

Query 1: Display the entire CAR relation in the ascending order of manufacturing year.

```
13 •   select * from car order by year asc;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: Edit: [

	reg_num	model	year
▶	KA031181	Lancer	1957
	KA052250	Indica	1990
	KA095477	Toyota	1998
	KA041702	Audi	2005
	KA053408	Honda	2008
*	NONE	NONE	NONE

Query 2: Find the number of accidents in which cars belonging to a specific model (example 'Lancer') were involved.

```
10 •   select count(report_num) from car c, participated p where c.reg_num=p.reg_num and c.model='Lancer';
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: Export: Wrap Cell Content: [A]

count(report_num)
1

Query 3: Find the total number of people who owned cars that involved in accidents in 2008.

```
13 •   select count(distinct driver_id) CNT from participated a, accident b where a.report_num=b.report_num and b.accident_date like '_08%';
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: Export: Wrap Cell Content: [A]

CNT
1

Query 4: List the entire participated relation in the Descending Order of Damage Amount.

18 • `SELECT * FROM PARTICIPATED ORDER BY DAMAGE_AMOUNT DESC;`

The screenshot shows a database query results window. The query is: `SELECT * FROM PARTICIPATED ORDER BY DAMAGE_AMOUNT DESC;`. The results are displayed in a grid with four columns: driver\_id, reg\_num, report\_num, and damage\_amount. The data is as follows:

	driver_id	reg_num	report_num	damage_amount
▶	A02	KA053408	12	25000
	A03	KA095477	13	25000
	A01	KA052250	11	10000
	A05	KA041702	15	5000
*	A04	KA031181	14	3000
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Query 5: Find the Average Damage Amount.

68 • `SELECT AVG(DAMAGE_AMOUNT) FROM PARTICIPATED;`

The screenshot shows a database query results window. The query is: `SELECT AVG(DAMAGE_AMOUNT) FROM PARTICIPATED;`. The results are displayed in a grid with one column: AVG(DAMAGE\_AMOUNT). The data is as follows:

AVG(DAMAGE_AMOUNT)
13600.0000

Query 8: List the name of drivers whose Damage is Greater than the Average Damage Amount.

70 • `SELECT NAME FROM PERSON A, PARTICIPATED B WHERE A.DRIVER_ID = B.DRIVER_ID AND DAMAGE_AMOUNT > (SELECT AVG(DAMAGE_AMOUNT) FROM PARTICIPATED);`

The screenshot shows a database query results window. The query is: `SELECT NAME FROM PERSON A, PARTICIPATED B WHERE A.DRIVER_ID = B.DRIVER_ID AND DAMAGE_AMOUNT > (SELECT AVG(DAMAGE_AMOUNT) FROM PARTICIPATED);`. The results are displayed in a grid with one column: NAME. The data is as follows:

NAME
Pradeep
Smith

## Query 9: Find Maximum Damage Amount.

```
73 •   SELECT MAX(DAMAGE_AMOUNT) FROM PARTICIPATED;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: [ ] Export: [ ]

MAX(DAMAGE_AMOUNT)
25000