```
SELECT Student_Name AS Name, Student_Age AS Age
FROM Students;
Names of students starting with 'J':
SELECT Student_Name
FROM Students
WHERE Student Name LIKE 'J%';
Total number of students:
SELECT COUNT(*) AS Total_Students
FROM Students;
Highest grade achieved by any student:
SELECT MAX(Grade) AS Highest_Grade
FROM Students;
Alias "Total_Grade" for sum of all grades:
SELECT SUM(Grade) AS Total_Grade
FROM Students;
Names of students containing 'son' in their names:
SELECT Student_Name
FROM Students
WHERE Student_Name LIKE '%son%';
Group students by grades and count for each grade:
SELECT Grade, COUNT(*) AS Count_Of_Students
FROM Students
GROUP BY Grade;
Average age of female students:
SELECT AVG(Age) AS Avg Age Female
FROM Students
WHERE Gender = 'Female';
Average grade of students older than 18:
SELECT AVG(Grade) AS Avg_Grade_Over_18
FROM Students
WHERE Age > 18;
Names of students ending with 'a':
SELECT Student_Name
FROM Students
WHERE Student_Name LIKE '%a';
```

Group students by age and average grade for each age group:

Retrieve names and ages, renaming columns:

SELECT Age, AVG(Grade) AS Avg_Grade
FROM Students
GROUP BY Age;

Age groups with an average age greater than 17: SELECT Age, AVG(Age) AS Avg_Age FROM Students GROUP BY Age HAVING AVG(Age) > 17;

Genders with total count of students more than 2:
SELECT Gender, COUNT(*) AS Total_Count
FROM Students
GROUP BY Gender
HAVING COUNT(*) > 2;