# "Calibrating the Sun" via Muon Capture on the Deuteron $\mu + d \rightarrow n + n + \nu$

# "MuSun"

#### 4<sup>th</sup> Joint meeting of the APS and PSJ, Oct 2014

Measurement of the dµd quartet-to-doublet fusion ratio ( $\lambda_q$ :  $\lambda_d$ ) and the µd hyperfine rate  $\lambda_{qd}$  using the fusion neutrons from µ stops in D<sub>2</sub> gas.

- Nandita Raha, University of Kentucky for the MuSun Collaboration

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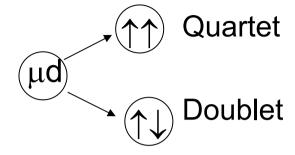


# **Experimental Goal and Motivation**

Measure muon capture rate in D<sub>2</sub> to a precision better than

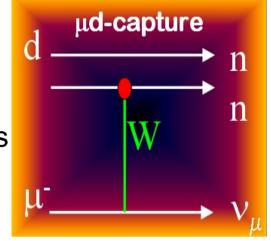
1.5% + d  $\rightarrow$  n + n +  $\nu_{\mu}$ 

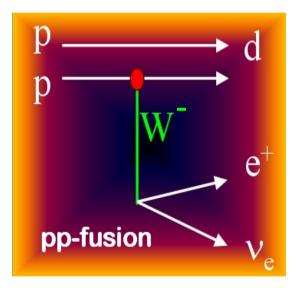
Rate  $\Lambda_d$  from  $\mu d$  ( $\uparrow \downarrow$ ) atom



My Goal: To find relative populations of hyperfine states

finally used for measuring  $\Lambda_d$ 





Help understand weak nuclear reactions:

Solar pp fusion:  $p + p \rightarrow d + e^+ + v_e$ 

Neutrino interaction:  $v + d \rightarrow p + p + e^{-}$ 

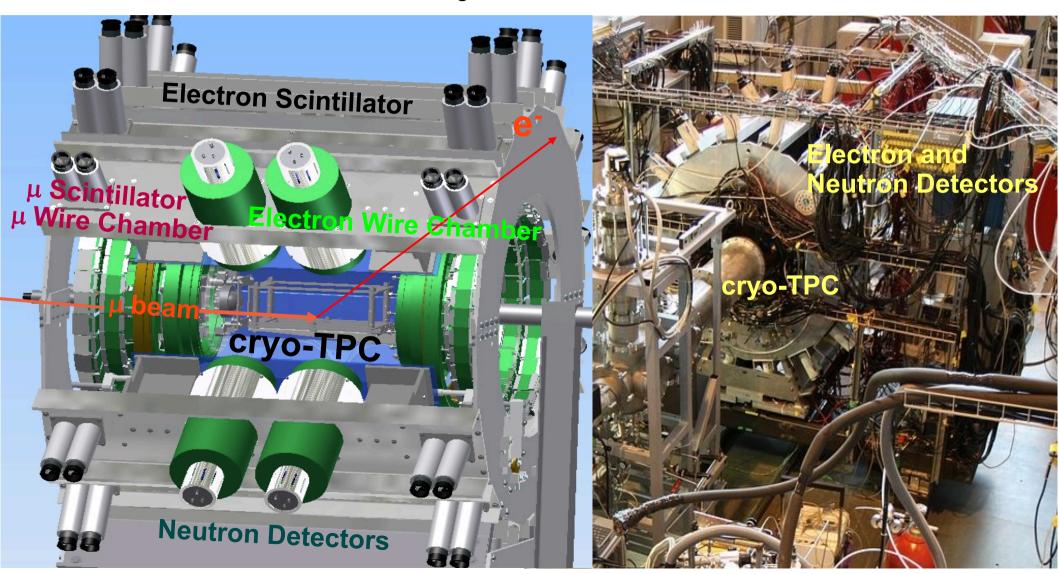
Double beta decay ...

These reactions involve a poorly known two-nucleon weak axial current. The muon capture rate  $\Lambda_d$  determines a single LEC that parametrizes this two-nucleon weak axial current.

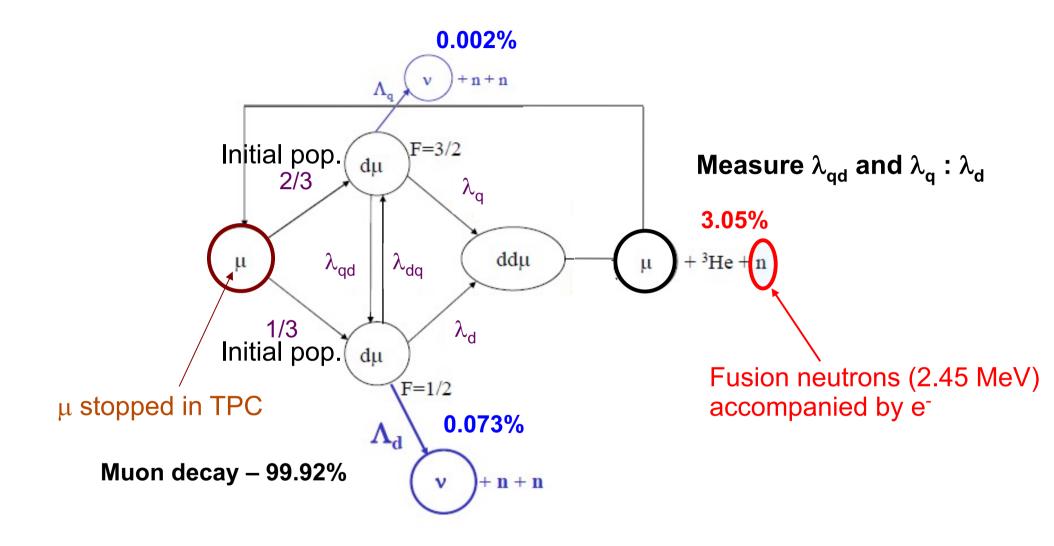
# **Experiment Overview**

#### **Experimental Setup:**

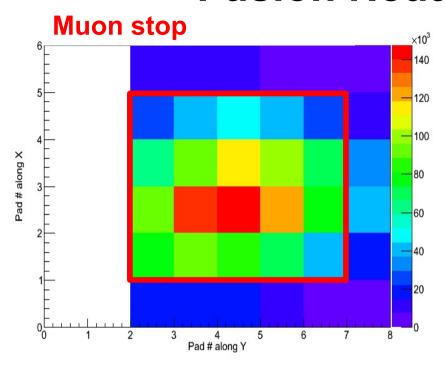
Muons (Z - axis) enter Al vessel (~ 3 mm)– TPC (10 x 10 x 8.2 cm). X - horizontal and Y - vertical. Target deuterium.

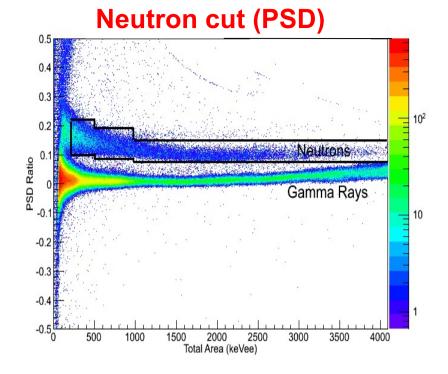


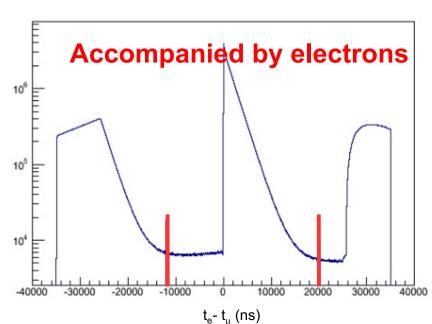
#### **Muon Chemistry**

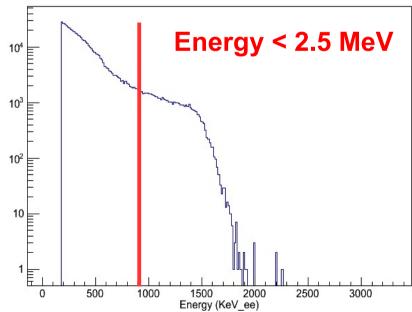


#### **Fusion Neutron definition:**



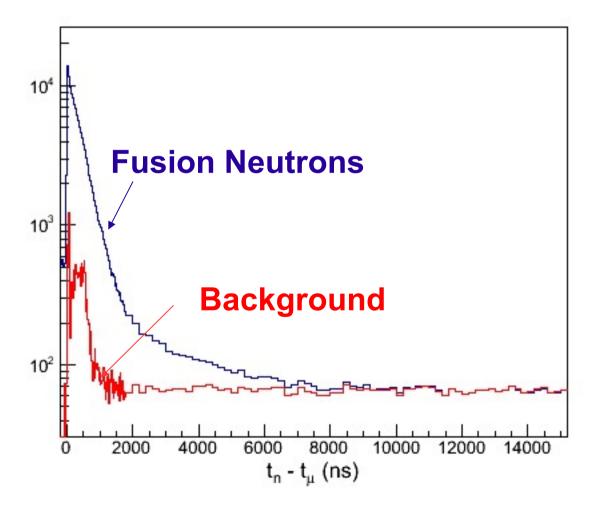






#### **Fusion Neutron Time Distribution**

**Time distribution**: Time of neutron relative to the muon entrance time. All **fusion neutron** cuts applied gives time distribution in blue Contains accidental **background** from accelerator and beamline neutrons. Subtracted background histogram and fitted it.



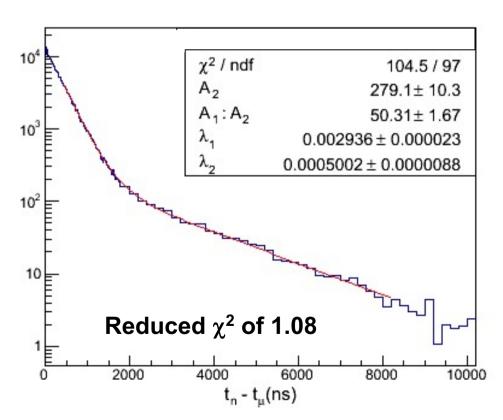


#### Lifetime Fit of Fusion time distribution

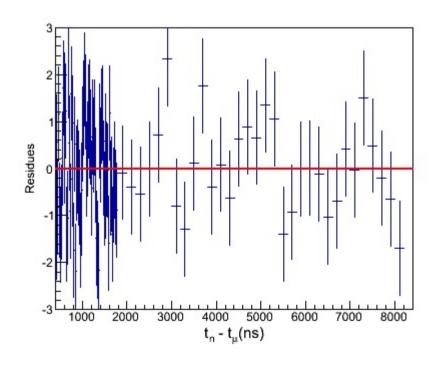
**Lifetime fit:** A two lifetime ( $\lambda_1$  and  $\lambda_2$ ) fit function from the general solution of muon chemistry gives the fusion time distribution as,

$$n(t) = A_1 e^{-\lambda_1 t} + A_2 e^{-\lambda_2 t}$$

Fitted the background subtracted histogram with above fit function on a flat background = 0. Fit parameters  $A_1:A_2$ , prompt lifetime rate  $\lambda_1$  and and slow rate  $\lambda_2$ ,  $A_2$  – Initial population.



Residue =  $\frac{y(t) - y_i}{\sigma}$ 



# **Results from Analytical Solutions**

Differential equations of the population of states derived from the muon chemistry were solved to find kinematic parameters  $\lambda_{qd}$  and  $\lambda_{q}$ :  $\lambda_{d}$  from the fit results.

$$\lambda_1 \sim \phi (\lambda_{ad} - \lambda_{u})$$

$$\lambda_2 \sim \phi \ \lambda_{\mu}$$

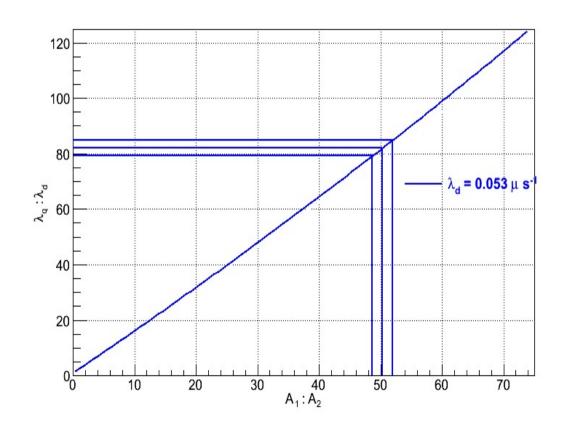
$$\lambda_{qd} \sim (\lambda_2 - \lambda_1) / \phi$$

Thus the difference in  $\lambda_2 - \lambda_1$  gave  $\lambda_{\rm ad}$  = 39.67 (0.4)

Amplitude ratio

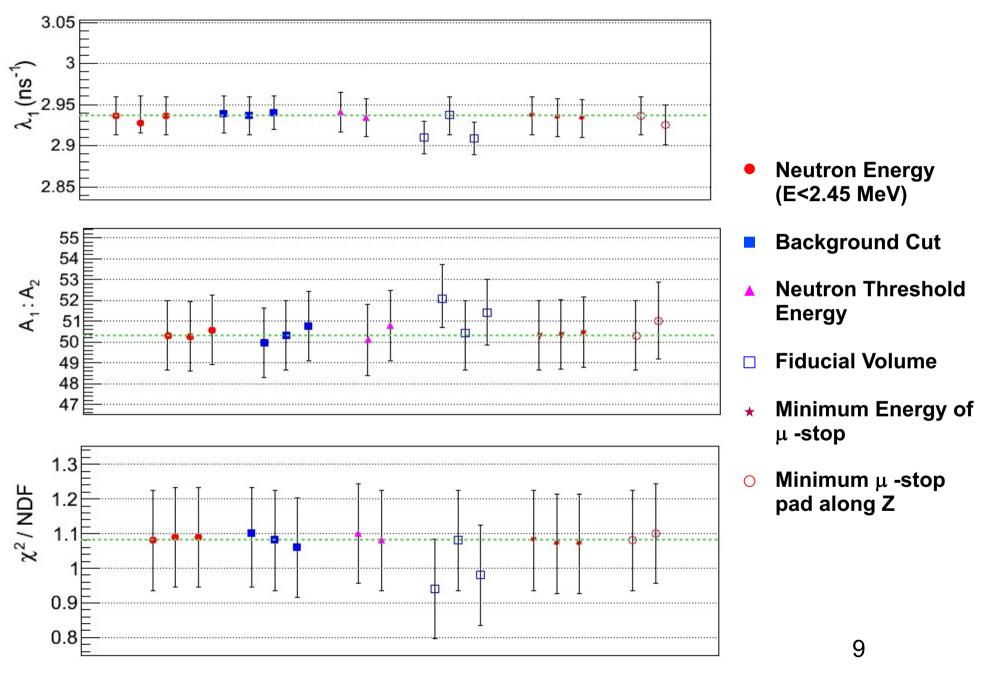
$$A_1: A_2 = f(\lambda_q: \lambda_d)$$

A plot of amplitude ratio versus  $\lambda_q$ :  $\lambda_d$  gave  $\lambda_q$ :  $\lambda_d$  = 82.05 (2.89)



# **Systematic Errors**

Shows stable fit results. The horizontal green line shows original values (before



# **Preliminary Results**

The transition rate of muonic deuterium from quartet to double state at a temperature 34 K and density 6.12% LH<sub>2</sub>

$$\lambda_{qd} = 39.67 \pm 0.402_{stat} \pm 0.032_{sys} \, \mu s^{-1?}$$

The dµd formation rate from quartet state to double state  $\lambda_q / \lambda_d = 82.05 \pm 2.89_{stat} \pm 2.78_{svs}$ 

Experiment	Year	$\lambda_{qd}$ ( $\mu$ s <sup>-1</sup> )	$\lambda_{q}:\lambda_{d}$	Density	Temp (K)
SIN [1]	1983	37.0 <sup>+1.3</sup>	79.5(8.0)	4.8 %	34.7
PSI [2]	1987	36.89 (0.8)	80.17(7.8)	4.83 %	40
Dubna [3]	1991	37.84 (21)	65.51(0.59)	4.9 %	53
PSI (PNPI) [4]	2011	37.1 (3)	80.98(1.59)	5.14 %	32.2
This work	2014	39.67 (0.4)	82.05(4.01)	6.12 %	34

- 1. First observation of muonic hyperfine effects in pure deuterium P. Kammel et al. Phys.Rev. A28 2611-2622 (1983)
- 2. Muon Catalysed dd fusion b/w 25 to 150 K: Experiment J. Zmeskal et. al. Phy. Rev. Vol. 42, # 3. 1987
- 3. D. V. Balin et al., Muon Catalyzed Fusion 5/6, 163(1990/1991).
- 4. High precision study of Muon Catalyzed Fusion in D2 and HD gas D. V. Balin et al.



#### Conclusion

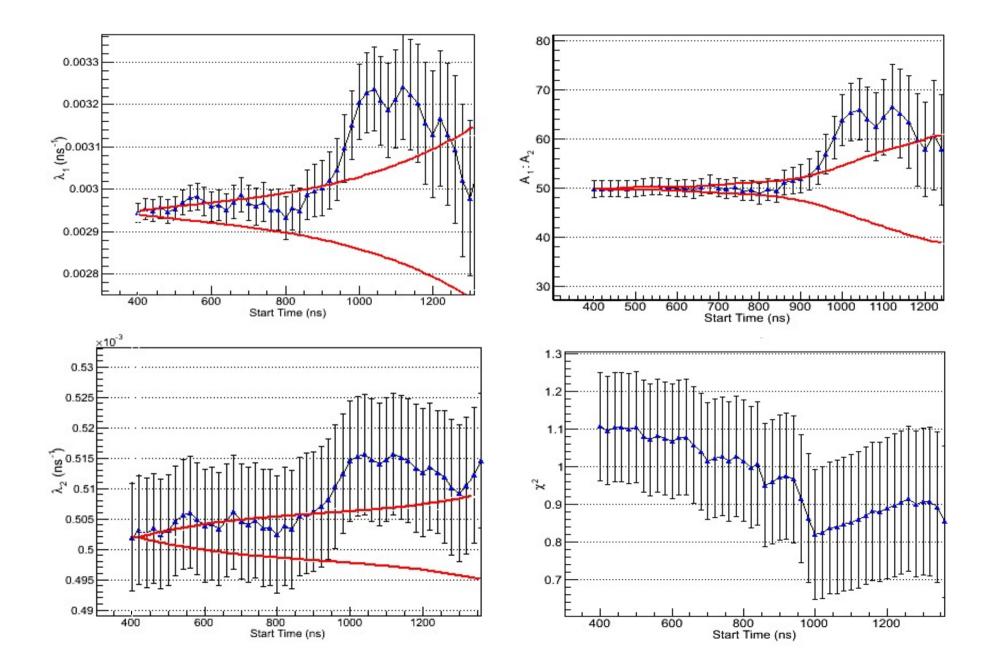
We obtain quite stable results which would help us find the relative populations of  $\mu d$  in quartet and doublet states under our experimental conditions. The relative population of the doublet state from this analysis will be further used by MuSun to ultimately find  $\Lambda_d$ 

# **Thank You!**



# Back up Slides

# **Start Time Scan for Fit Range**



# **Stop Time Scan for Fit Range**

