

LEETCODE PROBLEM – 26

26. Remove Duplicates from Sorted Array

Easy Topics Companies Hint

Given an integer array `nums` sorted in **non-decreasing order**, remove the duplicates **in-place** such that each unique element appears only **once**. The **relative order** of the elements should be kept the **same**.

Consider the number of **unique elements** in `nums` to be `k`. After removing duplicates, return the number of unique elements `k`.

The first `k` elements of `nums` should contain the unique numbers in **sorted order**. The remaining elements beyond index `k - 1` can be ignored.

Custom Judge:

The judge will test your solution with the following code:

```
int[] nums = [...]; // Input array
int[] expectedNums = [...]; // The expected answer with correct length

int k = removeDuplicates(nums); // Calls your implementation

assert k == expectedNums.length;
for (int i = 0; i < k; i++) {
    assert nums[i] == expectedNums[i];
}
```

If all assertions pass, then your solution will be **accepted**.

Example 1:

```
Input: nums = [1,1,2]
Output: 2, nums = [1,2,]
Explanation: Your function should return k = 2, with the first two elements of nums being 1 and 2 respectively.
It does not matter what you leave beyond the returned k (hence they are underscores).
```

Example 2:

```
Input: nums = [0,0,1,1,1,2,2,3,3,4]
Output: 5, nums = [0,1,2,3,4,_,_,_,_,_]
Explanation: Your function should return k = 5, with the first five elements of nums being 0, 1, 2, 3, and 4 respectively.
It does not matter what you leave beyond the returned k (hence they are underscores).
```

Constraints:

- `1 <= nums.length <= 3 * 104`
- `-100 <= nums[i] <= 100`
- `nums` is sorted in **non-decreasing order**.

</> Code

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```
1 int removeDuplicates(int* nums, int numsSize) {
2     if (numsSize == 0)
3         return 0;
4
5     int i = 0;
6
7     for (int j = 1; j < numsSize; j++) {
8         if (nums[j] != nums[i]) {
9             i++;
10            nums[i] = nums[j];
11        }
12    }
13    return i + 1;
14 }
15 }
```

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

Case 1 Case 2

Input

```
nums =  
[1,1,2]
```

Output

```
[1,2]
```

Expected

```
[1,2]
```

 Contribute a testcase