MLSA INTERNSHIP PROJECT

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BRANCH: CSE

SECTION: 3C(SECOND YEAR)

DOMAIN: WEV DEVELOPMENT

CALCULATOR

PROJECT -2

: Introduction to the Calculator Application

•Purpose of the Project:

- Create a basic calculator to perform arithmetic operations.
- Use HTML for structure, CSS for styling, and JavaScript for functionality.

•Features:

- Basic operations: addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division.
- Clear (AC) and delete (DE) buttons.

HTML Structure

- •Main Components:
 - •Container: <div class="calculator"> holds the calculator elements.
 - •**Display:** <input type="text" name="display"> shows the current input and result.
 - •Buttons: Various <input type="button"> elements for digits and operations.

Button Layout

- Button Grouping:
- Operators and Controls:
- Clear (AC), Delete (DE), Decimal (.), and Division (/).
- •Number Buttons:
- •Rows for digits 7-9, 4-6, 1-3, 00, and 0.
- •Equal Button:
- •Triggers calculation with = button.

JavaScript Functionality

- •Event Handlers:
- •Each button uses onclick attributes to update the display.
- •Operations are performed using the eval() function for the equal button.
- Example of Button Functionality:
- •Clear Button: Resets the display.
- Delete Button: Removes the last character from the display.
- •Equal Button: Evaluates the expression shown in the display.

CSS Styling

- •Styling Overview:
 - Container Styling: Centered alignment with a light blue background.
 - Calculator Styling: Dark background with padding and rounded corners.
 - Input Buttons: Transparent background, box shadow for depth, and hover effects

•HTML and CSS Combined:

 Present the complete code for the calculator, showing how HTML, CSS, and JavaScript work together.

•Key Takeaways:

- Structure: HTML organizes the components.
- Style: CSS enhances the visual appearance.
- Interactivity: JavaScript adds functionality to the buttons.

THANKYOU