

* penerapan sistem persamaan linear dua dan tiga variabel

1. Diket = $H_1 = 10$ Tiket. 1 Bundel tiket = x lembar
 $H_2 = \frac{1}{2} (x - 10)$

$H_3 = 5$ Tiket.

Sisa = 2 Tiket

Tentukan 1 bundel Tiket ?

$x = 10 + \frac{1}{2} (x - 10) + 5 + 2$

$x = 10 + \frac{1}{2}x - 5 + 5 + 2$

$x - \frac{1}{2}x = 10 + 2$

1 bundel tiket sebanyak = 24 //

$x - \frac{1}{2}x = 12$

$\frac{1}{2}x = 12 = 24$

2. Umur Ayah sekarang = x

Umur ayah sekarang = y

Diket = $x - 7 = 6(y - 2)$

$x - 7 = 6y - 12$

$x - 6y = -5$

$2(x + 4) = 5(y + 4) + 9$

$2x + 8 = 5y + 20 + 9$

$2x - 5y = 21$

maka :

$$\begin{array}{r|l} x - 6y = -5 & x - 5 \\ 2x - 5y = 21 & x - 6 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} -5x + 30y = 175 \\ -2x + 30y = -126 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 7x = 301 \\ x = 43 \end{array}$$

maka Umur ayah sekarang = 43 //

3. Diket = kakak = x

Adik = y

$\frac{y - 10}{x - 10} = \frac{2}{3}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{y}{x} = \frac{4}{5}$
 $3y - 30 = 2x - 20$ $5y = 4x$
 $3y - 2x = 10$ $\frac{5y}{4} = x$

$3y - 2x = 10$
 $3y - 2 \cdot \frac{5y}{4} = 10$
 $3y - \frac{5y}{2} = 10$
 $\frac{6y - 5y}{2} = 10$
 $\frac{y}{2} = 10$
 $y = 20$
 $x = \frac{5y}{4} = \frac{5 \cdot 20}{4} = 25$

• Sepuluh tahun yg akan datang.

Adik : kakak = $20 + 10 : 25 + 10$

$30 : 35 = 6 : 7$

4. Diket = A = $80x + 20y = 2960$ $x = \text{dagim}$
 B = $70x + 40y = 3040$ $y = \text{ikan}$

Tentukan harga ikan pada toko A dan B.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 80x + 20y & = & 2960 \quad / \times 2 \\ 70x + 40y & = & 3040 \quad / \times 1 \\ \hline 160x + 40y & = & 5920 \\ 70x + 40y & = & 3040 \quad - \\ \hline 90x & = & 2880 \\ x & = & 32 \end{array}$$

~~A~~ $80x + 20y = 2960$ ~~B = 70x + 40y~~

$$\begin{aligned} 80 \cdot 32 + 20y &= 2960 \\ 2560 + 20y &= 2960 \\ 20y &= 2960 - 2560 \\ 20y &= 400 \\ y &= 20 \end{aligned}$$

Jadi harga ikan pada kedua toko = 20.000

5. Diket Agus = $4L + 2B = 74.000$ $L = \text{lambun}$
 Bardi = $2L + 3B = 55.000$ $B = \text{hariblan}$

Ditanyakan $5L = \dots ?$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 4L + 2B & = & 74.000 \quad / \times 3 \\ 2L + 3B & = & 55.000 \quad / \times 2 \\ \hline 12L + 6B & = & 222.000 \\ 4L + 6B & = & 110.000 \quad - \\ \hline 8L & = & 112.000 \\ L & = & 14.000 \end{array}$$

$$5L = 5 \cdot 14.000$$

$$= 70.000 //$$