

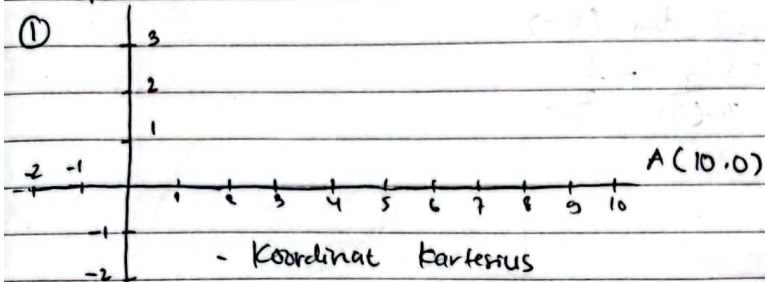
Tugas kalkulus pertemuan 3

Nandany Duryat -

Ti.23.C4 UPB

ppt 3.1

①



$$r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \quad \tan \theta = \frac{y}{x}$$

$$r = \sqrt{100 + 0}$$

$$r = 10$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{10}{0}$$

$$A(10, 0^\circ)$$

Koordinat kutub

$$\tan \theta = 0$$

$$\theta = 0^\circ$$

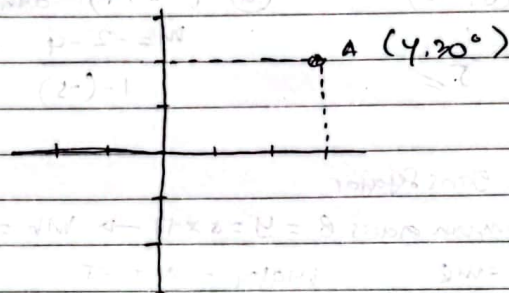
② Koordinat kutub

$$A(4, 30^\circ)$$

$$x = r \cos \theta \quad y = r \sin \theta$$

$$x = 4 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \quad = 4 \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = 2\sqrt{3} \quad y = 2$$



ppt slide 3.2

① Nyatakan persamaan Garisnya = $y = mx + c$

a) $2x - 5y = 7$

$$2x - 7 = -5y$$

$$5y = -2x + 7$$

$$y = \frac{-2}{5}x + \frac{7}{5}$$

c) $-3 + 6y = 8$

$$6y = 3x + 8$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{4}{3}$$

b) $5x + 3y = -15$

$$3y = -5x - 15$$

$$y = \frac{-5}{3}x - 5$$

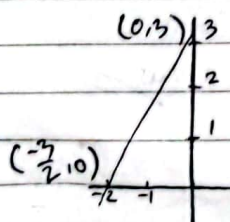
d) $-5x + 4y = -10$

$$4y = 5x - 10$$

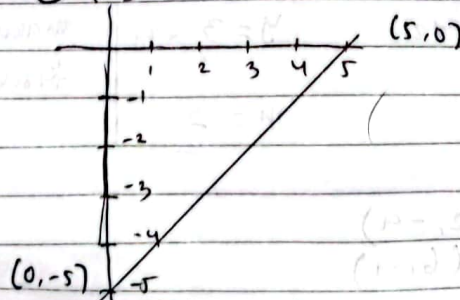
$$y = \frac{5}{4}x - \frac{5}{2}$$

② Gambarkan Grafik

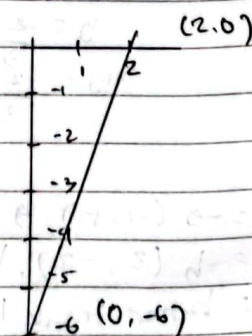
a) $y = 2x + 3$



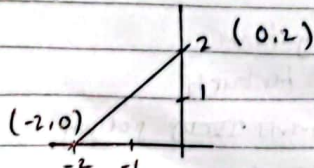
b) $y = x - 5$



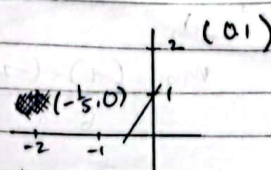
c) $y = 3x - 6$



d) $y = x + 2$



e) $y = 5x + 1$



①

③ Tentukan Gradien

a) (2,4) dan (5,8)

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$m = \frac{8-4}{5-2} = \frac{4}{3}$$

b) (-1,3) dan (3,5)

$$m = \frac{5-3}{3-(-1)} = \frac{1}{2}$$

c) (1,3) dan (6,-2)

$$m = \frac{-2-3}{6-1} = -\frac{5}{5} = -1$$

d) (-5,4) dan (1,-2)

$$m = \frac{-2-4}{1-(-5)} = -\frac{6}{6} = -1$$

4) a) Dik = kedua garis sejajar

$$\text{Persamaan garis } B = y = 5x + 7 \rightarrow m_b = 5$$

$$\text{Jawab} = m_a = m_b \quad \text{Maka} = m_x = 5$$

$$y = 5x + 7$$

↳ Gradien

b) Dik = kedua garis tegak lurus

$$\text{Persamaan garis } A = y = 5x - 2 \rightarrow m_a = 5$$

$$\text{Jawab} = m_1 = -\frac{1}{m_b}$$

$$m_1 = -\frac{1}{5}$$

c) Diketahui = garis g = $2x + 3y = 6$

$$\text{garis h} = 3x - 2y = -2$$

Dit = sejajar / tegak lurus?

Jawab = garis g

$$3y = -2x + 6$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 2$$

$$m_g = -\frac{2}{3}$$

garis h

$$2y = 3x - 2$$

$$y = \frac{3}{2}x - 1$$

$$m_h = \frac{3}{2}$$

Rumus Gradien tegak lurus

$$m_g = m_h = -1$$

maka, kedua garis

tersebut tegak lurus //

d) Dik = g (-1,5), g (2,-4)

= h (3,-2), h (6,-1)

Dit = benar tegak lurus?

Jawab = g

$$m_g = \frac{(-4)-5}{2-(-1)}$$

$$= -9$$

h

$$m_h = \frac{(-1)-(-2)}{6-3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}$$

dari pernyataan

tersebut terbukti

kedua garis ~~tersebut~~ saling

tegak lurus //



2)

ppt slide 3.3

① tentukan Gradien!

④ $2y = 5x - 1$

$$y = \frac{5}{2}x - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$m = \frac{5}{2}$$

⑥ $3x - 4y = 16$

$$4y = 3x - 16$$

$$y = \frac{3}{4}x - 4$$

$$m = \frac{3}{4}$$

hal 13

① Dik: $(0,0)$ dan $(3,2)$

Dit: $m = ?$

$$\text{Jawab: } m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{2 - 0}{3 - 0} = \frac{2}{3}$$

② Dik: $(0,0)$ dan $(-3,3)$

Dit: $m = ?$

$$\text{Jawab: } m = \frac{3 - 0}{-3 - 0} = -1$$

hal 15

① ~~Dik~~ tentukan gradien!

④ A $(1,2)$ dan B $(3,0)$

$$m = \frac{0 - 2}{3 - 1} = -1$$

⑥ C $(-3,1)$ dan D $(-2,-5)$

$$m = \frac{-5 - 1}{-2 - (-3)} = \frac{-6}{-2 - (-3)} = -6$$

hal 17

① Dik melalui titik $(3,5)$

$$m = \frac{1}{2}$$

Dit: pers. garis = ?

$$\text{Jwb: } y - 5 = \frac{1}{2}(x - 3) \\ y = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{7}{2}$$

② Dik: melalui titik $(-2,3)$

$$m = 2$$

Dit: pers. garis = ?

$$\text{Jwb: } y - 3 = 2(x - (-2)) \\ y = 2x + 7$$

hal 19

① $(0,1)$ dan $(1,-6)$

$$\frac{y - y_1}{y_2 - y_1} = \frac{x - x_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$\frac{y - 1}{(-6) - 1} = \frac{x - 0}{1 - 0}$$

$$\frac{y - 1}{-7} = \frac{x}{1}$$

$$y = -7x + 1$$

② $(2,3)$ dan $(1,0)$

$$\frac{y - 3}{0 - 3} = \frac{x - 2}{1 - 2}$$

$$\frac{y - 3}{-3} = \frac{x - 2}{-1}$$

$$-y + 3 = -3x + 6$$

$$y = 3x - 3$$