Final Project - Analyzing Sales Data

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Course: Pandas Foundation

```
# import data
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv("sample-store.csv")
```

```
# preview top 5 rows
df.head(15)
```

	Row ID	Order ID	Order Date	Ship Date	Ship Mode	Customer ID	Customer Name	Segment	Country/Region	City
0	1	CA- 2019- 152156	11/8/2019	11/11/2019	Second Class	CG- 12520	Claire Gute	Consumer	United States	Hender
1	2	CA- 2019- 152156	11/8/2019	11/11/2019	Second Class	CG- 12520	Claire Gute	Consumer	United States	Hender
2	3	CA- 2019- 138688	6/12/2019	6/16/2019	Second Class	DV- 13045	Darrin Van Huff	Corporate	United States	Los Angele:
3	4	US- 2018- 108966	10/11/2018	10/18/2018	Standard Class	SO- 20335	Sean O'Donnell	Consumer	United States	Fort Lauder
4	5	US- 2018- 108966	10/11/2018	10/18/2018	Standard Class	SO- 20335	Sean O'Donnell	Consumer	United States	Fort Lauder
5	6	CA- 2017- 115812	6/9/2017	6/14/2017	Standard Class	BH- 11710	Brosina Hoffman	Consumer	United States	Los Angele:
6	7	CA- 2017- 115812	6/9/2017	6/14/2017	Standard Class	BH- 11710	Brosina Hoffman	Consumer	United States	Los Angele:
7	8	CA- 2017- 115812	6/9/2017	6/14/2017	Standard Class	BH- 11710	Brosina Hoffman	Consumer	United States	Los Angele:
8	9	CA- 2017- 115812	6/9/2017	6/14/2017	Standard Class	BH- 11710	Brosina Hoffman	Consumer	United States	Los Angele:
9	10	CA- 2017- 115812	6/9/2017	6/14/2017	Standard Class	BH- 11710	Brosina Hoffman	Consumer	United States	Los Angele:
10	11	CA- 2017- 115812	6/9/2017	6/14/2017	Standard Class	BH- 11710	Brosina Hoffman	Consumer	United States	Los Angele:
11	12	CA- 2017- 115812	6/9/2017	6/14/2017	Standard Class	BH- 11710	Brosina Hoffman	Consumer	United States	Los Angele:
12	13	CA- 2020- 114412	4/15/2020	4/20/2020	Standard Class	AA- 10480	Andrew Allen	Consumer	United States	Concor
13	14	CA- 2019- 161389	12/5/2019	12/10/2019	Standard Class	IM-15070	Irene Maddox	Consumer	United States	Seattle
14	15	US- 2018- 118983	11/22/2018	11/26/2018	Standard Class	HP- 14815	Harold Pawlan	Home Office	United States	Fort Wo

```
# shape of dataframe
df.shape
```

(9994, 21)

```
# see data frame information using .info()
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 9994 entries, 0 to 9993
Data columns (total 21 columns):
```

20.00	00000000	00 00	
#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Row ID	9994 non-null	int64
1	Order ID	9994 non-null	object
2	Order Date	9994 non-null	object
3	Ship Date	9994 non-null	object
4	Ship Mode	9994 non-null	object
5	Customer ID	9994 non-null	object
6	Customer Name	9994 non-null	object
7	Segment	9994 non-null	object
8	Country/Region	9994 non-null	object
9	City	9994 non-null	object
10	State	9994 non-null	object
11	Postal Code	9983 non-null	float64
12	Region	9994 non-null	object
13	Product ID	9994 non-null	object
14	Category	9994 non-null	object

We can use pd.to_datetime() function to convert columns 'Order Date' and 'Ship Date' to datetime.

```
# example of pd.to_datetime() function
pd.to_datetime(df['Order Date'].head(), format='%m/%d/%Y')
```

```
0 2019-11-08

1 2019-11-08

2 2019-06-12

3 2018-10-11

4 2018-10-11

Name: Order Date, dtype: datetime64[ns]
```

```
# TODO - convert order date and ship date to datetime in the original dataframe

df['Order Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Order Date'], format='%m/%d/%Y')

df['Ship Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Ship Date'], format='%m/%d/%Y')

df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 9994 entries, 0 to 9993
Data columns (total 21 columns):
                    Non-Null Count Dtype
#
    Column
---
    ----
                    _____
                                    ____
0
    Row ID
                    9994 non-null
                                    int64
1
    Order ID
                    9994 non-null
                                    object
    Order Date
                                    datetime64[ns]
2
                    9994 non-null
 3
    Ship Date
                    9994 non-null
                                    datetime64[ns]
 4
    Ship Mode
                    9994 non-null
                                    object
    Customer ID
                                    object
                    9994 non-null
 6
    Customer Name
                    9994 non-null
                                    object
7
    Segment
                    9994 non-null
                                    object
    Country/Region 9994 non-null
8
                                    object
9
    City
                    9994 non-null
                                    object
10 State
                    9994 non-null
                                    object
11 Postal Code
                    9983 non-null
                                    float64
12 Region
                    9994 non-null
                                    object
13 Product ID
                    9994 non-null
                                    object
14 Category
                    9994 non-null
                                    object
```

```
# TODO - count nan in postal code column
df['Postal Code'].isna().sum()
```

TODO - filter rows with missing values df[df['Postal Code'].isna()]

	Row ID	Order ID	Order Date	Ship Date	Ship Mode	Customer ID	Customer Name	Segment	Country/Region	City	
2234	2235	CA- 2020- 104066	2020- 12-05	2020- 12-10	Standard Class	QJ-19255	Quincy Jones	Corporate	United States	Burlington	
5274	5275	CA- 2018- 162887	2018- 11-07	2018- 11-09	Second Class	SV-20785	Stewart Visinsky	Consumer	United States	Burlington	
8798	8799	US- 2019- 150140	2019- 04-06	2019- 04-10	Standard Class	VM- 21685	Valerie Mitchum	Home Office	United States	Burlington	
9146	9147	US- 2019- 165505	2019- 01-23	2019- 01-27	Standard Class	CB- 12535	Claudia Bergmann	Corporate	United States	Burlington	
9147	9148	US- 2019- 165505	2019- 01-23	2019- 01-27	Standard Class	CB- 12535	Claudia Bergmann	Corporate	United States	Burlington	
9148	9149	US- 2019- 165505	2019- 01-23	2019- 01-27	Standard Class	CB- 12535	Claudia Bergmann	Corporate	United States	Burlington	
9386	9387	US- 2020- 127292	2020- 01-19	2020- 01-23	Standard Class	RM- 19375	Raymond Messe	Consumer	United States	Burlington	
9387	9388	US- 2020- 127292	2020- 01-19	2020- 01-23	Standard Class	RM- 19375	Raymond Messe	Consumer	United States	Burlington	
9388	9389	US- 2020- 127292		2020- 01-23	Standard Class	RM- 19375	Raymond Messe	Consumer	United States	Burlington	
9389	9390	US- 2020- 127292		2020- 01-23		RM- 19375	Raymond Messe	Consumer	United States	Burlington	
9741	9742	CA- 2018- 117086		2018- 11-12	Standard Class	QJ-19255	Quincy Jones	Corporate	United States	Burlington	

TODO - Explore this dataset on your owns, ask your own questions
Which state is make slae the most
df['State'].value_counts()

California	2001
New York	1128
Texas	985
Pennsylvania	587
Washington	506
-	
Illinois	492
Ohio	469
Florida	383
Michigan	255
North Carolina	249
Arizona	224
Virginia	224
_	
Georgia	184
Tennessee	183
Colorado	182
Indiana	149
Kentucky	139
Massachusetts	135
New Jersey	130
Oregon	124
-	
Wisconsin	110
Maryland	105
Delaware	96
Minnesota	89
Connecticut	82
Oklahoma	66
Missouri	66
Alabama	61
Arkansas	60
Rhode Island	56
Utah	53
Mississippi	53
Louisiana	42
South Carolina	42
Nevada	39
Nebraska	38
New Mexico	37
	_
Iowa	30
New Hampshire	27
Kansas	24
Idaho	21
Montana	15
South Dakota	12
Vermont	11
District of Columb	oia 10
Maine	
	8 _
North Dakota	7
West Virginia	4
Wyoming	1
Name: State, dty	_
manner State, uty	ااال0 1

Data Analysis Part

Answer 10 below questions to get credit from this course. Write pandas code to find answers.

```
# TODO 01 – how many columns, rows in this dataset df.shape

(9994, 21)
```

```
# TODO 02 - is there any missing values?, if there is, which column? how many nan nan = df.isna().sum()
nan
```

Row ID 0 Order ID 0 Order Date 0 Ship Date 0 Ship Mode 0 Customer ID **Customer Name** Segment 0 0 Country/Region City 0 State 0 Postal Code 11 Region 0 Product ID Category Sub-Category 0 Product Name Sales 0 Quantity Discount 0 0 Profit dtype: int64

```
# TODO 03 - your friend ask for `California` data, filter it and export csv for h
California = df[df['State']== 'California']
California.to_csv('California_sales.csv')
```

result.head()

	Row ID	Order ID	Order Date	Ship Date	Ship Mode	Customer ID	Customer Name	Segment	Country/Region	City	 Pos
5	6	CA- 2017- 115812	2017- 06-09	2017- 06-14		BH- 11710	Brosina Hoffman	Consumer	United States	Los Angeles	 900
6	7	CA- 2017- 115812	2017- 06-09		Standard Class	BH- 11710	Brosina Hoffman	Consumer	United States	Los Angeles	 900
7	8	CA- 2017- 115812	2017- 06-09	2017- 06-14		BH- 11710	Brosina Hoffman	Consumer	United States	Los Angeles	 900
8	9	CA- 2017- 115812	2017- 06-09	2017- 06-14	Standard Class	ВН- 11710	Brosina Hoffman	Consumer	United States	Los Angeles	 900
9	10	CA- 2017- 115812	2017- 06-09	2017- 06-14		BH- 11710	Brosina Hoffman	Consumer	United States	Los Angeles	 900

5 rows × 21 columns

```
# TODO 05 - how much total sales, average sales, and standard deviation of sales
result2017 = df[df['Order Date'].dt.year == 2017]
sales2017 = result2017['Sales'].agg(['sum', 'mean', 'std'])
sales2017
```

sum 484247.498100 mean 242.974159 std 754.053357 Name: Sales, dtype: float64

Segment

Consumer 28460.1665 Corporate 20688.3248 Home Office 12470.1124 Name: Profit, dtype: float64

State

New Hampshire49.05New Mexico64.08District of Columbia117.07Louisiana249.80South Carolina502.48Name: Sales, dtype: float64

```
# TODO 08 - what is the proportion of total sales (%) in West + Central in 2019 e
region2019 = df[df['Order Date'].dt.year == 2019].groupby('Region')['Sales'].agg(
sum_region2019 = region2019.sum()
west_cen = region2019.iloc[0] + region2019.iloc[3]
sales_west_central = (west_cen/sum_region2019)*100
sales_west_central
```

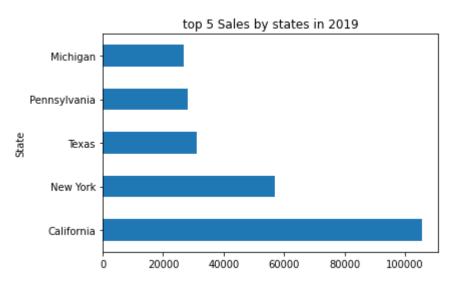
54.97479891837763

```
# TODO 09 - find top 10 popular products in terms of number of orders vs. total s
df2019_2020 = df.loc[(df['Order Date'] >= '01/01/2019')
                     & (df['Order Date'] <= '12/31/2020')]
top10 = df2019_2020['Product Name'].\
        value_counts().\
        sort_values(ascending=False).\
        head(10).reset_index()
total_sales = df2019_2020.\
              groupby('Product Name')['Sales'].\
              sum().\
              round(2).\
              sort_values(ascending=False).\
              head(10).reset_index()
result_top10 = pd.concat([top10, total_sales], axis=1)
result_top10.columns = ['Products top 10 hignest order','number order','product t
result_top10
```

	Products top 10 hignest order	number order	product top 10 high total sales	Sales
0	Easy-staple paper	27	Canon imageCLASS 2200 Advanced Copier	61599.82
1	Staples	24	Hewlett Packard LaserJet 3310 Copier	16079.73
2	Staple envelope	22	3D Systems Cube Printer, 2nd Generation, Magenta	14299.89
3	Staples in misc. colors	13	GBC Ibimaster 500 Manual ProClick Binding System	13621.54
4	Chromcraft Round Conference Tables	12	GBC DocuBind TL300 Electric Binding System	12737.26
5	Storex Dura Pro Binders	12	GBC DocuBind P400 Electric Binding System	12521.11
6	Staple remover	12	Samsung Galaxy Mega 6.3	12263.71
7	Global Wood Trimmed Manager's Task Chair, Khaki	11	HON 5400 Series Task Chairs for Big and Tall	11846.56
8	Avery Non-Stick Binders	11	Martin Yale Chadless Opener Electric Letter Op	11825.90
9	Sterilite Officeware Hinged File Box	10	Global Troy Executive Leather Low-Back Tilter	10169.89

```
# TODO 10 - plot at least 2 plots, any plot you think interesting :)
total_sales_2019 = date2019.groupby('State')['Sales'].agg('sum').sort_values(asce plot(kind = 'barh', title='top 5 Sales by states in 2019')
```

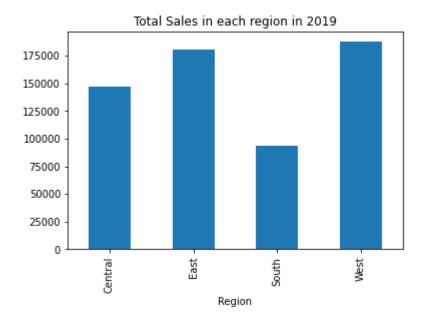
▲ Download



```
region2019.plot(kind = 'bar', title = 'Total Sales in each region in 2019')
```

<AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Total Sales in each region in 2019'}, xlabel='Reg</pre>

♣ Download



```
import numpy as np

# TODO Bonus - use np.where() to create new column in dataframe to help you answe
#Loss and profit
df['profit_loss'] = np.where(df['Profit']>0, "profit","loss")

df.head(10)
```

	Row ID	Order ID	Order Date	Ship Date	Ship Mode	Customer ID	Customer Name	Segment	Country/Region	City	
0	1	CA- 2019- 152156	2019- 11-08	2019- 11-11		CG- 12520	Claire Gute	Consumer	United States	Henderson	
1	2	CA- 2019- 152156	2019- 11-08	2019- 11-11	Second Class	CG- 12520	Claire Gute	Consumer	United States	Henderson	
2	3	CA- 2019- 138688	2019- 06-12	2019- 06-16	Second Class	DV- 13045	Darrin Van Huff	Corporate	United States	Los Angeles	
3	4	US- 2018- 108966	2018- 10-11	2018- 10-18	Standard Class	SO- 20335	Sean O'Donnell	Consumer	United States	Fort Lauderdale	
4	5	US- 2018- 108966	2018- 10-11	2018- 10-18	Standard Class	SO- 20335	Sean O'Donnell	Consumer	United States	Fort Lauderdale	
5	6	CA- 2017- 115812	2017- 06-09			BH- 11710	Brosina Hoffman	Consumer	United States	Los Angeles	
6	7	CA- 2017- 115812	2017- 06-09	2017- 06-14	Standard Class	BH- 11710	Brosina Hoffman	Consumer	United States	Los Angeles	
7	8	CA- 2017- 115812		2017- 06-14	Standard Class	BH- 11710	Brosina Hoffman	Consumer	United States	Los Angeles	
8	9	CA- 2017- 115812		2017- 06-14	Standard Class	BH- 11710	Brosina Hoffman	Consumer	United States	Los Angeles	
9	10	CA- 2017- 115812		2017- 06-14	Standard Class	BH- 11710	Brosina Hoffman	Consumer	United States	Los Angeles	

10 rows × 22 columns