

Домашнее задание

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1

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x-1}} dx \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} ||x-1=t \rightarrow x=t+1 \rightarrow dx=1|| \\ \int \frac{(t+1)^3}{\sqrt{t}} dt = \int t^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3t^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3t^{\frac{1}{2}} + t^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{5}{8}t^{\frac{8}{2}} + \frac{3*2}{5}t^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{3*2}{3}t^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2t^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{5}{8}(x-1)^{\frac{8}{2}} + \\ \frac{6}{5}(x-1)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2(x-1)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2(x-1)^{\frac{1}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

2

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{x}+3} dx \quad (2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} ||2\sqrt{x}+3=t \rightarrow \sqrt{x}=\frac{t-3}{2} \rightarrow x=(\frac{t-3}{2})^2 \rightarrow dx=\frac{t-3}{2}|| \\ \int \frac{(\frac{t-3}{2})^2}{t} dt = \int \frac{t^2-6t+9}{4t} dt = \int \frac{t}{4} - \frac{6}{4} + \frac{9}{4t} dt = \frac{t^2}{8} - \frac{6}{4}t + 9\log t + c = \frac{(2\sqrt{x}+3)^2}{8} - \\ \frac{6}{4}(2\sqrt{x}+3) + 9\log(2\sqrt{x}+3) + c \end{aligned}$$

3

$$\int \frac{dx}{(1+x^{\frac{1}{3}})\sqrt{x}} \quad (3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} ||t=x^{\frac{1}{6}} \rightarrow t^6=x \rightarrow dx=6t^5|| \\ \int \frac{6t^5}{(1+t^2)t^3} dt = \int \frac{6t^2}{1+t^2} dt = \int \frac{6(1+t^2-1)}{1+t^2} dt = 6 \int 1 - \frac{1}{1+t^2} dt = 6(t - \arctg t) + c = \\ 6(x^{\frac{1}{6}} - \arctg x^{\frac{1}{6}}) + c \end{aligned}$$

4

$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x}} \quad (4)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{x}}{(\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x})(\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{x})} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{x}}{x+1-x} dx = \int \sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{2}{3}(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \\ \frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + c \end{aligned}$$

5

$$\int x \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x+1}} dx \quad (5)$$

$$\begin{aligned} ||t = \frac{x-1}{x+1} \rightarrow x = \frac{1+t}{1-t} \rightarrow dx = \frac{2}{(1-t)^2}|| \\ \int \frac{1+t}{1-t} \sqrt{t} \frac{2}{(1-t)^2} dt = \int \frac{2(\sqrt{t}(1+t))}{(1-t)^3} dt = 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{t}(1+t)}{(1-t)^3} dt = -2 \int \sqrt{t} \frac{(t-1+2)}{(t-1)^3} dt = -2 \int (\frac{\sqrt{t}}{(t-1)^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{t}}{(t-1)^3}) dt \\ ||\sqrt{t} = y \rightarrow t = y^2 \rightarrow dt = 2y dy|| \end{aligned}$$

6

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}+2}{(x+1)^2 \sqrt{x+1}} dx \quad (6)$$

$$\begin{aligned} ||t = x+1 \rightarrow x = t-1 \rightarrow dx = 1|| \\ \int \frac{\sqrt{t}+2}{t^2 \sqrt{t}} dt = \int t^{-2} + 2t^{-\frac{5}{2}} dt = -\frac{1}{t} - \frac{4}{3} t^{\frac{3}{2}} + c = -\frac{1}{(x+1)} - \frac{4}{3} (x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} + c \end{aligned}$$

7

$$\int \frac{dx}{(1+x^2)^3} \quad (7)$$

$$\begin{aligned} ||x = \operatorname{tg} t \rightarrow dx = \frac{1}{\cos^2 t}|| \\ \int \frac{1}{(\frac{1}{\cos^2 t})^3} \frac{1}{\cos^2 t} dt = \int \frac{1}{(\frac{1}{\cos^2 t})^2} dt = \int \cos^4 t dt = \int (\frac{1+\cos 2t}{2})^2 dt = \int \frac{1+2\cos 2t+\cos^2 2t}{4} dt = \\ \int \frac{1+2\cos 2t+\frac{1+\cos 4t}{2}}{4} dt = \int \frac{2+4\cos 2t+1+\cos 4t}{8} dt = \frac{1}{8} \int 2+4\cos 2t+1+\cos 4t dt = \\ \frac{2t+2\sin 2t+t+\frac{1}{4}\sin 4t}{8} + c = \frac{3t+2\sin 2t+\frac{1}{4}\sin 4t}{8} + c = \frac{3\operatorname{arctg}(x)+2\sin(2\operatorname{arctg}(x))+\frac{1}{4}\sin(4\operatorname{arctg}(x))}{8} + c \end{aligned}$$