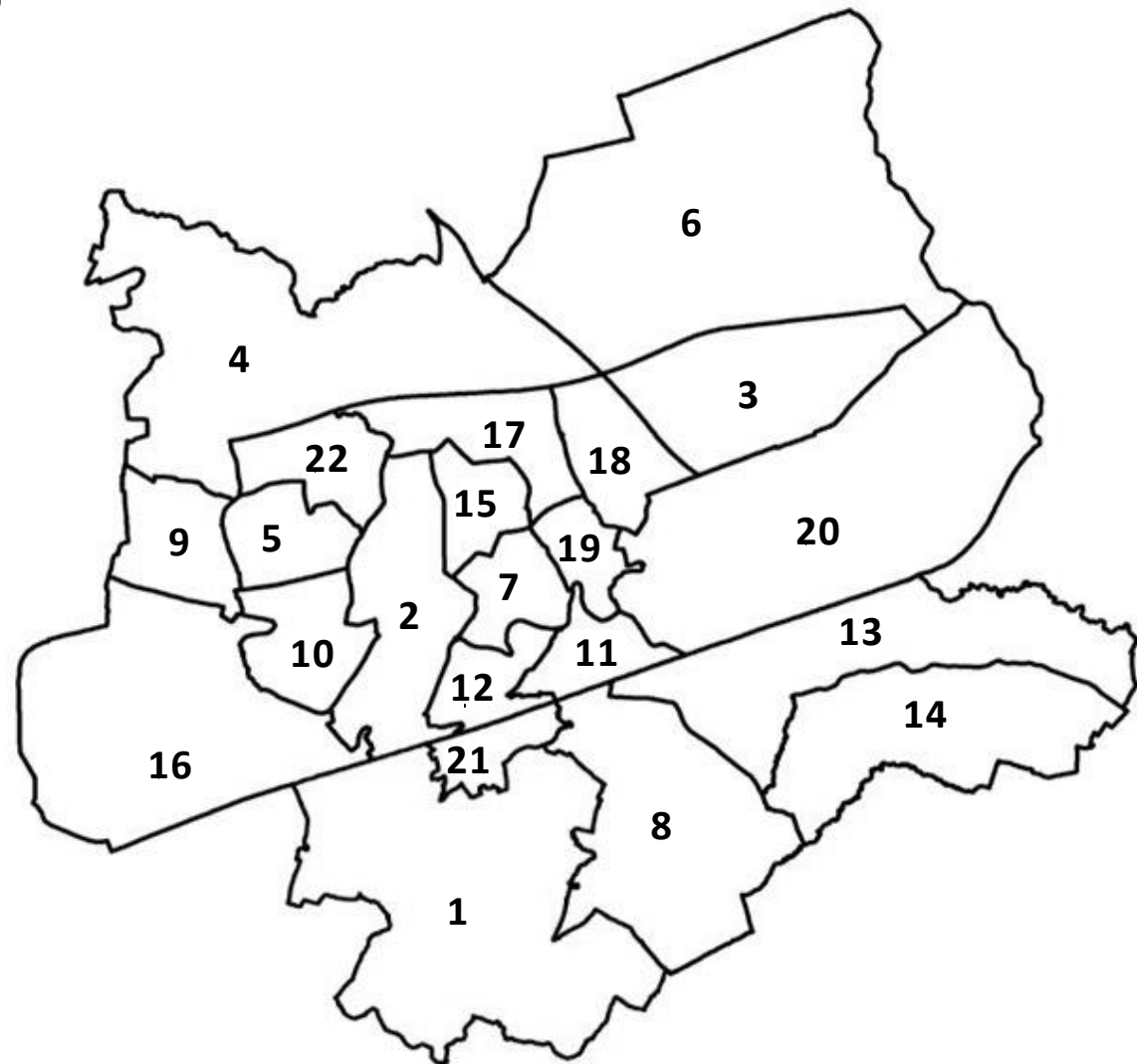


Borough profile 2021

Warrington



Warrington Wards

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Appleton | 12. Latchford West |
| 2. Bewsey & Whitecross | 13. Lymm North & Thelwall |
| 3. Birchwood | 14. Lymm South |
| 4. Burtonwood & Winwick | 15. Orford |
| 5. Chapelford & Old Hall | 16. Penketh & Cuardley |
| 6. Culcheth, Glazebury & Croft | 17. Poplars & Hulme |
| 7. Fairfield & Howley | 18. Poulton North |
| 8. Grappenhall | 19. Poulton South |
| 9. Great Sankey North & Whittle Hall | 20. Rixton & Woolston |
| 10. Great Sankey South | 21. Stockton Heath |
| 11. Latchford East | 22. Westbrook |

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6. Education - English as an Additional Language (EAL)
7. Education - (Early Years aged 4/5) - Early Years Foundation Stage: Good Level of Development (GLD)
8. Education - (End of primary school aged 10/11) – Key Stage 2: Reading, Writing and Maths
9. Education (end of secondary school aged 15/16) – Key Stage 4: Progress 8
10. Education (end of secondary school aged 15/16) – Key Stage 4: Attainment 8
11. Health - Life expectancy
12. Health - Low Birthweight
13. Health - Smoking at time of delivery
14. Health - Overweight and obese reception children
15. Health - Overweight and obese Year 6 children
16. Children's Social Care – Children in Need
17. Adult Social Care – Request for Support from new clients
18. Adult Social Care – Sequel to the Requests for Support
19. Adult Social Care – Number of clients accessing Long Term Support
20. Employment – Claimant Count and Young people not in education, employment or training (NEET)
21. Employment – Industry Categories
22. Crime and antisocial behavior

Please Note some statistics provided in previous years have not been collected due to Covid-19.

Population – Warrington

Estimated population: Ward population were estimated from ONS small area population statistics for Lower Super Output Areas for mid-2019. Wards range from approximately 6,300 residents in Westbrook to 12,725 in Poplars and Hulme.

Population structure: The age structure of the population affects a range of service needs. Some wards have a much older population than the Warrington average, and some a much younger population. Overall Warrington is similar to national figures and the North West, in 2019, **19% were aged 0-15, 62% aged 16-64, and 19% aged 65+**.

Looking at specific younger age groups, in Warrington approximately **6% of the population were aged 0-4**. By ward, the highest proportion of 0-4s can be found in Latchford East (8%), Poplars and Hulme (7%), Bewsey and Whitecross (7%) and Fairfield and Howley (7%).

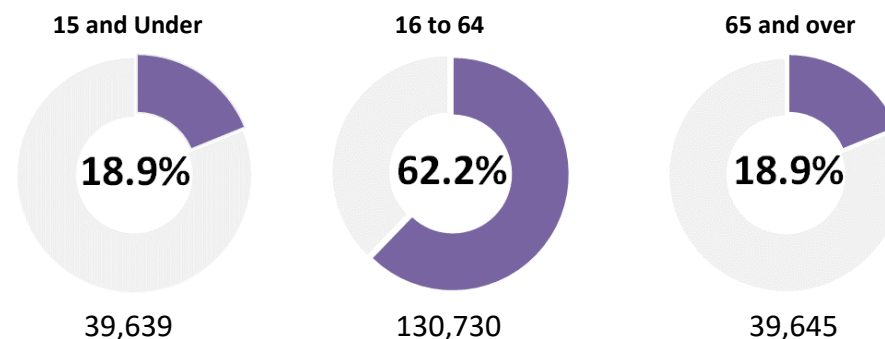
In Warrington approximately **23% of the population were aged 0-19**. The ward estimates for this age group ranges from 19% (Latchford West) to 29% (Poplars and Hulme).

The proportion of those **aged 80 and older** in Warrington is approximately **5%**. Wards with a higher proportion of these oldest populations include Penketh and Cuernsey (10%), Burtonwood and Winwick (7%), Culcheth, Glazebury and Croft (7%) and Grappenhall (7%).

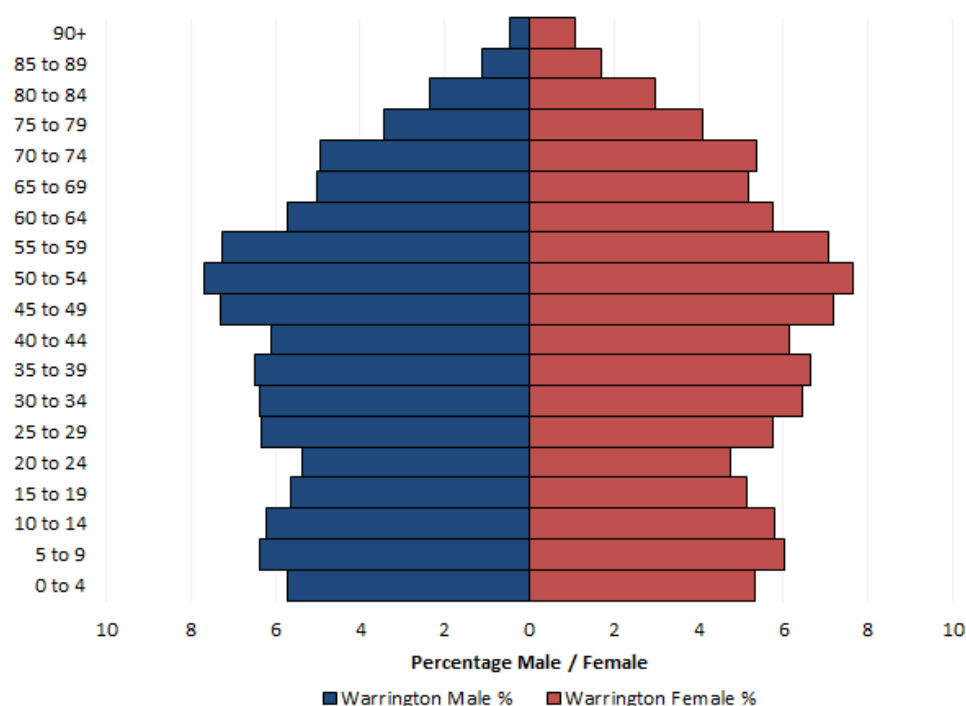
Population projections show that Warrington's population is forecast to increase to 214,000 by 2030.

Households: Warrington has approximately 97,815 residential properties as at October 2020, with the largest numbers in Bewsey and Whitecross (7,043) and Fairfield and Howley (6,128) and the smallest numbers in Westbrook (2,715) and Burtonwood and Winwick (2,753).

Population by broad age group



Warrington population – Percentage by 5 year age categories (2019)



Source: Office for National Statistics. Figures based on mid-2019 population estimates. © Crown Copyright. Adapted from data from the Office for National Statistics licensed under the Open Government License v3.0. Some figures are rounded to the nearest 100 and therefore percentages may not sum to 100.

Population – Warrington (Continued)

The population structure of Warrington is comparable to that of the North West and England. The areas where this differs are:

- Warrington has higher proportions of those aged between 35 to 39 and 60 to 64 years old in comparison to the North West.
- Warrington has lower proportions of the population in the 15 to 19, 20 to 24, 25 to 29 and 30 to 34 year old age groups.

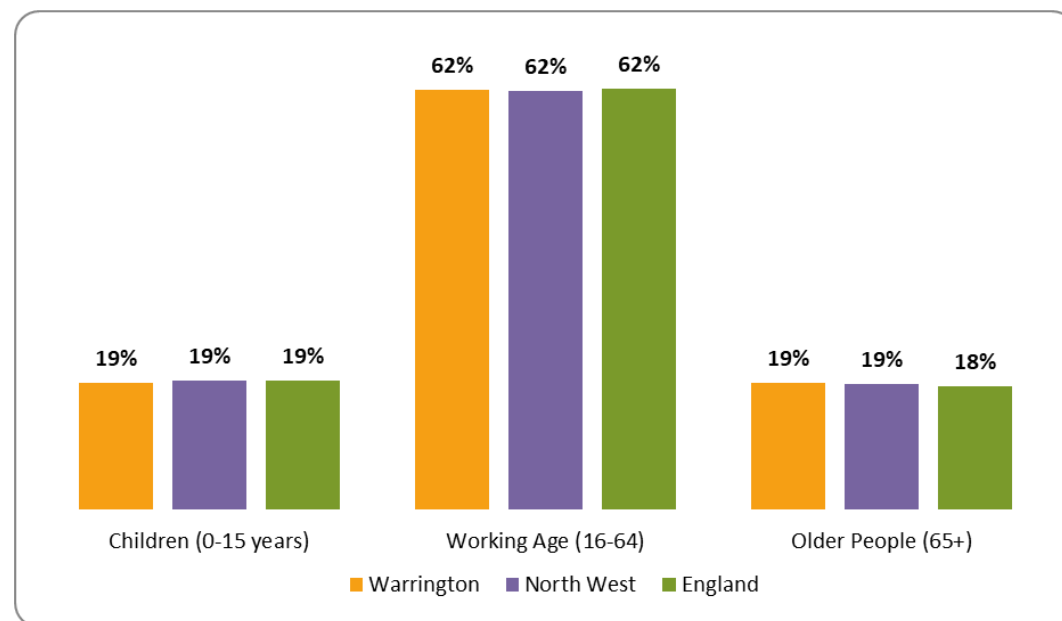
Warrington's population: The latest population estimate (2019) for Warrington is 210,014. Projections show that Warrington's population is forecast to increase to 214,000 by 2030.

	Warrington		North West		England	
		%		%		%
Total Population 2019	210,014		7,341,196		56,286,961	
Children (0-15 years)	39,639	19%	1,405,707	19%	10,816,679	19%
Working Age (16-64)	130,730	62%	4,560,378	62%	35,116,566	62%
Older People (65+)	39,645	19%	1,375,111	19%	10,353,716	18%
Younger Age Groups						
0-4	11,596	5.5%	429,637	5.9%	3,299,637	5.9%
0-19	48,551	23.1%	1,729,406	23.6%	13,282,321	23.6%
Oldest People (80+)						
80+	10,214	4.86%	364,403	4.96%	2,836,964	5.04%

Borough population - 5 year age categories (2019)



Age category proportions compared to Warrington (2019)



Source: Office for National Statistics. Figures based on mid-2019 population estimates. © Crown Copyright. Adapted from data from the Office for National Statistics licensed under the Open Government License v3.0. Some figures are rounded to the nearest 100 and therefore percentages may not sum to 100.

Deprivation

Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) 2019

The map shows the spread of deprivation across the North West of England.

The most deprived areas are shaded blue and the least deprived shaded green.

Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs) are small geographical units. Deprivation is measured using the Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) 2019. For each LSOA, a deprivation score is calculated covering a broad range of issues: income, employment, health and disability, education and skills, housing and services, crime, and living environment.

There are wide inequalities between people living in areas of high levels of deprivation and those living in areas of low deprivation; more deprived populations generally have poorer outcomes in terms of health, education etc.

For average deprivation score, Blackpool is considered the most deprived from the 317 local authorities in England in 2019. Warrington is considered the 148th most deprived of 317 local authorities in England. It was previously ranked 147th out of 326 local authorities in 2015. This represents very little change from 2015 to 2019.

In comparison to other Cheshire local authorities, Warrington is ranked less deprived than Halton (23rd) but more deprived than Cheshire West & Chester (161st) and Cheshire East (216th).

Within the North West of England, there are 39 authorities and when compared for average rank of deprivation:

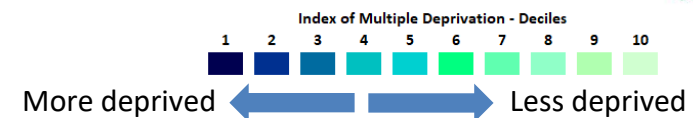
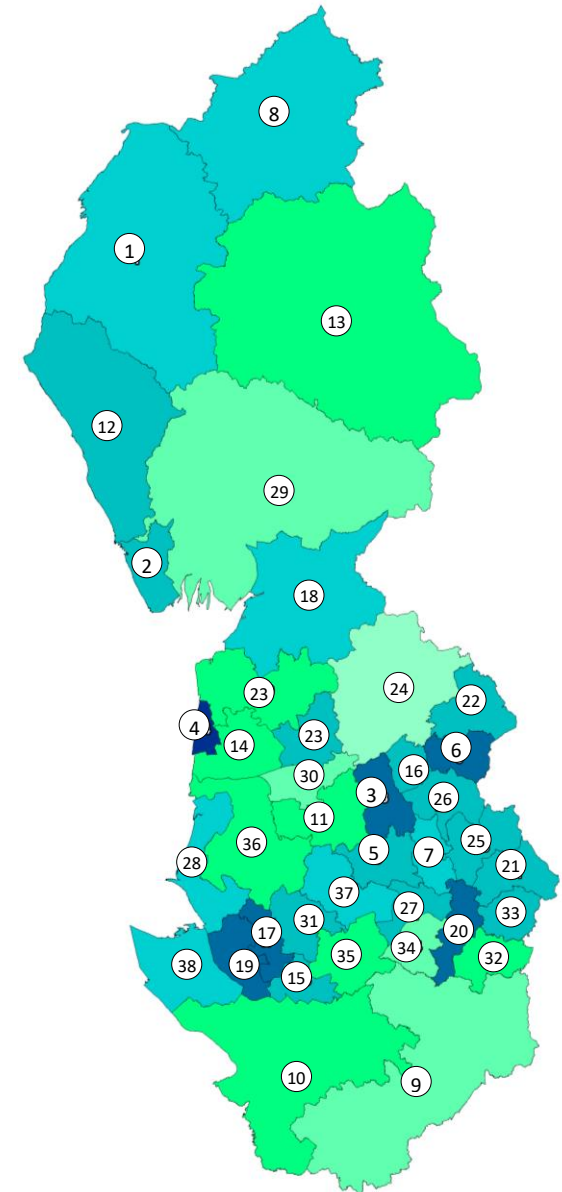
- There are no authorities within the top 10% for deprivation
- Blackpool is the only North West authority in the top 20% for deprivation
- 13% of the North West English authorities are within decile 3 for deprivation.
- 33% of the North West English authorities are within decile 4 for deprivation.
- 18% of the North West English authorities are within decile 5 for deprivation.
- 21% of the North West English authorities are within decile 6 for deprivation.
- 10% of the North West English authorities are within decile 7 for deprivation.
- Ribble Valley is the only North West authority in the bottom 20% for deprivation
- There are no authorities within the bottom 10% for deprivation

Detailed information on the Indices of Deprivation can be found on the Council's website, via:

<https://www.warrington.gov.uk/indices-deprivation>

Source: [Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government](#)

1. Allerdale
2. Barrow-in-Furness
3. Blackburn with Darwen
4. Blackpool
5. Bolton
6. Burnley
7. Bury
8. Carlisle
9. Cheshire East
10. Cheshire West and Chester
11. Chorley
12. Copeland
13. Eden
14. Fylde
15. Halton
16. Hyndburn
17. Knowsley
18. Lancaster
19. Liverpool
20. Manchester
21. Oldham
22. Pendle
23. Preston
24. Ribble Valley
25. Rochdale
26. Rossendale
27. Salford
28. Sefton
29. South Lakeland
30. South Ribble
31. St. Helens
32. Stockport
33. Tameside
34. Trafford
35. Warrington
36. West Lancashire
37. Wigan
38. Wirral
39. Wyre



Education – Free School Meals (FSM)

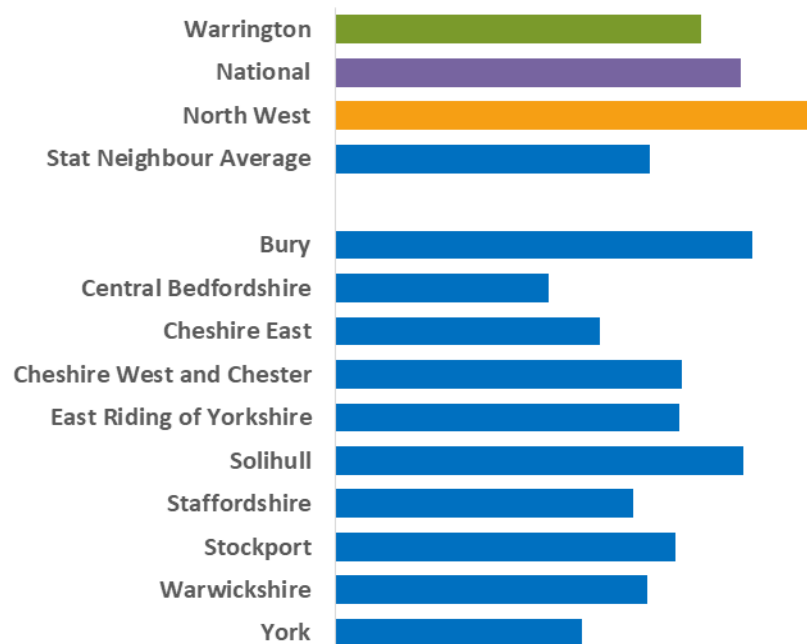
Free School Meals

The Department for Education considers the gap between children who are known to be eligible for Free School Meals (FSM), and other children. Eligibility for FSM is based on being in receipt of certain means-tested benefits. From 1st April 2018 changes have been made by central government, this means that any child with an existing entitlement to free school meals will continue to be eligible until the rollout is completed.

The rollout is scheduled to end on 31st March 2022. Once the rollout is completed the child will keep their free school meal entitlement until the end of their current phase of education (i.e. Primary or Secondary). As a result of this protection period FSM eligibility numbers are likely to be higher than previous academic years

% Pupils Eligible for FSM January 2020

0.0% 5.0% 10.0% 15.0% 20.0% 25.0% 30.0% 35.0% 40.0%



In Warrington

According to the January 2020 School Census, the average proportion of pupils eligible for FSM is **15.96%**.

Thirteen out of Warrington's 22 wards fall below the average. These are Grappenhall, Stockton Heath, Westbrook, Penketh and Cuerdley, Lymm North and Thelwall, Great Sankey North and Whittle Hall, Lymm North, Appleton, Chapelford and Old Hall, Poulton South, Culcheth, Glazebury and Croft, Rixton and Woolston and Burtonwood and Winwick. Nine wards are above this average. These are Great Sankey South, Poulton North, Latchford West, Birchwood, Fairfield and Howley, Latchford East, Bewsey and Whitecross, Orford and Poplars and Hulme.

Statistical Neighbours

According to the January 2020 School Census, of Warrington and its statistical neighbours, Bury (**17.8%**), Cheshire West and Chester (**14.8%**), East Riding of Yorkshire (**14.7%**), Solihull (**17.4%**) and Stockport (**14.5%**) have a greater percentage of pupils eligible for FSM.

North West England

According to the January 2019 School Census, the average proportion of pupils eligible for FSM in the North West is **20.2%**. This figure is greater than that of Warrington (**15.6%**) and the its statistical neighbours (**13.4%**).

Nationally

According to the January 2019 School Census, the average proportion of pupils eligible for FSM nationally **within England** is **17.3%**. This is greater than the average for Warrington (**15.6%**) but less than the figure for the North West (**20.2%**).

Statistical Neighbours

Statistical neighbours provide a method for benchmarking progress. For each local authority (LA), these models designate a number of other LAs deemed to have similar characteristics. These designated LAs are known as statistical neighbours. The National Foundation for Educational Research (NFER) was commissioned in 2007 by the Department to identify and group similar LAs in terms of the socio-economic characteristics, each LA was assigned 10 such neighbours. Source:

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/822110/LAIT_user_guide_2019.pdf

Education – Special Educational Needs (SEN)

Education, Health and Care (EHC) plans

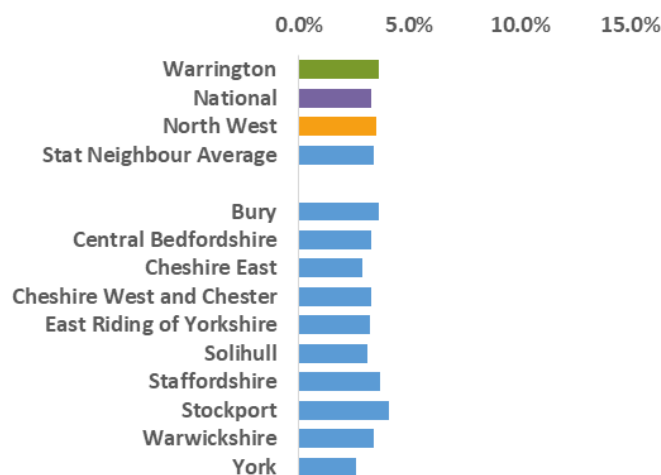
An Education, Health and Care (EHC) plan is for children and young people aged up to 25 who need more support than is available through special educational needs support. EHC plans identify educational, health and social needs and set out the additional support to meet those needs.

Special Educational Needs (SEN) Support

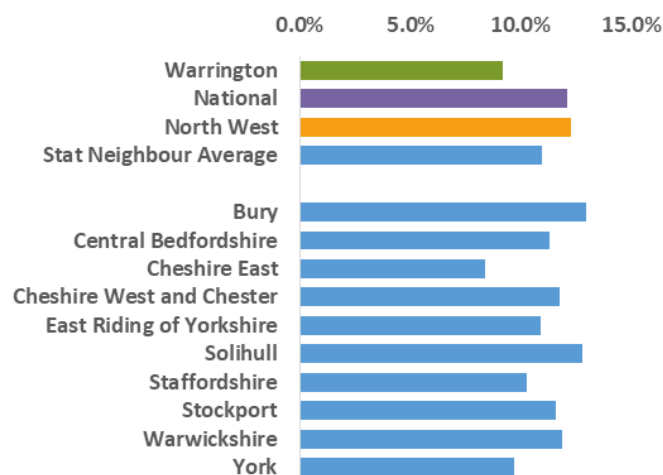
SEN Support is what schools and similar settings use to find and meet the needs of children with special educational needs (SEN). Areas that the support covers includes:

- Specific learning difficulty
- Moderate learning difficulty
- Severe learning difficulty
- Profound and multiple learning difficulty
- Social, emotional and mental health
- Speech, language and communication needs
- SEN support but no specialist assessment of type of need
- Hearing impairment
- Vision impairment
- Multi-sensory impairment
- Physical disability
- Autistic spectrum disorder
- Other difficulty

% EHC Pupils



% SEN Support Pupils



In Warrington

According to the January 2020 School Census the proportion of pupils across Warrington receiving SEN Support is **9.2%** and the proportion of pupils with a statement or EHCP is **3.6%**, a total of **12.8%**.

Statistical Neighbours

Looking at the combined percentage of EHCP and SEN Support between its statistical neighbours, both Cheshire East (**11.3%**) and York (**12.3%**) have a lower combined percentage (**10.5%**) than that of Warrington (**12.8%**).

The combined average for the statistical neighbours is **14.4%**. The statistical neighbours of Bury (**16.6%**), Cheshire West and Chester (**15.1%**), Stockport (**15.7%**), Solihull (**15.9%**), Warwickshire (**15.3%**) and Central Bedfordshire (**14.6%**) are all higher than the average for the group (**14.4%**).

North West England

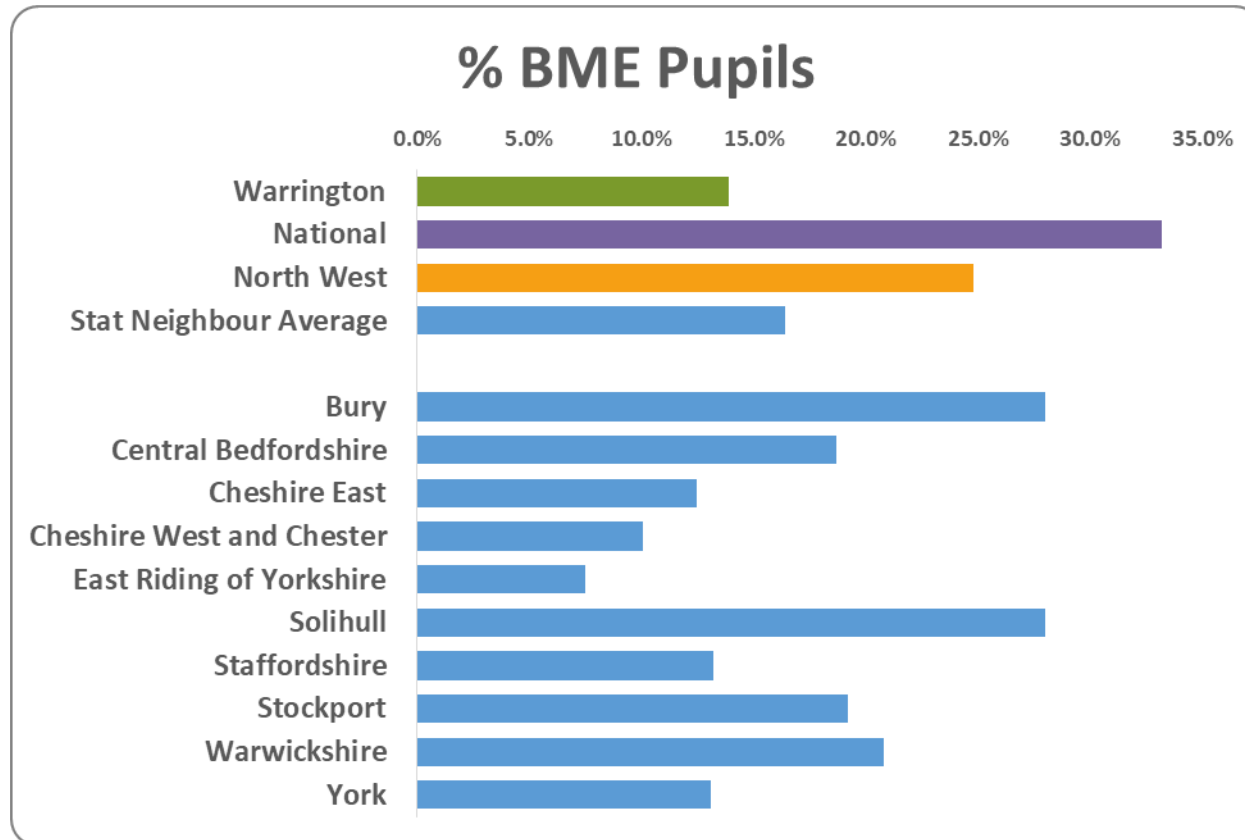
According to the January 2020 School Census Warrington is lower in comparison to the North West combined average of **15.8%**. From the statistical neighbours within the North West of England, Bury (**16.6%**), Cheshire West and Chester (**15.1%**) and Stockport (**15.7%**) are higher or equal to the North West percentage.

Nationally

Nationally within England, the January 2020 School Census shows that the combined percentage of pupils in receipt of an EHCP and SEN Support is reported as **15.4%**. This figure is higher than the percentage for Warrington (**12.8%**) and its statistical neighbours (**14.4%**).

Education – Black Minority Ethnic (BME)

School Census 2020 - Ethnicity based on pupil postcodes



In Warrington

According to the January 2020 School Census, the average proportion of pupils who are BME is **13.9%**. The ward with the highest proportion of BME pupils is Bewsey and Whitecross with **35.8%**. Other wards with relatively high proportions include Fairfield and Howley, Orford, Latchford East and Chapelford and Old Hall.

Statistical Neighbours

Looking at the percentage of BME pupils between its statistical neighbours, according to the January 2020 School Census the average percentage of BME pupils is **16.4%**. Bury (**28.0%**), Stockport (**19.2%**), Solihull (**28.0%**), Warwickshire (**20.8%**) and Central Bedfordshire (**18.1%**) have the highest percentage of BME pupils above the statistical neighbour value.

North West England

According to the January 2020 School Census, Warrington (**13.9%**) is lower in comparison to the North West average of **24.8%**. From the statistical neighbours within the North West of England, Bury (**28.0%**) and Stockport (**19.2%**) are higher or equal to the North West percentage. Warrington is also higher than its geographical neighbours of Cheshire East (**12.5%**) and Cheshire West and Chester (**10.1%**).

Nationally

According to the January 2020 School Census the national percentage of BME pupils is **33.2%**, this is more than double the percentage of Warrington (**13.9%**). The figure is also higher than the North West of England of **24.8%**.

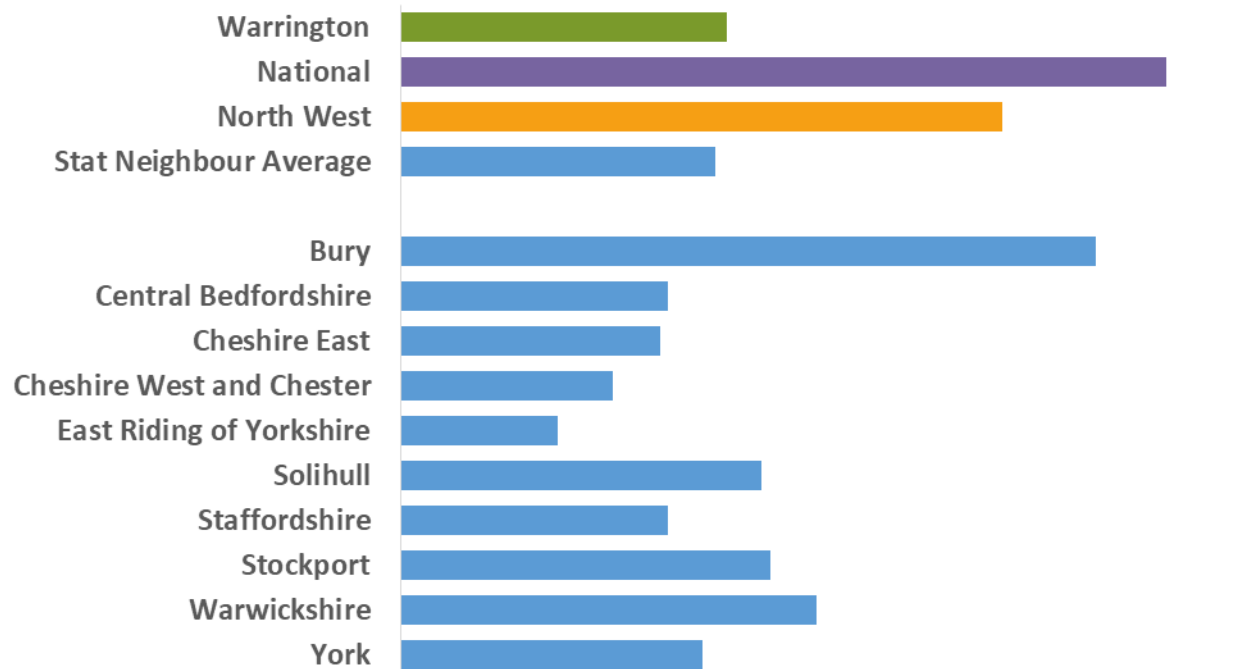
Education – English as an Additional Language (EAL)

A pupil is recorded to have English as an Additional Language (EAL) if they are exposed to a language at home that is known or believed to be other than English.

This indicator is not a measure of English language proficiency or a good proxy for recent immigration.

% Pupils with English as an Additional Language (EAL)

0.0% 5.0% 10.0% 15.0% 20.0%



In Warrington

Across Warrington **8.3%** of pupils have English as an additional language (EAL).

Across Warrington, Polish and Urdu are the main languages spoken as a first language other than English. Romanian, Kurdish, Chinese, Latvian and Hungarian also featured with 80 or more pupils having these as a first language other than English. In Bewsey and Whitecross, over a quarter of all pupils do not have English as their first language.

Statistical Neighbours

Looking at the percentage of EAL pupils, Warrington (**8.3%**) is slightly higher than the statistical neighbour average of **8.0%**. Bury (**17.7%**), Stockport, (**9.4%**), Solihull (**9.2%**) and Warwickshire (**10.6%**) have a higher percentage than the statistical neighbour average.

North West England

According to the January 2020 School Census, Warrington (**8.3%**) is lower in comparison to the North West average of **14.9%**. From the statistical neighbours within the North West of England, only Bury (**17.5%**) is higher or equal to the North West percentage. Warrington is also higher than its geographical neighbours of Cheshire East (**6.4%**) and Cheshire West and Chester (**5%**).

Nationally

According to the January 2020 School Census the National percentage of EAL pupils is **19.5%**, this is higher than the percentage for Warrington (**8.3%**) and the statistical neighbour average (**8.0%**). The figure is also higher than the North West of England of **15.3%**.

Bury (**17.7%**) is the only one from within the statistical neighbours that is the closest to the EAL pupil percentage value.

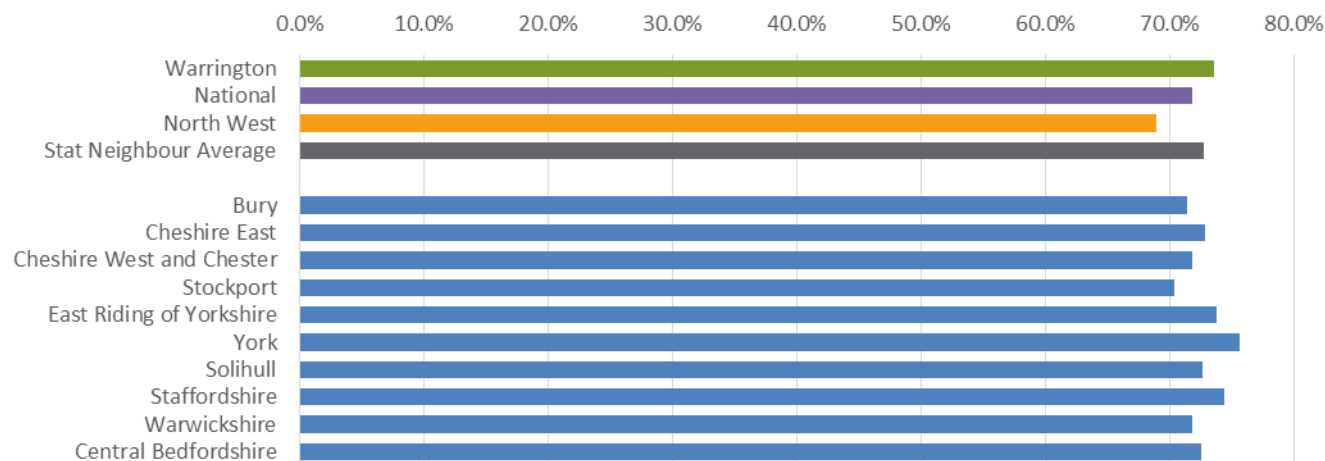
Education - (Early Years aged 4/5) - Early Years Foundation Stage: Good Level of Development (GLD)

Early Years Foundation Stage Profile (EYFSP)

EYFSP is used to assess a child's overall development by the age of 4/5. As well as literacy and maths, teacher assessments cover a range of elements including personal, social and emotional development, communication skills and physical development. In 2013 there were significant changes to the curriculum in the Early Years Foundation Stage; as a result the data has taken a few years to be considered robust.

In 2019, performance for Warrington is above the North West, statistical neighbour and England average.

Early Years Foundation Stage - Good Level of Development (%)



In Warrington

The overall measure used is percentage **achieving a good level of development** with the proportion for Warrington being **73.6%**. The wards performing best and above average are Chapelford and Old Hall, Appleton, Stockton Heath, Lymm North and Thelwall, Poulton South and Great Sankey North. Latchford West, Orford, Poplars and Hulme and Bewsey and Whitecross are the lowest performing wards in terms of percentage achieving a good level of development. Twelve of Warrington's wards are above the average and ten wards are below it.

Statistical Neighbours

According to the January 2019 School Census, Warrington (**73.6%**) is slight higher than the statistical neighbour average of **72.7%**. Cheshire East (**72.8%**), East Riding of Yorkshire (**73.8%**) York (**75.6%**) and Staffordshire (**74.4%**) have a higher percentage than the statistical neighbour average.

North West England

According to the June 2019 Assessment Warrington (**73.6%**) is higher in comparison to the North West average of **68.9%**. From the statistical neighbours within the North West of England, only Cheshire East (**72.8%**) is higher or equal to the North West percentage.

Nationally

According to the June 2019 Assessment Warrington the National percentage of **71.8%**, this is lower than the percentages reported for Warrington (**73.6 %**), the statistical neighbour average (**72.7%**) but is higher than the percentage for the North West of England (**68.9%**).

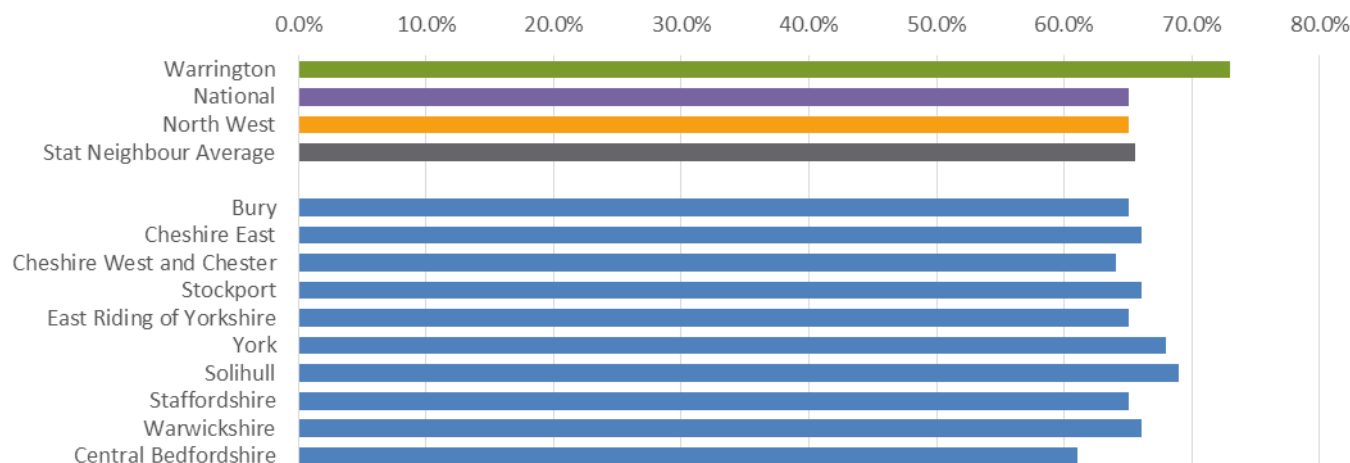
From the list of Warrington's statistical neighbours, only 2 of the 10 authorities are lower than the national percentage. These authorities are Bury (**71.4%**) and Stockport (**70.4%**). All other authorities are equal to or higher, with York reporting the highest percentage (**75.6%**).

Area	2016 – 2017 (Academic Year)	2017 – 2018 (Academic Year)	2018 – 2019 (Academic Year)
	% achieving a good level of development	% achieving a good level of development	% achieving a good level of development
Warrington	71.0	72.8	73.6
Bury	68.7	70.9	71.4
Cheshire East	71.7	72.9	72.8
Cheshire West and Chester	70.5	71.8	71.8
Stockport	71.6	70.0	70.4
East Riding of Yorkshire	71.3	73.6	73.8
York	74.3	74.8	75.6
Solihull	71.7	72.7	72.6
Staffordshire	74.5	78.0	74.4
Warwickshire	72.6	72.4	71.8
Central Bedfordshire	71.7	73.2	72.5

Education - (End of primary school aged 10/11) – Key Stage 2: Reading, Writing and Maths

In 2016, there were also significant changes to how performance is measured at the end of Year 6. There was a new curriculum, as well as a much higher level test, and teacher assessment standard than the previous Level 4. Because of these changes comparing data with previous years is problematic. However, based on the first statistical release from the Department for Education, Warrington is ranked 7th (of 149) in the country and 2nd in the North West for Reading, Writing and Maths (RWM) combined. In 2019, Warrington is above the North West average, our statistical neighbour average and the England average in all subjects.

Key Stage 2 - Pupils reaching the expected level of Reading, Writing and Maths (%)



In Warrington

In Warrington overall, **73%** of pupils are **achieving the expected standard in RWM** at Key Stage 2. Lymm North and Thelwall, Stockton Heath, Burtonwood and Winwick, Grappenhall and Chulcheth, Glazebury and Croft are the highest in Warrington. Bewsey and Whitecross, Poplars and Hulme, Latchford West, Orford and Latchford East are the lowest wards in Warrington. Fourteen of Warrington's wards are above the average, with eight wards below the average.

Statistical Neighbours

Looking at the percentage of Warrington and its statistical neighbours, Warrington (**73%**) is higher than the statistical neighbour average of **65.5%**. Solihull (**69%**), York (**68%**), Cheshire East (**66%**), Stockport (**66%**), York (**68%**), Solihull (**69%**) and Warwickshire (**66%**) have higher percentages than the Statistical neighbour average.

North West England

Warrington (**73%**) is higher in comparison to the North West average of **65%**. From the statistical neighbours within the North West of England, only Cheshire East (**66%**) and Stockport (**66%**) are higher or equal to the North West percentage. Warrington is also higher than its geographical neighbours of Cheshire East (**66%**) and Cheshire West and Chester (**64%**).

Nationally

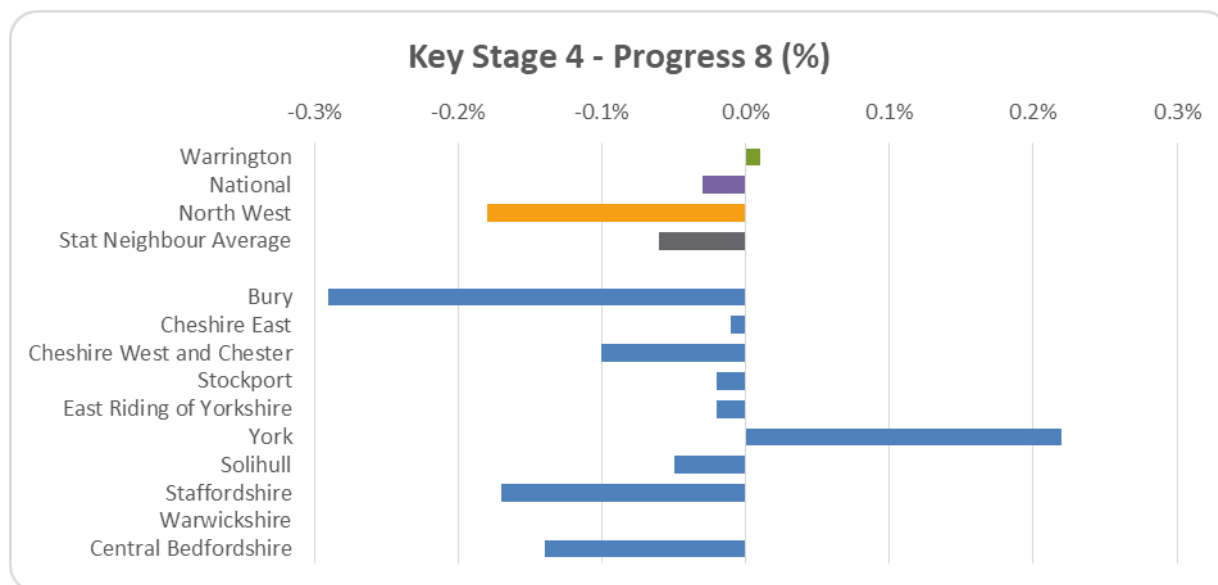
The National figure for pupils **achieving the expected standard in RWM** at Key Stage 2 **65%**, this is lower than the percentage of Warrington (**73%**) and the statistical neighbour average (**65.5%**).

Area	2016 – 2017 (Academic Year)	2017 – 2018 (Academic Year)	2018 – 2019 (Academic Year)
	% reaching the expected level of Reading, Writing and Maths	% reaching the expected level of Reading, Writing and Maths	% reaching the expected level of Reading, Writing and Maths
Warrington	70	81	73
Bury	63	76	65
Cheshire East	34	81	66
Cheshire West and Chester	59	78	64
Stockport	64	79	66
East Riding of Yorkshire	61	77	65
York	61	77	68
Solihull	65	77	69
Staffordshire	63	76	65
Warwickshire	62	78	66
Central Bedfordshire	58	74	61

Data Source: <https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/statistics-key-stage-2>

Education (end of secondary school aged 15/16) – Key Stage 4: Progress 8

In 2013-14 there were major reforms to Key Stage 4 which affected how results were calculated. Schools and local authorities are now judged on how much progress students have made since the end of primary school. Progress 8 measures the achievement of a pupil across 8 qualifications and compares this to what their estimated achievement is based on their prior attainment. It is a type of value added measure. For all mainstream pupils nationally in 2019 the average progress score is -0.03; a positive score means pupils in the schools on average do better at KS4 than those with similar prior attainment nationally. (A score of 0.25 for example would mean that on average pupils in the school achieved a quarter of a grade more than other pupils nationally with similar starting points).



In Warrington

In Warrington in 2019, the **Progress 8 score is 0.01**, the **North West figure is -0.18**.

Warrington is ranked 3rd in the North West and 56th nationally (out of 150 authorities).

Warrington has twelve wards with a positive score, with the highest being Lymm North and Thelwall (**0.62**). Warrington has ten wards with a negative score, the lowest being Latchford East (**-0.55**).

Statistical Neighbours

Looking at the percentage of Warrington and its statistical neighbours, Warrington (**0.01%**) is higher than the statistical neighbour average of **-0.06%**. From the statistical neighbours group, York (**0.22%**) is the only other authority to report a positive figure, Cheshire East and Warwickshire are both **0%**, The remaining authorities report negative figures, with Bury having worst performance with **-0.29%**.

North West England

Warrington (**0.01%**) is higher in comparison to the North West average of **-0.18%**. From the statistical neighbours within the North West of England, only Bury (**-0.29%**) is worse than the North West percentage.

Nationally

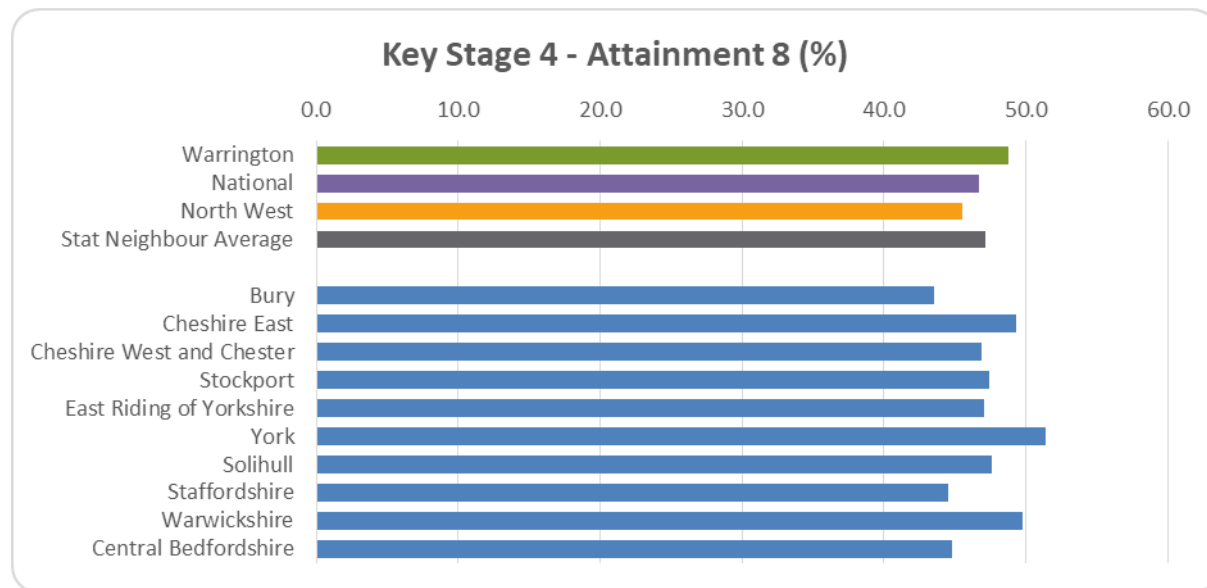
Warrington is **ranked 56th out of 150 nationally**, and is higher than the national average of **-0.03%**. From the statistical neighbours, York (**0.22%**) is ranked **24th** nationally and the highest from the group, whilst Bury has the lowest rank (**135th**).

Area	Average Progress 8			
	2016	2017	2018	2019
Warrington	-0.16	-0.12	-0.14	0.01
Bury	-0.06	-0.15	-0.23	-0.29
Cheshire East	-0.15	-0.04	0.01	-0.01
Cheshire West and Chester	0.04	-0.05	-0.11	-0.1
Stockport	0.02	0.07	-0.03	-0.02
East Riding of Yorkshire	0.1	0.02	0.06	-0.02
York	0.05	0.11	0.11	0.22
Solihull	-0.09	-0.12	-0.14	-0.05
Staffordshire	-0.1	-0.13	-0.12	-0.17
Warwickshire	0.02	0.06	0.06	0
Central Bedfordshire	-0.07	-0.18	-0.13	-0.14

Data Source: <https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/statistics-gcses-key-stage-4>

Education (end of secondary school aged 15/16) – Key Stage 4: Attainment 8

Attainment 8 measures the achievement of a pupil across 8 qualifications. It includes Mathematics and English (both double weighted), 3 qualifications that count within the English Baccalaureate (EBacc) measure and a further 3 qualifications that can be GCSE qualifications (including EBacc subjects) or any other non-GCSE qualifications on the DfE approved list. Each individual grade a pupil achieves is assigned a point score, which is then used to calculate a pupil's total Attainment 8 score.



In Warrington

In Warrington in 2019, the **Attainment 8 score is 48.8**, the **North West figure is 45.5**, **Warrington is ranked 3rd in the North West**. The **England average is 46.7**, **Warrington is ranked 37th out of 150 authorities**. Warrington is higher than both the North West and England averages.

Warrington has **twelve wards above the Warrington average** with Lymm North and Thelwall being the highest score (**58.7%**). Warrington has ten wards below the Warrington average with Poplars and Hulme being the lowest score (**39.9%**).

Statistical Neighbours

Looking at the percentage of Warrington and its statistical neighbours, Warrington (**48.7 %**) is higher than the statistical neighbour average of **47.1%**. From the statistical neighbours group, Cheshire East (**49.2%**), Stockport (**47.3%**), York (**51.3%**), Solihull (**47.5%**) and Warwickshire (**49.7%**) are also higher than the average for the group.

North West England

Warrington (**48.7%**) is higher in comparison to the North West average of **45.4%** and is **ranked 3rd from 23 authorities**. From the statistical neighbours within the North West of England, Bury (**43.4%**) and Cheshire West and Chester (**46.8%**) are worse than the North West percentage. Cheshire East (**49.2%**) is the best performing and **ranked 2nd** within the North West region.

Nationally

Warrington is **ranked 37th nationally**, and is higher than the national average of **46.7%**. From the Statistical Neighbours, York (**51.3%**) is ranked **15th** nationally and the highest from the group, whilst Bury (**43.4%**) has the lowest rank (**126th**).

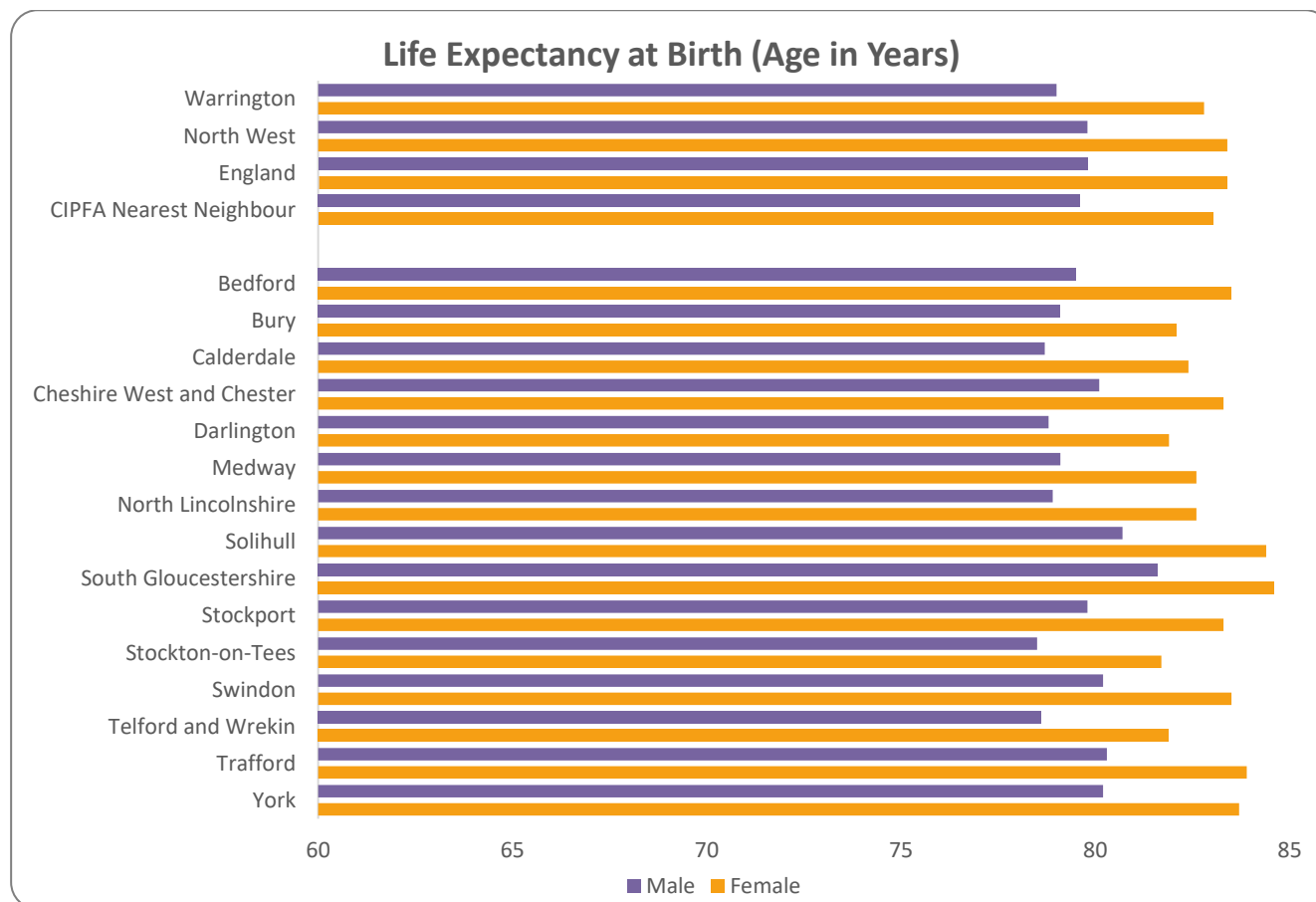
Area	Average Attainment 8			
	2016	2017	2018	2019
Warrington	50	47	47.2	48.8
Bury	50.9	46	45.2	43.5
Cheshire East	51.7	48.9	48.8	49.3
Cheshire West and Chester	51.3	46.5	46.4	46.9
Stockport	51.6	48.2	47.3	47.4
East Riding of Yorkshire	52	47.2	48.1	47.1
York	53.1	49.3	49.7	51.4
Solihull	51.4	47.1	47.2	47.6
Staffordshire	49	44.9	44.6	44.5
Warwickshire	52.2	49	49.4	49.8
Central Bedfordshire	49.3	45.5	45.2	44.8

Data Source: <https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/statistics-gcses-key-stage-4>

Health – Life expectancy

Life expectancy is an internationally accepted measure of the overall health of a population. It provides an estimate of the average number of years a new-born baby would live for if s/he experienced the age-specific mortality rates of a particular area throughout his or her life.

Life expectancy is consistently lower in men than women, locally and nationally. The data below covers the period 2017 to 2019.



In Warrington

Warrington shows that the average Life Expectancy at Birth for a male resident is **79.0 years**, while female residents experience a higher Life Expectancy of **82.8 years**.

CIPFA Neighbours

The average CIPFA Nearest Neighbour Life Expectancy at Birth average age for males is **79.6 years** and for females the figure is **83.0 years**.

North West England

The Life Expectancy at Birth for males within the North West is reported as **79.8 years** and for females the figure is **83.4 years**. When Warrington is compared to the North West of England, males within Warrington have a Life Expectancy that is approximately **8 months** shorter and Warrington females **4 months** longer.

Nationally

The national Life Expectancy at Birth for males is **79.8 Years** and for females the figure is **83.4 years, 8 months longer** Warrington Males but **4 months shorter** than Warrington Females.

Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) Nearest Neighbours

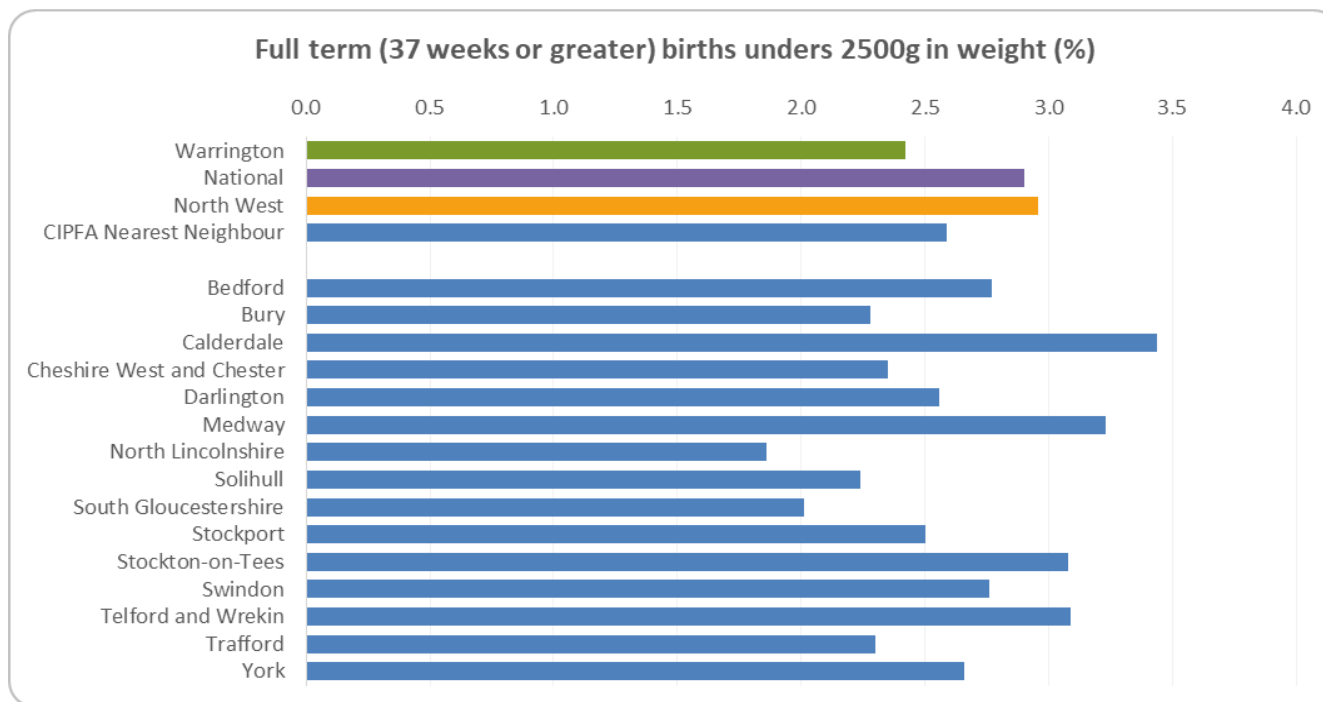
The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) Nearest Neighbours model seeks to measure similarity between Local Authorities.

Source: https://fingertips.phe.org.uk/documents/Nearest_Neighbour_Methodology.docx

Data Source: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/healthandsocialcare/healthandlifeexpectancies/bulletins/healthstatelifeexpectanciesuk/2017to2019>

Health – Low Birthweight

Low Birthweight: The percentage of babies born at a gestational age of greater than or equal to 37 weeks and with a birth weight of less than 2,500g. A lower percentage is more desirable.



In Warrington

Data recorded during 2019 shows that for all full term, live births to mothers from Warrington, it is reported that **2.42% of births** have a birthweight less than 2500g.

CIPFA Neighbours

The average CIPFA Nearest Neighbour figure for low birth weight is **2.59%**, this figure is higher than Warrington's. Seven of the authorities in the cohort have percentages higher than the average, with **Calderdale showing the worse performance with 3.44%** of all births in 2019 having a low birth weight. **North Lincolnshire shows the best performance with a figure of 1.86%.**

North West England

The percentage of low weight, full term, live births to mothers from Warrington (**2.42%**) is lower than the average for the North West region of England (**2.90%**.)

Nationally

The national average for full term, live births to mothers from with a birthweight less than 2500g is **2.96%** and Warrington (**2.42%**) is lower than this figure.

From the 16 authorities in Warrington's CIPFA nearest neighbour cohort, four have figures higher (worse) or equal to the national figure.

These authorities are:

- Calderdale (**2.35%**)
- Stockton-on-Tees (**3.08%**)
- Medway (**3.23%**)
- Telford and Wrekin (**3.09%**)

Area	2017 (%)	2018 (%)	2019 (%)	Area	2017 (%)	2018 (%)	2019 (%)
Warrington	1.57	2.48	2.42	North Lincolnshire	2.76	2.34	1.86
North West	3.02	2.91	2.90	Solihull	2.62	3.30	2.24
England	2.82	2.86	2.96	South Gloucestershire	2.31	2.26	2.01
CIPFA Nearest Neighbour	2.47	2.77	2.59	Stockport	2.28	1.69	2.50
Bedford	2.81	2.97	2.77	Stockton-on-Tees	3.91	3.87	3.08
Bury	2.92	3.30	2.28	Swindon	2.99	2.68	2.76
Calderdale	2.81	3.14	3.44	Telford and Wrekin	3.1	3.13	3.09
Cheshire West and Chester	2.41	2.25	2.35	Trafford	2.53	3.41	2.30
Darlington	2.03	2.85	2.56	York	2.42	3.5	2.66
Medway	2.72	2.41	3.23				

Data Source: <https://fingertips.phe.org.uk/search/low%20birth%20weight#page/3/gid/1/pat/6/par/E12000002/ati/102/are/E06000007/iid/20101/age/235/sex/4/nn/nn-1-E06000007/cid/4/tbm/1/page-options/car-do-0>

Health – Smoking at time of delivery

Women who are regular/occasional smokers at time of delivery, **the Warrington average is 8.1% (2018/19)**. A lower percentage is better and in 2017/18 a target of 6% or less was set as a national ambition to be achieved by the year 2022.



Area	2016/17 (%)	2017/18 (%)	2018/19 (%)
Warrington	8.3	8.8	8.1
North West	13.4	13.4	12.7
England	10.7	10.8	10.6
Bedford	8.80	8.50	8.60
Bury	11.60	12.00	11.60
Calderdale	12.20	13.50	14.30
Cheshire West and Chester	11.70	12.30	10.60
Darlington	16.20	16.20	15.60
Medway	17.10	17.40	15.90

Area	2016/17 (%)	2017/18 (%)	2018/19 (%)
North Lincolnshire	19.00	19.20	19.10
Solihull	9.80	10.70	8.30
South Gloucestershire	8.00	8.50	10.10
Stockton-on-Tees	10.80	10.00	9.20
Swindon	15.80	17.00	17.70
Telford and Wrekin	11.50	11.20	11.10
Trafford	21.10	17.20	19.70
York	6.40	6.70	5.50

In Warrington

Data recorded during 2018/19 shows that **8.1%** of women from Warrington who are regular/occasional smokers at time of delivery.

CIPFA Neighbours

Although data is available for each of the individual CIPFA Nearest Neighbours, there is not a CIPFA nearest neighbour average available.

Looking to the values for each of the individual CIPFA nearest neighbours, Telford and Wrekin (**19.7%**) and North Lincolnshire (**19.1%**) have the highest percentage of mothers still smoking at the time of delivery. Bedford (**8.6%**) and Solihull (**8.3%**) comparable to the percentage for Warrington (**8.1%**). Trafford has the lowest percentage in the cohort with **5.5%**.

North West England

Warrington (**8.1%**) is lower than the average for the North West of England (**12.7%**). Trafford (**5.5%**) is not only the lowest for the CIPFA Neighbour cohort but is also the lowest for the North West region. Blackpool is reported as having the highest percentage of women who are regular/occasional smokers at time of delivery (**25.7%**).

Nationally

Warrington (**8.1%**) is lower than the **national average of 10.6%** for women who are regular/occasional smokers at time of delivery. Where data has been provided, Blackpool (**25.7%**) has the highest percentage in England and Westminster (**1.8%**) Kensington and Chelsea (**1.6%**) have the lowest.

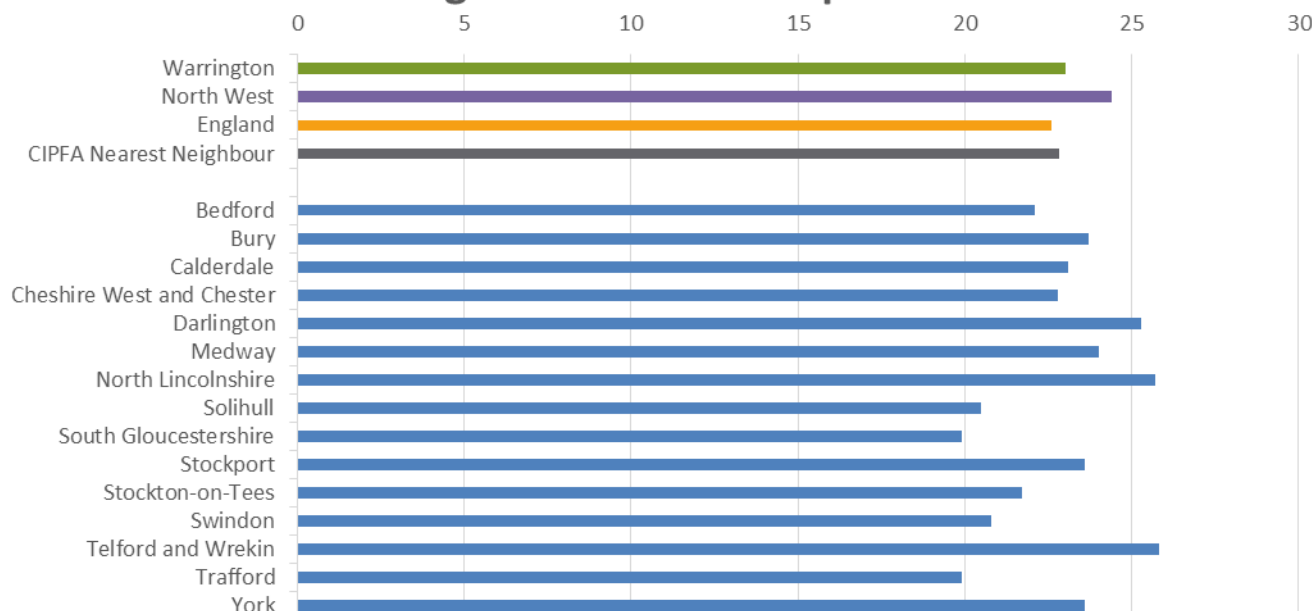
Data Source: <https://fingertips.phe.org.uk/search/smoking%20at%20time%20of%20delivery#page/3/gid/1/pat/6/par/E12000002/ati/101/are/E06000007/iid/93085/age/1/sex/2/nn/nn-1-E06000007>

Further Information: <https://digital.nhs.uk/data-and-information/publications/statistical/statistics-on-women-s-smoking-status-at-time-of-delivery-england/statistics-on-womens-smoking-status-at-time-of-delivery-england---quarter-4-october-2017-to-december-2017>

Health – Overweight and obese reception children

Children are measured at the start and end of primary school (in Reception aged 4/5 and in Year 6 aged 10/11). The graphs show the percentage of obese children and the percentage with excess weight (i.e. either overweight or obese). **Warrington 2018/19 - Reception: almost 1 in 10 are obese.**

% Overweight and obese reception children



In Warrington

Data recorded during 2018/19 shows that **22.9%** of all Reception age children in Warrington are considered to be overweight or obese.

CIPFA Neighbours

Warrington (**22.9%**) is higher than the average for the CIPFA Nearest Neighbour grouping of **22.84%**. From the CIPFA Nearest Neighbours, Telford and Wrekin (**25.80%**) has the highest percentage of reception age children who are classed as overweight or obese. Trafford and South Gloucestershire share the same value and are lowest in the cohort with **19.90%**.

North West England

Warrington (**22.9%**) is lower than the average for the North West Region (**24.40%**). From the CIPFA cohort within the North West, only Warrington is higher than the average for the North West. Bury (**23.70%**), Calderdale (**23.10%**), Stockport (**23.60%**) and Trafford (**19.90%**) have a percentage lower than the North West average.

Nationally

The national average for the percentage of reception age children considered to be overweight or obese is **22.60%**. Warrington (**22.9%**) and both the averages for Warrington's CIPFA Neighbours (**22.84%**) and the North West Region (**24.40%**) are slightly higher than this figure.

From the CIPFA Neighbour cohort, six authorities are lower than the national figure of **22.60%**, these are:

- Bedford **22.10%**
- Solihull **20.50%**
- South Gloucestershire **19.90%**
- Stockton-on-Tees **21.70%**
- Swindon **20.80%**
- Trafford **19.90%**

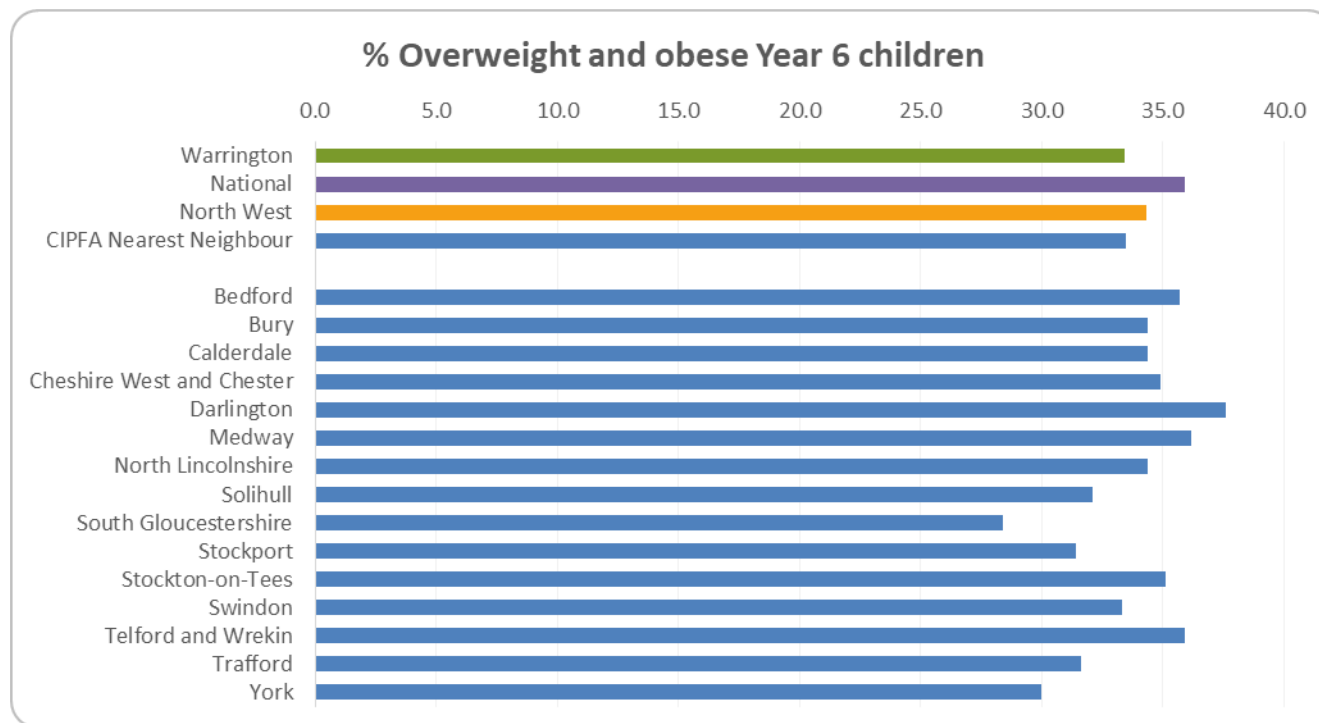
Area	2016/17 (%)	2017/18 (%)	2018/19 (%)
Warrington	21.90	25.80	23.00
North West	23.90	23.90	24.40
England	22.60	22.40	22.60
CIPFA Nearest Neighbour	22.06	22.38	22.84
Bedford	20.40	21.10	22.10
Bury	24.00	21.20	23.70
Calderdale	21.30	25.30	23.10
Cheshire West and Chester	20.60	19.80	22.80
Darlington	25.00	23.80	25.30
Medway	22.60	23.40	24.00

Area	2016/17 (%)	2017/18 (%)	2018/19 (%)
North Lincolnshire	24.30	26.00	25.70
Solihull	18.40	18.20	20.50
South Gloucestershire	18.30	18.40	19.90
Stockport	23.00	22.20	23.60
Stockton-on-Tees	24.80	23.00	21.70
Swindon	23.00	23.10	20.80
Telford and Wrekin	24.80	22.70	25.80
Trafford	19.70	20.00	19.90
York	20.80	24.10	23.60

Data Source <https://fingertips.phe.org.uk/search/obesity#page/4/gid/1/pat/6/par/E12000002/ati/102/are/E06000007/iid/20601/age/200/sex/4/nn/nn-1-E06000007>

Health – Overweight and obese Year 6 children

Children are measured at the start and end of primary school (in Reception aged 4/5 and in Year 6 aged 10/11). The graphs show the percentage of obese children and the percentage with excess weight (i.e. either overweight or obese). **Warrington 2018/19 - Year 6: almost 1 in 5 are obese.**



In Warrington

Data recorded during 2018/19 shows that **33.4%** of all Year 6 age children in Warrington are considered to be overweight or obese.

CIPFA Neighbours

Warrington (**33.4%**) is in-line with the average for the CIPFA Nearest Neighbour grouping of **33.5%**. From the CIPFA Nearest Neighbours, Darlington (**37.60%**) has the highest percentage of reception age children who are classed as overweight or obese. South Gloucestershire is the Authority with the lowest percentage in the cohort with **28.40%**.

North West England

Warrington (**33.40%**) is lower than the North West region (**35.9%**). From the CIPFA cohort within the Northwest, including Warrington, only Stockport (**31.40%**) and Trafford (**31.60%**) have a lower percentage.

Nationally

The national average for the percentage of Year 6 age children considered to be overweight or obese is **34.30%**. Warrington (**33.40%**) and the average for Warrington's CIPFA Neighbours (**33.50%**) are lower than this figure.

From the CIPFA Neighbour cohort, six authorities are lower than the national figure of **34.30%**, these are:

- Solihull **32.10%**
- South Gloucestershire **28.40%**
- Stockport **31.40%**
- Swindon **33.30%**
- Trafford **31.60%**
- York **30.00%**

Area	2016/17 (%)	2017/18 (%)	2018/19 (%)
Warrington	30.5	32.9	33.4
North West	35.2	35.5	35.9
England	34.2	34.3	34.3
CIPFA Nearest Neighbour	33.26	31.8	33.5
Bedford	33.2	34.3	35.7
Bury	36.2	34.2	34.4
Calderdale	34.4	35.4	34.4
Cheshire West and Chester	32.7	31.9	34.9
Darlington	36.7	33.6	37.6
Medway	35.5	34.0	36.2

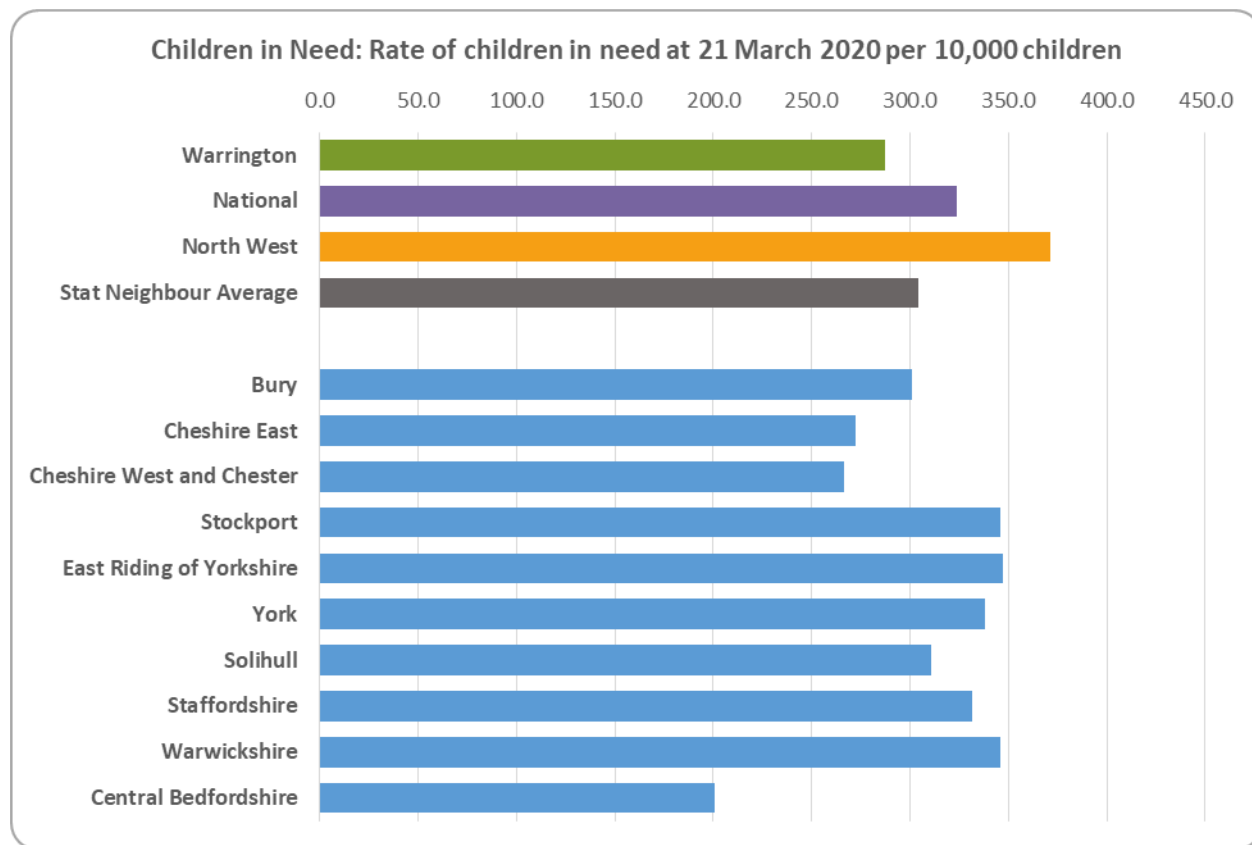
Area	2016/17 (%)	2017/18 (%)	2018/19 (%)
North Lincolnshire	34.7	36.6	34.4
Solihull	30.7	30.1	32.1
South Gloucestershire	27.3	30.5	28.4
Stockport	31.9	32.8	31.4
Stockton-on-Tees	37.0	37.6	35.1
Swindon	34.7	34.3	33.3
Telford and Wrekin	34.5	38.0	35.9
Trafford	33.1	30.7	31.6
York	29.0	31.8	30.0

Data Source: <https://fingertips.phe.org.uk/search/birth%20weight#page/3/gid/1/pat/6/par/E12000002/ati/101/are/E06000007/iid/20602/age/201/sex/4/nn/nn-1-E06000007>

Children's Social Care – Children in Need

Children in Need covers children and young people receiving a social care service. This includes those placed on a child protection plan or those looked after by the local authority as a child in care.

The data below represents all children in need episodes at any point during the 2019/20 year, episodes starting, episodes ending, and children in need at 31 March 2020 by local authority.



In Warrington

Data recorded during 2019/20 shows that rate of Children in Need per 10,000 population was **287.4**.

Statistical Neighbours

Warrington (**287.4**) is in-line with the average for the Statistical Neighbour grouping of **304.3**. From the Statistical Neighbours, East Riding of Yorkshire (**347.2**) has the highest rate of Children in Need per 10,000 population. Central Bedfordshire is the authority with the lowest rate in the cohort with **200.6**.

North West England

Warrington (**287.4**) has a lower rate per 10,000 population of Children in Need than the figure for the North West of England with the average for the North West region reported as **371.5**. From the Statistical Neighbour cohort within the North West, including Warrington, all are lower than the North West rate

Nationally

The national rate per 10,000 population of Children in Need at 31st March 2020 is **323.7**. Warrington (**287.4**) and the Statistical Neighbour cohort average rate (**304.3**) are lower than this figure.

Data Source: <https://explore-education-statistics.service.gov.uk/find-statistics/characteristics-of-children-in-need/2020>

Adult Social Care – Requests for Support from new clients

The 2018/2019 data below is a reflection of the levels of demand for adult social care requests received by the local authority for clients that are not currently in receipt of long term support services. Monitoring the levels of demand helps shape the way local authorities handle contacts and plan staffing and commissioning arrangements.

Area / Region	Requests for support from new clients per 100,000 adults by age band			
	18-64		65 and over	
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate
Warrington	2,775	2,220	6,315	16,235
National	550,435	1,625	1,364,095	13,400
North West	78,640	1,795	167,200	12,345
CIPFA Nearest Neighbour	33,605	1,605	101,190	15,480
Bedford	470	465	1,295	4,280
Bury	1,315	1,170	3,580	10,325
Calderdale	7,305	5,835	28,260	72,665
Cheshire West and Chester	1,645	825	6,210	8,510
Darlington	2,660	4,255	3,755	17,385
Medway	2,320	130	5,330	12,055
North Lincolnshire	3,420	3,415	8,315	23,065
Solihull	1,075	875	4,000	8,850
South Gloucestershire	1,175	685	4,795	9,095
Stockport	800	470	4,615	7,945
Stockton-on-Tees	1,095	925	3,265	9,160
Swindon	1,775	1,300	5,620	15,970
Telford and Wrekin	1,200	1,120	2,535	8,385
Trafford	3,440	2,465	8,880	21,775
York	1,130	840	4,425	11,555

In Warrington

Data recorded during 2018/19 shows that rate per 100,000 adults for new clients requesting support in Warrington was **2,220** for those aged between 18-64 years old and **16,235** for those aged 65 and over.

CIPFA Neighbours

The rate per 100,000 adults for those new clients aged 18-64 making requests for support within the CIPFA cohort is **1,605** and for those aged 65 and over is **15,480**. Warrington's rate for those aged 18-64 (**2,220**) is higher than the CIPFA Cohort rate of **1,605**. In addition Warrington's rate per 100,000 adults aged 65 and over (**16,235**) is also higher than the CIPFA grouping.

From the other authorities within the CIPFA cohort, Calderdale has the highest rate, for both those aged 18-64 (**5,835**) and for those aged 65 and over (**72,665**). Medway has the lowest rate per 100,000 adults aged 18-64 (**130**) and Bedford has the lowest rate for those aged 65 and over (**4,280**).

North West England

Warrington (**2,220**) is above the rate per 100,000 adults for the North West region (**1,795**) for those new clients aged 18-64 and Warrington (**16,235**) is also above the North West region's rate per 100,000 adults aged 65 and over (**12,345**).

Nationally

Warrington (**2,220**) is higher than the national rate for new clients requesting support per 100,000 population of adults aged 18-64 (**1,625**). Warrington (**16,235**) is higher than the national rate for new clients requesting support per 100,000 population of adults aged 65 and over (**13,400**).

Data Source: SALT Collection 2018-19, STS0001

Adult Social Care – Sequel to the Request for Support

There are different pathways a client's journey may take once a request for support is made. The type and level of support can include short term interventions, the issuing of equipment, signposting to a universal or voluntary sector services or the provision of long term support like homecare or 24 hour care services.

The data below is a breakdown of the outcomes from the request for support from new clients from 2018/2019.

Requests from new clients resulted in:	Warrington	North West	England
Short Term Services	27%	21%	18%
Ongoing Low Level Services	11%	16%	18%
Provided with universal services or signposted to another source of support.	24%	16%	27%
Long Term Services	8%	12%	9%
No Services	29%	31%	26%
NHS funded services	0%	1%	1%
Other	0%	4%	2%

In Warrington

Following the request for support from new clients, **29%** received no services. Although this is the largest proportion of the new requests, **27%** went on to receive short term services and **24%** were provided with universal services or signposted to another source of support.

North West England

Warrington, in comparison to the figure for the North West figures for request for support from new clients, has a lower percentages for those receiving no support (**31%**), ongoing Low Level Services (**16%**) and Long Term Support (**12%**).

Warrington has larger percentages for those moving on to receive low level services than the North West region (**21%**) and for those being provided with universal services or signposted to another source of support (**16%**).

Nationally

Nationally, the percentage of those request for support from new clients that received no support is reported as **26%**, this is lower than the figure for Warrington (**29%**). In addition, the percentage of those new clients in receipt of short term services is lower nationally (**18%**) than the Warrington figure of **27%**.

A larger percentage of new clients requesting support went on to receive ongoing Low Level Services (**18%**) than those in Warrington (**11%**).

The percentage of new clients that went on to receive Long Term Support is higher nationally (**9%**) than the figure for Warrington (**8%**). This percentage is also lower than the figure reported for the North West region (**12%**).

Adult Social Care – Number of clients accessing Long Term Support (LTS)

Long term support services encompass services that are provided with the intention of maintaining quality of life for an individual on an ongoing basis. In Warrington this includes community based care like homecare and 24 hour care provision in residential and nursing homes. The data below is reflective of Warrington's 2018/2019 Long Term Support provision.

Area / Region	Number of clients accessing long term support during the year per 100,000			
	18-64		65 and over	
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate
Warrington	1,125	890	2,300	5,920
National	N / A	N / A	N / A	N / A
North West	46,315	1,055	86,090	6,355
CIPFA Nearest Neighbour	19,520	930	36,250	5,545
Bedford	1,305	1,290	2,390	7,905
Bury	1,205	1,075	2,275	6,570
Calderdale	1,150	920	2,205	5,675
Cheshire West and Chester	1,940	975	3,845	5,270
Darlington	550	880	1,075	4,990
Medway	1,445	855	2,230	5,045
North Lincolnshire	790	790	1,430	3,965
Solihull	995	810	1,945	4,300
South Gloucestershire	1,630	955	2,635	5,000
Stockport	2,405	1,410	4,215	7,260
Stockton-on-Tees	1,235	1,045	2,635	7,385
Swindon	1,090	800	1,655	4,700
Telford and Wrekin	795	745	1,425	4,720
Trafford	950	680	2,340	5,735

In Warrington

Data recorded during 2018/19 shows that the rate in Warrington per 100,000 adults for the number of clients accessing Long Term Support (LTS), for those aged 18-64 was **890** and for those aged 65 and over was **5,920**.

CIPFA Neighbours

The rate per 100,000 adults for those new clients aged 18-64 making requests for support within the CIPFA cohort is **930** and for those aged 65 and over is **5,545**. Warrington's rate for those aged 18-64 (**890**) is lower than the CIPFA cohort rate. In addition Warrington's rate per 100,000 older people aged 65 and over (**5,920**) is higher than the CIPFA grouping.

From the other authorities within the CIPFA cohort, Stockport has the highest rate for those aged 18-64 (**1,410**) and Bedford has the highest rate for those aged 65 and over (**7,905**). York has the lowest rate per 100,000 adults aged 18-64 (**675**) and North Lincolnshire has the lowest rate for those aged 65 and over (**3,965**).

North West England

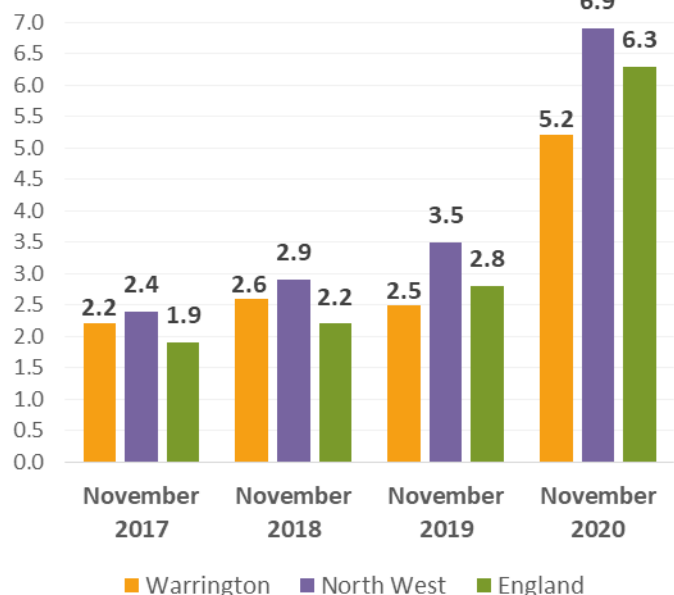
Warrington (**890**) is below the rate per 100,000 adults for the North West region (**1,055**) for those new clients aged 18-64 and Warrington (**5,920**) is also lower the North West region's rate per 100,000 older people aged 65 and over (**6,355**).

Data Source: SALT Collection 2018-19, LTS001a

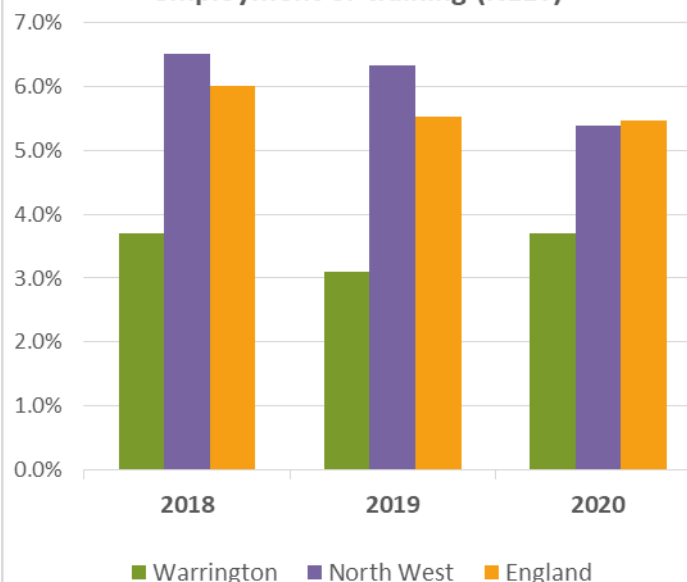
Employment – Claimant Count and Young people not in education, employment or training (NEET)

The Claimant Count is a measure of the number of people claiming benefits principally for the reason of being unemployed, based on administrative data from the benefits system. Quarterly estimates for young people (aged 16 to 24 years) who are not in education, employment or training (NEET).

Claimant Count (%)



(%) Young people not in education, employment or training (NEET)



In Warrington

Claimant Count

Data shows that Warrington has a **claimant count rate of 5.2%**. This is lower than the rate for the North West (**6.9%**) and is also lower than the rate for England (**6.3%**)

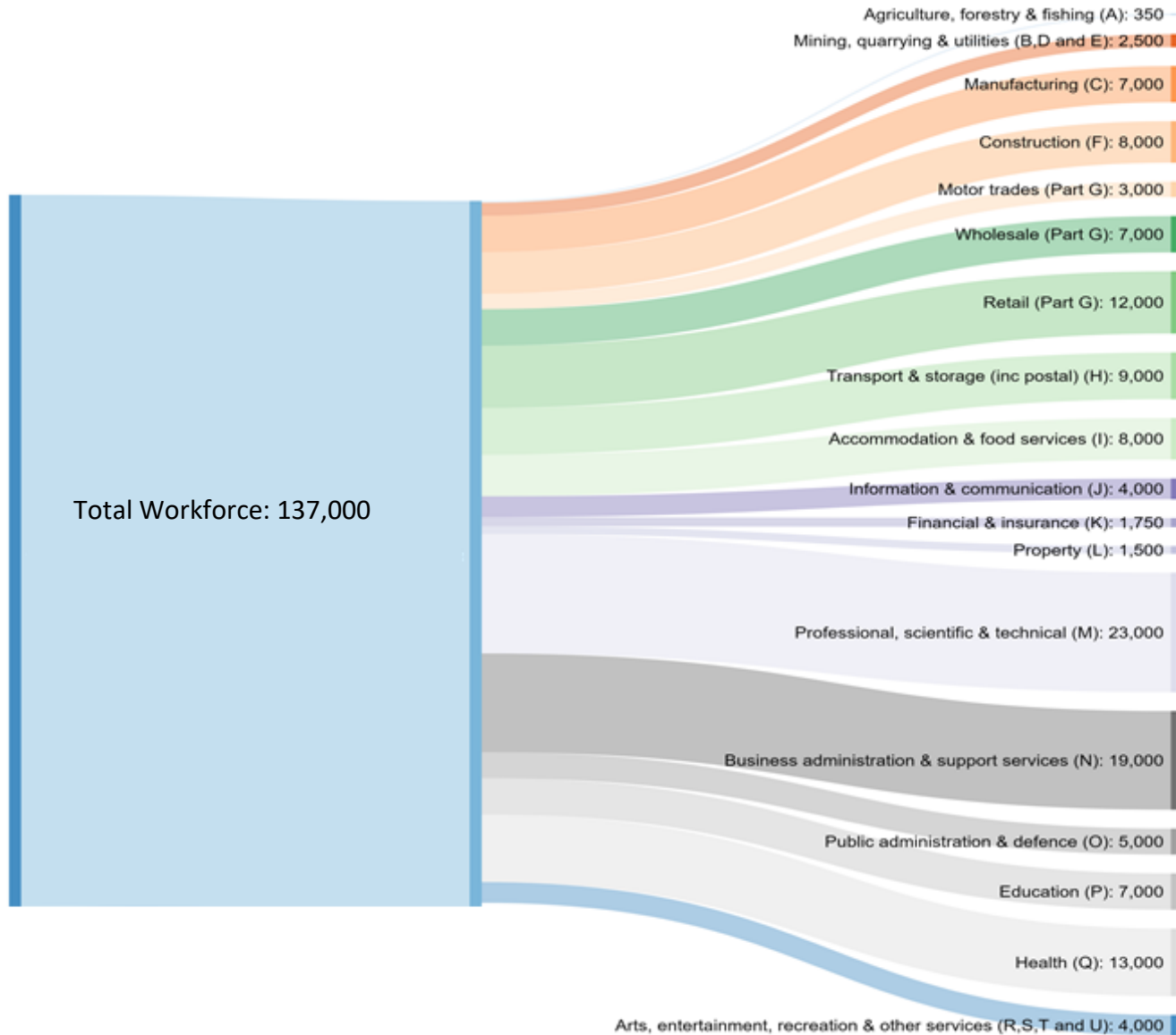
Young people not in education, employment or training (NEET)

Warrington (**3.7%**) has a lower percentage of young people not in education, employment or training (NEET) than the average for the North West (**5.4%**) and is also lower than the average for England (**5.5%**).

Data Source: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/employmentandlabourmarket/peopleinwork/unemployment/datasets/youngpeoplenotineducationemploymentortrainingneetable1>

Employment – Industry Categories

Information about Business Register and Employment Survey: The figures include businesses registered for PAYE but not for VAT, so are not continuous with BRES datasets for years prior to 2015. A fuller note on the inclusion of PAYE-only businesses is provided in the BRES News article published on 2 October 2017 at <https://www.nomisweb.co.uk/articles/1062.aspx>



Data Source: <https://www.nomisweb.co.uk/>

In Warrington

Based on data from provided by Nomis, Warrington has a working age population of approximately 140,290 people, with 3,290 of those claiming benefits.

From the remaining 137,000 individuals, with the greatest number (23,000) working within the Professional, Scientific & Technical Industry Category. Business Administration & Support Services (19,000) contains the next largest workforce.

The smallest workforce is within the Agricultural, Forestry & Fisheries Industry Category, employing approximately 350 individuals.

Please Note

The level of rounding applied varies by estimate. Please see article for further information on how rounding is applied
<https://www.nomisweb.co.uk/articles/1103.aspx>.

Crime and antisocial behaviour

Community Safety Partnerships: Percentage change between recorded crimes for headline offences, year ending June 2019 and year ending June 2020.

Description	Warrington			Cheshire		
	June 2019	June 2020	Percentage Change (%)	June 2019	June 2020	Percentage Change (%)
Violence against the person	6,653	7,910	19	33,613	38,613	15
• Homicide	2	2	-	5	13	-
• Death or serious injury caused by illegal driving	1	2	-	4	5	-
• Violence with injury	2,014	2,114	5	10,195	9,910	-3
• Violence without injury	2,619	2,877	10	13,068	13,901	6
• Stalking and harassment	2,017	2,915	45	10,341	14,784	43
Sexual offences	651	653	0	2,883	2,954	2
Robbery	122	126	3	486	482	-1
Theft offences	5,448	4,810	-12	24,904	21,186	-15
• Residential burglary	1010	935	-7	4,623	4,257	-8
• Non-residential burglary	712	716	1	3,203	3,158	-1
• Vehicle offences	298	219	-27	1,420	1,099	-23
• Theft from the person	933	817	-12	3814	3310	-13
• Bicycle theft	151	126	-17	679	554	-18
• Shoplifting	486	419	-14	1,566	1,270	-19
• All other theft offences	1,328	1,192	-10	6,775	5,749	-15
Burglary	1540	1,321	-14	7,447	6,046	-19
Criminal damage and arson	1,921	1,959	2	9,781	9,460	-3
Drug offences	464	355	-23	2202	2017	-8
Possession of weapons offences	115	89	-23	491	425	-13
Public order offences	3484	3026	-13	17,283	15,254	-12
Miscellaneous crimes against society	405	362	-11	1,833	1,783	-3

In Warrington

Within Warrington, from June 2019 to June 2020 there has been an **increase of 19%** in the number of crimes recorded under the heading of **violence against the person**. Under this heading, the largest increase is with stalking and harassment which is up by **45%**.

Violence *with* injury has increased by **5%** and violence *without* injury has increased by **10%**. Possession of weapons offences has reduced by **23%**.

The total number of theft offences has reduced during the time period by **7%**, the number of offences connected with **non-residential burglary** is up by **1%**.

The largest reduction seen in Warrington was around Vehicle offences, a reduction of **27%**

In Cheshire

Across Cheshire, **violence against the person has increased by 15%**. Warrington has seen an increase greater than Cheshire under this heading and has also seen more of an increase in all subcategories.

The greatest increase for Cheshire is for **robbery** offences, (**43%**), this is a smaller increase than that for Warrington (**45%**).

Source: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/crimeandjustice/bulletins/crimeinenglandandwales/yearendingjune2019>

Further Information: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/crimeandjustice/methodologies/userguidetocrimestatisticsforenglandandwales>